

# The Waterford Chronicle

AND SOUTH OF IRELAND ADVERTISER.

ESTABLISHED 105 YEARS

TUESDAY EVENING JANUARY 2 1872

UNSTAMPED THREE HALFPENCE

## ROWATT'S PATENT ANUCAENIC LAMP.

With DOUBLE DOME, flat wick. ROWATT'S PATENT RADIATOR LAMP. These Lamps give the BRIGHTEST, WHITEST LIGHT of any Lamp known, and are the only Lamps that burn Paraffin and Petroleum, WITHOUT CHIMNEY, WITHOUT SMOKE, WITHOUT SHEDDING.

Beware of Imitations.—All genuine goods labelled ROWATT'S PATENT. To be had of all Ironmongers.

ROWATT & SON, Edinburgh & London.

## IMPORTANT TO SMITHS, NAILORS, FARMERS, AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY.

JACKMAN begs to announce to his Friends and the Public generally, that he has now ready made, on hand, all sizes of SMITHS', NAILORS', and FARMERS' BELLOWS, of a very superior and powerful quality, manufactured by the very best workmen, and combined with the most durable and strongest material, and the workmanship is of the highest quality, and the Public to inspect these articles, and not be deceived by cheap imitations. He has received by the English "best" BelloWS, of a large number of testimonials from the Nobility and Gentry of this and the surrounding Counties (who favored him with their orders) expressing the highest satisfaction with the powerful articles which I supplied to them. I now return my most sincere thanks to my Friends and the Public for their generous support of native manufacture, and shall leave nothing undone to merit a continuance of their patronage. Repairs executed in the best style and on the most moderate terms. Orders sent by post, and on the most liberal terms. Address: JACKMAN, 13, Little George's Street, Waterford.

## WATERFORD AND CENTRAL IRELAND AND KILKENNY JUNCTION RAILWAYS

ADDITIONAL TRAIN TO AND FROM DUBLIN.

ON AND AFTER THE 1st MARCH, The following Extra Passenger Train will run on Week Days, until further Notice:—

| UP JOURNEY FROM WATERFORD | Time       |
|---------------------------|------------|
| Waterford, departure      | 10 10 a.m. |
| Kilkenney, arrival        | 12 0 noon  |
| Maryborough, arrival      | 1 16 p.m.  |
| Dublin, arrival           | 3 46 p.m.  |
| DOWN JOURNEY FROM DUBLIN. | Time       |
| Dublin, departure         | 5 0 p.m.   |
| Maryborough, arrival      | 7 40 p.m.  |
| Kilkenney, arrival        | 8 40 p.m.  |
| Waterford, arrival        | 10 15 p.m. |

For further particulars see Time Tables.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS, Secretary, Waterford Terminus, February 21, 1871.

## EDWARD WARDELL,

Cigar, Tobacco, and Fishing Tackle Warehouse, 96, Quay, Waterford.

## NEW YORK STORE,

QUEEN-STREET, WATERFORD

CABINET WORK AND UPHOLSTERY executed on the Premises. REMOVAL AND PACKING OF FURNITURE on Reasonable Terms. All every Class of Goods Sold on COMMISSION, DEPOSIT, or EXCHANGE for other Goods.

## GEORGE DEACON, Proprietor.

Wholesale Customers liberally dealt with. G.L. invites the attention of his friends and the Public to the most EXTENSIVE and SELECT STOCK, from the Best Manufacturers (which he humbly begs to offer), comprising the following:—

1. A large Assortment of Pattern MACHINES and IRON THROWS, of the Newest Designs; Cast Vases, the "Monarch of the Glen," the "Osborn," and many others of beautiful Design.

2. FINEST and First IRONS in great variety; Cutlery and Electro-plated Ware.

3. PENS, PENS, SACCAENAS and FOUNTAINS; Electro-plated Tea and Coffee Services of Superior quality. Fancy Goods in great variety, including Work-boxes, Writing Desks, Dressing Cases, Albums, Clocks. The New Patent Lamp Clock (quite new); Jewellery, Stationery, Perfumery, Combs, Mezzotints and other Pipes; Lustrous and Vases in variety; Travelling Bags, Coffer Bags, Hat Cases, Trunks, and Portmanteaux.

4. A large and Well selected Stock of BOOTS and SHOES.

5. No 2 contains—DELPHI and GLASS of all Descriptions.

6. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, and 8 contain:—A well-assorted Stock of FURNITURE, comprising Iron and Wrought Bedsteads, Chairs, Tables, Sofas, Piano Stools, Loungers, Ottomans, Sideboards, Basin Stands, Dressing Tables, Chimney and Toilet Glass, &c., &c.

7. No 4 contains:—BUREAUS, KIDDERMINSTER, and other CARPETS.

## PIANOFORTE, HARMONIUM, AND MUSIC WAREHOUSE,

120, PARADE QUAY, THE CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE KINGDOM.

## FRESH ARRIVALS OF FIRST CLASS PIANOFORTES AND HARMONIUMS!

Great Bargains for CASH!

Pianofortes expressly for Extreme Climates Packed in Tin-lined Cases to order.

Pianofortes Warehouse, Packed, Re-removed, &c., &c.

First-class Pianofortes and Harmonium TUNERS sent to all parts of the Country Quarterly.

Pianofortes & Harmoniums Repaired and made equal to New.

Acoustic Instruments of every description Imported, Repaired, Tuned, and Exchange.

Receipts of New Music received Daily. Archery, Croquet, Cricketing, and other Games.

## C. A. JONES

Extends to all parts of the South of Ireland the THREE YEARS System of Hire, and defers which, without further payment, the Piano, or HARMONIUM becomes the Property of the Hiree.

Special terms of Hire, payable quarterly in advance.

## C. A. JONES

Buyers from the most eminent makers only; as a proof of which, the increasing demand, and the fact, that all the Instruments sold by him during the past 12 years have in every instance given satisfaction.

## C. A. JONES

just returned from London with a large assortment of Pianofortes, including Semi-Grand, Grand Squares, Grand Trichord Oblong Semi-Cottage, and Piccolo Pianofortes, with all recent Improvements, by Messrs. Broadwood, Collard, Erard, Kirkman, &c.

C. A. JONES has a large assortment of Harmoniums—English and French make; Second-Hand Pianofortes; English and German Concertinas in great variety; Violins, Flutes, Cornets, &c., &c.

A Full-length Organ, with Pedals and modern improvements (New), by Bevington, will be Sold, a Bargain.

## C. A. JONES

Has just received a large parcel of POPULAR MUSIC, which he is disposing of at ONE-THIRD of the Market Price, for cash only.

New Music sent Post Free, at half market price, on receipt of Stamps.

## JOHN C. THORP,

AUCTIONEER AND VALUATOR,

CABINET FACTORY, JOHN-STREET, NEW ROSS.

Mr. Thorp also continues to carry on the Old-Established Bakery, in John-street, at the corner of Bridge-street, New Ross.

## CUPISS'S CONSTITUTION BALLS.

The best and most effectual Medicine for preserving Good Health and Prime Condition in that Noble animal.

THE HORSE. They are beneficial for Swelled Legs, Cracked Heels, Coughs, Colic, &c., and if given on a Saturday Night, will not interfere with the ensuing week's work.

NEAT CATTLE. They are a most valuable Medicine in cases of Hoop or Blow, Stiff Back, Loss of Appetite, Stomach Distention, &c., &c., and if given on a Saturday Night, will not interfere with the ensuing week's work.

Testimonials with each Packet. PREPARED BY THE PROPRIETOR, FRANCIS CUISS, M.R.V.C.B., Author of the Prize Essay on the Diseases of the Liver of the Horse, &c., &c., &c.

Sold by all Chemists and Medicine Vendors in packets with directions, at 1s 6d and 3s 6d each; or 7 large Packets for ONE GUINEA or 7 small for 1s 6d.

Any Gentleman using the Balls may consult the Proprietor gratuitously, either personally or by letter, post paid.

Just Published

## GUIDE TO THE SPECIAL TREATMENT OF NERVOUSNESS.

Gives the true Cause and Cure of Nervous, Mental, and Physical Debility, Loss of Spirit, Indigestion, Premature Decline, &c., with Plain Directions for Perfect Restoration to Health in a Few Days.

WITHOUT THE USE OF ELECTRICITY. Illustrated with cases in proof of the wonderful efficacy of the

NEW SPECIAL MEDICINES. These medicines are free from mercury, and being pure vegetable extracts are acknowledged to be the most powerful and safe ever discovered for the cure of Nervous Diseases.

Obtain on receipt of stamped directed envelope By HENRY SMITH, M.D., of the Royal University of Jena, St. Burton Crescent, Tavistock Square, London, W.C.

N.B.—This book is printed for Free Circulation. "This is a work which every young man should read. The moral advice which pervades every page with sound advice in a physician, especially when coming from the pen of a physician whose success has given him a place amongst the eminent specialists of the age."

