

from Frankfurt, under date of the 24th ult., which vaguely re-states the alleged victory gained by the Greeks in the straits of Thermopylae. We see nothing in this account which renders a whit more probable the success in question; on the contrary, where it descends to particulars, those particulars are utterly incredible. We are told, for instance, that seven hundred brave soldiers, under the command of another Leonidas, young Bozzaris, arrested the progress of the Turkish army (supposed to be from 60 to 80,000 strong) in "all the passages" of that celebrated defile, until the "greater part" of the Greek army (whose numbers are not mentioned at all), marching "with great haste," took up a position in the rear of the enemy. It is then briefly added, that "the Turks, entirely surrounded, were attacked with fury, and completely routed," with the loss of three Pashas, seventy Beys, and eleven thousand men who were taken prisoners, besides a third of the whole army, which was killed, and a considerable number who were wounded. Chourchid Parha himself escaped with difficulty, with only 4000 men. This is certainly a very brilliant account, but we should have liked it better had we seen it told how many Greeks it took to win such a victory.—*Courier*.

The following are extracts from these Papers. The proceedings at Potiers, on the second day of the trial of the conspirators of Saurmur (Grav. Bastien's plot), tend strongly to confirm the general contents in the Act of Accusation. "Paris, Aug. 29.—M. the Viscount Montmorency, Minister of Foreign Affairs, will set off to-morrow (Friday last), at five o'clock, for Vienna. M. de Rouzou and M. de Gabricac accompany him. M. the Count de Villele will officiate during the absence of the Viscount de Montmorency. "The King of Prussia is to be at Verona by the 4th or 5th of October. "The King of Bavaria will go to meet the Emperor of Austria, who is to leave Vienna on Sept. 28th.

"All the Sovereigns are to meet at Verona in the early part of October."

A mail from Lisbon arrived on Saturday, bringing letters and papers to the 17th ult. inclusive.—The contract for the loan had not then been concluded. Reports were in circulation, that the immediate wants of the Government, not exceeding about £200,000 sterling, that sum would be advanced by the new bank at Lisbon, which was to commence its operations on the 24th ult. and that the negotiation for the loan would, therefore, be postponed for an indefinite period. This rumor has, however, in all probability been set on foot with a view of inducing the contractors to offer more liberal terms. The preparations for the expedition against Bahia were in progress at the date of the departure of the packet. In addition to the division which has sailed a few weeks back, consisting of 600 men, and which has ere this reached Bahia, another detachment of the same force sailed from Lisbon early in August, and was to be followed by about 1500 more troops, which would complete the expedition destined against Bahia. No attempt was meditated against any other province of the Brazil. Intelligence had arrived at Lisbon of the Tunisian squadron, consisting of three ships of war, being at sea; and in consequence of the recent determination of the Portuguese Government to discontinue the payment of tribute to those barbarians, a naval encounter was expected, and some depredations injurious to the Portuguese commerce were anticipated.

Letters dated the 11th July have arrived from Pernambuco. The advice received at that place from Bahia represent commerce to be wholly suspended in the latter province. The party whose views were directed to the expulsion of the Portuguese, and the establishment of independence, had collected a formidable force at Caboelho, twenty leagues inland, which had been joined by all the neighboring Indians and people of colour from Bahia, Madeira de Melho, the Portuguese Militia Governor at Bahia, had under his command 1000 European regulars, and full 2000 militia of the white towns-people. With this force at his disposal, it was supposed that he would continue to maintain his position so long as he could procure a supply of provisions, for which, however, he must depend on being able to keep open his communication with the sea.

THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON.—We are sorry to understand that there are still persons in this Country so diabolically disposed as to threaten the assassination of public men. We had hoped this diabolical spirit had entirely evaporated with the Cato-street explosion; but it would seem that it is still lurking amongst us. It is true the suppression of its existence rests only on anonymous evidence, and we should therefore hope that it is altogether unfounded; for we know that the police has been grossly imposed on by anonymous information on political matters, in more than one instance very lately. The circumstance to which we particularly allude is this:—For several days past police officers have been stationed in the House of the Duke of Wellington, in consequence of anonymous information having been sent to the Magistracy that an attempt would be made upon the life of his Grace. The Noble Duke treated the information with supreme contempt; and not only refused to adopt any precautionary measures, but even expressed a disinclination to have the officers in his house; and we believe it was only at the earnest solicitation of the Magistracy, that they were permitted to remain. His Grace has since rode out every day, attended only by a single groom, as usual.—*Morning Paper*.

Walmer Castle is fitting up for the reception of Lord Liverpool on his marriage with Miss Chester. Sir William Herschell, the eminent astronomer, died yesterday evening at Slough, near Windsor, in the 86th year of his age. DORSET, Ser. 1.—Yesterday the Right Hon. Earl Bathurst and suite embarked on board his Majesty's steam-packet the Arrow, Capt. King, for Calais. It was strongly rumored, that the Noble Earl is proceeding to fill that situation in the Congress of the allied Sovereigns, which the much-lamented Marquis of Londonderry was to have succeeded.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3.

Stocks this day at One.

3 per Cent. Red. 84	Bank Stock 92 1/2
3 per Cent. Cons 84 1/2	India Stock 250
Imprial 3 per Cent. 84	Long Ann. 21 3/4
4 per Cent. 92 1/2	India Bonds 45 1/2
4 per Cent. 92 1/2	Ex. Bills (£1000) 23 1/2
4 per Cent. 92 1/2	Cons. for Act. 102

The intelligence which has been received of a Regency established at San D'Urgel, with the Marquis of Mataloflida at its head, imparts a new and important character to the actual affairs of Spain. The Proclamation issued by this Regency contains undeniable truths, with respect to the condition of Ferdinand, and the state of coercion in which he is held by the Revolutionists. The crisis is such, however, that imminent danger bests every movement, even of those whose intentions are the most pure and honorable.—There is too much reason to fear, for example, that if the King's friends in the north were so to multiply and consolidate their resources, as to permit of their undertaking any decisive enterprise, it would be the signal for the Decemadistas to crown rebellion with regicide. They would probably, either do this, or adopt the more politic course of keeping the King's person as a sort of hostage for their own safety, and the undisturbed prosecution of their plans, threatening such a catastrophe if his friends stirred in his behalf. Measures of this kind, especially when it would be felt that they were not ill-effects, would necessarily have the effect of paralysing the activity and zeal of the Royalists.

Between the extremes, which two parties may propose to themselves, it is easier to discern than to follow the safe middle course. We are decidedly opposed to the doctrines and practice of the Revolutionists; but, on the other hand, we should regret to see the promises of Mataloflida realized, by placing Spain in the situation in which she was previously to the 9th of March, 1820. Our fears, however, are not very great upon this subject, for we do not consider the project practicable, even if attempted. The Spanish people have risen from their prostration, and the great point now and hereafter to be determined is, what guides they shall follow—what path they shall take. Move they must—and their motion must be onward;—but whether to liberty or anarchy—to prosperity, or ruin—are the issues that now vibrate upon circumstances.

The Marquis of Mataloflida resides, it is said, a long time at Toulouse, where he regulated and combined the operations of Quesada and the Traill.—*Courier*. The following extract from the *Allgemeine Zeitung*, of the 24th ult., will show what confusion, as to dates, persons, and places, prevails respecting the actual operations of the Greeks and Turks. An article dated the 4th August, from Otrera, contains intelligence from Constantinople of the 1st, but it has no allusion to the military operations between the Turks and Greeks.

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THE WATERFORD CHRONICLE. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7. The London Journals of Monday and Tuesday have arrived.—No Mill due. The Globe of Monday had the following paragraph:— "This morning received German Papers to the 24th last. The long existing dispute between Spain and Algiers is likely to terminate in war. The former Power having recalled its Consul, and the latter having refused passports, the Spanish Consul made his escape, not in a very dignified style. This would appear a favourable diversion for the Greeks, a great part of the Algerine naval force being now employed against them. An article dated the 4th August, from Otrera, contains intelligence from Constantinople of the 1st, but it has no allusion to the military operations between the Turks and Greeks."

