

CITY OF CORK ELECTION.

(Continued from first Page.)

Mr. Hutchinson rose to address the Meeting... Mr. Hutchinson next addressed the Court... It was a new thing to him to return thanks to Mr. Roche and to his family...

ed, rather than curtailed; and he would not restrict the starving, or the brave, warm-hearted Irishman, or Englishman, from volunteering in what he considered a good cause... Mr. Hutchinson next addressed the Court...

and in that manner expend a part of their wealth among their fellow-citizens, but not, by contaminating misery, assist in unloading society... Mr. Hutchinson next addressed the Court...

State of the Poll at the close:— Sir N. Colthurst... The Court opened this morning at nine, and by the judicious arrangements of the Sheriff, much of the confusion naturally incidental to the bustle of the first day of an election was prevented...

THE SHIP ANGLICATOR, Boston, per Register, 31st Feb. 1820... THE SHIP SASSAR, Boston, 29th Feb. 1820... THE BRIG MARY, Boston, 16th Feb. 1820...

TO BE LET, OR THE INTEREST SOLD, A FARM OF SIX ACRES OF GROUND, WITH A GOOD STABLE, HOUSE, AND OFFICES... TO BE LET, OR THE INTEREST SOLD, A FARM OF SIX ACRES OF GROUND, WITH A GOOD STABLE, HOUSE, AND OFFICES...

THE SOCIETY OF FRIENDS, To the Editor of The Bristol Mercury... A short time since, an Anecdote appeared in several of the Public Papers, the design of which evidently was to excite a contemptuous sneer at the Society of Friends...

Mr. Hutchinson next addressed the Court... It was a new thing to him to return thanks to Mr. Roche and to his family, for the kind and distinguished support they had given him on former occasions...

LONDON.

THURSDAY, MARCH 16. The Paris Papers of Monday arrived this forenoon. They contain no French news, but some accounts from Spain, which we subjoin:

(From the Monitor.) According to letters which we have received from Malaga, of the 23d and 24th February, it is certain that Lieut.-Col. Rafael Riego entered that city on the night of the 18th, with two thousand men, and sixty cavaliers; that he found the population quite impassible to his proclamation; and that he was obliged to quit it in the night of the 19th, after a smart conflict, carried on in the streets, in which the troops of General O'Donnell have shown much sang froid and resolution against the insurgents. The latter set out from Malaga on the 22d, in the direction of Antequera, in pursuit of Riego.

Letters from Cadix, as late as the 25th, say nothing of any attack on the Corta Dura. General Freyre had reviewed the garrison, and shifted his headquarters to Sainte-Marie. He had acceded to the application of the families of the persons arrested by way of security, that they should only be transferred to Sainte-Marie, and not to Ceuta. Letters from Coruna of the 29th, and from Madrid of the 2d of March, announce that the troops of Galicia had proclaimed the Constitution of the Cortes in two-thirds of the Province. The Insurrectional Junta had issued a Proclamation to the People and the Militia. The Militia had not, as yet, declared themselves. At Ferrol there had been great popular disorders.

A Dictatorial Junta has been organized at Madrid by order of the King, under the Presidency of the Prince Don Carlos. The news had reached there of the arrival of Mina on the Spanish territory. Of the results of his unexpected appearance nothing is yet known.

(From the Constitutionnel.) MADRID, MARCH 2.—The Extraordinary Council of State has been declared permanent. Good news what things will come to. The news from Galicia has torn aside the veil. This immense province is, from one end to the other, in a state of insurrection. The Proclamation of 1812 has been every where proclaimed. M. Agar, formerly Officer of Marine, and one of the principal personages of the Government of the Cortes, was confined at Coruna as a state prisoner. They have put him at the head of the Provisional Junta, which exercises, for the moment, the Supreme Authority. The betrayers of Paris, among others the Nejaud who was rewarded for neglecting him, have been the first victims of the insurrection.

Some other places of the province have been the theatre of popular excesses. Tranquillity is now re-established. The Court is dismayed at the general countenance which the insurrection has obtained. General Pol has only been able to assemble a few soldiers, who soon refused to follow him.

What has happened in Galicia, is a confirmation of what we have before announced. The armed force separates itself from the power of which it was the support. The Monks have opposed themselves to the Constitutionalists: this time they have failed.

