



SUN FREDEVI.

How hard the lot of a full-fair nation,
Uplifted with Bible-lore and education,
Where reading is part of the Bibles Letters,
And writing only practised by folk's betters,

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

COURT OF KING'S BENCH, LONDON,
FRIDAY, JANUARY 4.

Before the Lord Chief Justice and a Special Jury.

LIBELS ON THE LATE QUEEN.
THE KING D. WEAVER AND OTHERS.

Mr. Tindal opened the pleadings. This was an
indictment for publishing certain scandalous libels
on her late Majesty in a Newspaper called the
John Bull, of which the Defendants were Proprietors,

Mr. Donnan stated, that this indictment was
one which Mr. Brogham and himself thought it
desirable to prefer in the lifetime of her late Majesty,

At his title-audit on Friday, the Rev. Edmund
E. Key, of Tillington, Herefordshire, allowed a
deduction of full 20 per cent. on his tithes.

only to the purposes of printing this newspaper.
He should show that they were all active in the
publication, Shackell and Arrowsmith paying money,

Mr. Donnan, then read a series of paragraphs
from the John Bull of the 25th February, 11th
March, 8th April, 14th and 28th May, 1821.

William March, collector of King's taxes and
the watch-rate in St. Dunston's, proved having
received those taxes from Lady-Day, 1821, from
the Defendant, Shackell. He and Arrowsmith
were the persons taxed.

The Lord Chief Justice told the Jury that they
had heard the passages read, and it appeared to
him that no person could doubt they were highly
libellous on her late Majesty, and therefore he
should not make any further comments on that
head.

REDUCTION OF TITHES AND RENTS.
At his title-audit on Friday, the Rev. Edmund
E. Key, of Tillington, Herefordshire, allowed a
deduction of full 20 per cent. on his tithes.

The Rev. John Beaman Stone, Rector of East
Mersea, has most liberally made an abatement of
his tithes of 20 per cent. on John Pearson, Esq.,
of Layer-de-la-Hay, at his title-audit, on the 24th
ult. generally deducted 20 per cent. with a
promise of a similar reduction next year, should
agriculture continue in its present depressed state.

The Rev. Mr. Molyneux, Vicar of Urcubton,
Wilt, in consideration of the agricultural distress,
has again reduced his tithes ten per cent, being
twenty-two and a half per cent. within 3 years.—
Worcester Journal.

The tenants of Mrs. Hankey, of Grosvenor-
square, London, who's nearly sold proprietress of
Essexland, near this place, having presented their
petition a short time back for an abatement of
rent, have this week received, in answer to it, an
announcement of the generous determination of
that lady to return fifty per cent. upon her rents
due at Michaelmas last, in addition to 10 per cent.
returned at Lady-Day, and that her tenants in
Essexland shall not be called upon for the half-year's
rent due at Michaelmas last, until Lady-Day next.
One of those tenants, who has desired the publication
of this gratifying instance of liberality, observes,
in corroboration of the strict truth of the

statement, that his half-year's rent has been re-
duced from £125 to £92 10s. (or £60 per cent.)—
Stamford Mercury.

Jonathan Mergrove, Esq. of Crowe, in this
county, has generously lowered the rents of his nu-
merous tenantry full 20 per cent. without any com-
plaint or application on their parts.—Idem.

The Rev. Mr. Robinson, of Market Rasen, at
his last rent-day, returned 15 per cent. to his ten-
ants.—Idem.

Sir W. Ingilby, Bart. has generously returned
his tenants in York-shire, at his late audit, 10 per
cent. on their last half-year's rents, in addition to
a reduction of from 20 to 40 per cent. made a few
years since. Benjamin Deatry, Esq. of Loft-
house, near Wakefield, also, on his last rent-day,
returned 10 per cent. to his tenants.

The Rev. F. Ganniss, of Sleaford, has returned
to his tenants in Cambridgeshire, 20 per cent. on
the last half-year's rent.—Idem.

The Rev. A. D. Flamsted returned 25 per
cent. upon his tithes, on the 27th D-cember, at
Lambley.—Votingham Journal.

The Rev. Edward Stanley, Rector of Alderley,
near Macclesfield, has in the most liberal and
handsome manner reduced his tithes in that parish
90 per cent.—Chester Chronicle.

