

Waterford Chronicle.

No. 12,512.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1820.

PRICE FIVE PENCE.

WANTED, A MESSMAN, FOR THE 18th REGIMENT.

Application to be made to the Mass Quartermaster, at the Barracks, Waterford, Feb. 8, 1820.

VALUABLE FREEHOLD & LEASEHOLD INTERESTS, COUNTY OF WEXFORD.

In the Matter of **JAMES DIXON**, High Chancellor, before the Commissioners in this Matter, at the Royal Exchange Coffee-room, Dublin, on Monday, the 14th of February, 1820, at Three o'clock in the Afternoon, all the Estate and Interest of the Bankrupt, his Mortgages and Assignees, in and to the following most eligible circumstances Holdings and Concerns, viz.:

No. 1.—All that Part of the Town and Lands of **BALLYWISKE**, otherwise called **CASTLEBRIDGE**, containing Sixty-four Acres, Two Roods, or thereabouts, situate in the Barony of Shillmole, and County of Wexford, being the joint and undivided Estate of Lord Viscount Mowbray, and **JAMES KNOX GIBSON**, Esq. held under them by two separate Leases, each for three Lives, and the Survivor of them, at the yearly Rent of £60 9s. 4d. and £23 1s. 3d.

AND ALSO,
Another Part of said Lands of **BALLYWISKE**, called **CASTLEBRIDGE**, containing Three Acres or thereabouts, being the joint Estate of the said Lord Viscount Mowbray, and **JAMES KNOX GIBSON**, Esq. held under them by two separate Leases, for an expired Term of 999 Years from May last, at yearly Rents of £2 10s. 0d. and £9.

No. 2.—One undivided Fourth Part of the Town and Lands of **GLASSCANNY**, part of the Estate of **JAMES KNOX GIBSON**, Esq. containing, by estimation, Fifty Acres, Two Roods, and Twenty-six Perches, or thereabouts, situate in the Barony and County aforesaid, and held by Lease for three Lives, at the yearly Rent of Ten Pounds Twelve Shillings.

No. 3.—All that the Holding called **SINNOTT'S MILL**, and the Lands thereto belonging, containing Thirty-nine Acres, Two Roods, and Twenty-six Perches, or thereabouts, situate in the Barony and County aforesaid, being the joint and undivided Estate of Lord Viscount Mowbray, and **JAMES KNOX GIBSON**, Esq. held under them by two separate Leases, viz. as to three-fourth Parts thereof, for the Life of His Royal Highness the Duke of York, or Twenty-one Years, from the 1st of May, 1808, at the yearly Rent of £50 15s.—and as to the remaining one-fourth Part thereof, for three Lives, at the yearly Rent of Fourteen Pounds Twelve Shillings.

No. 4.—All that the Part of the Lands of **BALLYTRA-MON**, (adjacent and at present appurtenant to the principal parts of the before-mentioned Holdings,) formerly in possession of Arthur Beckett, Laurence Leary, and Henry Leary, and held by the Bankrupt, under Lease, in the Matter of **Georgius Miano**, for eleven Years, from the 1st of May, 1810, provided said Minority shall so long last, at the yearly Rent of £44.

The foregoing Premises, situate within Two Miles of the Town of Wexford, and Nine from Enniscorthy, are connected with each other, and comprise a valuable Corn Mill, with most extensive Stores, and capital modern built Dwelling-house and Out-offices, in excellent order, commanding an ample supply of Water, and convenient Land & Water Carriage to the Harbour of Wexford, and the adjacent Market Town. From the Improvements made on the Premises, by the late Sir James Dixon, (Bankrupt's Father,) at an expense of upwards of Ten Thousand Pounds, they now form the most complete Concerns in this Kingdom, for the Business of an extensive Corn Merchant, Miller, Malster, or Brewer; or indeed any great Manufacturing Business; The House, Offices, Stores, and valuable Buildings, are on that part of Castlebridge held for 999 Years.