Catalonia, Aragon, Valencia, and Murcia, have not, as yet, taken any part in the movement; at least so we are assured at the Palace this morning; but there are rumours which incline us to believe that they do not tell all the truth. Depend upon it, the Revolution extends through the whole of Spain.

The news of the return of Mina has produced great sensation. The Viceroy of Navarra has sent a despatch, lamenting that he has no means at his disposal. The Asturias are in the greatest agitation. They no longer know here how to make head against the storm or where to begin; and the fever is contagious and general.

We are assured that M. Agar, President of the Provisional Junta of Galicia, has written a letter to the King, in which he exhorts him to yield to the wishes of the Nation, and to content himself with reigning constitutionally.

The opinions of the Council of State are divided upon this point; but it is certain that one of the Members has proposed to the King to sign the Constitution as soon as possible, and it is not doubted that it must come to that at last.

Cadix still holds out, but its fidelity will not go far. The fourth of the inhabitants, at least, are prisoners in their own houses. The number of datus in the public prisons is frightful. The insurgents are at the gates.

Ferre is as yet doing nothing; he will do nothing. Seville is as much shackled as Cadix. The prisons are no longer large enough. This state of violence approaches its termination.

(From the Quotidienne.) The accounts given respecting the fermentation which reigns in Galicia and Ferrol, are still uncertain. The following has been transmitted to us from our private Correspondent:

"On the 23rd of February, Colonel de Riego, at the moment when he wished to penetrate into the town of Honda, was completely beaten by Colonel Hore, who commanded a division of O'Donnell's army."

The Tribune de la Gironde says, that General Freyre has sent in his resignation, and that Don Carlos Espagna has been appointed to succeed him.

Sr. F. Birdt has left town for Kirby Park, he will at Leicestershire, to prepare for his trial, which is expected to take place on Wednesday next, at Leicester.

THE CIVIL LIST.

(From the Star.)

As we expected, the impending horrors of an augmentation of the Civil List, at a time when the majority of the Nation are pinched in all their comforts, excites uncommon interest. We have reason to believe, that what a Government Paper has said on the subject, in denying the intention of Ministers to increase the Civil List, will be verbally true, but substantially false. But

The stand of Ministers for the augmentation will be, by separating some of these charges from the List, which have hitherto made a part of it; and yet they will propose an increase after this is done. It is reported also, that they mean to keep out of sight all those Revenues of the Crown drawn from other sources than the Crown Lands, and to state that the Hereditary Revenues are no more than the Rent Roll. This is at once "fair and foul." For the Public will recollect, that some years ago, when this very subject was discussed in the House of Commons, it was stated by Ministers, that if his late Majesty had enjoyed the same Revenues as his predecessor, he would have received Sixty-seven Millions, when he had only received for his Civil List Sixty Millions!!! which referred to those Revenues that, in the approaching discussion, the Ministers now intend to keep out of sight.

However, as we have said, give the King his dues—or, if he consents to accept an annual stipend in place of the Hereditary Revenues, deal fairly with the Country—all the Droits, as well as the Rents of the Crown, be really and bona fide surrendered. The bargain with the late King was shamefully managed, and, in its effects, did great injury to the private reputation of the Royal Family. It was perfectly understood, when he accepted a stipend in lieu of the Hereditary Revenues, that he gave up every thing connected with the emoluments of the Crown, and yet we found the enormous Droits of Admiralty retained with a greedy grasp.—Let this not be forgotten in any new bargain.

We also would remind the Representatives of the Nation of the manner in which his present Majesty was, during his minority, deprived of his Hereditary Revenues—we recollect it was on one occasion stated, that if he had received a faithful account from those who ought to have felt themselves but as his Trustees, the balance due to him would have been equal to the first grant of the Nation to pay the debts of his youthful inexperience—what then became of that balance?

And as we are on old grievances, such as, in the auspicious era of a new reign, and with a Monarch distinguished for his ability and experience of the world, in all its forms and pressure, we trust will be presented from recurring—we would ask into what fund are the rents of the Crown Lands paid? and why is it that, in the ordinary official reports of the Revenue, they are not stated? In a word, the business of the Civil List is an old and irreparable wrong, and Ministers had better pull it down entirely, sweep away all the rubbish, and erect a new one, suitable to the present fashion.