## SELF CURE FOR INVALIDS,

(AT HOME AND ABROAD.) MEDICINE SUPPLEMENTED. (ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM.) NATURE'S COMBINED RESTORATIVES. HEALTH AND MANHOOD RESTORED (WITHOUT MEDICINE.)

CURE YOURSELF BY THE ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC SELF-ADJUSTING CURATIVE.

SUFFERERS from Nervous Debility, Painful Dreams, Mental and Physical Depression, Fatigue of the Heart, Noises in the Head and Ears, Indigestion, Impaired Sight and Memory, Indigestion, Prostration, Lassitude, Depression of Spirit, Loss of Energy and Appetite, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Tremulous Feet, &c.

Can now Cure Themselves. By the only "Guaranteed Remedy" in Europe, protected and sanctioned by the Faculty. Details free for one stamp, by WALTER JENNER, Esq., Medical Electrician.

PENNY HOUSE, BEDFORD SQUARE, LONDON. N.B.—Medicines and Kites supplied.

In proof of the wonderful CURE afforded, a trial can have the "ELECTRIC MAGNETIC CURATIVE" on Trial, with references to the leading physicians of the day.

Established 1840 as Medical Electrician, &c. A Test Gratis—Post Free

CAUTION. N.B.—This is the only acknowledged Curative Appliance as in use in all hospitals, and recognized by the Medical Faculty of Great Britain, and none are genuine unless had direct from Mr. Walter Jenner, who cautions the public against self-styled Doctors imitating his discoveries and copying portions of this Advertisement.

Wide Prize Medal and Hospital Reports. Note—Invalids, before wasting time and swallowing Mineral Powders, Restoratives, &c., &c., should be cured by the Electric and Magnetic Press as recommended by the Faculty and Medical Press.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE.

ROYAL HAIR-DRESSING ROOMS, 131, QUAY—NEAR THE TOWER.

WILLIAM OULLEN (Late of Sweeney's, Griffin Street, Dublin) BEGS to announce to the Nobility, Gentry, and Inhabitants of Waterford and its Vicinity, that he has opened First-class HAIR-DRESSING ROOMS at the above Address, where he will carry on Hair-Dressing in all its Branches. Prices as follows:—

Gentlemen's Hair Cut and Brushed 6s 6d

Shampooed .. .. . 0 6

Singled .. .. . 0 6

Ladies' Hair Cut and Arranged .. 1 0

Cut .. .. . 0 6

Cut, Singled, and Shampooed .. 2 6

Children under 10 years old, Hair Cut .. .. . 0 4

Hair Restorers, Washes, Pomades, Oils, and Perfumes of the Choicest Quality to be had on the premises.

Placed Observe—131, QUAY—NEAR THE TOWER.

## ALTERATION OF PREMISES.

GREAT SALE OF PIANOFORTES, IMPORTED direct from the Manufacturers, Messrs COLLARD & COLMAN, KILKMAN, DALLMAINE, BRIMSHEAD, &c., &c., at C. A. JONES'S MUSIC DEPOT, 120, QUAY, WATERFORD.

HARMONIUMS in great variety, English and French make; Violins, Cornets, Concertinas, Drums, Flutes, Banjos, Mnsic Boxes, &c., &c., at C. A. JONES'S

MUSIC LENDING LIBRARY, WATERFORD, 20,000 New Songs and Pieces, at One Third the Market Price for Cash, the entire STOCK now SELLING OFF AT A GREAT REDUCTION! Previous to Alteration of Premises.

## C. A. JONES'S

IMPORTER OF PIANOFORTES, HARMONIUMS, &c., 120, QUAY, WATERFORD, and BAGWELL STREET, CLONMEL.

Begs to call special attention to his extensive JUBILEE and REPAIRING business. His Tuners visit the Southern and Midland Counties of Ireland Quarterly.

Pianofortes and Harmoniums hired by the Month or Year, with option to purchase, and on the Three Years' system.

C. A. JONES'S MUSIC WAREHOUSE, Cricketing, Archery, Croquet, and other Games, at unusually Low Prices.

## NATIONAL LINE.

THE STRAVERS OF THIS LINE ARE THE Largest Passenger Steamships Admitted to STEAM

FROM LIVERPOOL FOR NEW YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY AND

FROM QUEENSTOWN EVERY THURSDAY. NATIONAL STEAM SHIP COMPANY (LIMITED)

The new full-powered British Iron Screw Steam-ships.

Tons. Ships. Tons. Ships. Tons. Ships.

Egypt, Grace, 4000, Erin, Thomson, 3307

Italy, Grogan, 3700, Helvetia, Griggs, 3316

Holland, Bragg, 3530, Pennsylvania, 2872

France, Thomson, 3650, Virginia, Sumner, 2876

The Queen, Thomas, 3517, Denmark, Andrews, 2850

Will be despatched from Liverpool to New York, as follows:—

SPAIN: Wednesday, 29th Dec. FRANCE: Wednesday, 3rd Jan. ENGLAND: Wednesday, 10th Jan.

And from Queenstown the following days. The Galoon accommodation on board these Steamers is unsurpassed, the State rooms being unusually large, and open off the Saloons, which are situated in the poop on deck—the poop being 120 feet long.

Rate of Passage, 12, 15, and 17 Guineas, according to accommodation in State-rooms—all having same privileges in Saloon—Return Tickets TWENTY FIVE GUINEAS.

The Storage accommodation is unequalled for space, light, and ventilation. Abundance of Fresh Provisions served up cooked by the Company's Stewards.

Rates of Passage on Reduced Terms. Passengers booked through to Antwerp, San Francisco, the inland towns of Canada and of the United States on favorable terms; also, to Australia, New Zealand, China, and Japan, at low through rates, via New York and San Francisco.

For Freight or Passage apply to THE NATIONAL STEAM-SHIP CO. (LIMITED) 21 and 23, Water-street, Liverpool, To N. and J. CUMMINS and BROS., Queenstown; or to

William Forristal, grocer, New Ross; William Munro, Clerk of Sessions, New Ross; John Hinton, Auctioneer, Wexford; Michael Downey, Waterford; Thomas Bishop, Thomastown; James M. Murphy, Carrick-on-Suir.

## OLD ESTABLISHED CHINA HALL,

6, MERCHANTS' QUAY, WATERFORD.

C. J. SHARMAN begs to call attention to his Superior Collection of Goods, comprising DINNER, DESERT, TOILET, BREAKFAST and TEA SERVICES of the Newest Design. Amongst the Table Glass are decanters, Water Jugs and Goblets, Charet Jugs and Decanters, Spirit, Square &c., in various Patterns.

The FANCY and ORNAMENTAL DEPARTMENT contains a superior assortment of Bohemian Glass, Vases, Chimney Lustres, Parisian and French Figures; Shades and Stands, of all sizes; Water Filters, and every requisite for Kitchen and Culinary purposes, all of which will be Sold at the Lowest Market Price.

N.B.—Goods hired out to Parties at the shortest Notice, and on the most Reasonable Terms.

## "A BOON TO THE STABLE."

TASTELESS PHYSIC.

JAPPA PURGING POWDER is the best physic that can be given to a horse, being Tonic as well as Purgative. It is soluble in fluids, is taken in food, and the trouble or risk of balling him is avoided. For kennel use also it is excellent. See Directions.

No. 5, 6, or 7, equal to a 5, 6, or 7 dram Physic Ball. ONE SHILLING EACH.

"To physic horses of grass, untrained ones, and those that resist balling, JAPPA POWDER is a mighty convenience, and a great boon to horse keepers, Grooms, &c., who are not expert in balling." I use it in my practice for both Horses and Cattle." M. Small, V.S.

Obtainable from any Chemist, pro BEWLEY and DRAPER, and McMASTER & Co, Dublin, who also supply.

WATTS'S RED LOTION FOR WOUNDS, BRUISES, AND SORES IN HORSES, AND OTHER ANIMALS.

As Prepared by the late GEORGE WATTS, V.S., of Augier-street, Dublin.

In using this lotion no bandages or covering is necessary. Harness chafed from the collar, and brushing marks, or speedy cuts, are quickly hardened and healed with WATTS'S RED LOTION; so are GREASE, CRACKED HEELS, SALLANDERS and Thrush.

"In the foot and mouth disease of cattle nothing has been found in the shape of a detergent remedy, that has done so much good as WATTS'S RED LOTION simply applied by wetting the surface of the sore feet, and pouring a little twice a day into the animal's mouth." It is so cheap that no stable should be without it.

Price 1s 9d per bottle, or 10s 6d the gallon.

WATTS'S EMBROCATION or CURB BOTTLE (Sixty years in use.)

FOR CURB, SPRAIN, SPLINT, SINEW SPRAINS, and all swellings caused by knock, &c. It often cures lameness when firing fails."—The "Aid."

