

# Ramsey's Waterford Chronicle.

No. 12,897.

TUESDAY, JULY 30, 1822.

PRICE FIVE PENCE.

## HEMP, FLAX, & TALLOW.

W. A. WHITE & CO. have just arrived, the Cargo of the *Noble*, Captain *Steele*, direct from Liverpool, consisting of  
50 Tons *Pink and Riga Hemp*,  
100 Tons *FLAX*,  
100 Hds. *Yellow Candle TALLOW*,  
2000 *BASS MITS*,  
Which will be sold on liberal terms.  
Thomas-street, Waterford, 26th July, 1822.

## TO BE LET.

FROM 29th SEPTEMBER NEXT,  
THE HOUSE ON THE QUAY,  
In which Mrs. DUNLY is present resident.  
Apply to JAMES KEATING,  
Waterford, July 26, 1822.

## READY MONEY

CORK WHISKEY STORES,  
Three Doors above Messrs. White's Drug Ware House, Thomas Street.

THE PROPRIETOR, desiring of establishing a Ready Money Trade, will sell the following OLD CORK WHISKEY at as low a Rate as *Ten Pence*, and at Distillery Strength, which he gives a Proof, by leaving on his Counter a *HOTON*, for the Satisfaction of Purchasers.  
BRANDY, RUM, and GENEVA, at equally low Prices.  
No Spices purchased at this House will, if not found suitable, be taken back, and the Money returned.  
Small Keadans, Jaks, clean and well-seasoned, always on hand.  
Waterford, July 10, 1822.

## NOTICE.

A NOTICE having been received from the Commission of Enquiry, to allow a Drawback for Malt Duty on Malt, to be used in the Distillation of Whisky, the PROPRIETOR of the READY MONEY CORK WHISKEY STORES, Thomas-street, whose Stock is full of Malt, and who, under the Public Law, has a Right to the Reduction, and begs to acquaint them that he has this day reduced his Price for Malt to *Five Shillings* per Bushel, and he is ready to supply them with Malt at that Price, if they will send their Order to the Proprietor, who will deliver it to them at the same Rate.  
Waterford, July 13, 1822.

## BRIDGE HOTEL.

MRS. DWYER respectfully informs her Friends and the Public, that, encouraged by the collection of her past favours, she intends to continue the Establishment hereafter, with an increasing solicitude for the Comfort of her Guests. The healthy and agreeable Situation of the House, the extent and spaciousness of the Rooms, combined with the strictest attention to the Safety and Cleanliness of the BEERS, give the sleeping Apartments a decided superiority. Her LARDER will always be supplied with the choicest MEATS, and every other Article to be used at Table shall be of the best quality, and her Chefs, and waiters, give the sleeping Apartments a decided superiority. She therefore, on behalf of herself and children, respectfully solicits a continuance of the generous Support which her deceased Husband experienced, and for which she takes this opportunity of expressing her grateful acknowledgments.  
Her STABLING is extensive, attended by careful Hostlers, and supplied with OATS and HAY of the very best description.  
Messrs. NEAVE & SONS, well appointed, at the adjacent Bridge-Hotel, Waterford, July 13, 1822.

## AUCTION.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION,  
AT THE EXCISE OFFICE, WATERFORD,  
ON SATURDAY, 30 AUGUST,  
AT THE HOUR OF TWELVE O'CLOCK.  
1 Cask, containing 20 Gallons of *WATERS*,  
2 Casks, containing 30 Gallons *Do*,  
3 Casks, containing 6 Gallons *Do*,  
4 Casks, containing 57 1/2 Gallons *Do*,  
1 Jar, containing 2 Gallons *Do*,  
1 Cask, containing 9 Gallons *Do*,  
32 Pieces of Stained PAPER, 14 Pieces not Stained, and 90 Remnants, Stained.  
88 lbs. wt. of *TOBACCO STALKS*, and  
12 Rolls MANUFACTURED *TOBACCO*, containing 114 lbs.  
All which have been seized and condemned for Breaches of the Excise Laws.  
WILLIAM HUGHES, Collector.  
Waterford, July 25, 1822.