FRIDAY, MARCH 17.

Stocks this day at One. India Stock — 3 per Cent. 100 1/2 India Bonds 16 pm. 3 per Cent. 65 1/2 Ex. Bills 12 dit. 34 per Cent. 100 Long Ann. 5 per Cent. 101 1/2 20/7 Cons. for Ac. 64

BANK OF ENGLAND.—Yesterday a half-yearly dividend of five per cent. to the Proprietors of Bank Stock was announced to a General Court; after which an Address of Condolence and Congratulation was unanimously voted to the King.

The following is a correct statement of the progress of the General Election, up to Thursday evening, March 16: Members of the late Parliament returned 316 Members of the late Parliament retired, or not re-elected 99 New Members 99

We have received New York Papers of the 17th of February. The intelligence they bring would be interesting, if not important, at another time; but every thing is great or little, valuable or trifling, by comparison, and at this moment the attention of the Country is too earnestly fixed upon its own concerns to feel much anxiety about the ordinary transactions of other States. We can only observe, therefore, that the Missouri question continued to be rigorously debated in the House of Representatives; one party constituting that the Supreme Legislature had no constitutional power to annex, as a condition of the reception of the State of Missouri into the Union, enactments which would prevent the practice of slavery—while the other as strongly maintained that it had such a power. The general opinion was, that the question would be finally decided in the negative; and if so, we think the Legislature ought to lose no time in arming itself with the authority in future.

The following is an extract of a letter from Demerara, dated Dec. 16.—"This poor colony is visited by a most unprecedented sickness, and nothing can be more dismal than the almost continued tolling of the bell to usher four, six, and even eleven white people to their graves. So rapid is the disease, that a few hours only dispose of a valuable life."

We have received this morning a series of Jamaica Papers to the 5th of February inclusive. They are somewhat barren of intelligence. The following are the only paragraphs we find in them, worth extracting:

KINGSTON, JAN. 20.—A report has been current, by a letter from St. Thomas's, dated the 17th inst. (January), saying, that Bolivar had arrived at Angostura, and returned to the head-quarters on the Apure, and that he had pledged himself to be in Caracas by the 15th of February.

JANUARY 22.—Five of the wires of the unfortunate people who were made captives at M-Gregor's attack on Rio de la Hacha, and were afterwards sent, arrived on Thursday in the Friendship, from Santa Martha, whither they had been sent by the Governor of the former place, to procure a passage. Several of these unfortunate persons remain at Santa Martha for the like purpose.

GOATUCA, Dec. 11.—Bogotero-Gen. Pardo, of the Hussars of Ferdinand VIIIth, arrived here on Saturday last, from La Guayra, on his way to Lima.

We have received no intelligence whatever since our last from the Spanish Main. There seems to be a stillness in the political horizon of that country at present, which indicates some momentous proceedings between the contending parties.

A letter from Margarita states, that with the exception of Mompox, Cartagena, and Santa Martha, the whole of the Kingdom of Santa Fe is in the possession of the troops of Bolivar. Catzala had been defeated in Popayan by the inhabitants, and the Governor taken prisoner, together with about 400 men. Antioquia and Chocó have acceded to the Independence, the Governor of the latter province having been the first to call out *Viva la Patria!*

The Paris Journals of Tuesday last have arrived this morning. In the Chamber of Deputies, the further consideration of the proposed amendment on the articles of the project relative to individual liberty was resumed, and, after some discussion, again adjourned to Wednesday.

INSURRECTION IN SPAIN. An extraordinary courier has brought intelligence from Madrid dated to the 5th inst.

The Gazette of the 4th inst. contains an exposition of the state of the kingdom. In this document his Majesty manifests his anxious desire to calm the disquietude which agitates some parts of the Monarchy, and he charges his Royal Council to propose to him the measures that they may judge expedient to that effect. His Majesty, at the same time, invites the Corporations and Universities of the Kingdom to supply the Council with every information which they may think useful in furtherance of this view.—Gazette de France.