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On the 4th instant, the first stone of a Church was laid at Ring, in the Diocese of Lismore, by the Rev. J. B. Wallace. From the arrangements that have been made by Messrs. Anthony and Son, Architects, there is every reason to expect that, in a very short time, the Church will be ready for Divine Service. Situated on an eminence over the Bay of Dungarvan, it will be commanding position will form an object at once bold and beautiful. It is pleasing to reflect, that on the same place that the interests of religion are promoted, ornament and taste are not neglected. If the road were improved in the neighbourhood of Ring, the Church would be a great convenience to several of the Inhabitants of Dungarvan, as well as to persons who come there to bath, the Church of Dungarvan is being sufficiently spacious, and the Pews private property.

Under the auspices of our present Lord Bishop, and in the short period of nine years, fifteen churches and several houses have been erected in the Diocese of Waterford and Lismore. Browne, who carried off Miss Gould, has not been yet taken, as reported, but correct information has been received that he has taken his passage from Ireland for Bristol. He left Cork about a fortnight ago, and the man in whose house he was concealed has given information against him. He has been traced to Bristol and London. He is so closely watched that his apprehension is certain. We understand that much inconvenience is felt by persons in business, particularly those in the retail trade, from the want of a sufficiency of copper coin. We have heard that thirty thousand pounds worth of copper coin, for Ireland has lately been coined in London, where it lies. A great portion of what is in circulation here at present is still of a base quality.

Excursion.—Wednesday, John Harly, who was counted at the last County Court as a man of attacking the house of James Barry, Esq. near Lochbeg, underwent the dreadful sentence of the law at Gallops Green, Cork. The unfortunate man was attended by the Rev. Mr. Berry, P. P. of Douglas, and the Rev. Mr. Mathew, of the Scotch Registry. He appeared very weak, and his livid countenance exhibited the appalling terror which he awaited the awful catastrophe that was to terminate his unhappy career. The persons who attended at the place of execution were not numerous.

NEW GAOL ACT.

We lay before our Readers the following clause of this Act (3d Geo. IV. cap. 64, sec. 5), as containing important information affecting Creditors and Debtors for some under Ten Pounds:— "Provided always and he it enacted, that in all cases where any person shall be confined or detained, for any debt less than the sum of Ten Pounds, it shall be lawful for the Court, under Process from which such Debtor shall be detained, on the application of such Debtor, in case such Court shall think fit to order the Creditor or Creditors, at whose suit such Debtor shall be confined or imprisoned, to pay to such Debtor such sum or sums, not exceeding the rate of Four Shillings by the week in the whole, at such time and in such manner as the said Court shall direct, and that on failure of payment thereof, such Debtor shall be confined or imprisoned, to be discharged from custody, at the suit of the Creditor or Creditors for failing to pay the same."

OUTRAGE AT SAGGARD, CO. DUBLIN.

The following notice appears on the Dublin Evening Post of Thursday:— "COUNTY OF DUBLIN. Hundred Pounds Reward. "Whereas I have received information on oath, that on the night of the fair day of Saggard, the 6th of June last, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock, a party of Police, horse and foot, did enter the village of Saggard, and in the houses thereof and in several persons, did with their swords cut and wound roads adjoining. And whereas Patrick Connolly has given of a wound inflicted, as he said, by a Horse Policeman; being desirous, therefore, as far as in me lies, to bring to justice the slayer of the said Patrick Connolly, I hereby promise a Reward of One Hundred Pounds to the Person who will prosecute him to conviction; and if the Prosecutor be an accomplice, not having actually struck the fatal blow, I will recommend him to the mercy of his Excellency the Marquis of Wellesley. "Closeguard."

