



PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

WEDNESDAY. The House of Lords did not sit to-day. At the evening sitting of the House of Commons Lord Ashburton endeavoured without success to obtain precedence for the committee on the poor laws amendment bill, which was subsequently postponed until this day.

The second reading of the merchant seamen's widows bill was moved by Mr. Lyall. The motion was opposed by Sir James Graham, Mr. Poulter Thomson, and Lord Ashburton, and supported by Mr. Alderman Thompson, Dr. Lushington, Mr. G. F. Young, Mr. Ewart, Sir A. Ridley, Mr. P. M. Stewart, and Lord Sandon. On division the second reading was carried by a majority of 94 to 57.

The justices of the peace bill went through committee, and several amendments were agreed to. Mr. R. Grant moved the second reading of the Jewish civil disabilities bill, which motion was met by an amendment moved by Mr. Cumming Bruce, that the bill be read a second time that day six months.

After a short discussion the house divided, 123 in numbers, against the second reading, 123 in numbers, and ordered to be committed on Monday next. Mr. H. Fleetwood's bill for the better observance of the Sabbath was thrown out on a division on his motion for a second reading, by a majority of 77 against 45.

The House subsequently divided on the motion by Mr. Poulter for the second reading of his Sabbath observance bill, when the numbers appeared for the second reading, 52, against it, 117, majority, 41. The religious assemblies bill was ordered to be read a third time on the 11th of June.

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man were added to the committee on Scotch judges' salaries; and those of Lord Stormont and Mr. James Oswald to the sale of corn committee; and of Mr. Oliphant to the weights and measures committee. The house adjourned at one o'clock till Monday.

HOUSE OF LORDS—PRIVILEGES—THURSDAY. Shortly after three o'clock the following peers assembled in a committee for privileges to investigate the claim of Lord Ventry to vote for the representative peers for Ireland—viz., the Earl of Shaftesbury (the Chairman), the Duke of Leinster, Viscount Beresford, the Earl of Cork, Lord Frobisher, the Marquis of Westmeath, and Lord Farnham.

Mr. Courtney stated the facts of the case on behalf of the present Lord Ventry, which will be found shortly detailed below. The patent was first put in, creating William Townsend Mullins, Baron Ventry, of Ventry, in the county of Kerry, the limitation of which was to him and the heirs male of his body.

The Rev. J. Goodman said he was 78 years of age, and that he was on the most intimate terms with the late Lord and Lady Ventry, living within about half a mile of their residence. He had often conversed with them on their marriage. Witness said he had searched for the registry of the marriage in the parish church in which it took place, but without effect, for the fact was that the register book, was very defective, having the leaves cut out from the 1st of November, 1783, to May, 1791. He recollected the birth of the eldest son, William.

The Earl of Shaftesbury—Did not the first Lord Ventry take his seat in the Irish Parliament? Witness—He did, my Lord; and I recollect his voting in Parliament.

The evidence of the death of the first Lord Ventry was produced. He was buried at the parish church of Dingle, in Kerry.

It was then proved, that on his death the second Lord succeeded to the title and estates. He had one son, Thomas, who died unmarried in June, 1817.

Mr. Frederick Mullins, M.P., said he was a relation of the claimant, and he knew his father to have been married, and that he was the eldest son. The witness said he lived on most intimate terms with him.

The marriage settlement, a short time previous to the marriage of the first Lord with his lady, was put in, in order to corroborate *in loco*, the testimony offered, as the register book was deficient in the material part. The will of the lady's father, from the Prerogative Court of Canterbury, in which he described his daughter as being the wife of Lord Ventry, was likewise produced.

Other evidence was produced as to the identity of the present petitioner, and tracing his pedigree upwards, showing him to be entitled to claim under the limitation of the patent.

The Earl of Shaftesbury was then directed to report to the house that the claimant had made out his claim.

PLURALITIES AND RESIDENCE BILL. (FROM THE STANDARD.) We have elsewhere inserted an abstract of Lord Brougham's bill to obviate the evils of pluralities and non-residence. At present, we see little to object to this outline; perhaps, it would be better to have left more to the Bishop, and not to do so much by law. However, the large dispensing power left to the hierarchy by the bill, as we understand it, will so far cure the super-legislation of the measure as to allow an open for the correction of many hardships that the new law would otherwise impose.

We have always felt that the Bishops had too little power in the respect of residence; and our conviction in this respect, has been rather confirmed by the more frequent instances of episcopal neglect for more frequent in other times than at present, of which so much use has been made by the Church's enemies. Stripped of the power to enforce residence, Bishops were justly relieved from much of the proper responsibility of their office; and it is not surprising that, in some instances, they made this much more. Unable to compel the residence of their Clergy, they would naturally feel that they were less responsible than they ought to be for the good order of their several dioceses.

If Lord Brougham's bill, by conferring more power upon the hierarchy to enforce residence, increases the responsibility of that order, it will effect a double benefit, which is certainly not to be despised. It will also tend to depend upon the efficacy of informers and *qui tam* actions. However, we are contented with such as we have seen of the measure.

MR. HITCHCOCK AND THE EVENING MAIL. The Court of King's Bench was occupied yesterday with a long argument, connected with an action for libel, brought by Mr. Hitchcock, the legal magistrate of Arran-quay police-office, against Mr. Sheehan, the proprietor of the Evening Mail. The alleged libel was contained in a gibing commentary upon a police report, in which the legality of a decision of Mr. Hitchcock was questioned; but there was nothing, we believe, which could be construed into an imputation upon the motives of that gentleman, or upon the purity of his judicial character. If Mr. Hitchcock had reflected upon the matter, before instituting proceedings, we feel convinced he would never have brought this action; and we trust to his own good sense to refrain from prosecuting it any further. No public functionary ever yet served his reputation by quarrelling with the press—and many have had good cause to lament the notoriety they obtained as its persecutors.

Mr. Hitchcock is a highly respectable citizen, and an upright and efficient magistrate; and he certainly does not require aid of a press prosecution to maintain the public character he possesses, either in his public or private capacity. Actions against newspapers were never very popular; they have latterly become more odious than ever.—Morning Register.