The Rev. Richard Croker, of Smythfield, has
given directions to his son, George T. Croker,
Esq. who, on account of the infirm state of his fa-
ther, is at present managing the Parish of Adare
for him, to make a reduction in the Vicarial
Tithes of the Parish of Adare, owing to the de-
pressed state of the country. This is the second
time we have had reason to notice the liberality of
this Reverend Gentleman, a few weeks ago, he
has ordered a considerable reduction to be also
made in his Parish of Groom. We are informed
that this respected Clergyman has not had a Pro-
cess appearing for the last five years in his name
against any of his Parishioners, and has always
been mild and indulgent towards them.—Limerick
Paper.

THE ARMY.
The detachment of the 29th Foot, at the Isle
of Man, is ordered to Ireland.—Chester Chronicle.

THE ARMY.
The 4th Dragoon arrived on Monday, the 31st
ult., at Tilbury, from Ramoth, and shortly after
commenced their embarkation on board the Ber-
wickshire & Duke of York East Indiamen, for Bom-
bay, under the immediate superintendance of Col.
Sir A. Christie, K. B., which ships arrived yester-
day in the Downs. This regiment has particu-
larly distinguished itself in every engagement dur-
ing the P-nian war, and the badges upon its
standards prove the various battles in which it
has been present. A finer body of men, nearly
550 strong, has never yet been seen to embark
for India, and the order and discipline displayed
upon the occasion, reflects the highest credit upon
Col. Christie, and the officers under his com-
mand.—Kentish Gazette.

THE ARMY.
Lieut. Samuel Poyntz, of the 23rd Ceylon Re-
giment, is authorized, for allowing a private of the
10th Regt. of Foot to sit down and drink with
him.

Three of the Band of the 39th Regiment have
deserted, and taken with them several of the mu-
sical instruments belonging to the Regiment, and
though the most vigilant search has been made af-
ter them, they have escaped in a vessel which
lately sailed from Cork for Lima.

COUNTY OF LIMERICK.

(From the Limerick Chronicle of Saturday.)
LIMERICK, JAN. 5.—A King's messenger arrived
here on Wednesday afternoon, with a rescript,

directing that the execution of Martin and John
Grady, (brothers,) who were to be hanged on the
following day at Shanagolden, pursuant to sen-
tence at the last commission, should be postponed
until further orders. Yesterday's post brought
an order that they should be transmitted to the
Penitentiary House at Cork, and delivered into
custody there; and this morning, pursuant to
said directions, they were sent off under a military
guard. The commutation of sentence was re-
ceived with the greatest gratitude by the convicts,
and it is hoped, will have a salutary effect on
the peasantry, who must be convinced of the hu-
manity of the Government, in endeavouring to
stop the effusion of human blood.—though the
crimes which have been committed in this County
called loudly for commensurate chastisement.

Extract of a letter from Major Wilcocks, dated
Retribken, Jan. 3:
"I beg to acquaint you, that, having received
private information, I, this morning, at a very ear-
ly hour, proceeded to the Church-yard of Bally-
alloon, with a party of my Police, and suc-
ceeded in getting several stand of good arms,
a quantity of bullets and slugs in a leather bag,
a powder-horn, some flints, and a turn-screw,
all concealed in a spot resembling a grave, over
which some human bones were laid. I also beg

to say, that this neighbourhood continues tranquil;
I have not heard of any outrage since Gorman's
murder."

On Monday night, a party broke into the house
of John Madden, near Carigrohery, and, after
beating and abusing the Family, carried away his
daughter, not thirteen years old. Shortly after
they left the dwelling, the horse on which she
rode fell, and the girl's leg was broke, which did
not prevent the fellows from continuing their
course. As morning approached, and the alarm
made by the girl, the party began to separate,
and the man behind whom she rode put her in-
to a house in the parish of Castle-CConnell, the
owner of which conveyed her to the Rev. Mr.
Crompton, who procured Mr. Dangan, Surgeon,
to set her leg, by whose humane and skillful at-
tention it is hoped a speedy recovery will be ef-
fected.