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insured on this occasion, however a contrite as ample, could throw any additional light on the principles which he has so long and so steadily maintained, or add any thing to the celebrity of a character, the admiration of which is far from being circumscribed within the circle of his immediate constituents. After the customary fees had been gone through, the Sheriff, deputed Sir Joun NEWPORT to be duly elected, and worthy Baronet returned his acknowledgments to the Electors in a neat, forcible, and impressive manner. It is unnecessary to add, that a general feeling of cordial unanimity pervaded the whole of the assembled spectators, and that this feeling was repeatedly expressed in the warm and most enthusiastic manner during the course of the proceedings.

The County.—The proceedings in the County Election commenced about half-past twelve o'clock. The High Sheriff having read the *Writ* of Election, and taken the usual oath.

WALTER GILES, of Carrigish, Esq. came forward to propose RICHARD POWER, Esq. of Clonmore, for the honour of being again chosen to the situation in which he had already obtained the unqualified approbation of the County. He deemed it unnecessary, in the present political harmony that so happily subsisted in the County, to enter into any detailed observations on the principles of the Gentleman he had the honour of proposing to his choice; and he would not trespass upon the personal delicacy of Mr. Power by eulogizing his merits in his presence. Those merits were well known to the Electors, as he had on two former occasions been the object of their choice. He might, however, be permitted to call to their recollection the services of his late truly respectable father, who had, it was well known, in the most arduous times, pursued such a course of political conduct as had been sanctioned by the general approbation of the County. After some further observations to the same effect, Mr. Giles concluded by proposing RICHARD POWER, Esq. as a fit and proper person to represent the County of Waterford in Parliament.

RICHARD POWER O'SHEA, of Gardinmonth, Esq. expressed the pleasure he felt in seconding the nomination of Mr. Power.

JOUN KILLY, of Clifton, Esq. declared that he rose with great satisfaction to propose the Right Hon. Lord GEORGE THOMAS BISHOP to the consideration of the Electors of this County. His Lordship, he said, with pleasure, had received the most flattering support on former occasions, and his conduct since had met with such decided approbation, as entitled him to look forward with confidence to a renewal of that important trust which he had been honoured, and in which they were about, he hoped, to reconstitute him. His Lordship was on all occasions determined to defend that happy Constitution against which, he was sorry to say, a deadly blow had lately been aimed, but which had been preserved by well-timed vigilance and energy. Closely allied as he was with the Noble House of Carrigishmore, a family which was identified with the prosperity and happiness of the County, by a constant residence on their extensive possessions, his noble friend, as he trusted he might call him, might be truly said to have strong and peculiar claims to the honour which he now solicited. He would no longer trespass on the time of the County by any paucity on one with whose merits they were already so well acquainted, and concluded by repeating, that he proposed Lord G. T. BISHOP as a fit and proper person to represent the County of Waterford in Parliament.

ROBERT UNSACKT, of Woodhouse, Esq. felt happy in the opportunity of seconding the nomination.

LORD G. T. BISHOP rose and addressed the Assembly in a brief but manly and expressive manner. He declared that he felt highly honoured by the flattering eulogiums of his worthy friend, Mr. KILLY. He should at all times feel most anxious to deserve the confidence which he had already reposed in him, and the renewal of which he now solicited, and would on all occasions be ready to further the interests of this County, and of the Country at large. He flattered himself that he had the happiness to possess many personal friends amongst them, for whose kindness he felt truly grateful. He should endeavour to merit a continuance of their good opinion, by pursuing steadily the same course of conduct which had hitherto secured their approbation—and would feel the highest gratification in cultivating their friendship, by a constant residence amongst them.

Proclamation having been made at the regular intervals, and no other Candidate appearing, the High Sheriff, in the usual form, declared RICHARD POWER, Esq. and the Right Hon. G. T. BISHOP, to be duly elected.

The two Members then severally returned thanks, both professing their firm determination to persevere in the same political principles by which they had been respectively distinguished.

No chattering took place in either instance; and instead of the useless and perhaps mischievous waste of money amongst the rabble, the newly-elected Gentlemen, we understand, have expressed their wise and humane determination to contribute liberally to the assistance of the several charitable Establishments. The donations of Sir JOUN NEWPORT appear amongst the Treasurer's acknowledgments in another place.