PRICES OF TIMBER. IMPORTANT TO THE TIMBER TRADE, BUILDERS, CABINET-MAKERS, &c. PINE TIMBER.—The demand, last week, has been good—prices from £3 5s to £3 7s 6d per ton. The stock is light, and likely to advance.

QUEBEC OAK, ELM, AND ASH continue same as last week—prices of oak from £6 to £7 10s; elm, £3 10s; ash, £5.

QUERCUS STAVES.—The demand for this article is so great, and the stock so light, that it is impossible to put a fixed price.

LATHWOOD in same demand as last week—pine from £5 10s to £7; Memel, from £10 to £12 per fathom.

BALTIC TIMBER.—The demand for this article has advanced, and large sales have been made this last week at from £4 10s to £4 12s 6d per ton.

AMERICAN DEALS.—The demand has rather increased this last week—prices from £18 to £19 per hundred. The stock is large.

NORWAY DEALS.—The stock is very light—reds from £30 to £36; whites, from £28 to £32 per hundred.

MAROGANY, St. Domingo.—The last sale on the 6th of April, 30,000 feet, was sold at an average of 18d per foot.

DRYDO.—Honduras.—There was a sale on the 7th instant of 60,000 feet of plain sound wood, which averaged 12d per foot. The stock at present is about 16,000 feet.

HAVANNAH CEDAR.—There has been none in the market for some time past, but a cargo is daily expected.—Stewart's Dispatch.

SCRIPTURAL EDUCATION.—A very interesting public examination of the masters teaching schools, under the Ardgagh Diocesan Education Society, was held a few days ago in the Ardgagh school-house. It was held a few days ago in the Ardgagh school-house.

The letter of Mr. O'Connell to the Dublin Pilot, may be deemed a virtual announcement of the cessation of agitation on the score of repeal, and it is evident that it is so understood.

It is now for the higher order of Irish intellect to dedicate its energies to the removal of real and undischarged grievances on the one hand, and to the prosecution of as much social amelioration as possible on the other. There is no want of labour in both departments; and nothing would more conduce to render it effective than the cessation of every species of wild-goose chase after unattainable objects, a sober attention to the real nature of the social obstacles to be overcome, and more than all, such an abatement of mere party feeling as deems every benefit received on one side a deadly injury to the other.

Without being too sanguine on this subject, we may at least be allowed to hope that it will not be altogether afforded in vain.

The Provincial Bank of Ireland has increased its half-yearly dividend to the shareholders, to three and a half per cent.

ULSTER CANAL. We congratulate the North of Ireland on the commencement of this great and national undertaking, second in importance only to the Caledonian canal; the connecting the Eastern and Western shores of Scotland, and the other, in a few years hence, will open the communication between the Eastern and Western shores of Ireland, by connecting Lough Neagh with Lough Erne; from the former of which the already formed navigation of the Lagan and the Newry Canal will give the agricultural interest of this large and fertile district of country a cheap and speedy means of conveyance for their produce to the English shores, whilst, at the same time, it will enable the people of the West and North-west of Ireland to find a ready vent for their agricultural produce down Lough Erne, and thence, by the great Ulster Canal, and its branches, (if we may be allowed so to call the Lagan and Newry navigations,) to the English market. Friday, our correspondent informs us, this great undertaking was commenced. At an early hour in the forenoon, a large assemblage of the labouring classes were collected at Carrickaness, (where Mr. Cross had given the company possession of that part of his ground through which the canal will pass, without waiting for the decision of a valuation jury,) to ascertain if their long-cherished hopes of employment were to be realised; they were not disappointed. At an early hour the Ulster Canal Company's flag hoisted on a promontory that commanded a view of the battery from which the salute was to be fired, the ancient castle, the waterfalls and romantic scenery around. Sir James Strong, and others of the gentry of the surrounding country, displayed flags from their residences, and on many of the neighbouring hills preparations were making for bonfires in the evening, and at the appointed hour (twelve o'clock), the royal standard was hoisted on the old castle of Benbulbin, on the summit of the mountain. At an early hour the Ulster Canal Company's flag hoisted on a promontory that commanded a view of the battery from which the salute was to be fired, the ancient castle, the waterfalls and romantic scenery around. Sir James Strong, and others of the gentry of the surrounding country, displayed flags from their residences, and on many of the neighbouring hills preparations were making for bonfires in the evening, and at the appointed hour (twelve o'clock), the royal standard was hoisted on the old castle of Benbulbin, on the summit of the mountain.

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ROYAL IRISH YACHT CLUB. The following is the programme of the forthcoming Dublin regatta. There will, we perceive, be but two days racing—the third day will be devoted to the yacht sailing in fleet. Commodore—The most Noble the Marquis of Donegal. Vice-Commodore—Sir Robert George Booth, Bart.

FIRST DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 17, 1834. 1st, The Kingstown Challenge Cup (won last year by Colonel Lloyd's yacht Kate, 42 tons) for all yachts; entrance to seaists not exceeding 50 tons £1, not exceeding 75 tons £2, all others £3. Yachts to start at ten o'clock.

2d, The Dublin Cup for all yachts belonging to the Royal Irish, Northern, Cork, Western Yacht Clubs—a time race. The Yachts to be divided into eight classes, viz.—15 tons, 20, 33, 45, 60, 8

England. The copy of the treaty which bears the Portuguese ratification is with the exception of a single word, precisely identical with that originally negotiated and signed by the Plenipotentiaries of the four powers in London. In the treaty ratified by the Emperor is described as the "Prince," and not as the "Infant" Don Miguel.

The Chevalier de Lima has presented his credentials to King Louis Philippe, as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of her Majesty Donna Maria, Queen of Portugal.

Peru is again convulsed with the worst of all national calamities. Three candidates for the presidency were proposed. General Orbegoso was chosen to look the oath, and was recognised by the senate and foreign ministers. General Bermudez, one of the unsuccessful candidates, gained the army to his side, and the President was obliged to take refuge in Callao, where he remains in a state of siege.