A Statement of the Title may be seen posted at the Royal Exchange Coffee-room.

For further particulars, apply to **Pat. Lambert**, Esq. the Mortgagee, at his Consulting House, No. 13, Lake-street, Dublin; to **Wm. John Moore**, Esq. Agent to the Commission and Assignees, **Granny-row**; or to **John Charles Lyons**, Agent for the Mortgagee, 21, Arran-quay, in whose hands the Title Deeds are, and by whom every necessary information will be given.

Mr. John Walsh, one of the Assignees, resident in the Town of Wexford, will attend and show the Premises, or give an Opinion for that purpose, to any Person inclined to purchase.

By the Lords Justices and Council of Ireland,
MANNERS, C.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it hath pleased Almighty God to call to his Mercy our late Sovereign Lord King **GEORGE THE THIRD**, of blessed memory, by whose Decree the Imperial Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland is solely and rightfully come to the high and mighty Prince, **GEORGE PRINCE OF WALES**.

We, the Lords Justices and Council, do, by this our Proclamation, think fit to give public Notice thereof to all his Majesty's Subjects, and do require all Mayors, Sheriffs, and other his Majesty's Officers, to publish and proclaim, that the high and mighty Prince, **GEORGE PRINCE OF WALES**, is now, by the death of our late Sovereign of happy memory, become our only lawful and rightful Liege Lord **GEORGE THE FOURTH**, by the Grace of God, King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, and in all the Cities and Towns Corporate, and Market Places in this part of his Majesty's United Kingdom called Ireland; and all Officers, both Civil and Military, and other his Majesty's Subjects, are hereby required to be assisting in the performance thereof with all due solemnity.

Given at the Council Chamber in Dublin, the 4th Day of February, 1820.

CHARLES CANTILL, **EDMUND LIMERICK**, **FRANCIS FORT DE MONTMORENCY**, **CHARLES KILPATRICK**, **CASTLEBRIDGE**, **G. KNOX**, **T. H. SKIFFINGTON**, **W. DOWNS**, **W. M'MAHON**, **S. O'GRADY**, **G. F. HILL**, **G. BUCKWILL**, **J. S. FITZGERALD**, **SE. GEO. DALY**, **W. C. PLEASANT**, **WM. SAURIN**, **WM. VESEY FITZGERALD**, **JOHN RABLERIE**, **C. GRANT**.

God save the King.

WOODS, TO BE SOLD,

TOGETHER, OR SEPARATELY.

ALL the TIMBER now growing in the undermentioned WOODS, consisting principally of OAK, of superior quality, and of about Seventy Years growth, viz. **UPPER BALLYMAGARIBERRY**, **LACKANSHAN**, **DEWILLAT**, **KNOCKALISHLEEN**, and **GRACONAG GOWELL**, containing in the whole about Three Hundred Plantation Acres, situate in the County of Waterford, within Five Miles of Clonmel, and Ten of Carrick-on-Suir, Dungarvan, and Caher.

Proposals to be made to the Right Honourable Lord Viscount MIDDLETON, Park-street, London, and duplicates to **MR. WILLIAM WELLS**, Killbegh Farm, Middleton.

A reasonable time will be allowed for Cutting and Selling the Timber and Bark; but unexceptionable Security must be given by the Purchaser for the punctual performance of all his engagements.

No Proposal will be received after the 25th day of March next.

LANDS OF KILRONAN, COUNTY OF WATERFORD.

TO BE LET,
TOGETHER OR IN DIVISIONS,
FOR TWENTY YEARS.

THE LANDS of **KILRONAN**, in the Barony of Middlethird, and County of Waterford, containing about Three Hundred and Twenty-eight Acres, with the FARM HOUSES thereon, the Property of the Incorporated Society in Dublin.

Proposals, sealed up and indorsed, transmitted, Post-paid, will be received by the Secretary of the Society, No. 55, Nungate-street, or by **THOMAS ROBERTS**, Esq. the Society's Agent and Receiver, Clonmel.