Wm. AUGUSTUS CLIFFORD, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, was elected Member of Parliament for Dungarvan on Monday, the 13th, without opposition. He was proposed by WALTER GILES, Esq. and seconded by JOUN M. GALWAY, of Duckpool, Esq.

County Territory.—On Saturday the Sheriff opened the Court and proceeded on the Election. Col. Bagwell was proposed by Mr. Massey Dawson, seconded by Mr. John Maher, of Tullanmaine; Mr. Pittie was proposed by the Hon. George O'Callaghan, seconded by Mr. Stephen O'Meara; and Mr. G. Lidwill, though he had not before addressed the County, came forward, and was proposed by Mr. P. A. Butler, and seconded by Mr. James Scully, of Tipperary. Col. Bagwell and Mr. Pittie made short addresses to their friends, in which they avowed that they would conduct their business without charge on the County. Mr. Lidwill said he was not so fortunate in property; that he considered Mr. Parry's Act a good and fair one, and would take advantage of it; that he did not now expect to succeed, but pledged himself to put one or the other of the two first Candidates out on the next occasion. After some speeches, the Court was adjourned till 9 o'clock on Monday morning; and it was expected the contest would proceed then. However, in the evening, before Lord Clengall and Mr. Lidwill left town, it was understood that Lord Clengall had agreed that Mr. Lidwill was not to go on with a useless contest, at an expense to the County and inconvenience at the Assizes. Colonel Bagwell and Mr. Pittie were accordingly returned yesterday without further opposition.

City or Cork.—This interesting contest commenced on Friday. A full detail of the proceedings, extracted from the latest Cork Papers, appears in our first and fourth Pages. The opening of the struggle at Malinow is subjoined to the former.

Colonel Bruen and Sir Cluydes B. Burgh, K. B. were elected on Saturday last as Representatives of the County of Carlow.

A Mr. Harvey, an Englishman and a stranger, was chosen on Thursday to represent the Town of Carlow, which he never saw!!!

The struggle for the County of Dublin is likely to be violent. Col. White has lately received an accession of strength, in the interest of Mrs. Palmer, of Rosk, which, it is apprehended, will deprive that County of its late honest and uncompromising Representative, Colonel Talbot. The friends of the latter, however, still express sanguine hopes of success.

A curious and unexpected contest is now going on at Duoghda. Mr. Wallace had published an address to the Electors, withdrawing for the present his pretensions; but on Thursday, the day fixed for the Election, when it was expected that Mr. Metcalf would be returned without opposition, some of the freeholders came forward and proposed Mr. Wallace (who was then on Circuit). No preparations having been made by the Sheriff, the polling was delayed until next day (Friday), at the close of which the numbers were—for Mr. Metcalf, 35—for Mr. Wallace, 35. The difference in the numbers is stated to have been owing to the misspelling of a freeholder's name.

WATERFORD ASSIZES. TUESDAY, MARCH 18.

COUNTY COURT.—The whole of the Criminal proceedings having been gone through before this day, nothing remained for Baron GEORGE to do this day but going through Insolvent's cases, burning petitions, presentments, &c. which were finished at an early hour. Thomas Leary and Michael Whelan, whose capital convictions were mentioned in our last, are both ordered to be executed on Saturday, the 8th of April. The latter, however, was recommended to mercy by the Grand Jury, and it is expected that he will be reprieved.

CITY COURT.—The only trial remaining for decision in this Court was the following Record:—Thomas Murphy v. Edward Hay and Thomas Joyce.—This was an action of assumpsit, for goods sold and delivered. One of the Defendants (Joyce) had suffered judgment to go by default, and the other (Hay), having called for a bill of particulars, played a set-off to the entire demand. The damages were laid at £7000. Before the case was gone into, a conference took place between the parties, and, with the approbation of Counsel on both sides, a Verdict was taken for the Plaintiff, by consent, for £1000 damages, and 6d. costs.

After the discharge of the usual routine business, the Assizes terminated.

The following medical appointments were made by the respective Grand Juries at the late Assizes: John Biscoe, Esq. M. D. to be Physician & Surgeon to the County Gaol; & George Waters, Esq. M. D. to be Physician and Surgeon to the City Gaol; and Mr. Thomas Kehoe, to be Apothecary to both Gaols.