His Excellency is to superintend the education of the future Sovereign of Russia.

FROM GALLIENI'S MESSAGER (FRIDAY). All the ministers, on leaving the country held by the King yesterday at the family of General Lafayette. They were received by M. George Lafayette, and conducted by him to the various apartments of the day and inscribed their names on the list of participants in the general grief.

At a meeting of the citizens of the United States of America now in Paris, held yesterday, at the hotel of the American Legation, to take into consideration the most appropriate manner of expressing their sorrow for the loss they and their country have sustained by the death of the great patriot, General Lafayette, Esq. Charge of Affairs of the United States in France, called by the chair, and M. de Lafayette, Esq. American Consul, appointed Secretary, the following resolutions were offered, and unanimously adopted:—Resolved, That the citizens of the United States, with feelings of the deepest sorrow and regret, do hereby express their sympathy for the bereaved family of General Lafayette, and their admiration for the virtues and perfect consistency of character of the illustrious deceased, and that the United States, as far as they are represented at this meeting, call for a member to constitute the committee to address the letter of condolence to the family of General Lafayette; who, on the part of the Union were named a committee.

After a short adjournment, the Chairman, in the name of the committee, reported a letter of condolence to the family of General Lafayette, which was unanimously adopted. It was then resolved to publish the resolutions, and that the proceedings of this meeting be communicated by its Secretary to the Legation of the United States at Paris, with the request that they may be recorded on the books thereof. The meeting terminated at 10 o'clock.

GENERAL OF LAFAYETTE.—From an early hour this morning the Rue d'Anjou St. Honoré, in which the late illustrious Lafayette is situated, was crowded with citizens, hastening to pay their last tribute of respect and attachment to the illustrious deceased.

The funeral ceremony of the public character of the deceased, but a member of the Chamber of Deputies and a general, was invested by the government with all the imposing pomp which the attendance of numerous bodies of military never fails to give to the funeral of a distinguished citizen of the National Guards, who came forward in immense numbers to join in giving effect to this parting act of homage to their venerable colleague, and the crowded state of the streets leading to the house of the Assumption, where the funeral ceremony was to be performed, and from thence along the Rue de la Paix, the entire length of the Boulevards, and every spot near which the procession was to pass, showed the extent of the popularity and the affectionate esteem with which the deceased was regarded by his countrymen.

SCOTLAND. THE ELECTIONS.—The Leith election, we have reason to believe, will be carried by the Lord Advocate—three to one, certain—and it is doubtful whether Mr. Aitchison will expose "his strength" by coming to the poll. Take the electors who will come to the poll at 5000, which is ascertained to be pretty near the mark, there will be—For Sir John Campbell, 2200; Mr. Learmonth, 1500; Mr. Aytoun, 1300. Should there be fewer electors, the proportions will in all probability remain the same.—Scotsman.

ANNALS OF PERAGE.—The Lord Chancellor has intimated his opinion that the claim of Mr. Hope Johnston to this peerage was established. The proposition of Mr. Johnston will occasion a vacancy in the representation of Dumfriesshire.

The Lord High Commissioner arrived at Holyrood yesterday, and was received at the entrance to the palace with military honours. Shortly afterwards the Lord Provost and magistrates waited upon his Grace, and were ushered into the levee-room, where the Lord Provost congratulated his lordship on his re-appointment to the high honour of representing his Majesty, and begged respectfully to present the keys of the ancient and loyal city of Edinburgh, and to assure his Grace of the ready service of the magistracy and citizens. His lordship then placed the silver keys in Lord Bellhaven's hands. His Grace, in reply, expressed his satisfaction with the tender now made, and stated that by command of his Sovereign he returned into the hands of his lordship the keys of the city, being fully satisfied that they were in hands to which they might be entrusted with safety and with honour. The Lord Provost and Magistrates then retired, and were ushered to the drawing-room, where they were received by his Grace.—Caledonian Mercury.

The Mail.

WATERFORD, WEDNESDAY, MAY 28.

A LITERAL ERROR. A letter from Rome in the Morning Herald, says—"Dr. Bellef, Catholic Archbishop of Tuam, departed this life a short time ago, while residing in Albano, a small town in the vicinity of Rome, well known by its classical name."

The classical name which the printer has here conferred upon the defunct Archbishop is a gross misnomer; for Dr. Kelly, poor little man, was any thing else than "ventri defidius." He was a spare, heavenly-visaged personage, of abstemious habits, and altogether undeserving of such a corpulent prenomer. We hope his successor may be as honest a man and as peaceable a subject as he was. But—"Wait a while."

COLONELS OF MILITIA. Some of the country papers have been indulging in conjectures as to the persons likely to be appointed to the rank of Colonel of the North Cork and King's County regiments, now vacant. The matter is really not open to conjecture at all; for the Lieutenant of Counties Bill provides that those persons shall be themselves the Colonels in their respective counties, as the commissions become void by the death, resignation, or dismissal of the present Colonels; and in future the Lieutenant of a County is to be the Colonel-in-Chief of the Militia also. He is to retain both the appointments together, and cannot relinquish one without being, ipso facto, dispossessed of the other.

THE FELLOWSHIP EXAMINATIONS. We have been looking with some impatience for the annual report of the Fellowship Examinations in the Mail. But philosophy sleepeth; and we are left in the dark as to candidates and successful candidates, and the thousand other bright and lively images which the learned editor was wont to dispel himself withal. Where is his Reporter? Given the College Observatory for an Equator, you are required to find out in what degree of latitude he has ensconced himself? Successor of Doctor Boyton, resolve that problem, et eris magnus Apollo.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY. "We hope," says John Bull, "the Most Rev. Doctor Whately, Archbishop of Dublin, has recovered from the surprise into which his recent appointment of Junior Chaplain of Saint James's, must have thrown him. These things will happen to courtiers sometimes." We own we cannot see matter of surprise in the fact that a recently appointed Chaplain should be a Junior Chaplain. Archbishop Whately is also, and for the same reason, the Junior Archbishop of the Church in Ireland; and no doubt it was a surprise, not a very disagreeable one, though, when he found himself at first in that predicament. Such things do not happen to courtiers now-a-days half as often as they befel in those golden times when John Bull's friends were in.—They seldom thought of surprising a man of eminent learning and unassuming manners in his college chair, and transplanting him to a metropolitan throne.