## NOTICE

TO THE CORPORATION TENANTS.  
THE CHAMBERLAIN requests the several TENANTS of the CORPORATION will forthwith pay their respective RENTS due the 25th March last—due he must return them in Arrear, and they will be used for the same.  
SAMUEL KING,  
Waterford, July 23, 1822.

ARRIVED, AND FOR SALE BY THOMAS NEAVE,  
70,000 *White Oak Barrel and Hhd. STAVES*,  
500 *Barrels of TAR*,  
2 *Hogheads of American OAK BARK*,  
Per the Ship *Amazon*, from Baltimore,  
500 *Tons well-squared Yellow Pine TIMBER*,  
300 *DEALS*, 3-Inch 9-Inch, and about  
6 *Fathoms of 3 & 4 Feet LATHWOOD*,  
Per the *Europa*, from St. John's, New Brunswick,  
Ferry-Bank, 6th July, 1822.

which is about the vertex of the head, it retains a large fish of the salmon species. It is covered with scales all over. On the lower part of the animal, the scales resemble those of a fish; but on that part of the animal which resembles the human form, they are much less and scarcely perceptible, except on a near inspection. On the lower part of the body it has six fins, one dorsal, two ventral, two pectoral, and the tail.

The pectoral fins are very remarkable; they are horizontal, and evidently formed as an apparatus to support the creature when in an erect posture like that in which it has been sometimes represented combing its hair.

The figure of the tail is exactly that which is given in the usual representations of the Mermaid.

The proprietor of this extraordinary animal is Captain Eades, of Boston, in the United States of America. Since writing the above description he has called upon me, and I have learned from him the following particulars:—  
"It was caught somewhere on the North of China by a fisherman, who sold it for a trifle; after which it was brought to Bataria. Here it was purchased by Captain Eades for 5000 Spanish dollars, and he has been since offered 10,000 Spanish dollars for it, but refused to part with it for that sum. Captain Eades is a passenger on board the American ship *Lion*, now in Table Bay; he leaves this port in about a fortnight, and the *Lion* visits the Thames on her passage to America; so that it will probably be soon exhibited in London.

## HIS MAJESTY'S VISIT TO SCOTLAND.

PORTSMOUTH, JULY 20.—On Tuesday morning orders were received to equip his Majesty's yacht, the *Royal George*, Commodore the Hon. Sir Chas. Paget, for the reception and conveyance of his Majesty to Leith, his Majesty having, on the previous day, finally determined to visit his Scottish dominions, immediately after the sitting of Parliament. The *Prætor* frigate, Captain W. A. Montague, C. B., the *Forte* frigate, Sir Thomas Cochrane, and his Majesty's tenders, the *Calliope*, *Lieut. Philip Justice*; and *Camelion*, *Lieut. C. Witham*, were ordered to attend the royal yacht, and assemble at the Nore by the 1st of next month. The Board of Green Cloth arrived from Carlton Palace on Wednesday, to order the necessary supplies for his Majesty's voyage; and Thursday afternoon the royal yacht went out of the harbour. The *Egeria*, 26, Capt. J. Toop, Nicholas, C. B., will join at the Nore. The *Royal George* will go up to Greenwich, where his Majesty will embark, and should the wind prove foul, the royal yacht will be towed down by steam-boats.—*Hampshire Telegraph*.

We are authorized to state, that the Right Hon. the Lord Provost has received a letter from his authority, intimating that his Majesty has positively resolved to visit Scotland this summer, and that he may be expected to reach Edinburgh on or about the 10th of August next.