HARVEY'S POWDERS OF PREPARED THICK WIND, &c., in Packets of six, 2s 6d. It is also a cheap remedy for WORMS. No worm can exist in an animal that takes it; this is guaranteed. When half a packet has been used as directed; the beneficial effect upon the animal will be seen. "PHYTY!"

"Numerous Hunters, that cough, take HARVEY'S Powders regularly, and are thus kept up to the mark through the hunting season, that otherwise would be all but useless."—"Bell's Life."

Sold in WATERFORD by GEORGE WHITE, Thomas-street, and H. BELL, The Quay. New Ross, by Dr. WHITNEY. CARRICK, by JOHN LEE. THOMAS, by L and O KEARNEY.

## TO ADVERTISERS.

"THE NEW ROSS REPORTER," Price One Penny,

Published every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, is the only Paper published in the important Town of New Ross.

Advertisements are received by all the principal New Agents in Great Britain and Ireland, and at the Office, Priory-street, New Ross.

## SECRETS.

FIT WARRANTED—Our PURE FLANNEL SHIRTS, thoroughly Shrunken, Ready made, or to Order—5s 6d.

Our CASHMERE COTTON SHIRTS are absorbent and durable.

Our FINE WHITE SHIRTS and COLLARS are in the latest style and value.

Patterns, and Self Measuring directions free by post.

P TOBIN & SONS, Shirt and Collar Makers, 25 and 26, Quay, Waterford.

## MESSRS W. J. KRATINGE & CO.,

BORDEAUX, FRANCE,

BEG to thank their numerous Customers for their kind Patronage; also to inform them and the Public in general that through the very great extension of business, and to insure prompt delivery of goods ordered, they have appointed

M. B. CAMPION

THEIR SOLE AGENT FOR WATERFORD AND DISTRICT, Through whom their celebrated

WINE AND BRANDIES can be had direct from their Chase at most Moderate Prices.

Samples and Price Lists may be had always at No. 81, Custom House Quay, Waterford.

## B. HYAM'S

LIST OF PRICES FOR WINTER OVERCOATS.

THE GRANVILLE OVERCOATS

20s In Brown Beavers

26s In Blue Beavers

62s In Fancy Elysians

In Devon Pilots

Lined with Tweed

THE SANDRINGHAM OVERCOATS

20s In Fancy Beavers

26s In Blue Beavers

32s In Napped Elysians

In Brown Beavers

In all New Materials

THE REEFER OVERCOATS

20s In Blue Elysians

26s In Heavy Pilots

32s With Woolen Linings

Bound or Stitched Edges

THE LOTHAR OVERCOATS

35s Belted Travelling Coats

In Irish Elysians

In Variety of Materials

to With Velvet Collars

Warmly Lined

THE WESTEND OVERCOATS

20s In Brown Beavers

26s In Olive Mixtures

32s In Blue Beavers

In Fancy Beavers

In Newest Materials

BOYS AND YOUNG'S OVERCOATS

Boy's In Blue Beavers

12s 6d In Blue Pilots

25s In All Shades

In Serricable Materials

The several Garments specified above are made from the Newest Materials Introduced this Season. They are cut in the most Fashionable Styles, have all the latest improvements, and combine Fit, Fashion, Durability, and complete resistance to rain.

THE SPECIAL ATTENTION of all classes is respectfully directed to B. Hyam's "Shielding Walking Coats, Favourite Shilling Trousers, Six Shilling Vests, and Forty Shilling Suits; all made in all the leading Styles, from a great variety of Fashionable Materials, and are unequalled in the United Kingdom for Excellence and Value.

Gentlemen's Frock Coats .. 25s to 63s

Gentlemen's Trousers .. 10s to 21s

Gentlemen's Vests .. 6s to 12s

Boys' Knicker Suits .. 6s 6d to 30s

Boys' Osborne Suits .. 15s to 30s

Youths Harrow Suits .. 18s 6d to 35s

Parents of the value of Two Pounds and upwards will be forwarded Carriage Paid to any Railway Station in Ireland.

Engraved Illustrations, detailed Price List, and directions for Self Measurement will be forwarded post free on application.

B. HYAM, TAILOR, CLOTHIER, HATTER, OUTFITTER, 30, DAME-STREET, DUBLIN.

## ROBBERCOON FOUNDRY.

J. PENDER, Auctioneer, WATERFORD, has been APPOINTED SOLE AGENT for the COUNTY of WATERFORD, by Messrs. T. HARLEY & BROTHERS for their COMBINED REAPING and MOWING MACHINES, THRESHING MACHINES, PLOUGHS, &c., &c.

## The Lion Hotel

21, BAILEY'S NEW STREET WATERFORD

TO THE BURGESSES OF THE CENTRE WARD. GENTLEMEN—I beg to offer myself as a Candidate for the Aldermanship...

TO THE BURGESSES OF THE CENTRE WARD. MR. H. GALLWEY, who is fully entitled to represent your Ward in place of his late-lamented friend and connection...

COUNTY OF THE CITY OF WATERFORD. PRESENTMENT SESSIONS. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the SPECIAL SESSIONS, previous to Spring Assizes, 1872, for the purpose of taking into consideration all applications for Works, Payments, Malicious Injuries, &c., will be held at the New City Court House, on the 16th day of JANUARY, 1872, at the hour of ONE o'clock, P.M.

THE BELTED TRAVELLING COAT MADE OF THE BEST IRISH FRIEZE, In all Colours. Wind and Rain Proof. Invaluable to Gentlemen who travel, or are much exposed to the Weather, and are peculiarly adapted for Clergymen who reside in the Country.

WALTER O'DONNELL AND CO., WILL OFFER FOR SALE THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF WINTER GOODS At a Reduction equivalent to from 25 to 40 per cent., Off present Market Prices.

WALTER O'DONNELL & CO., 47 QUAY. The Stock includes Dress Goods, Woollens, Flannels, Calicoes, Blankets, Hats, and Caps, Ladies' Bonnets, Skirts, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Boots and Shoes, Shawls, Mantles, and every description of Drapery and Fancy Goods.

WATERFORD HORSE REPOSITORY, Adjoining the HORSE FAIR, Ballybricken. MONTHLY AUCTIONS OF HORSES, CATTLE, CARRIAGES, CARS, HARNESS, SADDLERY, &c., &c.—J. PENDER will hold an Auction at the above Repository, On the First Monday of each Month (Fair Days), and on the Old Fair Days.

WATERFORD. IMPORTANT TO DRAPERS Stock-in-Trade and Business Premises to be disposed of. J. PENDER will sell his STOCK-IN-TRADE and BUSINESS PREMISES, 5 & 6, GEORGE'S-STREET, WATERFORD.

WATERFORD. SADDLE, BRIDLE, HARNESS, TRUNK AND PORTMANTEAU MANUFACTORY, 2, Barronstrand Street, Waterford. JOHN F. WARD, PROPRIETOR.

J. W. begs to announce to his Friends and the Public in general that he has opened the above Establishment, and that he is now prepared to receive Orders for the execution of Saddles, Bridles, Harness (of every description, Brass and Silver Mounted), Trunks, Portmanteaus, Travelling Bags, and the various other Articles connected with the Saddlery Business, which shall be executed, with NEATNESS, CHEAPNESS, & DESPATCH.

THE ATHENÆUM, JOURNAL OF ENGLISH AND FOREIGN LITERATURE, SCIENCE, THE FINE ARTS MUSIC, AND THE DRAMA. CONTAINS:—Reviews of every important New Book, English and Foreign—Reports of the Learned Societies—Authentic Accounts of Scientific Voyages and Expeditions—Criticisms on Art, Music, and the Drama—Foreign Correspondence on Subjects relating to Literature, Science, and Art—Biographical Notices of Distinguished Men—Original Poems and Papers—Weekly Gossip.

Important to Country Patients. DR BARNES may be consulted personally or by letter, in all private and confidential cases; and for the benefit of Nervous Sufferers who cannot visit him, he will, on receiving a description of their case, enclosing a stamped envelope for reply, be ready to give his opinion upon the nature of the case, and the principles of treatment necessary to effect a permanent cure.

THE NEW ROSS ENDOWED SCHOOL, Under the Patronage of the Very Rev CANON KENNY, P.P. A Graduate of the Catholic University, will be engaged. Vocation ends the 8th day of January, 1872. New Ross, December 30th, 1871.

WANTED, AN Active, thorough SERVANT GIRL, in a Small Family, where a Man Servant and Boy are kept. Must understand Plain Cooking. One having a knowledge of Butter Making preferred. Apply to "A.B.O." Office of this Paper.