The houses of Denis McInery, Matthew Hayes,
Thady Ryan, Thos. Hanlon, Widow Hayes, Da-
vid Ryan, Thomas Hanrahan, and David Cronen,
in the baronies of Coshma and Small County, in
this County, were broken into since Monday last,
as were also several dwellings in the neighbourhood
of Kiltullane, by banditti, who searched for fire-
arms, and when they got none, they insisted on
money, and from several of the inhabitants they
took even the powder and lead sausages off their
decease.

Michael Slatery, of Kiltullane, in making some
resistance to these ruffians, was beaten in a de-
precatory manner, with the butt-end of a musket.

We received the following yesterday, from an
intelligent and highly respectable Magistrate, who
has authorized us to mention his name, if neces-
sary:
"I have perceived, with much surprise, that

batting reports have been made in your Paper
of the state of this County during the Commission,
and since that period—unexpected public and pri-
vate business has prevented an earlier observa-
tion. Happy should I be to think there were any real
grounds for such, but, to prove the reverse is the
case, I beg to inform you, that, while the Com-
mission sat, several outrages were committed in
the South and East quarters of the County, and
both arms and money procured. Since that pri-
vate, the ruffians bare attacked, for the third and
fourth time, several houses in the South quarter,
and obtained, on the night of the 20th of Decem-
ber, a large contribution, though spiritedly op-
posed by one farmer, in upper Scoville, who had
had three former visits—his house was well marked
by smoke and other bills. Since that, other
houses were visited, and though the Rifle Corps
were out near them, the business was done so qui-
etly, that they were not noticed."

The statement of an engagement between the
"Military and the Invaders," near Kiltullane,
in which twenty-two of the latter were killed and
wounded, and of an attack on Mount-Drown, in
this County, as represented to be contained in a
letter of a Non-commissioned Officer of the 43rd
Highlanders, and published in a Kilkenny Paper
of Tuesday, is totally destitute of truth.

The Magistrates of the County Roscommon met
at Roscommon, on Friday last, the High Sheriff
in the Chair, when it was unanimously resolved,
that the only measure which can operate to subvert
the spirit of insurrection and outrage, is the immedi-
ate renewal and operation of the Insurrection
Act, supported by a well-organised Police.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE LIMERICK CHRONICLE.
GENTLEMEN.—The following is a literal copy of
a declaration written and delivered to me by the
late unhappy Shen, in order to have it published—
should you think proper, you will do so. I have
been unable to send it in time for last post, in con-
sequence of delay in the country after the re-
ception.

WILLIAM DOWNS, St. Mary's.
I Timothy Shea, do solemnly and in the pres-
ence of God without Equivocation or reservation
Declare that I have given false information to Col-
onel Douglas and others, and that nothing but
the repeated solicitations of some Visitors, and
hope of Saving my life, induced me to do so, and
that the other who I particularly Charged with
swearing me, never lended me directly or indirec-
tly any oath whatsoever, and that nothing but
A sincere Desire of repairing the Karacters I
Have injured, and of atoning for the willful and
gross lies I Have told, makes me to publish this
solemn Declaration. I wish to make this as public
as possible.

"TIMOTHY SHEA."
Delivered in presence of
JAMES BLACKWELL,
THOS. W. BLACKWELL.

On Thursday, the 24th ult. Anty Reilly ab-
sconded from the house of her master, Jan. Birne,
of Ballyvaugh, to whom she had been 8 years ser-
vant, taking from a chest, to which she had a false
key, 148 guineas in gold. The robbery was com-
mitted in the presence of an old, infirm woman,
and it is hoped, will have a salutary effect on
the peasantry, who must be convinced of the hu-
manity of the Government, in endeavouring to
stop the effusion of human blood.—though the
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Act, supported by a well-organised Police.

TO LIGHTERMEN.

WANTED,
SEVERAL HUNDRED BOAT LOADS
OF GRAVEL AND SHINGLE, or other
heavy BALLAST, to be deposited along the
Front of the Bank at the New Custom-House
Dock.

Proposals may be transmitted to the resident
Engineer's Office, stating the Price at which the
Ballast will be delivered per Cubic Yard.

Waterford, January 9, 1822.



NEW MUSIC.

Under the Patronage of the King's most Excellent
Majesty.

J. RINGWOOD begs to acquaint his Friends and the
Public, that he intends publishing by Subscription a
Collection of the SONGS for the PIANO FORTE, de-
signed by HIS MAJESTY'S Visit to Ireland, on which his
MAJESTY has graciously conferred the high honour of
Admiral of the Admiralty to him.