MR. HENRY PALMER, of **Kilronan**, will show the Lands to any Person disposed to offer for the same.

Immediate Possession can be given.
Dublin, Oct. 7, 1819. By Order, &c.
JAMES ADAMSON, Sec.

TO BE LET.

FROM THE 25th MARCH NEXT.

PART of the LANDS of **PAULINGTOWN**, in the Parish of **WELL**, containing about 24 Acres plantable, more or less. The Ground is of the very best description, and a long Lease would be given to a good Tenant, inclined to build.

Application to **PETER G. BARNES**, Esq. Carrickbarrow, Killarney.

N. B. Immediate Possession can be given.
January 8, 1820.

STAMP-OFFICE, DUBLIN.

13th JANUARY, 1820.

THE COMMISSIONERS OF STAMPS

hereby give Notice, that, by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, on the 30th Day of December last, entitled, "An Act to substitute certain Publications to the Duties of Stamps upon Newspapers, and to make other Regulations for restoring the Abuses arising from the Publication of Blasphemous & Seditious Libels," it is, amongst other things, enacted, That from and after ten days after the passing of the said Act, the Printer or Publisher of any Pamphlet or other Paper for Sale, containing any public News, Intelligence, or Occurrences, or any Remarks or Observations thereon, or any Matter in Church or State, and in said Act more particularly described, shall, upon every day upon which the same shall be published, or within six days after, deliver to the Commissioners of Stamps for Great Britain and Ireland respectively, at their Head Offices, or to some Distributor or Officer to be appointed by them to receive the same, and whom the said Commissioners are thereby required to appoint for that purpose, one of the Pamphlets or Papers so published upon each such day, signed by the Printer or Publisher thereof, in his hand writing, with his Name and Place of Abode; and that such Printer or Publisher shall be entitled to demand and receive, from the Commissioners, or such Distributor or Officer, the amount of the Retail Price of such Pamphlet or Paper so delivered; and that in every case in which the Printer and Publisher of such Pamphlet or Paper shall neglect to deliver one such Pamphlet or Paper, in the manner therein directed, such Printer and Publisher shall, for every such neglect respectively, forfeit and lose the sum of One Hundred Pounds.

And the said Commissioners of Stamps do hereby give further Notice, that they have appointed the following Officers of the Department to receive all such Pamphlets and Papers as are directed by the Act to be delivered to such Persons as should be appointed by the said Commissioners to receive the same; and that the said respective Officers have received the necessary instructions to comply with the several provisions contained in the said Act, so far as relates to the conduct of such Officers in that respect:

The Register of Pamphlets and Newspapers for the time being, at the Stamp Office, Dublin, for the County and County of the City of Dublin.

The several Distributors of Stamps for the time being, or Inspectors of Stamp Duties acting as Distributors of Copies, Counties of Cities, or Counties by Towns throughout Ireland, for their respective Districts.

By Order of the Commissioners,
RICHARD MALINS, Pro. Sec.

By the Lords Justices and Council of Ireland, A PROCLAMATION.

W. ARMAHILL, MANNERS, C.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed in the fifty-fourth year of his present Majesty, entitled, "An Act to provide for the better execution of the Laws in Ireland, by appointing Superintending Magistrates and additional Constables in Counties, in certain cases," it is amongst other things enacted, that "it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, by the advice of the Privy Council of Ireland, to declare by Proclamation, that any County, County of a City, or County of a Town, in Ireland, or any Barony or Baronies, or Half Barony or Half Baronies, in any County at large, to be therein specified, is or are in a State of Disturbance, and requires or require an extraordinary Establishment of Police:

And whereas it hath sufficiently appeared to us, that the Baronies of **KILCONSELL** and **CLONSILLAUGH**, in the County of **GALWAY**, are in a State of Disturbance, and require an extraordinary Establishment of Police:

Now we, the Lords Justices, by and with the advice of the Privy Council of Ireland, by virtue of the said Act, & of the powers thereby vested in us, do by this our Proclamation declare, that the said Baronies of **KILCONSELL** and **CLONSILLAUGH**, in the County of **GALWAY**, in this part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, are in a State of Disturbance, and require an extraordinary Establishment of Police:

Given at the Council Chamber in Dublin, the 25th Day of January, 1820.