THE CHRISTMAS BAZAAR TO BE HELD at the TOWN HALL, on THURSDAY, January 4, 1872, in Aid of the FUND RAISED by the SISTERS OF CHARITY. On that day the following handsome Prizes will be raffled: A very elegantly embroidered Chair, mounted in Walnut. Tickets 1s each. Musical Drawing Room Chair. Tickets 1s each. Of these two Prizes the Four Highest Throws will be deemed "Lucky," which Tickets will be decided the following Day, at Twelve o'clock, in the Town Hall.

GENERAL PRINTING OFFICE, 13, LITTLE GEORGE'S-STREET, WATERFORD. Connected with THE WATERFORD CHRONICLE OFFICE, is a large and well-selected PRINTING OFFICE, Containing an immense assortment of the newest style of Types for Printing CARDS, CIRCULARS, HAND BILLS, POSTERS, PROGRAMMES, TICKETS, ETC., ETC.

THE WATERFORD CHRONICLE OFFICE, 13, LITTLE GEORGE'S-ST., WATERFORD. WARD & LONGMIRE, Proprietors.

NOTICE. THE Policy Holders in the BRITISH COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are urgently requested to attend a MEETING, which will be held on THURSDAY, the 4th day of January, 1872, at 45, MOZDOROUGH-STREET, DUBLIN, at the Hour of Two o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of appointing a Secretary, a Treasurer, and a Working Committee, and to transact other important Business, with a view of ascertaining the rights and position of the Policy Holders.

I WANT a House Servant, an elderly person, of cleanly habits, and unexceptionable character, who can cook a plain dinner. The work is light; having recently lost my wife there is no one to attend to but myself. I also require an Education, especially Music, to be my companion, will find this an agreeable, and may be, permanent situation, with every comfort abundantly supplied.

The lifeboat! the lifeboat! when tempests are dark she's the beacon of hope to the foundering bark! When, midst the wild roar of the hurricane's sweep, The minute-guns boom like a knell on the deep.

The lifeboat! the lifeboat! the whirlwind and rain, And white-crested breakers, oppose her in vain; Her crew are resolved, and her timbers are stern, She's the vessel of mercy—God speed to her launch!

The lifeboat! the lifeboat! how fearless and free She wins her bold course o'er the wide, rolling sea! She bounds o'er the surge with gallant droid; She has stem'd 'em there before, and she'll stem them again.

The lifeboat! the lifeboat! she's manned by the brave, In the noblest of causes commissioned to save; What heart but has thrilled in the seaman's distress, At the lifeboat's endeavours, the lifeboat's success;

The lifeboat! the lifeboat! no vessel that sails Has stem'd such rough billows, and weather'd such gales; Not even Nelson's proud ship, when his death-cries was won, Such true glory achiev'd as the lifeboat has done!

In another portion of our columns we publish an interesting document, issued by the Royal National Life-Boat Institution, and to which we invite the special attention of our readers. It clearly states the number of lives rescued during the year, the number of ships saved, with the names of the places to which they were bound and where they belonged. This noble Society is one of the most glorious of our public institutions, and it is unique, as it should be, in one respect. That is, the complete cosmopolitan nature of its objects, and its purely non-sectarian character.

It embraces the mariners of all classes and countries who touch upon our shores, and that may be said to extend from one sea to the other, and from the food even to the world's end. During the last year, 688 precious lives were saved by the life-boats of the Institution; besides 31 vessels of all descriptions. It also granted rewards for the saving of 230 lives, by fishermen and others, during the same period, thus making a total of 888 lives saved through its instrumentality during that period. Since its formation it has rescued 20,752 persons from a watery grave, and distributed 915 gold and silver medals, and £36,673 in money as rewards.

We are glad to perceive that not a single life was lost from the life-boats during the past three years, although upwards of 30,000 persons were engaged in its service during that period. Even since the formation of the Society only 22 persons in its employment were drowned. With these facts before us, we need not press the claims of the Institution upon a philanthropic public. The citizens of Waterford, and inhabitants of this and neighbouring counties are peculiarly interested in the success of the society. The shipping of our port embraces almost all parts of the world, and the parent society has generously placed several lifeboats along our dangerous coasts. That they have been instrumental in rescuing many lives is a well-established fact. We trust, then, that the Royal Institution, and Local Societies, will be generously supported by a humane public.

SERIOUS RAILWAY ACCIDENT. [SPECIAL TELEGRAM.] [From our own Correspondent.] Cahir, Tuesday Morning.

A serious Railway collision took place this [Tuesday] morning near Cahir. About two o'clock, the night mail train from Limerick to Waterford ran into goods train about one mile from Cahir station. Two passengers were seriously injured. Large party of police proceeded to the spot to render assistance.

DISTURBANCE BETWEEN MILITARY AND CIVILIANS. [SPECIAL TELEGRAM.] [From our Correspondent.] Kells, Tuesday.

Within the last few days several rows have occurred in Kells, county Meath, between the inhabitants and the soldiers of the 9th regiment. Several soldiers have been very seriously injured.

On Friday the committee appointed for improving and beautifying St. Otteran's graveyard, situate on the Cork road, met at the City Hall, Major O'Gorman, J.P., in the chair. Tenders were read from Messrs. Fennessy and Son and Mr. Wm. Power, seedsman, for a supply of trees and shrubs, &c. The proposal of Messrs Fennessy was accepted, all to be planted under their own care and risk as to growth, the trees to be chosen by Major O'Gorman and Mr. John Carrol. John Kelly, gardener, aged 28 years, was appointed to care of the cemetery, at a salary of 12s a week, and a residence. He had been in the services of Messrs J. Fowler and E. Roberts, Newtown, and was recommended by Ald. P. A. Power J.P.

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MUTINY AT SEA.—A portion of the crew of the steamer Arthur, of and from Glasgow, bound to Trinidad, with a cargo of coals, mutinied in the channel, on Saturday morning, and refused to proceed on the voyage. The captain, Andrew Main, put into Waterford Harbour, and having got the assistance of the civil authorities, five of the insubordinate crew were taken into custody. On being brought before the magistrates, they said the vessel was unseaworthy, being full of leaks, and that the bunks were almost covered with water. The captain denied this, and said the vessel was sound and in good sea-going condition. A survey was ordered by the bench, the men, meantime, remaining in custody.

A telegram from Killarney states that Rowland Pousonby Blennerhassett, Esq., of Kells, county Kerry, will seek the representation of the county on Home Rule principles.

THE POLICY HOLDERS in the BRITISH COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are urgently requested to attend a MEETING, which will be held on THURSDAY, the 4th day of January, 1872, at 45, MOZDOROUGH-STREET, DUBLIN, at the Hour of Two o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of appointing a Secretary, a Treasurer, and a Working Committee, and to transact other important Business, with a view of ascertaining the rights and position of the Policy Holders.

I WANT a House Servant, an elderly person, of cleanly habits, and unexceptionable character, who can cook a plain dinner. The work is light; having recently lost my wife there is no one to attend to but myself. I also require an Education, especially Music, to be my companion, will find this an agreeable, and may be, permanent situation, with every comfort abundantly supplied.

The lifeboat! the lifeboat! when tempests are dark she's the beacon of hope to the foundering bark! When, midst the wild roar of the hurricane's sweep, The minute-guns boom like a knell on the deep.

The lifeboat! the lifeboat! the whirlwind and rain, And white-crested breakers, oppose her in vain; Her crew are resolved, and her timbers are stern, She's the vessel of mercy—God speed to her launch!

The lifeboat! the lifeboat! how fearless and free She wins her bold course o'er the wide, rolling sea! She bounds o'er the surge with gallant droid; She has stem'd 'em there before, and she'll stem them again.

The lifeboat! the lifeboat! she's manned by the brave, In the noblest of causes commissioned to save; What heart but has thrilled in the seaman's distress, At the lifeboat's endeavours, the lifeboat's success;

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THE LIFEBOAT WORK IN 1871.