The Deputy Keeper of Holyrood House has also received a letter to the same effect, in order that the necessary preparations may be made in the ancient residence of our Scottish King, for his Majesty's reception. With this view, several officials gentleman yesterday visited the royal apartments at the Palace, where, it is understood, his Majesty will hold his levee. Dolketh House, the seat of his Grace the Duke of Buccleugh, is still talked of as the place of the royal abode while in Scotland.—*Edinburgh Star*.

## DEPARTURE OF THE PRINCE AND PRINCESS OF DENMARK.

Down, July 24.—The Royal Highnesses the Crown Prince and Princess of Denmark reached this place from the westward yesterday morning at one o'clock; and went to Wright's Hotel. At two, the detachment of the Royal Staff Capt. marched in to do duty during the stay of the Royal Visitors, and at day-break a royal salute was fired. There being too much sea yesterday, their Royal Highnesses did not embark, but the Prince visited and bathed in the Royal Clarence baths. In the evening the Staff detachment was paraded in front of the inn window, where their Highnesses were, and the band played many delightful airs. The standard was displayed from the Castle; and at the heights, public buildings, and the shipping in the harbour, colours were waving in abundance. This morning, at eight o'clock, their Royal Highnesses and suite embarked on board one of the great boats, which conveyed them to the Royal Sovereign yacht, lying in the Roads, amidst the cheers and hearty good wishes of a large crowd assembled to see them off, the guns at the heights firing a royal salute.

LOSS OF HIS MAJESTY'S SHIP *DRAKE*.  
Intelligence was on Monday last received at Lloyd's, London, of the loss of his Majesty's ship *Drake*, about the 22d ult. at St. Spits, in Tipperary Bay, Newfoundland, during a fog. She was bound to St. John's, Newfoundland, from Halifax, with two mails from England on board; which were lost; and we regret to add, that the captain, a lieutenant, a midshipman, and 22 seamen and marines, were drowned. A letter from St. John's, Newfoundland, dated 27th of June, states, that the previous lost in the *Drake* were Capt. Baker, Lieut. Stanley, the master, Mr. Win. Moore, a midshipman, 11 of the crew, and two women. Midshipmen Lyell and Grote were saved.

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generation, a royal priesthood, a holy nation, and a peculiar people."  
"It is to be observed, that the unanimity of the Clergy, and their anxiety to press forward with this tribute of their gratitude and respect, caused a most numerous Meeting on Thursday—upwards of sixty attended in person; and from those who were unavoidably absent numerous letters have been received, expressive of their sincere concurrence in the object of the Meeting.

## REPEAL OF THE UNION.

In the House of Commons, on the 8th of July, Mr. Peel's Motion, for a renewal of the Insurrection Act, Mr. Conyngham spoke as follows:—  
"Mr. Speaker, I have no other claim upon the indulgence of the House than what may arise from the rarity of my troubling them upon any former occasion, nor shall I trespass now but for a very few minutes.

"In all the questions respecting Ireland, since I have had the honour of a seat in this House, I have taken no part whatever in their discussion, but the few persons with whom I have the good fortune to be intimately acquainted, will know that my silence has not been owing to any want of the warmest interest, which I have ever felt, upon subjects connected with my native land.

"There are occasions where some men have feelings too strong, to trust themselves with the expression of them, and they are, therefore, repressed, until they can be repressed no longer.  
"I have watched, and waited with as much patience as anxiety, in the hope of seeing something like conciliation or sympathy, with the sufferings of Ireland—month after month, calamity after calamity, followed too closely, till we have at last arrived at this distressing Session—and look at the period, when you have begun your tardy acts of relief! when my Country is represented, on all sides of the House, to be reduced to the lowest possible state of physical as well as moral degradation.

"I know, Sir, there are men of capacity and local knowledge, now assisting in these acts of relief. I see there is a good deal of private worth as well as public virtue occupied this moment, in trying to ameliorate the dreadful situation of Ireland—but I will not wait, nor can that Country wait much longer the result of your palliatives, in the front of which, I see a new Insurrection Act.