CATHOLIC MEETING. The Meeting of the Catholics of the County and City of Waterford, of which an intimation was given in our Paper of Saturday, took place on that day at the Great Chapel. The proceedings were fully expressed in the Advertisement which appears in a subsequent column.

ROBERT CURRY, Treasurer to the Waterford Dispensary, acknowledges to have received from the Right Hon. Sir Joun NEWPORT, Bart. Five Pounds, for the use of that Institution.

Mr. Wm. HONNE, Treasurer to the Sick Poor, has received from the Right Hon. Sir Joun NEWPORT, Bart. M. P. Five Pounds, for the benefit of that Institution; and Mr. PAUL CAMOON, and Mr. Wm. ELLIOTT, have also received from the Right Hon. Bart. Ten Pounds, for the relief of Poor Roomkeepers.

THE MARKETS. LONDON CORN EXCHANGE, MARCH 17.—Although the arrivals since Monday have been very small, yet all grain is dull sale this morning, and Wheat and Barley fall 1s. per quarter cheaper, except for prime picked samples, which with difficulty obtained Monday's prices. Oats, Beans, and Peas were heavy sale, at a decline of 1s. per quarter. In the other articles there is no alteration.

DUBLIN CORN EXCHANGE, MARCH 17.—There was a fair supply of every description of Grain at market this day, and almost every article on the advance. Good Wheat brought from 38s. to 41s.; and prime from 40s. to 41s. Oats were in fair demand, and prime brought about 6d. better than our last quotation. Barley is much improved, owing to some large purchases made principally by the Distillers. Flour met a ready sale, and fairly supported our quotations of Wednesday last; say from 19s. to 23s. 6d. The business done in the morning was very trifling, and no alteration noticed. Old Dublin Whiskey, 11s. per gallon; New do. 9s. to 10s. 3d. per gal.

WATERFORD MARKETS. The price of old Butter has become so irregular and uncertain, and the quantity of new coming in is yet so trifling, that it is almost useless to attempt giving regular quotations of either. We shall therefore forbear from noticing the state of this market for the future, unless any thing extraordinary should occur, until the supply becomes more abundant, and the price more regular. Singed Hops rated yesterday from 41s. for ordinary lots, to 45s. for good, and 46s. for very prime. Scalded ones from 38s. to 45s. Prime *Wheat* was at 37s. 6d. to 38s. Potato Oats, to farmers, 12s. 3d. to 13s. 6d. the demand rather dull for parcels, and former prices scarcely obtainable. Barley stationary at 15s. for best. No changes of moment in other articles.

PORT NEWS—PASSAGE, MARCH 17. ARRIVALS. 12th—Bridger, Walsh, Kinseel, potatoes, for Dublin. 13th—Mary, Good, Whitehouse, coals, three hoppers, Carrow, Kinsale, potatoes, Thomas and Mary, Kelly, Limerick, ditto, a market, Thomas, Digdale, Dublin, ball, hats, Interally, Pond, Weymouth, balling, Susanna, Port, Dublin, provisions, Ac. for Ross and Newfoundland; Arzoo, Wall, Swansea, coals; Susanna, Lloyd, Dublin, balling. 14th—Harris, Griffiths, Swansea, iron, Saxon, Magrath, ditto, ditto, Frazer, Brooming, Liverpool, coals, Dublin, Newry, ditto, Lane, Williams, Cardiff, ditto, Aid, James, Aberdeen, oak bark, a market, San Domingo, Redmond, Newry, coals, for Ross, Barbara, Kelly, Cardiff, ditto, ditto. 15th—Paisopous, Schollar, Weymouth, balling.

TO BE SET, FOR TWENTY-ONE YEARS, THE FREE OF BELMONT AGGREGATE, held by PATRICK POWER, Esq.—Apply (if by letter post paid) to Mr. Wm. HONNERT, Dungarvan. March 20, 1820.