During the past twelve months, the Lifeboats of the National Lifeboat Institution rescued the following shipwrecked crews on the coasts of the British Isles:—Brig Morning Star, of Dublin, 6 lives saved; schooner Oxalis, of Macduff, 4; smack Lark, of Wexford, 2; barque Sea, of Montrose, assisted to save vessel; schooner Handy, of Wexford, 6; Brig Flora, of Poole, 6; brigantine Lady Huntley, of Maryport, 4; brigantine Mexican, of St. John's, N.B., rendered assistance; brig Klitabeth and Cicely, of Guernsey, 8; galliot Friendship, of Goolie, 3; barque Paquita of Santander, assisted to save vessel and crew, 16 ship Maria, of Dundin, 19; brig Sarah, of Sunderland, 6; Austrian brig Sori, assisted to save vessel; brigantine Margaret, of Lancaster, 25; Danish Schooner Danis, 5; screw steamer, Alexandra, of London, 23; barque Martha, of Arendal, Norway, 15; barque Richard and Harriet, 7; barque Teviotdale, of North Shields remained by vessel; brig British Queen of London, 7; brig Valiant of Jersey, 7; barque Launceston, of Shields, 14; schooner St. Fergus, of Aberystwyth, remained by vessel; barque Arctic Hero, of Goolie, 1; schooner Stranger, of Newfoundland, 3; brigantine Queen, of Youghal, 6; schooner Mary, of North Shields, 4; brig Thessalia, of Whitby, 9; barge Friend's Increase, of London, 4; ship River Nith, of Liverpool rendered assistance; brigantine Echo, of Maldon 6; brig Windsor, of Lynn, 6; schooners Halswell, of Bridgewater, and J. W. A., of Newquay 10; lugger Echo, of Lowestoft, saved vessel barque Jane Kilgour of London, 13; schooner William, of Liverpool, saved vessel and crew, 3; schooner Francis, of Cardigan, saved vessel and crew, 4; schooner Albion, of Beaumaris, saved vessel and crew, 9; brigantine Pomona, of London, 6; schooner Albion, of Port Gordon, saved vessel and crew, 9; brigantine Isabella Hero, of Blyth, saved vessel and crew, 6; dredging barge, of Houth, 4; schooner Lucie Ann, of Nantes, 5; schooner Ann Mitchell, of Newquay, 5; schooner Eliza, of Pwllheli rendered assistance; schooner Carnsey, of Hayle 4; barque Idun, of Bergen, Norway, 16; schooner Cynthia, of Montrose, 2; a man overtaken by the tide at Fleetwood, 1; brig St. Thomas's Packet of Blyth, assisted to save vessel and crew, 6; brig Trioner, of Arendal, Norway, 9; smack Vale of Conway, of Beaumaris, 3; seven fishing-cobles of Newbiggin, assisted to save vessels; packet-boat of Lynnmouth, 1; schooner Eleanor, of Newquay, assisted to save vessel and crew, 4; schooner Mersey, of Liverpool 4; yacht Hattie, of Cromer, 3; brig Hope, of Portsmouth, remained by vessel; brigantine Jane, of Barmouth, 6; brigantine Roscius, of Belfast, saved vessel; schooner Rapid, of Preston, saved vessel and crew, 2; schooner Intrapid, of Liverpool, rendered assistance; schooner Ann of Inverness, 6; barque Times, of Liverpool, 17; brigantine Zoe, of Dundalk, remained by vessel; two fishing boats, belonging respectively to the Isle of Skye and to Hopeman, N.B., 11; schooner Aurora, of Banor, assisted to save vessel and crew, 6; brigantine Cyrrs, of Rye 8; fishing-cobles Temperance Star, Margaret, and Gills, assisted vessels; barque Three Sisters, of Genoa, 6; schooner Courier of Lerwick rendered assistance; schooner Dispatch of Whitby, 3; schooner Major, of Lynn, 4; brig Regina, of London, 7; brig Orb, of Whitby, saved vessel and crew, 7; sloop Trafalgar, of Clew, saved vessel and crew, 2; four fishing-cobles, of Scarborough, assisted vessels; schooner Pausillippo, of Ramsey, 3; steamer Kingsbridge Packet rendered assistance; brigantine Norval, of Seaham, assisted to save vessel and crew, 7; schooner Adelaide, of Malahide, 5; brig Jeanne Colombe, of St. Malo, 7; schooner Jubilee, of Preston, 4; schooner Confidence, of Aberystwyth 2; smack Demetian Lens, of the Isle of Skye, 4; brig Albion, of Lowestoft, 10; screw steamer Benjamin Whitworth, of Middleborough, remained by vessel; brig Osborne of Hartlepool, 8; screw steamer Aerie Desiro, of St. Valerie, saved vessel and crew, 4; barque Cassandra, of Liverpool, 21; brigantine Nigretta, of New York, 7; barque Storm, of Cardiff, remained by vessel; brig Typhon, of Tvedestrand, Norway, saved vessel and crew, 8; six fishing-cobles of Whitby, 18; brig Azela, of Blyth, assisted to save vessel and crew, 8; schooner Samuel and Ann, of Great Yarmouth, 4; dandy Musselburgh of Lowestoft, 41; barque Albert, of Bremen, 28; barque Rubina, of North Shields, 17; barque India, of Shields 16; schooner Rose, of Ipswich, saved vessel and crew, 4; schooner, R.B., of Bayonne, 7; smack and crew saved by Swanes, Lifeboat, 3; Greek brig Calamidas, 11; brig Champion, of Shoreham, saved vessel and crew, 10; brig Wanderer, of Maryport, 10. The long list makes a total of 658 lives rescued by the Lifeboats of the Institution from the above named disasters, in addition to 31 vessels saved from destruction. During the same period the Lifeboat Institution granted rewards for saving 230 lives by fishing and other boats, making a grand total of 888 lives saved last year mainly through its instrumentality. Altogether the Institution has contributed to its formation to the saving of 20,752 shipwrecked persons, for which services 915 gold and silver medals, and £36,678 in money have been given as rewards. When we remember that nearly every life saved by Lifeboats has been rescued under perilous circumstances, the crews often incurring much risk and exposure throughout stormy days and nights it is gratifying to see that the single life has been lost from the Lifeboats of the Institution during the past three years, in which period they have been manned on all occasions, including quarterly exercises, by upwards of 30,000 persons. It is also a remarkable fact that during the past twenty years the Institution has not lost from all causes more than 22 persons from its Lifeboats. We might make an interesting narrative of each of these brief accounts of noble rescue; but our purpose, as an illustration of the character of these services, will be answered by an allusion to the services of Ramsgate and Broadstairs Lifeboats to the barque Idun, of Bergen, which was going to pieces on the Goodwin Sands on the 29th March last. After reaching the wreck and taking from her 14 men, together with the son of the captain, the boats themselves grounded on the sands, and the boiling surf broke over them. They had to drift to leeward for hours in order to save themselves; but at last they got the aid of the harbour tug, by which they were taken ashore and saved. Such deeds are quite as gallant as the most brilliant exploits of warfare, and the time will assuredly come when they and those who have performed their accomplishment will occupy a remarkably higher place in the estimation of mankind. We will only add, that contributions are received for the Lifeboat Institution, by all the London and country Bankers, and by its Secretary, Richard Lewis, Esq., at 14, John Street, Adelphi, London.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE EDUCATION QUESTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE WATERFORD CHRONICLE. SIR.—Certain observations in a letter in your Friday's issue, signed, "E. Hogan, Sob. C. U.," render it necessary that I should again trespass on your space. Concerning being disinclined to discuss the Education Question, I beg to inform him that it was not my intention to enter upon the discussion of the subject at all. I merely called the attention of Mr. H. to the fact that if it was his object to discuss that question, he should forbear referring to past proceedings, as being not only irrelevant, but also having a tendency to raise ill-feeling. In doing so, I am not aware of having said anything at which offence could be taken. As to the observation concerning logic, I think it did not transgress the bounds of fair criticism. That I did not write in vain, his last letter affords the clearest evidence; for in that he has devoted a considerable space to the discussion of "points" that should not have been passed over in his first. Mr. H. has talked a good deal about men in "masks." Now, I must tell him that, whether in a mask or not, I have never either said or done anything of which I am ashamed. He says I am very transgressing the limits of decency and justice. Let him point out anything in my letter that transgresses either. Until he does so, I shall consider his vague phraseology as "sound and fury, signifying nothing." But it appears my composition does not please him. Now, did it never occur to one of his extensive reading that a person might write but middling composition, and yet have a very fair knowledge of politics? But, wherein does my composition transgress the rules of Blair or Whately? "Its general tenor smacks of the debating clubs." Most of us have been accustomed to think such places had a tendency to improve the "style and tenor of composition," and, moreover, we have known gentlemen, members of such societies, whose Academic honours were much higher than his own. But perhaps we should not expect sound criticism from one who condescended to notice the typographical error of an e for a in the spelling of Macaulay. He next states that he should apologise to me for using the names of such writers as Hume and Macaulay, because I read the whole of Macaulay's works, he would have known that that is all his talk about; but Macaulay himself, in proof of this, gives an extract from his speech on "Theological Tests in the Scotch Universities;" "Some members of this House certainly held very different language, but their arguments made as little impression on Her Majesty's Ministers as on me. We were told, with the utmost earnestness, that secular knowledge, unaccompanied by a sound religious faith, was not only useless, but positively noxious,—a curse to the possessor! a curse to society! I feel the greatest personal kindness and respect for some gentlemen who hold this language. But they must pardon me if I say that the proposition which they have so confidently laid down, however well it may sound in pious ears while it is expressed in general terms, will appear, as soon as it is applied to the real concerns of life, to be too monstrous, too ludicrous for grave refutation. It is seriously meant that if the captain of an Indian man is a Scotician, it would be better for himself, his crew, and his passengers that he should not know how to use his chronometer and his quadrant? Is it seriously meant that if a doctor is a Swedeborgian, it would be better for himself and his customers that he should not know the difference between opium salts and oxalic acid? A hundred millions of the Queen's Asiatic subjects are Mahomedans and Pagans. Is it seriously meant that it is desirable that they should be as ignorant as the aboriginal inhabitants of New South Wales; that they should have no alphabet; that they should have no arithmetic; that they should not know how to build a bridge; how to sink a well; how to irrigate a field? If it be true that secular knowledge, unsanctified by true religion, is a positive evil, all these consequences follow. Yet, surely they are consequences from which every sane mind must recoil. It is a great evil, no doubt, that a man should be a heretic or an atheist. But I am quite at a loss to understand how this evil is mitigated by his not knowing that the earth moves round the sun; that, by the help of a lever, a small power will lift a great weight; that Virginia is a Republic; or that Paris is the capital of France." Leaving this passage from his favourite author, for his meditation, I remain, yours, &c.