"I implore the English Members of this House, as well as the Irish, to look at Ireland, the fairest and most fertile portion of the habitable Globe, a prey to famine, disease, contagion, anarchy and misrule.  
"The land of peculiar allegiance and fidelity to the Sovereign, put out of the pale of the Law, and what Mr. Burke called 'the cradle of the brave, the nurse of heroes and of Statesmen,' held out a spectacle to Europe, as a composition of beggars and banditti.

"I might ask, like Macbeth, 'which of you have done this?' But, Sir, I care not to know or to inquire; what I do know, is, that the Union has not prevented this state of things, it has not prevented crime, misery, or famine, nor has it interposed in 23 years, one salutary efficient act towards the prosperity or the internal peace of that unhappy land.

"Sir, if I am obliged to recur to the transactions of that period, God forbid that I should lift up the veil which ought to cover for ever the means and the instruments by which that act was perpetrated. I have never ceased to consider it as a great political error, fatal to our parts, encumbering and embarrassing the other, without a chance of benefit to either.

"I am quite aware that the dissolution of the Union would be matter of grave deliberation, that it would startle some gentlemen, and alarm many—but it would only startle or alarm those who have not considered it, or who have not meditated on its effects and followed its results. I have thought of it long and deeply, and though I distrust my own judgment, and though I may be living in do, yet I declare most solemnly, that seeing a multitude of pressing reasons, every one of them conclusive, in my mind, for the dissolution, I cannot even imagine one that could reconcile me to its continuance.

"With these sentiments, Sir, for the sincerity of which I can only answer, I feel myself impelled to give notice, that it is my intention, in the next Session, to submit a proposition to the House that will have for its object the Repeal of the Act of Union between this Country and Ireland."

Mr. Peel, in reply to those members who had preceded him, took notice of the above in the following words:  
"Another gentleman has proposed as his means of relief, a Repeal of the Union; could he seriously ask the House to violate that solemn compact? He would ask me to deliberate upon it for some time, and then think on the inevitable consequences to be derived from it."

## THE REVENUE, &c.

Most Important to Persons holding Offices under Government.  
LORD SIMONDS'S LETTERS.  
Our readers will recollect that a Bill, entitled "The Superannuation Act Amendment Bill," is now in progress through the House of Commons, having for its object a deduction of so much per cent from the salaries of all persons holding offices under Government. The measure is likely to encounter opposition, may be interfered from the tenor of his Lordship's Letter. It is, however, to be hoped, that, as the documents have

## THE LORD PRIMATE.

At a Meeting of the Clergy of the Archdiocese of Dublin and Diocese of Glendalagh, held at the House of the Archdeacon of Dublin, on Thursday, the 18th July, 1822, to consider the propriety of addressing his Grace the Lord Primate, on his Grace's translation to the Archiepiscopal See of Armagh and Primacy of all Ireland; The Very Rev. the Archdeacon of Dublin in the Chair;

It was moved by the Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's, and seconded by the Venerable the Archdeacon of Glendalagh—

That the Address then read and approved be presented to his Grace the Lord Primate of all Ireland.

Moved by the Right Hon. and Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Kildare, and seconded by the Very Rev. the Dean of Armagh—

That the following Deputation, consisting of the Right Honourable and Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Kildare, as Dean of Christ Church—the Honourable and Very Rev. the Dean of Armagh—the Very Rev. the Dean of Armagh—the Venerable the Archdeacon of Dublin—the Venerable the Archdeacon of Glendalagh—the Hon. and Rev. J. Power—the Rev. Henry Gleason, B. D.—the Rev. William Keeler—the Rev. Thomas Haddell—and such other Clergymen as wish to join the Deputation, do wait on his Grace the Lord Primate, on Saturday next, at twelve o'clock, to present the same.

Moved by the Right Hon. and Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Kildare—

That the Venerable the Archdeacon of Dublin do leave the Chair.