CORPORATE OFFICERS. On Monday, Mr. William Dennis was elected Common Councilman, in the room of Mr. Edward Hobson, recently chosen Alderman; and Alderman Harris was appointed Master of the Holy Ghost Hospital, pro tem, in the room of Alderman Samuel Newport, resigned.

THE PROVINCIAL BANK. The report of the Provincial Bank of Ireland is highly satisfactory, as affording evidence of the general prosperity of the country.

ARRIVALS ON SUNDAY BY THE CITY OF BRISTOL, FROM BRISTOL.—The Royal Mail Steamer, Messrs. Odell, Gore, Croft, & Co., Popham, &c. &c. Departures yesterday per the City of Bristol, for Bristol:—Mr. O'Keary, Mr. O'Gorman, Mr. Perry, Captain King, Mr. Boyer, Mr. Knott.

Last week at an Ordination, held at the Roman Catholic Cathedral in this City, the Right Rev. Dr. Abraham, R. C. Bishop of Waterford and Lismore, conferred the Order of Subdiacon upon Messrs. Michael Burke, Matthew Slattery, Michael Fogarty and Michael Power, and on Friday the Order of Deaconship upon the Rev. Messrs. Thomas Reid, of Killaloe; James Hogan, of Limerick; Thomas Walsh, Patrick Wall, and James Quinlan, of Killaloe. On Monday, May 22.—In consequence of the rapid strides towards completion making at the pier erecting in this harbour for the accommodation of the Waterford steam-packets, the turnpike trusts in a new line from that place to Carrmartin have, on the understanding that the London mail will run in that direction, been making considerable improvements by cutting a new road, which avoids the hills, and considerably shortens the distance. The road is expected to be completed in about a month, and it is expected the pier will be ready for the packets about the same time. Government having expended so liberal a sum on the buildings, and knowing that the turnpike trusts have made great sacrifices, will no doubt be anxious to remove the establishment to Hobbs's point as soon as possible. In order to save expense in repairing the lazaretto at our quarantine establishment, they are to be towed up to the dock-yard, and there have the necessary defects made good, instead of men being sent down here at increased wages, for that purpose. Though the reduction in the expenditure will be but little, it shows the intention of the admiralty to be good, and that they will not be profligate in the most trifling instances.

MR. O'CONNELL. We have the best authority for stating, that the rumours which have for some time been going, that the rounds of the newspapers, and the effect, that ministers had made overtures to Mr. O'Connell relative to his taking office, are utterly destitute of the slightest foundation in truth.—Stewart's Dispatch.

UNIVERSITY INTELLIGENCE. Mr. William Digby Sallis was on Monday elected Fellow, and the following gentlemen Scholars:—Charles Todd, Henry Ringwood, James Hill, William Wiley, Hugh Allen, Allen Stone, Thomas William Stanley, William Falloon, Gerald Fitzgerald, William Lee, Thomas Woodward, Edward Callaghan, John Weir, Hugh Wilson, Wm. McNulty, Robert Mullins, John M'Calloch, Dixie Clement.

NAVIGATION OF THE RIVER. The projection called Simon Point, a little below the Steam Packet Office, is, we are informed, about to be removed. This projection has long operated as an impediment to the navigation of the river, frequently occasioning small difficulties to vessels in their progress up or down. It is now, however, taken in hands by the Harbour Commissioners, and will be speedily got rid of. The advantage will be thus conferred on the masters of vessels, and considerable benefit will result to a large number of poor labourers, who will immediately be set to work in cutting away the bank.—Constitution.

COUNTY-SURVEYORS. There were 239 candidates for the office of County Surveyor under the new Grant Jury Act. The examination continued 14 days, and it was with difficulty the Judges were enabled to select the few who were appointed. This should teach parents the propriety of giving their children a good mathematical education, in order to appointments of this kind, which will be permanent. The salary of each is £300 a year, besides £50 for a clerk, and £50 for an office. Among the vast number of candidates for the situation of County Surveyor, was Mr. William Johnston, appointed to this County. This young gentleman is the son of Captain Johnston, of Eden-Quay, Dublin, and formerly Paymaster to the 25th Regiment, (the King's Own Borderers).

VISCOUNTY OF GALMOY.—Another claimant has appeared for this peerage in the person of the Count T. Butler, who has brought with him from the continental courts several credentials of the most flattering description for the purpose of pursuing his claim.

HER ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCESS VICTORIA entered her sixteenth year on Saturday last.

It was stated by Mr. Stevenson, the engineer, in the committee on the Great Western Railway Bill, that by the proposed railway 10,000 soldiers might be conveyed from London to Bristol (one hundred and twenty miles) in four hours!

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—On Wednesday night about twelve o'clock the corn stores and flour-mill of Thomas Ponder, Esq., (Ennisorthy) were discovered to be on fire; an alarm was given immediately, and the military attended with the most praiseworthy haste. Every exertion was made to save the mill and the stores, but the progress of the flames was so rapid as to defy all the efforts of human power, and in a few hours the edifice was a mass of smoking ruins. There were burned in the store 200 barrels of corn and 150 barrels of meal, the latter having been saved. We are happy to say that the property and premises were insured.—Wexford Freeman.

LONDON IS NOW exceedingly full, the keepers of many of the first rate hotels being obliged to turn away families requiring accommodation; and the Musical Festival is likely to prolong the fashionable season.

SHOOTING EXTRAORDINARY.—A few days ago H. K. G. Morgan, Esq. of Johnstown, out of eleven shots with a single ball killed ten rooks.—Wexford Freeman.

PREMISES.—The Earl of Durham has been appointed Deputy Grand Master for England, in the room of Lord Dundas, who has resigned. Lord Durham still retains the office of Provincial Grand Master.