FRANKFORT DE MONTMORENCY, **CASTLEMAINE**, **G. KNOX**, **W. DOWNS**, **W. M'MAHON**, **G. F. HILL**, **SE. GEO. DALY**, **WM. SAURIN**, **WM. VESEY FITZGERALD**, **JOHN RABLERIE**, **C. GRANT**.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

DUBLIN MARKET NOTE.

For the Week ending Friday, Feb. 4, 1820.

	From	To	M.	P.	C.
1820 Wheat, per Bar, 20 Stone	26	0	35	0	31 84
600 Bar, per Bar	13	0	13	0	13 9
2140 Bar, per Bar	10	0	19	0	14 11
3440 Oats, per Bar	12	0	18	0	12 44
2700 Pot, per Bar	8	0	23	0	0 0
610 Pot, per Bar	13	0	19	0	15 31
2 Pot, per Bar	0	0	0	0	0 0
0 Bar, per Bar	0	0	0	0	0 0
3760 Pot, per Bar	19	0	23	0	21 11

Average Price of Wheat and Flour 53s. 4d. per Sack.
Receipts of Flour 7142 1st, from 21s. 0d. to 27s. 0d.
Sales of Flour 3799 3d, from 18s. 0d. to 24s. 0d.
Sales of Flour 3799 3d, from 18s. 0d. to 18s. 0d.

JAMES RIDDALL, Clerk of the Corn Trade.

LONDON.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 4.
THE KING'S HEALTH.

It is with sincere pleasure that we are this day enabled to lay before our readers a more satisfactory account of his Majesty's health. The bulletin of yesterday morning was not one which could wholly tranquillize the public anxiety. It stated, indeed, that "all his Majesty's symptoms were favourable," but this was accompanied by the fact that "he had not passed a good night," and we understood, from good medical authority, that a relapse in pulmonary inflammation, is commonly preceded by an increased restlessness and watchfulness of the patient. There was but too much reason, therefore, to apprehend the probability of danger. Happily, however, the bulletin of last night, which was issued about half-past nine o'clock, completely relieved all fears upon the subject. It was brief, but most emphatic.

Carlton-house, Feb. 3, half-past Nine o'clock, P. M.
"The KING is in ALL RESPECTS MUCH BETTER."
"HENRY HALFORD."
"WILLIAM KNIGHTON."
"MATTHEW J. THERNEY."

We hope, therefore, we may now safely congratulate the Country, upon its escape from an imminent calamity; and we shall not be doomed to witness the appalling catastrophe of two Monarchs lying dead at the same moment.

His Majesty's Palace, in Pall-mall, was yesterday thronged, from an early hour till late in the evening, with all ranks and degrees of persons, anxiously desiring to learn the state of the Sovereign's health. The Royal Dukes and Prince Leopold were present. The Medical Gentlemen called in to attend the Sovereign were unremittent in their attendance.

This morning, at 12 o'clock, the following favourable bulletin was issued:—

Carlton-house, February 4, 12 o'clock, A. M.
"The KING slept all intervals in the early part of the night; but his MAJESTY had three hours of uninterrupted sleep this morning."
"His MAJESTY's disorder is proceeding in its usual course, in a favorable manner."
(Signed as above.)

THE ARMY.—The late military promotions have not been correctly given by some of our contemporaries. The following will be found to be an accurate account:

Lord Beresford to the Governorship of Jersey.
The Earl of Chatham, Governor of Gibraltar, in the room of the late Duke of Kent.

Lieut.-Gen. Sir Wm. Keppel to be Governor of Cork.

Lieut.-Gen. Browne to be Colonel of the 44th Foot.

The Marquis of Huntly to be Colonel of the Royals.