The Right Hon. and Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Kildare having taken the Chair,

Resolved—That the thanks of the Clergy be returned to the Venerable the Archdeacon of Dublin, for his consideration in conveying the Clergy to the present assembly.

On Saturday, the 20th July, the above-named Deputation had the honour to wait on his Grace the Lord Primate.

The Dean of St. Patrick's, after a concise address, couched in terms as respectful as appropriate, read and presented the following Address:—

"To his Grace the Right Hon. and Most Rev. Lord John GEORGE BERESFORD, Archbishop of Armagh, and Primate of all Ireland.

"My Lord—We, the Clergy of the Archdiocese of Dublin and the Diocese of Glendalagh, most respectfully request your Grace to accept of our sincere congratulations on your promotion to the Primacy of all Ireland—a promotion which, in common with all the friends of the Established Church, we hail with the truest satisfaction, as calculated effectually to promote the best interests of Religion, and as exhibiting the strongest proof of his Majesty's paternal care to guard the reputation and permanency of the established Church in Ireland.

"Those important public considerations, countenance, though they cannot entirely suppress, the sensations of regret we feel in being deprived of the advantage we have enjoyed under your Grace's pastoral care; as we can never forget the superior and superior intendment of these Dioceses was exercised with such vigilance, zeal, and piety, tempered with urbanity, candour and kindness, as were calculated to animate and to guide us in our professional duty, as well as to conciliate to your Grace the affectionate respect and attachment, and which, we trust, will never be impeded with an anxious wish to make that return to your Grace, which, to a mind such as yours will be most acceptable, by attending conscientiously and steadily to the discharge of our various Clerical duties, which your Grace has so clearly and judiciously, by your instructions, and illustrated by your example.

"We conclude with expressing our heartfelt wish, that your Grace's talents and virtues may be long and happily exercised in the discharge of the arduous duty to which your Grace has now been called, and to which these endowments are so particularly adapted; and that you may receive the able reward, in finding your exertions rendered, by the divine assistance, effective in the present participation by arduous exertions, in maintaining the authority, diffusing the spirit, and blessings of genuine Christianity in this your native land.

(Signed)  
JOHN TORRENS, Archdeacon of Dublin.

Stephen's-green, 18th July, 1822.

His Grace the Lord Primate was pleased to reply as follows:—

"My Reverend Brethren—Your congratulations on my promotion to the primacy of Ireland, and the satisfaction which you express at his Majesty's having been graciously pleased to confer on me this distinguished mark of his confidence and favour, demand by best acknowledgments.  
"To be selected by my Sovereign to fill the high and exalted station in the Church of his native Country, and to learn that my elevation is hailed by an respectable body as the Clergy of the Archdiocese of Dublin, and Diocese of Glendalagh, in common with the friends of our Ecclesiastical Establishment, are to me sources of unmix'd gratification. When called upon to preside over your Dioceses, I refused not to accept the arduous office; but, so deeply was I impressed with the importance of the trust to be confided to me, that I undertook it with a mind full of anxiety and apprehension.

"As I proceeded to the performance of my various duties, I was assisted by your counsel—I was encouraged by your approbation—and if my humble efforts to maintain the dignity of my station, and to promote the knowledge and practice of true religion, have been in any way successful, the success is to be attributed to your respectful demeanour towards me, to your zealous co-operation, to your diligent discharge of your sacred functions.  
"Grateful, then, for these proofs of your attachment and support, and filled with sentiments of sincere and affectionate regard, I shall ever feel the most lively interest in your welfare and happiness. My prayers shall be earnestly addressed to Almighty God, to bless and prosper you in the work of your Ministry, and to enable you, through his grace, to adorn by your piety, and upheld by your talents, our pure and holy faith; that our venerable and apostolic Church may rise with renewed strength and increased lustre amidst the dangers that surround it; that it may be made the blessed instrument to may from the errors of their ways; that righteousness and peace may spread their benign influence over our land; and that we may become a chosen