The 17th, 18th, and 19th of July are fixed for the Dublin Regatta.—Commanders, the Marquis of Donegal, Vice-Commodore, Sir Robert Gore Booth. There will be only two days racing, the third day being devoted to the yachts sailing in fleet.

RED FLANNEL.—Rheumatism being a prevalent disease in the Island of Jersey, the inhabitants, to guard against it generally wear red flannel next the skin, and attach quite as much virtue to its colour as to the fabric itself.

The following distressing event has been communicated by a letter from an officer in his Majesty's ship, Challenger, off the Falkland Islands.—Lieut. John M'Clintock Clive, son of Theophilus Clive, of the Isle of Wight, and nephew of Edward B. Clive, Esq. M.P., went out boating in Berkeley Bay, Falkland Islands, accompanied by a gunner, steward, and two young persons belonging to the Challenger. Finding that a considerable time had elapsed without the parties returning, the officers of the Challenger, fearing that some accident had occurred sent another boat in the direction they had steered. Their boat was found upset, and nothing belonging to the party but one hat. When the accounts came off, diligent search was making for the bodies.

A collector in a country town advertises for a journeyman "who fears God and understands jellies and ices."

EARLY PRODUCE.—On Monday last, in Kitty Curran's fruit and vegetable shop, William-street South, a basket of fine large new potatoes (one of which, near eight inches by six in circumference, may be seen at this office) was sold at 1s 1d per quart. They grew in the open air, at Lissoy, County Down. Strawberries, 1s 6d to 1s 8d a blade; asparagus, 1s a hundred; and cucumbers, 6d to 8d each.—Belfast Paper.

PORT NEWS.—PASSAGE. ARRIVED. 23d—Elizabeth, Jones, Swansea, culm.—Phoenix, Sheehan, Cardiff, coal.—Sir John Newport, Nicholls, Swansea, culm.—Harry, Williams, Bangor, slates, for Rossv. 24th—Kingston, steamer, Moriarty, Cork, m. goods.—Victoria, Hodg, Newport, coals.—Star, Bishop, Swansea, culm.—Union, Howlan, Cardiff, coals. 25th—Jane, Row, Falmouth, ballast.—Edward Jones, Jones, Swansea, culm, for Rossv.—Mary Elliott, Florence, and Sir A. M'Kenzie, Cardiff, coals.—City of Bristol, steamer, Hyde, Bristol.—Bersey, Steplings, Cardiff, coals.—Dove, Davis, Moriarty, Cardiff, coals.—Mary, Davies, Liverpool, salt.—Lydia, Beynon, Fowly, china clay, for Killybegs.

27th—Taff, Rees, Wicklow, ballast, for Milford.—Supply, ballast-office schooner, for the westward. 28th—Gipsy, steamer, Rossv. 29th—Satan, steamer, Rossv. 30th—Ocean, Chalacombe, Cardiff, four.—Swan, Jacob, Swansea, ballast.—Rosewater, Nexina, Newport, ditto. 24th—Gipsy, steamer, Rossv. Liverpool; Kingston, steamer, Moriarty, Dublin, g. cargo.—Aon and Maria, Shears, Faro, ballast, from Rossv.—Enterprise, Green, Southampton, grain.

25th and 26th—None. 27th—City of Bristol, Hyde, Bristol, general cargo.—Wind, East.

SHIP NEWS. The Molly Moore, Captain Henley, has arrived from Waterford at Halifax, being the first of the Emigration ships of this year that has reached its destination. Her passage was twenty-two days.

LAW CALENDAR. Trinity Term.—Began, May 22.—Ends, June 12. County Waterford Sessions.—Sassini—June 27. County Waterford Sessions.—Waterford, June 20. Danesboro, 23. County Kilkenny Sessions.—Kilkenny, June 23; Castlecomer, 28; Thomastown, 30. County Tipperary Sessions.—Newagh, June 24; Cashel, July 2.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT. Wicklow.—June 20; Wexford, 23; Waterford, 25; Clonmel, 27; Cork, 30; Tralee, July 5; Limerick, 9; Ennis, 12; Galway, 14; Philipstown, 17; Maryborough, 19; Kilkenny, 19; Carlow, 22; Naas, 23.

TO BE SOLD. A T. OSBORNE'S RESIDENCE, JOHN'S HILL, ON MONDAY, 24 JUNE, and the two succeeding Days, various articles of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE; also, a few GREEN-HOUSE PLANTS. Prices marked on each article. To be viewed from 12 to 4 o'clock.

TO BE LET. FOR such Term as may be agreed upon, and immediate possession given, TWO GOOD HOUSES in Lady Lane, with or without COACH-HOUSES and STABLES. Apply to TANDY'S and Co., Colebrook-street.

EMIGRATION FROM WATERFORD. FOR QUEBEC, The first Sailing, Copper-fastened Ship, MARYS, OF NEWCASTLE, BURTHEN 550 TONS, THOMAS SCOTT, Commander. To Sail from the Quay of Waterford on the 3d of June next.

THIS Splendid VESSEL, being Seven Feet high between Decks, will be found to possess very superior Accommodations for Cabin and Steerage Passengers. For Freight or Passage apply (if by letter, postage paid) to ANTHONY JACKSON, Ship and General Agent, Waterford, Waterford, 19th of 5th month, (MAY) 1834.

SUMMER GOODS. CLOTH-HALL, QUAY, WATERFORD. PATRICK TOBIN has received within the last week upwards of TWENTY BALES of WOODLAIN MANCHESTER GOODS. He deems it unnecessary to enumerate the different Shades of Cloths, and variety of new patterns in Trousing and Vesting, but his present stock contains the new and most fashionable out for the season. He had also received upwards of FIFTY DOZEN of HATS from Christy's, and other first-rate London Manufacturers. Having laid in this extensive Stock on the very best terms possible, he is enabled to show a house in the trade to undersell him. He begs to thank his numerous friends for the kind support he has hitherto received, and trusts, by a strict adherence to the fair honest system of dealing his establishment has afforded since its commencement, to merit a continuance of their patronage. The lowest price marked on each article in figures, from which there is no deviation. May, 1834.