Lord Hopetoun to be Colonel of the 42d Regiment.

Lieut.-Gen. Hope to be Colonel of the 92d.

The Paris Papers of Tuesday, which were due this morning, have not arrived. We are consequently without any further intelligence, through these channels, as to the progress of the insurrection in Spain. We have received, however, a private letter from Paris, dated six o'clock on Monday evening, from which we extract the following paragraph:

"A letter received by a great commercial house, this morning from Cadix, dated the 12th of January, says, textually, 'the events which you have already heard of, are now accomplished, and the town enjoys the greatest tranquillity. This sinister phrase seems to indicate the capture of Cadix: the fear of the miscarriage of the letter bridled the pen of the writer.'

What truth there may be in this supposition we know not. The advices from Cadix direct, which were received yesterday in the City, were not of later date than the 11th; though that of the 14th were due. This delay is accounted for, it is said, by the circumstance, that the mail from Cadix had to pass by the circuitous route of San Lucas, or even of Ayamonte. The following are extracts from these letters, and they certainly contain nothing which renders the conjecture of our Paris correspondent improbable:—

CADIX, JAN. 11.—The insurrectionary troops have possession of the Isla of St. Leca; they amount to 7000 men, and are headed by Colonel Quiroga. This place is much besieged by them on that side, as it has ever been during the war.

"We remain here in statu quo. The army of the Isla is daily receiving an accession to its numbers, but we are wholly ignorant of their plan of operations."

We have received, this morning, some German Papers, which confirm the melancholy intelligence (contained in our last page) as to the calamities caused by the inundations in Holland. They add the following affecting particulars:

BRUSSELS, JAN. 31.—The sum which his Majesty has granted, for the relief of those who have suffered by the inundations, amounts to 100,000 florins. The last accounts from the Northern Provinces contain only distressing details of the disasters caused by the inundations. It is feared that many persons have perished, for several dead bodies have been seen floating in the water about Nimeguen. The village of Persingen has entirely vanished, except two houses. However, the state of the waters has become less alarming.

The Royal Cenotaph to be erected to the memory of the late Princess Charlotte of Wales is to consist of a group of nine figures, larger than the life, sculptured in the Parian marble, which are in a state of considerable forwardness, from the designs and under the direction of **M. Wyatt**, Esq. The amount of the subscription for this national work was £12,000, three thousand five hundred of which has been expended in its progress, and the remainder is in the hands of Messrs. Drummond, to be drawn for as may be required.

At one o'clock, on Wednesday, a feu de joie was fired by the troops in the Tower, in honour of the King's Accession. The Union flag was hoisted during the ceremony; after which, "God save the King" was loudly pronounced by the soldiers and surrounding spectators. The flag was then lowered to the half-mast; as it will continue until after the obsequies of our late revered Monarch.

Though all offices, civil and military, are relieved by Mr. Poinsonby's Act from the payment of new fees, there are some appointments to which the Act does not extend, as they are not what the Act describes as offices. Tuesday produced the proof. Four eminent barristers, who possessed patents of precedence, found that they were extinct by the demise of the King—**Mr. Poulton**, **Mr. Wetherall**, **Mr. Casbard**, and **Mr. Jervais**. Of these, **Mr. Casbard**, on Tuesday, appeared in his stuff gown, and took his seat without the bar.—*London Paper.*

The present Law Term continues, notwithstanding the decease of the King, to belong to the preceding reign, and not to that of his Majesty's successor; so the present Session of Parliament is the sixtieth of the King, not the George IV.

room. This proved to be a letter in the King's own hand, announcing his recovery to Mr. Pitt, in terms somewhat as follow:—

The King renews, with great satisfaction, his communication with Mr. Pitt, after the long suspension of their intercourse, owing to his very tedious and painful illness. He is fearful that, during this interval, the public interests have suffered great inconvenience and difficulty.

It is most desirable that immediate measures should be taken for restoring the functions of his government, and Mr. Pitt will consult with the Lord Chancellor to-morrow morning, upon the most expedient means for that purpose. And the King will receive Mr. Pitt at Kew afterwards, about one o'clock.