ANOTHER IRISHMAN.

27th December, 1871.

A FEW WORDS OF ENCOURAGEMENT TO IRISHMEN.

MY COUNTRYMEN,—Christmas Day is now again just at hand, and the next new year will very soon after its advent tell us that the old year has passed away also. These are periods in the progress of Time, when those who feel an interest in the present and the future condition of their countrymen are warned not to be inactive or inattentive to their duties. These pleasant and festive seasons bring those duties to our minds with a warning, to which some are willing to give ear, in the hope that they may be able to make them ancillary to some improvement of Time, as it passes steadily and rapidly onwards, and too generally leaves but a dull record of what had been done in the past; and yet no year passes away without having made some marks worthy of remembrance, to enable us to avoid those errors in the future, which will be sure to beset us, and do us mischief—great mischief, if we have not learned a little in the past, to put us on our guard against their approaches, and enable us to offer them a better resistance. Allow me, my countrymen, to say a few words once more to you on a subject that has long engaged my attention, and upon which I have not ceased ever and over again to talk to you with a freedom and earnestness that I hope must have done some good, if I have had the good fortune to gain your ear. But if my words have passed dull or inattentive hearing, let me leave my record, as the wind does, without leaving any after-thought in your mind, and that my efforts have failed to effect any large amount of good, for such is the fate of reformers. They have to wait long before the seed they have sown has been warmed into life and activity, and fitted for the work laid upon them to perform. When I mention that intemperance is the evil I am now referring to, you will readily apprehend that those who have set about to remove this curse from their country have indeed a task to perform, which cannot be accomplished unless the friends of teetotalism bring to bear upon it minds determined to succeed. Some years ago, a distiller, with whom I was conversing on this painful subject, and who was determined not to be driven from his position, said to me, with a view of placing before

me in the strongest light the difficulties we had to encounter, "We (the distillers) will put the folly of mankind against the wisdom of mankind, and we will beat you [the teetotalers] ten times over." There is much truth in this view of the matter, but not the whole truth; for the enlightened as well as the foolish are carried away by this ruthless foe of our race. The learned, as well as the ignorant are seduced, as well as the spoiler, and obliged to pay the penalty that a craving appetite for alcohol demands. Intoxicating liquors require of all who permit this desire to seize upon them with any degree of strength, more drink continually. It is the alcohol in all those liquors which when once indulged in to any extent, requires an amount of resources or power, for overcoming their baneful influence, that few among either rich or poor are able to gather up, so as to enable them to contend successfully with their enemy." In addressing my countrymen, either by letter or from the platform, I have always done so under the conviction that you are an intelligent race, and that you deserve to be treated with respect. "Our National Board of Education" has now been in operation. The excellent schools conducted by the "Christian Brothers," I believe have been even a longer time in existence. These promoters of education must have had a good amount of success; and added to these, there is scarcely a town in Ireland, that has not been visited by the lectures of "The Irish Temperance Bill Association," over and over again, so that a considerable amount of knowledge, imparted by competent teachers, must now be possessed by the Irish people. I cannot, therefore, allow you the plea of ignorance for non-consideration of the temperance reformation. By no means; you have now no excuse for any deficiency of an earnest and manly attention to it, in all its details. I want you to come again into a deep and earnest consideration of the question of perfect national sobriety, as the subject of all others that is of the deepest value to you in your present circumstances, and in regard to your future advancement in civilization, and all the comforts and enjoyments of human existence. Having thus endeavoured to put you in possession of my thoughts and feelings on a subject which has possessed my mind ever since it was first spoken of in Ireland, and which, at my present advanced age, I look upon as the great question for your calm, yet earnest, your wisest consideration, I shall, in a few words, in relation to the great moving power, we are chiefly engaged in, in relation to it, in the present day, refer to "Permitting a Bill," of which Sir Wilfrid Lawson, Bart., M.P., is at present our ablest Parliamentary supporter, and most valuable and persistent advocate—proceed at once with my argument. He has already made a valuable impression on the House of Commons in relation to it, which will by and by, result in its passage through that branch of our Legislature. In the year 1853 a society was founded in Manchester to bring our question before Parliament. That arrangement shortly resulted in the formation of the Temperance Bill Association, of which Sir W. Lawson is one of the founders, and if he be supported, as he deserves to be, there is no doubt his question will be carried. He has brought it already several times before "The House," and each time he has had a large amount of Parliamentary support. But all now rests with the people, and if we be firm and manly in our conduct in relation to it, our point will soon be gained. The privilege of being permitted by Parliament to decide whether the traffic in intoxicating drinks be a curse or a blessing to our country. It would take up too much newspaper space were I to enter into detail on Sir W. Lawson's Bill. You are aware that to magistrates is now given the performance of the duty allotted to us. We want the power to be changed; and that in future the duty shall be confined to the care of the duty as important to their present and future happiness. The people are now placed in happier political circumstances than formerly; a much larger number of them can vote to be represented in Parliament, than use to be the case. If they make a good use of the privilege of their present privilege, and then voting for such members as will support our cause in Parliament—they will bring blessings upon their country. If they act otherwise, they will but be entrusted with a great privilege, which they have not intellect sufficient to teach them to use wisely; and it would be better they had not been made freemen. I believe there are many in Ireland, both among our men and women, who feel an interest in our great work, but who have not yet joined us openly; I wish these would do so without delay, and give us their support; bearing in mind that there is strength in union, and in this case we need all strength we can obtain, for our opponents are many, and determined to counteract our success, upon which we are now yielding to happiness of our people, and to the noble freedom of the great work, by drinking more freely than before. Verily, alcohol is a curse to mankind; therefore, let none who feel that its opponents are in the right any longer withhold their influence from us; they will receive a hearty welcome into the ranks of the teetotalers, who are prospering now in spite of the present success of brewers and distillers. But other days are coming—the times are at hand. Even the Times gives us, occasionally, a grudging assistance, some striking articles having recently appeared in its columns in its favour, thus indicating the sure and certain opinion that the liquor traffic is doomed. Let the people do their duty, and by-and-by Parliament must listen to their remonstrances. Every man must decide for himself. I ask you to prepare for the time that cannot be very far distant, when we shall be called upon to elect a new Parliament. Register your votes, and give them when that occasion arises to candidates who will promise to support Sir W. Lawson's Bill, and who are now in their hands. Let not Ireland lag in the rear of civilization, but let us start forward in this grand and noble work, and determine to hand down to our children a legacy that would confer on us and them honour in all future time. Rouse up, my countrymen, and take an active part once more in this great work of civilization, and future generations will bless the men of our time, who handed down to them the unspeakable blessings which flow from perfect sobriety, and which we can never hope to realise for ourselves or for them, until this great work shall be accomplished.—I remain, countrymen, your faithful friend, JAMES HARGREAVES, 35, Eccles Street, Dublin, 21st Dec.

WATERFORD CORPORATION.

INSTALLATION OF THE MAYOR FOR 1872.