THE MARKETS. WATERFORD, MAY 27. The supplies of all descriptions of grain this day from farmers were small, and no alteration in prices.—Wheat, shipping 20s 0d to 23s 6d; ditto, millers 0s 0d to 00s 6d; barley, 1s 0d to 12s 6d; oats, shipping 10s 0d to 12s 0d; for mealmen and horses, 13s to 14s 0d per barrel; oatmeal, by wholesale and retail, 15s 0d to 16s 0d; 2d flour, 28s 0d to 29s; 3ds, 21s to 26s 0d; 4ths, 16s to 20s per bag. Butter from 75s to 80s per cwt. Weighed on Saturday 323, Monday 183, and yesterday 250 firkins. Bacon pigs from 25s 0d to 27s 0d; scalded do, from 17s 0d to 21s 0d; heads, 14s 0d to 15s 0d; offal, 14s to 15s 0d per cwt. CORK, MAY 27. BUTTER.—To Merchants—78s—74s—68s—46s—36s—30s. To the Country—68s—64s—48s—36s—26s—18s. There was a very moderate supply of grain at market today, with a good demand for wheat at former prices, and oatmeal has further advanced 6d to 1s per cwt.—Wheat, (white) 20s 0d to 23s 0d; ditto, (red) 24s to 26s 0d; ditto, (inferior) 20s 0d to 24s 0d; barley, (malting) 14s 0d to 15s 0d; ditto, (grinding) 13s 6d to 14s 6d; ditto, (feeding), 13s 0d to 14s 6d; oatmeal, 12s 0d to 15s 0d; flour (second) 13s 0d to 15s 0d. CLOVELL, MAY 24. Butter, 75s 0d to 80s 0d; oatmeal, 14s 0d to 16s 0d; bacon pigs, 24s to 26s 0d; flour, seconds 28s 0d; household, 20s; thirds, 22s 0d; fourths, 14s to 16s; here, 10s 0d to 10s 6d; barley, 10s 6d to 12s 6d; wheat, 18s 0d to 19s 1d per stone; oats, 10s 1d to 10s 4d. CARLOW, MAY 23. Butter, 72s 0d to 74s 0d; seconds, 62s 0d to 64s 0d; flour, fine 31s 0d to 32s 0d; ditto, seconds 28s 0d to 30s 0d per cwt; oatmeal, 16s to 18s; wheat, 21s 0d to 24s 6d; barley, 12s 0d to 14s 6d; oats, 8s 0d to 10s 6d per barrel. LONDON CORN EXCHANGE, MAY 23. There is no alteration in this morning in the price of wheat, and little doing. A few sales of oats have been made at the prices last quoted; and in beans, peas, and other articles there is nothing doing. SMITHFIELD.—Beef for the finest meat is worth 4s to 4s 2d per stone, and for the coarser and inferior the quotation is 3s 4d to 3s per stone; mutton for the finest meat is 4s 2d to 4s 4d per stone, and the larger sheep and coarser meat sell at 2s 8d to 3s 2d per stone; calves for fine young meat sell at 4s 8d to 5s 2d per stone; and dairy-fed porkers are 3s 6d to 4s. Beef, 2s 2d to 4s 2d; mutton, 2s 4d to 4s 4d; veal, 2s 10d to 5s 2d; pork, 2s 6d to 4s; lamb, 4s 3d to 6s 2d. Hay, £2 15s to £4; clover, £3 18s to £4 15s; straw, £1 8s to £1 14s. WATERFORD EXPORTS. Gipsy, steamer, Liverpool, 952 cwt. flour, 1299 frks. butter, 22 cwt. lard, 14 brs. wheat, 10 brs. 20 half brs. porter, 3 casks corn, 7 packs wool, 3 bbls. 1 box 5 hds. merchandise, 10 boxes 6 baskets salmon. City of Bristol, steamer, Bristol, 200 lbs. bacon, 9 cakes greaves, 5 frs. 8 half frs. porter, 1 pack whip-gut, 250 pigs, 57 head of cattle. Mary, Liverpool, 827 brs. wheat, 1000 cwt. flour, 500 frks. butter, 550 brs. oats, 100 frs. butter, 38 frs. bacon. Gipsy, steamer, Liverpool, 1642 frks. butter, 172 brs. wheat, 216 casks bran, 1 hpacker wine, 1 bale wool, 4 boxes 4 baskets salmon, 70 sheep, 8 head of cattle. Liberty, Portsmouth, 1665 frs. bacon, 126 cwt. lard, 22 half brs. tongues, 120 frks. butter, 20 brs. 20 half brs. porter. Cordelia, Falmouth, 825 cwt. flour, 50 brs. oats. Ocean, Cardiff, 1000 cwt. flour, Pacific, Newport, 350 frs. bacon. Gipsy, steamer, Swansea, 375 cwt. flour. Elizabeth, Pitt, 40 head of cattle. The Fair of New Ross, last week was but badly attended for one of the old fairs; the prices were rather lower than they were at the preceding Fair. Yet the few bacon pigs offered for sale brought from 25s to 26s; pigs fit for house-keepers and the shambles sold at or about 21s; the better description of stores rated higher. Milch cows went from £5 10s to 11 guineas. Sheep and lambs went high. But little was done in horses. A poor man who refused £10 for his horse, got "hearty"; and broke an arm of his own, and a leg of the horse, in leaping a stone gap—the horse was shot.

MARRIED. At Cheltenham, Charles Tottenham, Esq., of MacMurrugh, in the County Wexford, to Margaret, eldest daughter of Major-General Sir James Kearney, K.C.H., of Blaneville, in the County of Kilkenny.

DIED. Saturday, Eliza, relict of the late Mr. John Rice, Barron-street. Friday, at Birchgrove, Wexford, Admiral Wilson, a Burgess of that town, who had been in the service of the King on the 7th, at Machen, Monmouthshire, in a cottage belonging to Mr. John Vaughan, of Newhouse; Ann Samuel, widow, aged one hundred and seven years, leaving a daughter of 70 years old, and a son 73, who was upwards of 30 years a common soldier, now receiving a pension, so which they subsisted, and to appearance comfortably. On the 25th inst., Dr. Stock, relict of Dr. Stock, formerly Lord Bishop of Waterford.