There could be no hesitation on the part of Mr. Pitt, but having held the necessary conference with the Chancellor, he waited upon the King at the appointed time, and found him perfectly of sound mind, and in every respect as before his illness, competent to all the affairs of his public station.

This was the first notice in any way which Mr. Pitt received of this important event; the reports of the physicians had indeed been of late more favourable; but Lord Melville really believed there was not a man except Dr. Willis who entertained the smallest hope of the restoration of the King's mind. Mr. Pitt continually declared this opinion to Lord Melville, and they had both determined to return to the Bar, as the dissolution of the Ministry was then on the point of taking place.

The letter in question Lord M. took from Mr. Pitt, saying he had a trick of losing papers, and furnished him only with a copy, the original remaining in his Lordship's possession. The King wrote the letter, at a table of the Queen's, which stood in his apartment, without the knowledge of any person, and having finished, rang his bell, and gave it to his valet-de-chambre, directing it to be carried immediately to Mr. Pitt.

It is generally supposed and understood, that the Household will be immediately broken up, as the Princesses have frequently expressed their determination not to reside at Windsor after the demise of his Majesty; indeed one of them has already ceded the property to the Crown, which was left to her by the Queen.

It is supposed that the preparations for the public funeral of his late Majesty may be finished in a fortnight. The obsequies of King George III. took place on the sixteenth day after his demise, viz. on the 10th November, his death happening on Saturday, the 25th October. It will take place at Windsor.

It is highly honourable to the persons in immediate attendance upon his late Majesty, that, during the long period of his afflictive malady, no improper disclosures concerning his domestic habits had been made by those who had the means of personal observation. An affectionate reneration for a beloved Sovereign prevailed over all the temptations of idle curiosity, and no unauthorized eye had invaded the privacy of his retirement.

If any doubt could have been maintained in regard to the authenticity of Napoleon's Memoirs, the question has been set at rest by the high authority of the Duke of Wellington, who has publicly declared, that "no man could have written the account of the battle of Waterloo but Napoleon himself." It is perhaps the most picturesque and impressive description of a battle that ever was drawn by any historian.

PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF LORDS—TUESDAY, FEB. 1.
The House met at three, and the following Lords took the oaths and their seats, viz.—the Marquises of Salisbury and Stafford, the Earls of Pomfret and Bredalbane, and the Bishops of Carlisle and Landaff.—Adjourned to next day.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.
The SPEAKER, after having waited upwards of an hour for the attendance of a sufficient number of Members to constitute a House, took the chair at a quarter past three o'clock. About sixty Members took the oaths to-day. Among them were—Sir James Mackintosh, Mr. Croker, Mr. Whitbread, Colonel Barry, Sir John Perring, Sir W. Curtis, Gen. Freysson, Mr. T. Duke, Mr. Lester, Mr. Beckwith, Mr. Rayne, Mr. Ward, Mr. S. Smith, Mr. C. Calvert, Mr. Goulburn, Mr. Grenfell, Mr. R. Grant, Mr. Forbes, and Mr. Prothero.

At four o'clock the House adjourned.

HOUSE OF LORDS—WEDNESDAY, FEB. 2.
The LORD CHANCELLOR came down to the House at three o'clock, and after prayers were read, the oaths were administered to the following Peers, as they presented themselves for that purpose, viz.:

His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, The Marquise of Winchester and Angles, The Earl of Liverpool, Lord Alford, and Lord Sayer. The Lord Bishop of Exeter, and Lord Sayer.

The House, on the motion of the Earl of Liverpool, adjourned until Thursday, the 17th inst.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.
SPEAKER took the Chair at three and several Members proceeded to take oaths. Among the Members sworn were—The Lord Chancellor, Mr. W. Lamb, Mr. Sturges, Mr. Lowndes, Mr. H. Littleton, Mr. Banks, Mr. G. Banks, Mr. Mel-

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