These Ladies and Gentlemen who intend honouring the
above Publication, will have the goodness to leave their
Names at the Newspaper-Office at St. Peter's, Quay—
or at Mr. Ringwood's, Bally's New Street, as it is ne-
cessary to make immediate arrangements for its speedy
Publication.

Price to Subscribers, 6s. 6d.
Waterford, January 12, 1822.

TO BE LET.

For such Term as may be agreed upon,
EITHER ALTOGETHER OR SEVERALLY,
THAT PART OF THE
LANDS OF MOUNT MISERY,

Lately held by HENRY H. HUNT, Esq.
Proposals will be received by JOHN GONNERS, Esq.
Mount-Congree, or LAWRENCE RANNEY, Waterford.

FRESH MEDICINES.

I beg to inform the signal merit of Tibson's Pectoral
Plaster for the Chest, I find it a duty I owe to the Nobility
and Public to assure them, I have for many years suc-
cessfully afflicted with a violent Pain and Contention of
the Chest, attended with cough and other alarming symp-
toms. I tried one of Dr. Tibson's Plasters, which had the
happy effect of totally removing the same, and am now
quite recovered.

Pharm. Office, Cork, Aug. 18, 1818.
How gratifying to humanity it must be to learn, that the
wonderfully list of Patrons, comprising heretofore so
many names, are daily increasing, since the introduction of
this valuable Article.

Tibson's Pectoral Syrup of Island Moss, and
Pectoral Plaster for expanding the Chest.

Parents have much to answer for, who neglect the first
appearance of Coughs in growing Youth, by tampering
with these Medicines, until the Disease has so ex-
tended itself, as to render the recovery almost impos-
sible. Timely application alone can save, and not
when the Patient is writhing in the last paroxysm of ex-
hausted Nature, or grasping with the hand of Death.

They should apply at once to Dr. WILLIAM WEST,
of the Dispensary, 10, St. James's Street, Dublin.

Frederick Wan, Turner, Esq. See former Advertisement.

G. Reeves, Esq. Reeves Castle, County Tipperary.

W. West, Esq. Corporation of Queen's Inns, 10, St. James's
Street, Dublin.

And a great number of others too numerous for insertion.—Suf-
fice it to say, that no Cough, however obstinate, Consumptive
Disease, Spitting of Blood, or Asthmatic Affection of the
Lungs, has at once given way to the wonderful efficacy
of this Medicine.

Pints, 10s. 6d.; Half Pint, 6s.; Plasters, 10s. 6d.
Breath. To be sold Wholesale and Retail by Messrs. New-
nham, No. 20, Dame-street, and No. 45, St. Paul's Church-
yard, London.

SALVAGE CLAIMS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that THOMAS
WALLACE, next, the 17th instant, has been ap-
pointed to hear and determine all CLAIMS for
SALVAGE on the BRIG THOMAS, of Lon-
don, Thomas Fox, Master, stranded in Hecley
Bay, on her Voyage from St. John's, Newfound-
land, to Liverpool.

JAMES WALLACE,
Collector of the Port of Waterford.
Custom-House, Jan. 11, 1822.

TRAMORE.

TO BE LET,
FOR SUCH TERM AS MAY BE AGREED UPON,
THE HOTEL, FIELD, & OFFICES,
At lately held by Mrs. WALSH, in the above
Town.
Apply to Mr. Hux, Tramore, after the 28th Instant.

WATERFORD AUXILIARY BIBLE SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SUB-
SCRIBERS AND FRIENDS OF THE
WATERFORD AUXILIARY BIBLE SOCIETY,
AND THE LADIES BIBLE ASSOCIATION,
will be held at the New Town Hall, on
THURSDAY, 17th instant, at 8 o'clock.

TITHES.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons in-
terested in the TITHES of the PARISH
of AGLIISH, County of Waterford, that a
MEETING will be held at FALLERSYSTON, on
WEDNESDAY, the 23rd of January instant, to in-
quire into the Complaints of the Farmers against the
Procurators, in respect to their manner of
collecting said TITHES, and to take into considera-
tion the Amount due to present and former Procu-
rators, by Farmers insolvent, or whose means
are inadequate to discharge the same, in order to
propose to compound for their Debts, as is usual
in other cases of Insolvency; and the Attendance
of the neighbouring MAGISTRATES and
GENTLEMEN is earnestly and respectfully re-
quested.