On the 13th inst., aged two years and a half, William, eldest son of the present Earl of Burlington. Friday morning, in Kilkenny, after a few days' illness, Mrs. Butler, relict of Peiry Butler, Esq., of Borrismore, in that county.

On the 11th inst., at his residence at Oaklands, in the County of Wexford, aged 64 years, Robert Tyndall, Esq., late of Bellevue Park in the County of Dublin. William Harvey, Esq., has addressed the electors of the County Wexford.

TO BE LET FOR THE SEASON, BENVOY COTTAGE, Near Annesstown, CONSISTING OF FOUR BED ROOMS, a large Kitchen and Pantry, and a place for Servants; Car House and Stable. Application to be made to Mr. POWER, of Dunhill Lodge, PATRICK WALSH, the Steward, at Benvoy, will show the place.

AUCTION. TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, A CLOTHMERE HOUSE, NEAR THE TOWN OF YOUGHAL, The residence of the late RICHARD POWER, Esq., deceased. On the 24 day of JUNE next, And subsequent days, UNTIL THE ENTIRE ARE SOLD, WITHOUT RESERVE,

ALL THE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., consisting of Side Board, Dining Room, Sofa, Loo, Card, and other Tables; Drawing Room and Breakfast Room Chairs; Seats; Langers, Moreen Window Curtains; Hangings, and Brass Poles; a New Billiard Table; a Piano-forte, by Broadwood; a Pair of Celestial and Terrestrial Globes; a variety of Carpeting, Hearth Rugs; Fire Irons, and Ringers; several Sets of China; Cut and Plain Glass; Grecian Lamps and Mirrors; Feather Beds, Bedsteads, and Hangings; Mattresses, Pillcases, Counterpanes, and Blankets; Wardrobes, Secretaries, and Bookcases; Dressing Tables, Orchestral Stands, &c. &c. &c. Requisites, &c. &c. Four Wheel Carriage, Harness, and Pair of Horses; a Sailing Car; Sheep—55 Ewes with Lambs, Six Weathers, 35 two-year old, 47 one-year old; Two Ayrshire Bulls, Two Bull-dogs, trained to work—several Hounds and Doggies; Carts, Cars, and Saddle; Ploughs, Harrows, and Dairy Utensils; with several other articles too numerous to insert. Terms at Sale. Sale to commence at Eleven o'clock each day. J. DANIEL, Auctioneer. Clothmere House, May 22, 1834.

COUNTY OF WATERFORD. FREE SIMPLE AND FREEHOLD ESTATE. TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, at the Commercial Buildings, in the City of Dublin, on THURSDAY, the 22d day of MAY next, (if not previously disposed of by Private Contract), the Free Simple and Inheritance of the East Division of COOLSHILL ESTATE, situated on the Banks of the Blackwater, near Lismore, consisting of about 400 Acres of Arable and Pasture Land, and 500 Acres of improvable Mountain; nearly the entire property is irrigated. There is an unimproved command of Limestone and Turbary, and it affords romantic and beautiful sites for building.

Also, the House and Demesne of GLENMORE, otherwise EAST BALLYGALLY, in said County; also situated on the Banks of the Blackwater, held under a lease of lives renewable for ever, consisting of 168 Acres of rich Meadow and Pasture Land. This Property is in the highest state of cultivation, richly planted with Forest and Ornamental Timber, connecting the extensive Pleasure Grounds with the banks of the River. There are excellent Offices, walled Gardens, and extensive Residences in this admired District. It also affords a site for a Mill or Factory, with unlimited command of water. WILLIAMS and GIBTON, Auctioneers. A clear and unincumbered title can be given to a purchaser. For particulars apply to Messrs. DARLEY and SOX, York-street, Dublin, where statements of title can be seen, (if by letter, post paid); or to Mr. PEARD, Bellvidere, Tallow. The above Sale is ADJOURNED to the 2d of JUNE.

EQUITY EXCHEQUER. PIERCE NETTERVILLE BARRON, ESQ., EXECUTOR OF WILLIAM BARRON, ESQ. DECEASED, PIERRE GEORGE BARRON, ESQ., AND OTHERS, Plaintiffs, CORNELIUS HENRY BELTON, ESQ., AND OTHERS, Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree of his Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland, made in this Cause, bearing date the 6th day of February last, I hereby require all persons having charges or incumbrances affecting the Lands and Premises in the pleadings in this cause mentioned, prior to the 12th day of May, 1834, being the date of the Deed of Settlement in said Decree mentioned, to bring before me at my Chambers on the 12th of QUAY, DUBLIN, on or before the 7th day of June next, and prove their respective demands, otherwise they will be precluded the benefit of said Decree. Dated this 2d day of May, 1834. A. R. BLAKE, C.R. Tandy and Co., Solicitors for Plaintiffs, Waterford, and 10, Mountjoy-square South, Dublin. COMMUNICATION WITH BRISTOL, DUBLIN, AND CORK.

THE Public are respectfully informed, that it is intended to sail the CITY OF BRISTOL, in conjunction with the NORA CREINA, for Bristol, thereby affording two departures weekly from and between each Port.

ORDER OF SAILING. CITY OF BRISTOL. JOHN HYDE, Commander. From Waterford, Tuesdays. From Bristol, Saturdays.

From Waterford, 10 morning. From Bristol, 3 afternoon. 13 .. 7 morning. 10 .. 7 morning. 20 .. 12 noon. 17 .. 12 noon. 27 .. 7 morning. 24 .. 7 morning. 30 .. 12 noon. 31 .. 12 noon.

NORA CREINA. JOHN BAILEY, Commander. From Waterford, Fridays. From Bristol, Tuesdays.

From Waterford, 12 noon. From Bristol, 6 .. 4 afternoon. 9 .. 7 morning. 13 .. 8 morning. 16 .. 10 morning. 20 .. 3 afternoon. 23 .. 12 noon. 27 .. 8 morning. 30 .. 9 morning.