TO THE GENTLEMEN, CLERGY, AND FREEHOLDERS OF THE COUNTY OF WATERFORD. GENTLEMEN, I BEG you to accept my best Thanks and Acknowledgments for the high Honour you have conferred upon me, by electing me a third time one of your Representatives in Parliament. It is most gratifying, both to my pride and feelings, to receive this proof that I possess your friendship and good opinion. I trust, by adhering to the same line of conduct I have heretofore pursued, to insure a continuance of that Support and Confidence you have this day honoured me with, and which it will ever be my study and endeavour to merit. I have the honour to be, Gentlemen, Your much obliged and faithful Servant, GEORGE F. BERSFORD. Carrigishmore, March 20, 1820.

THE MARKETS.

LONDON CORN EXCHANGE, MARCH 17.—Although the arrivals since Monday have been very small, yet all grain is dull sale this morning, and Wheat and Barley fall 1s. per quarter cheaper, except for prime picked samples, which with difficulty obtained Monday's prices. Oats, Beans, and Peas were heavy sale, at a decline of 1s. per quarter. In the other articles there is no alteration.

DUBLIN CORN EXCHANGE, MARCH 17.—There was a fair supply of every description of Grain at market this day, and almost every article on the advance. Good Wheat brought from 38s. to 41s.; and prime from 40s. to 41s. Oats were in fair demand, and prime brought about 6d. better than our last quotation. Barley is much improved, owing to some large purchases made principally by the Distillers. Flour met a ready sale, and fairly supported our quotations of Wednesday last; say from 19s. to 23s. 6d. The business done in the morning was very trifling, and no alteration noticed. Old Dublin Whiskey, 11s. per gallon; New do. 9s. to 10s. 3d. per gal.

WATERFORD MARKETS. The price of old Butter has become so irregular and uncertain, and the quantity of new coming in is yet so trifling, that it is almost useless to attempt giving regular quotations of either. We shall therefore forbear from noticing the state of this market for the future, unless any thing extraordinary should occur, until the supply becomes more abundant, and the price more regular. Singed Hops rated yesterday from 41s. for ordinary lots, to 45s. for good, and 46s. for very prime. Scalded ones from 38s. to 45s. Prime *Wheat* was at 37s. 6d. to 38s. Potato Oats, to farmers, 12s. 3d. to 13s. 6d. the demand rather dull for parcels, and former prices scarcely obtainable. Barley stationary at 15s. for best. No changes of moment in other articles.

PORT NEWS—PASSAGE, MARCH 17. ARRIVALS. 12th—Bridger, Walsh, Kinseel, potatoes, for Dublin. 13th—Mary, Good, Whitehouse, coals, three hoppers, Carrow, Kinsale, potatoes, Thomas and Mary, Kelly, Limerick, ditto, a market, Thomas, Digdale, Dublin, ball, hats, Interally, Pond, Weymouth, balling, Susanna, Port, Dublin, provisions, Ac. for Ross and Newfoundland; Arzoo, Wall, Swansea, coals; Susanna, Lloyd, Dublin, balling. 14th—Harris, Griffiths, Swansea, iron, Saxon, Magrath, ditto, ditto, Frazer, Brooming, Liverpool, coals, Dublin, Newry, ditto, Lane, Williams, Cardiff, ditto, Aid, James, Aberdeen, oak bark, a market, San Domingo, Redmond, Newry, coals, for Ross, Barbara, Kelly, Cardiff, ditto, ditto. 15th—Paisopous, Schollar, Weymouth, balling.

TO BE SET, FOR TWENTY-ONE YEARS, THE FREE OF BELMONT AGGREGATE, held by PATRICK POWER, Esq.—Apply (if by letter post paid) to Mr. Wm. HONNERT, Dungarvan. March 20, 1820.

TO THE GENTLEMEN, CLERGY, AND FREEHOLDERS OF THE COUNTY OF WATERFORD. GENTLEMEN, I BEG you to accept my best Thanks and Acknowledgments for the high Honour you have conferred upon me, by electing me a third time one of your Representatives in Parliament. It is most gratifying, both to my pride and feelings, to receive this proof that I possess your friendship and good opinion. I trust, by adhering to the same line of conduct I have heretofore pursued, to insure a continuance of that Support and Confidence you have this day honoured me with, and which it will ever be my study and endeavour to merit. I have the honour to be, Gentlemen, Your much obliged and faithful Servant, GEORGE F. BERSFORD. Carrigishmore, March 20, 1820.

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