January 14, 1822.

TO BE LET.

For any Term not exceeding Sixteen Years,
OR THE INTEREST SOLD,
A NEW BACON STORE, with suitable OFFICES
and a DWELLING-HOUSE adjoining, situate at
ST. MICHAEL'S HILL, in the City, lately occupied by P.
P. NEVINS.

The Particulars, apply to CHAS and CARL SARGENT,
TAXIDR, Waterford, or 4, Ballinacorney, Dublin.

MR. LOVEDAY.

PETITION TO THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES,
BY MR. EDWARD LOVEDAY, AN ENGLISHMAN AND
A PROTESTANT.

Complaining of the 8th of Section (entirely new) of
his two daughters and his niece, in a summary of educa-
tion in which he had placed them at Paris, and in
which the credulity of these young persons was abused
by means of superstitious terrors, beatings, and false
miracles, for the purpose of suddenly converting them
to Catholicism, in the absence, without the knowledge,
and contrary to the wish of their parents.

"Tantum religio potuit suadere malorum!"—LUCRET.
"Crucipere et corrumpi."—FAUST.

To the Members of the Chamber of Deputies.

I am a foreigner; I came to France on the
faith of treaties, and under the protection of the
laws of nations. I have faithfully observed the
laws of the Country, and yet my most sacred
rights and dearest affections have been violated;
and amidst the misfortune that overwhelms me, I
find no authority to which I can turn for protec-
tion. I am reduced to the necessity of appealing
to the first body of the State—to the Deputies of
the French Nation—to obtain the satisfaction to
which I am entitled.

I am an Englishman and a Protestant; and I
came to France in 1816, confidently relying on
the peace which existed between the two nations.
I became a proprietor on the faith of the laws
which permit Foreigners to acquire property, and
I even obtained from his Majesty the enjoyment
of the civil rights, which relieved me from the
law of reciprocity. I carried with me to France
my two children; in order to educate them, on
the faith of a legislature which professed to pro-
tect all doctrines, and without foreseeing the
possibility that any religious intrigue might forcibly
separate me from a part of my family. My hopes
have been deceived. Men who profess to be con-
scientious, have deprived me of one of my daughters
in the bloom of life. A courtier, or rather a haunt,
withdrews her from my tenderness and my coun-
sel; I am prohibited from seeing her; no Magis-
trate is willing to assist me. I am reduced to
despair. Deign to listen to me.

Letter dated August 7, 1821.

(For remainder see last Page.)

I have two daughters who were the pride of
their father, and who inspired me with the most
gratifying hopes. The graces of youth, the endow-
ments of nature, the fortune which awaited them,
every advantage which seemed calculated to en-
sure their happiness and my own, served only to
tempt the false zeal of those who have snatched
them from me, and to hurl one of them into the
abyss, whence I am vainly striving to rescue her.

Being obliged to return to England in June,
1816, I placed my daughters in a boarding-school
kept by Mademoiselle Ernestine Rebolou, of whose
rectitude and virtue I received the highest char-
acter, and in this persuasion I sent to the same estab-
lishment my niece, the eldest daughter of my brother,
the Governor of Bezares, and a Major-General in
the British army.

It was expressly agreed upon with the mistress
of the boarding-school, that the education of my
children was to be confined solely to accomplish-
ments; and Mademoiselle Rebolou entered into a
solemn engagement not to endeavour in any way
to disturb the religious faith in which they had
been brought up.

Without apprehension concerning their fate, I
remained in a peaceful security; while under the
clock of a sacred promise the confidence of a
wealthy father was abused.

In July, 1821, I wrote to my daughters, in-
forming them that on my return to Paris I intend-
ed to take them from the school. I thus received
from Mademoiselle Rebolou a letter, in which she
complained of the injury her interests would sus-
tain by my removing all the three young ladies at
once. She begged that I would at least leave my
niece, who is younger than my daughters, to finish
her education; and she added, that I should do
her injustice if I entertained any apprehension on
the score of religion." Thus she endeavoured to
set my conscience at rest; at the very moment when,
as it will be seen, she was perverting that of my
children.