THE KINGSTOWN. M. MORGAN. Arrives here from Dublin to WEDNESDAYS, and leaves here on same day for Cork; and WEDNESDAYS, leaves here for Dublin, with Goods and Passengers. Cabin Fare, 14s; Deck, 5s (Steward's Fees included). Flour, 10s per Ton. Refreshments may be had on board at moderate rates. Carriages and Horses carefully shipped. Berths secured, and every information given by JOHN BOGAN, Waterford, or at the General Steam Packet Office, 1, Quay, Bristol.

STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN LONDON AND WATERFORD, via CORK; AND BETWEEN WATERFORD AND GLASGOW, via DUBLIN.

THE ST. GEORGE STEAM-PACKET COMPANY respectfully inform the Public, that one of their First Class Steam Vessels sail from LONDON for CORK every SATURDAY; and as their Steam Vessel, the Kingstown, now plies regularly between CORK and WATERFORD, Goods, Passengers, &c. will be brought by this conveyance on moderate terms.

CABIN FARES. From Waterford to London, £2 10 0 including Steerage and Passengers' Expenses. From London to Waterford, £2 10 0. From Do. to Do. £2 10 0. Goods, Passengers, &c. will likewise be taken from WATERFORD to GLASGOW, and from GLASGOW to WATERFORD, via DUBLIN, on moderate terms. For particulars apply at the Saint George Steam-Packet Office, London, No. 137, Leadenhall-street, opposite the East India House, 11, Eden-quay, Dublin, or at the General Steam-Packet Office, 1, Quay, Bristol. Steam-Packet Office, Adolphus-street, Waterford.

May 23d, 1834.

GENERAL LAFAYETTE.

General Lafayette died in Paris on the 20th inst. The deceased General was in his 77th year. His name, more than that of any other individual living, is connected with modern history, and may be said to be almost a convertible term for it.

THE LATE MARQUIS OF BREADALBANE'S WILL.

In our last appeared a paragraph, the effect that the whole personal estate of the late Marquis of Breadalbane, amounting to upwards of £300,000, had been devised in a manner not very usual, and which will recall to the public mind the long disputed will of the late Lord Fife.

CAPTAIN ROSS AND HIS CREW.

The Committee of the House of Commons, who have reported in favour of voting £5000 to Captain Ross, thus describe the rewards which the other parties engaged in the expedition have received; from which it would seem that none have any cause to complain.

WELLINGTON IN THE PENINSULA.

It is perhaps not generally known that, in 1811, owing to the imbecility of the Government at home, the base conduct of the Portuguese authorities, and the want of money, Wellington was once on the point of giving up the contest in the Peninsula.

THE EARL OF BURLINGTON.—The late Earl of Burlington was one of the noblest spirited men of the British aristocracy; and has gone down to the grave in the fullness of years, without a cloud or blemish upon his long career.

VEGETABLE DIET.—In the periods of their greatest simplicity, manliness, and bravery, the Greeks and Romans appear to have lived almost entirely on plain vegetable preparations.

COVENT-GARDEN THEATRE.

The beginning of the end of theatrical monopoly should surely have commenced with the exhibition which constituted so important an item in the entertainment at this house on Tuesday night, viz.—Carl Rappo's gymnastic and light-handed exercises!

TITHE SESSIONS—SINGULAR SCENES.

At a tithe sessions held in the county court house in Cork on Wednesday, before Mr. Antisell, deputy-assistant barrister, the following singular scene occurred. (On the schedules for Templeroobin and Clonmel, which form the Union of Cove) being called on.

Mr. Coghlan—Do you not think it rudeness to threaten to commit a clergyman to the custody of the police? His Worship's reply was not heard, but after this business proceeded, and the claim was allowed.—Cork Constitution.

FINANCE.

Collected from the Appendix to the Report from the committee of Secrecy appointed to inquire into the expediency of renewing the Charter of the Bank of England; from the History and Principles of Banking; and from other sources.

IMPORTANT TO SHIP OWNERS, MASTERS OF VESSELS, &c.—A case occurred in Cork lately which sets at rest the question, whether Demurrage can be recovered on a bill of lading of wool. It being hitherto generally thought that it could only be recovered under a charter party.

CASHMERE SHAWLS.—The great mart for the wool, of which these shawls are made, is at Kilgilt, which is said to be a dependency of Latak, and situated twenty days' journey from the northern boundary of Cashmere.

DISABILITIES OF THE SECESSIONS.—An act is in force which provides that Seceders, who have an objection to take an oath, can give testimony, which will be considered equally valid as if they had been sworn, by holding up their right hand, and repeating the words "I do solemnly and sincerely swear, in the presence of Almighty God."

CAUSE OF TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS.—The editor of the Mississippi Journal has contrived an ingenious excuse for the sins of omission and commission of which types are frequently guilty, which will be read with interest by those who are in the habit of reading the paper.

EMIGRATION.—A greater extent than is generally imagined is now being made of the Liverpool market. The numbers that have left by the steamer, and taken their passage in emigrant vessels from Liverpool, are incalculable, besides those who have gone via Cork, Waterford, &c. &c.—Wexford Conservative.

TO CURE THE MEASLES IN SWINE.—It sometimes happens, though seldom, that swine have the measles; which they are in this state, their flesh is very unwholesome food. This disorder is not easily discovered while the animal is alive, and can only be known by its not thriving or fattening as the others.

RICHARD LINDER.—The late Richard Linder was born at Truro, in Cornwall, on the 8th of February, 1804, so that at the period of his decease, he was within a few days of attaining his 30th year.

KILKENNY.—At an early hour on the morning of the 16th instant, the house of Michael Roche, Kilmadon, in the barony of Fassadeponee, was entered by a party of 40 or 50 men, some of whom were armed with fire arms.

WATERFORD.—Printed and Published by the Proprietor, RICHARD HENDERSON, on the Mornings of Wednesday and Saturday—Subscription, payable half-yearly: Country, 21s. 6d.; Town, 21s. 6d. Agents, Johnston and Co., Edinburg, Dublin, Cork, &c. &c.