ON Monday the annual meeting of the Corporation for the installation of the Mayor-elect, and for general business, was held in the Assembly Room, City Hall. There were present—Aldermen T. W. Jacob, C. Bodmond, P. K. Bell, Richard Cooke, and P. A. Power. Councillors—J. F. Scott (Mayor-elect), P. D. Walsh, Thomas Purcell, Michael Cox, George White, Captain Johnson, T. F. Kelly, P. J. Dowley, J. W. Howard, H. F. Slattery, J. P. Graves, Henry Galloway, Henry Lee, St. George Freeman, W. K. Commins, Michael Casey, Michael Meera, J. H. McGrath, P. Manning, John Reilly. Among the general public were—Messrs E. S. Kenney, John Horne, T. F. Strango, J. Reid, J. Moloney, W. Kelly, J. W. Walsh, M. Tobin, Joseph Clibborne (Clonmel), the Messrs. Tobin, (Quay), &c. Mr. H. F. Slattery, ex-Mayor, having taken the chair, and the minutes of the last meeting having been read, Dr. J. F. Scott, and having been invested with the robe and chain, replaced Mr. Slattery in the chair, amid demonstrations of applause. When they had subsided he rose and said—Gentlemen, it is customary for the Mayor, when entering office, to address some observations to his colleagues in the Council, as well as to the citizens generally. I propose to do so, and to that effect, and I do so, as will be brief in the extreme, and I do so, in the first place, to repeat my thanks for the signal proof of your esteem manifested in my election. I am not insensible to the responsibility which is incurred in assuming the position of Mayor in a community like yours. Its duties are weighty and manifold, and the more in which those duties are performed must tend either to raise a man's character among his fellow-citizens, or in a certain sense to constitute his shame. I cannot promise much for myself, but, after the kindness I have already experienced at your hands, I confess I expect very much from you; and with your active help and judicious counsel trust the year which we are to-day entering will not pass without leaving behind it some tangible memorial of our interest in the public service (applause). I am glad to believe the condition of things around us is favourable to our progress. We have happily arrived at a just perception of our local wants, and it only remains to be seen how they are to be met, and how they are to be met. The citizens of Waterford have always enjoyed a certain reputation for their intelligence, but in intelligence or ability, even of the highest order, is of no avail without energy and an earnest desire to make use of it. It must be stimulated by public spirit, which is truly the genius of a place, and which, more than any other cause, influences its prosperity; and which, though working within a circumscribed sphere, may be fairly characterised as sound and practical patriotism (applause). It is gratifying to me to be able to state that there have been symptoms of the awakening of this spirit among us. This council, after years of deliberation and ineffectual efforts, is at length engaged in a work whose completion will confer incalculable benefits, both socially and commercially, on the city. It has already adopted measures for the extension of our quays and the opening up of one of our principal thoroughfares, changes which, apart from their mere utility, will have also the advantage of beautifying our city. The Harbour Board, too, is energetically applying itself to such improvements of our port as will not fail to render it one of the finest in the United Kingdom. Its officers, were throwing his balance sheet lately, and they were presenting gold into the river; but the gold so enterprisingly cast, very rapidly comes to the surface again, and in a daily increasing wave is swept back to our city on each recurring tide. Then there are projects in petto, or rather rapidly maturing themselves, in connection with a Free Bridge, and a line of railway through our city, which, when realised, will inaugurate a new era of commercial prosperity in Waterford (hear, hear). If we pursue these improvements, and allow no temporary delay or disappointment to diminish our zeal, the reward is certain; for, favored as this locality is by nature, it is merely necessary to sweep away all existing impediments, and allow the wheels of progress to run freely in their grooves, so that the ratio of our advance will be least equalled by that of any other city in Ireland (applause). You are all aware that the Irish have been long subjected to the reproach of being too sentimental—too easily influenced to overlook or despise the advantages which lie within our reach, while vainly grappling at Utopias. I am not prepared to say there are any solid grounds for such an imputation. It is surely our duty—and each one of us ought to be glad to do all in our power—to put our city in such a position as not to afford even the faintest color for such a statement.—In order to arrive at this result two things seem to me to be especially needful. In the first place a close combination, and at the same time a healthy rivalry between our local bodies in the advancement of our public utility; and in the next place, and as a sort basis for this, a natural disposition through the community to lift up the old city by affording them popular support, and encouraging every scheme destined to be largely and at no remote year productive. Subject to these two conditions, of which I have no doubt, I think I have been a little tedious (no, no). And now for a matter of attention here. It is an honor to stand in the day of my election, and to stand while steadfast in my own religious and political opinions, I would be tolerant of those of others. I need hardly say I conceive it my simple duty to be so. While acting as chairman of this assembly I shall endeavor to be strictly impartial—to hold the balance between parties with an even as well as a steady hand (applause). While in the exercise of my magistratical functions, I hope I shall never fail to realise that I am breathing a calmer atmosphere than that heated or disturbed by political dissensions (applause). I will always do my utmost to fulfil the end of the mission assigned to me—to preserve order and to promote progress, and thus maintain, if not elevate, the character of the city (hear, hear). There is another matter of some importance I would wish to bring before you on this occasion. It is this—I will most earnestly solicit a regular attendance during the present year of those gentlemen appointed on committees, for most weighty interests are at stake, and it is in the committees economy can be best served, as well as the practical business of the Corporation. In Dublin a report not only of the proceedings of the committees, but also the names of those attending are regularly furnished to the local journals, with a view to put the burgesses in a position to be made acquainted with the acts of those who represent them, and let them know who were most attentive to their public duties. That is an example most worthy of attention here. Commending myself now to your generous sympathy, and bespeaking for me your experience a large measure of forbearance, let us together venture with good heart on the year, whose early promise may see each one of us here to-day live to see ripe into a wholesome and superabundant fruit. The new Mayor sat down amid cheers again and again renewed. Ald Cooke said he had an agreeable duty to perform in moving a resolution as a mark of respect to their late Mayor for the manner in which he had performed his duties. In moving a similar resolution at the petty sessions, Captain Johnson had said Mr. Slattery was unsurpassed by any of his predecessors. He [Ald Cooke] re-

membered five and forty mayors who had sat during the 48 years he had been a public officer of the city, and he could say with perfect truth, with great respect for every one of them, that Mr. Slattery was never surpassed by one of the 45. He would move, "That the warmest thanks of this Council are justly due, and hereby given, to H. F. Slattery, Esq. for the truly efficient manner in which he discharged the duties of mayor and chief magistrate of the city of Waterford during his year of office, for his unremitting attention to all matters connected with the business of the Corporation, and uniform courtesy observed by him on all occasions towards the members of the Council; and for the generous hospitality exercised by him in private, as well as in this room, during his year of office, affording him to the last the respect of all his fellow-citizens." Mr. T. F. Kelly seconded the resolution. He said he had seconded the resolution by which Mr. Slattery was elected thirteen months before, and he would say in every position in which he had been for the year of office he had upheld its dignity. "He had been an ardent and efficient supporter of every measure for the improvement of the city, its port and harbour. He had been zealous and attentive, and had fully realised the expectations held of him. There was another matter to be referred to—the sumptuous hospitality of the ex-Mayor. It was not for them to speak of the good things they had eaten, or the wines they had drunk at his board, but he might be allowed to say the municipal hospitality of Waterford had been rather intermittent in its character. They had mayors who entertained them sumptuously and mayors who did not entertain them at all, but Mr. Slattery stood high in the former catalogue. If it was an example to be followed by future mayors, it might be a question in time to come whether the mayor's salary would not want to be reconsidered. Mr. Kelly concluded by seconding the resolution. The Mayor, in putting it from the hour, said it was more than a mere formal vote of thanks. They were bound to entertain feelings of respect for their ex-Mayor for the attention he paid to the duties of his office and the singular hospitality he had evinced; and he only expressed the sentiments of every one in the room when he stated Mr. Slattery had constituted his year of office a red letter chapter in the modern history of Waterford. Mr. Slattery responded. He said he did not deserve, in the slightest possible degree, the warm vote of thanks they had passed him (hear, hear). He would refer to the promises he had made that, and twelve months. He then told the council that, and that he would endeavour to make good for that by diligent attention to his duties of mayor, and any work conducive to the welfare of the citizens or the city. He had heard them assure him he had not disappointed them in that promise, and he, consequently, left the chair of office perfectly satisfied, as he hoped, he had satisfied the citizens of Waterford. There were a great many most important works during his year of office. That day twelve months he had looked forward ardently hoping he would see some of them at least consummated during the year. It was not his fortune that it should be so. Each proposal should be for a lump sum, and must be accompanied by a separate Detailed Estimate, giving Quantities and Prices, and be endorsed, "Tender for Boundary Walls, Waterford Lunatic Asylum." Both Tender, and Detailed Estimate, should bear the name and address of the Proposer on the back. Any further particulars of the Work will be given on application, by letter, addressed to General W. Watson, Esq., Architect, 49, Westland Row, Dublin. N.B.—Persons Tendering should send Testimonials as to Character and Competency, unless previously known to the Board. The Board will not bind themselves to accept the lowest, or any Tender. By Order, FREDERICK WILBER, Secretary, Office of the Commissioners of Control, &c., of Lunatic Asylums, Dublin Castle, 15th Dec., 1871.

LITERATURE.

Macmillan's Magazine. London: Macmillan & Co.—The contents of the January number of this magazine, a copy of which has come to hand, are varied, instructive, and entertaining. The first twenty pages are occupied by three chapters of a new story, entitled "The Strange Adventures of a Phatton." The style in which the story is written is very agreeable, and an hour may be pleasantly spent in perusing it. Mr. Millicent Garrett Fawcett this month contributes a paper on "National Debts and National Prosperity." The article is, no doubt, a very able production, displaying much arithmetic ability and a knowledge of the financial condition of the nations of Europe, but is more calculated to inform than to interest. This is followed by a paper on "The Current Street Ballads of Ireland." It is copiously studded with extracts, and, though we can scarcely designate it good, is not without a share of merit. The next is a short and cleverly-written paper on "Mr. Helms as an Essayist," by Canon Kingsley. This article must naturally possess some interest for persons of literary taste. The remaining papers are:—"The Legal Profession in America;" "The Chinese Audience Question;" "Christina North" (chapters four to six); "An Experiment in Middle-class Education;" "The New Law Courts."