I entertained no distrust. On my return to Paris,
in the month of September, I questioned my
daughters, as I was accustomed to do, concerning
their religious principles. Already initiated in the
art of dissimulation, they replied, with apparent
sincerity, that they followed the religion in which
they had been educated.

I soon explained to them some views which I
had formed respecting them; and then fell the
veil which had hitherto concealed the dark in-
trigue, and I beheld the full extent of a misfor-
tune which I had not even suspected.

On the 23d of October, my two daughters de-
clared to me that they were Roman Catholics,
and that their firmness and faith were not to be
shaken!

The feelings which this terrible avowal excited
in my mind may be better conceived than describ-
ed! My confidence was deceived, my family re-
spected, and the rights which religion, nature, and
the law had given me, were violated. As a Pro-
testant, my conscience was wounded in its most
sensible point; as a father, my heart was lacerated
in its tenderest affections; all my notions of reli-
gion, honour, liberty, and justice, revolted at
the idea of so cruel a violation of the most vena-
rable and sacred rights.

Still, however, I moderated my feelings, and
entered upon a correspondence with my children;
and I now learned the extreme degree in which
their youth, inexperience, and credulity, had been
imposed on.

Their conversion had been effected in the
space of a fortnight! And what had they learn-
ed? What idea had they acquired of the new dog-
mas in which they had been initiated?

Oh! how superstitious, which seems destined to
plunge France once more into the gloom of igno-
rance and the horrors of fanaticism! Deputies of
a nation on which such brilliant lights have shone,
and which has given birth to as many great men,
would you credit it? It is the history of a Jew
and a prostitute tormented by the apparition of a
bleeding Host suspended over their heads! Such
are the ridiculous fables, the absurd miracles,
worthy to adorn the legends of a People degraded
by superstition, which imbecility and deception
can alone believe and promulgate; and which the
enlightened followers of your religion reject with
indignation and contempt; these are the lessons
which mistaken or designing men teach their un-
fortunate proselytes—such is the doctrine which
they instigate!

Not contented with raking up the shameful mo-
numents of fanaticism and ignorance, they seek
to render the present age the accomplice of their
gross errors and impious designs; and the account
of the pretended miracles now performing at Amiens
is one of the means which have been resorted to,
to work on the minds of my daughters.

Abusing the most sacred weapons, those con-
cocted revived in the recollection of my daugh-
ters, certain passages of Scripture; and by the

aid of the holy text, thus perverted by their worth-
less masters, my unfortunate children disputed
with their father the sacred authority which he
received from God.

I determined to remove them, for the space of
a week I persevered in addressing to them such
arguments as I thought best calculated to produce
an impression on them. I found imaginations ex-
alted—suits awed by the image of erecting
domination—souls subdued and exhausted by re-
petitious terrors.

I had the happiness to succeed with my young-
est daughter. I redoubled my efforts with re-
spect to the eldest; but in vain. The lessons she
had received had made the deepest impressions on
her mind.

Still I could not believe that Mademoiselle Rebolou,
the mistress of the school, had knowingly
been an accomplice in these infamous conver-
sions; and, in letters dictated by her, my daugh-
ter succeeded in persuading me that she had taken
no part in the affair.

Under this conviction, I suffered my niece to
remain seven days longer in the boarding-school.
Being younger than my daughters, the work of in-
fluencing her had not yet been consummated with re-
spect to her; but I soon learned a lesson from
that experience. My intention of removing her
was known; the prey was about to escape from
those who had seized it; they availed themselves
of the time which I afforded them; led on as I
was by a blindness with which I reproach myself,
and a fatality which I could not resist.

I removed my daughters on the 3d of Novem-
ber. On the 5th my niece was baptised; on the
6th confirmed; on the 8th she communicated! In
four days (and she to me) I have performed the
most important actions of my life, which require
months of preparation!"

I return to my eldest daughter, and I hence-
forth abstain from all reflection; the facts speak
sufficiently.

On the 10th of November she left my house
clandestinely, while all the family was asleep,
leaving a note, in which she appointed to meet me
at Mademoiselle Rebolou's. Thither I went.
Mademoiselle Rebolou affected the most perfect
ignorance of all that had happened; and, joining
insult to perfidy, she reproached me in