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY IN TANNING.

It has been lately stated in a London Paper, that a Chemist had discovered a very expeditious mode of Tanning. We are not aware that the following plan has yet been tried on a large scale. At one of the Societies in this City, a considerable time ago, a paper was read, in which it was recommended to impregnate hides expeditiously with the tanning fluid, by means of the pressure of air acting on the surface of the fluid in which they would be immersed. Thus it was suggested, that in proper apparatus, the tanning fluid could be forced rapidly into the pores of the hides, by condensing several atmospheres of air on its surface.—*Cork Southern Reporter*.

Mr. John Fosbrooke, surgeon, of Row, is in possession of a chemical combination, by which buildings, cements, walks, painted or damp surfaces, in or out of the exterior air, may, by simple washing, at a small expense, be preserved from the future growth of obscene vegetation (as the green mould, lichens, &c.) and even discoloration.—*Westford Herald*.

It is somewhat remarkable that the Premier Peer in each part of the United Kingdom should be in opposition to the present Ministers, viz. the Duke of Norfolk in England, the Duke of Leinster in Ireland, and the Duke of Hamilton in Scotland.

It is said that Lieut. General Sir George Cooke, C. C. B. is the Officer likely to succeed to the command of the Army in this country, in the room of the late Sir Samuel Auchmuty.

THE LUTHER FRIGATE.—The Correspondent of a Morning Paper notes out (as a contrast to the conduct of the Dutch Authorities in the affair of this vessel) the noble mode of proceeding, on an occasion somewhat similar, of a Governor of the Havannah, in the year 1740. In that year there was a hot war between this country and Spain, yet when the ship Elizabeth, Captain Williams, of London, richly laden, from Jamaica, was by stress of weather driven into the Havannah, the Spanish Governor magnanimously declared that, even against an enemy, he would not take advantage of an act of God; he permitted the Elizabeth to repair, and gave her a pass to protect her, until beyond Bermuda. She arrived in safety at London.—"Does not the record of this high-minded act," adds the writer, "do the Spanish nation more good than the rich cargo of the Elizabeth could have done; and will not the opposite conduct of the Dutch injure the national character more than the Treasury will be impeded by money unjustly obtained?"

AN UNSUBSTITUTED MOTHER.—A few days ago, the wife of an innkeeper at Caistor, in Lincolnshire, who is the mother of five children, actually sold the youngest of them, an infant about 3 months old, for a damask silk shawl, of the value of 20s. to a licensed hawker of drapery goods, &c. who accidentally called for refreshment. The man took away the child, and hastened on his journey, apparently well pleased with the disgraceful contract. A few hours afterwards, the occurrence becoming generally known throughout the town, the neighbours were not sparing in uttering vehement and deserved reproaches for the conduct of the unnatural parent, which compelled her to attempt the recovery of the hapless infant. For this purpose, accompanied by two female friends, she set out, and succeeded in finding the child at a house in Grassy, a village about three miles on the Bridge road, where the man had left it, the child having become excessively troublesome, from the want of its accustomed nourishment. The party returned safe home, with the child, at one o'clock next morning.

JONASNA SORNBÖRT.—It may be considered incredible, but it is not the less true, that there are now many persons who believe in the divine mission of the above impostress. A few days ago, a miserable looking man, named Davies, applied to the Magistrate of Worship-street, London, for advice and assistance, under the following circumstances:—He stated that he had left his wife about twelve months, that she was a South-coast, and followed strictly all the doctrines promulgated by that woman. That the reason of his leaving her was his disapproval of her conduct with certain of Johann's followers, with whom she lived in what she called "brotherly love;" but it was such love as she did not like. Within the last few days his wife had sent him, and informed him that she was in a state of pregnancy, and that he was the father! He wanted to know how it was possible, as he could produce no-children. She sent him word "it was a spiritual child," and explained the circumstance by stating, that the child was begetten by the "union of spirit," that is, by (the applicant's) spirit having wandered some night within the last nine