IN MEMORIAM.

On Friday, the 29th December, at the Cottage, Ballytruckle, Bridget, the amiable and beloved wife of Mr. William Morris, of the Post Office. The deceased lady is much regretted by a large circle of friends, to whom she was endeared by her amiability of manner and kindness of heart. Much public sympathy in her bereavement is felt for Mr. Morris, who, though a young man, has earned for himself, in his official capacity as Chief Clerk in our Post Office, a large amount of respect by his courteous and obliging disposition. As an evidence of this, we may remark that the funeral, which took place on Sunday last, and which proceeded from his residence to the Chapel Yard at Slievevue, was one of the largest we have ever seen. The cortege extended over half a mile in length, and was followed by an immense concourse of friends, each and every one testifying by his presence his deep and heartfelt sympathy with Mr. Morris in his affliction, and his respect for the good and kind wife of an honest and so suddenly taken away from her young and helpless family. R. F. P.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, will be received, up to the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, on the 6th January, 1872, for BUILDING BOUNDARY WALLS TO NEW GROUND at the WATERFORD DISTRICT LUNATIC ASYLUM, according to Plan and Specification, to be seen at the Asylum. Each Proposal should be for a lump sum, and must be accompanied by a separate Detailed Estimate, giving Quantities and Prices, and be endorsed, "Tender for Boundary Walls, Waterford Lunatic Asylum." Both Tender, and Detailed Estimate, should bear the name and address of the Proposer on the back.

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WORTH A GUINEA A BOX

BEECHAM'S PILLS

ARE admitted by thousands to be worth a GUINEA A BOX, for Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Flashes, Swelling after meals, Dizziness and Deafness, Cold Chills, Flushings of the Face, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Constipation, Scoury, Disturbed Sleep, Blotches on the Skin, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c., &c. The first dose will give relief in twenty minutes. This is no fiction, for they have done it in thousands of cases. It is the only medicine of these Pills having obtained (at great expense) a Patent for them, he challenges the whole world to produce a medicine equal to them, for removing the above complaints, and restoring the patient to sound and lasting health. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one box of these Pills, and they will be acknowledged to be "WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

For females of all ages these Pills are invaluable, as a few doses of them carry off all gross humours, open all obstructions, and bring about all that is required.—No female should be without them. There is no remedy to be found to equal Beecham's Pills for removing any obstruction or irregularity of the system. If taken according to the directions given with each box, they will soon restore females of all ages to sound and robust health.

Beecham's Magic Cough Pills

As a remedy for Coughs in general, Asthma, Difficulty in Breathing, Shortness of Breath, Tightness and Oppression of the Chest, Whooping Cough, &c., these Pills are unequalled, and anyone suffering under any of the above complaints need only try Ours, to prove that they are the best ever offered to the public, for Asthmatic and Consumptive Coughs, Hoarseness, and oppression of the Chest. They speedily remove that sense of oppression and difficulty of Breathing, which is so distressing, and they give relief and comfort to those afflicted with the above distressing, and when neglected dangerous complaints. Let any persons troubled with any of the above complaints give BEECHAM'S COUGH PILLS a trial. The most violent Cough will, in a short time, be removed. Factors more conclusive than arguments, and to content upon such facts as the above would be superfluous. The extraordinary sale of Beecham's Pills prove unmistakably that they are one of the best and safest medicines at the present day, and disease and sickness will not be found in any house after taking a few doses of these excellent Whooping Cough Pills. If taken according to the directions given with the words "Beecham's Pills, St. Helena," are on the Government Stamp affixed to each box of the Pills: if not, they are a Forgery. Prepared only, and sold Wholesale and Retail by the Proprietor, T. Beecham, Dispensing Chemist, St. Helena, Lancashire, in boxes at 1s. 1d. and 2s. 6d. each. Sent post free for 15 or 30 stamps. Sold by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers in the United Kingdom. N.B.—Full Directions are given with each Box.

Published This Day, in 8vo. price 5s. cloth, A PLEA FOR THE HOME GOVERNMENT OF IRELAND. BY JOHN GEORGE MAC CARTHY, Author of "The Irish Land Question Plainly Stated and Answered," &c. London: LUNGMANS, GREEK, and CO., Paternoster Row.

THE POET'S CORNER.

A NEW YEAR'S SONG.
What of the New Year, my brothers?
What new of the coming year?
What promise more than others?

SWEET NIGHT, how soft and calm!
Did wind and storm so cease
When through the balm the angels' psalm,

I LOVE TO HEAR THY GENTLE VOICE.
I love to hear thy gentle voice,
I love to hear it say,

TO MARY.
I dream a dream ecstatic,
Nought that she,
Whom I love better far than heaven,

Men are not to be judged by their looks, habits
and appearances; but by the character of their
lives and their works.

ERPS' CHOCOLATE.—An article entitled "France
et Angleterie," says:
"Nous n'avons en France qu'une seule usine
ou la preparation du cacao emploie un materiel

Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN.
Should always be used when Children
are cutting teeth, or when the little sufferers are

Spirit of the Press

(In selecting the Spirit of the Press we are
guided solely by a desire to place before our readers
the opinions of all parties without any regard to the
relation such opinions may sustain to this Journal)

THE COMING PARLIAMENTARY SESSION.
The Daily Telegraph of Thursday says—Will
the vexed question of Irish education be in-

WE HAVE certain subjects which the state of
public opinion makes it imperative on any
Ministry to take up. Others have arrived at

It is not the best things (that is, the things
which we call the best) that make men: it is not
pleasant things; it is not the calm experiences of

"THE LION, THE NET, AND THE MOUSE."
To prevent Pirates, and unprincipled Traders
from despoiling the public, the proprietor of

could have enabled Mr Gladstone to carry to
a successful issue, and in the integrity of their
original conception, his great measures for the

AN IRISH REBEL ON REBELS AND REBELLION.
The Evening Telegraph says—There was a
lively scene in the Victorian Parliament on the

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR!—A
very nicely perfumed hair dressing called "The
Mexican Hair Restorer," now being sold by most

PHOTOGRAPHIC ART STUDIO.
5 & 6, GEORGE STREET, WATERFORD.
JOHN FENDER.
HAYING placed the management of his Photo

ceed-4, and a vote of confidence in the Ministry
was passed without a division.

THE ALABAMA ARBITRATION.
The Spectator says—There was an absurd
paraphrase in the Morning Post of Thursday,

FLORINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—
A few drops of the Fragrant Florine on a wet
tooth brush produces a delicate foam, which

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, for the cure of
Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Asthma,

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WATCHES AND CLOCKS
By Special Appointment to
H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

A most Excellent Family Medicine!
PAIN KILLER.
Purely Vegetable, for Internal and External Use.
A safe Cure for Sudden Colds, Coughs, Bronchial and Lung Affections, Diseases of the

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AN ODOURLESS NON-POISONOUS DISINFECTANT.—THE SALINE ANTI-SEPTIC—THE

CELOREALUM.
CHLORALUM deodorises sewage so readily
that one gallon is sufficient to be added to

CELOREALUM.
CHLORALUM IN MEDICINE.—Chloralum is
a new agent in therapeutics. There are few

CELOREALUM.
CHLORALUM can be relied on by horsemen
in wounds and injuries, and by farmers in

CELOREALUM POWDER.
CHLORALUM POWDER.—The Best Stable
Disinfectant. Chloralum Powder will be

CELOREALUM WOOL.—The New Styptic and
Antiseptic Surgical Dressing.

CELOREALUM WADDING IN Sheets, one
yard in width by one and a half yards in length;

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BRYANT & MAY'S
PATENT SAFETY MATCHES
LIGHT ONLY ON THE BOX

"NEAVE'S FOOD"
For Infants and Invalids is recommended by leading
Medical Men, and is much approved by Mothers and

LUXURIOUS HAIR, WHISKERS, AND
MUSTACHIOS can be produced by the recipe
of a celebrated physician.

A CLEAR, SOFT, AND BEAUTIFUL
COMPLEXION, free from pimples, freckles,
and redness, can be obtained and preserved by

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disinfecting, and antiseptic. It

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Pronounced by Connoisseurs to be the ONLY "LEA & PERRINS" SAUCE.

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VEGETABLE PURIFYING PILLS
Are warranted not to contain a single particle of
Mercury or any other Mineral Substance; but to

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WIND PILLS
THE SECRET OF HEALTH AND LONG LIFE consists
in a good digestion, pure blood, clean bowels,