

In the Matter of... TO be sold by Auction... WATERFORD, December 25 1810.

NOTICE. JOHN BATES, Inspector of Stamp Duties, is directed from this day to punish any Person he finds offending against the Law...

CORDIAL BALM OF GILEAD. THE CORDIAL BALM OF GILEAD has established its reputation for its efficacy throughout Europe and America...

TO BE SOLD. SNOWHAVEN, BANK-HOUSE, &c. &c. BY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

COUNTY OF THE CITY OF WATERFORD. THE ASSIZE OF BREAD.

By Order of his Worship the Mayor of said City. THE Middle Price of Wheat and Flour (as taken by Act of Parliament from the Assize) was last Week 50s. 6d. per Barrel...

Table of Waterford Market Prices for Dec. 29. Includes items like Butter, Lard, Beef, Pork, Mutton, and various oils with their respective prices.

LONDON. SATURDAY, DECEMBER 29. It is with great pleasure we lay before our readers the following letter:—

WINDSOR, Dec. 21. "The bulletin of this morning was of a most consolatory nature, and we have great pleasure in announcing that very material symptoms of amendment have appeared in his majesty during the last twenty-four hours..."

We inserted yesterday a declaration and protest drawn up and signed by FREDERICK, duke of York, WILLIAM HENRY, duke of Clarence, EDWARD, duke of Kent, EARL AUGUSTUS, duke of Cumberland, AUGUSTUS FREDERICK, duke of Cambridge, and WILLIAM FREDERICK, duke of Gloucester, against the measure of supplying the royal authority by the appointment of a limited regency...

WINDSOR Castle, Dec. 22. "His majesty has passed a pretty quiet night, and is not materially different from his late yesterday."

The statement which appeared in a morning paper of Saturday last, that the marquis Wellesley was of late studiously kept himself aloof from the premier and his proceedings, is entirely false.

Ministers have settled with the English distillers, that if they shall continue to use sugar only in the distillation after the 31st of this month, they will propose to parliament to equalize the duty...

MONDAY, DECEMBER 29. We received this morning the following letter:—

WINDSOR, Dec. 21. "It is stated that the number of physicians at present in attendance on his majesty will shortly be decreased; and in that event, the management of his majesty's disorder will in a great degree devolve on Dr. Willis, who will remain in constant attendance about the royal person."

LISBON, DEC. 2. "About 10,000 French are entrenched in and about Santarem. Lord Wellington's head-quarters are still at Cartaxa; and part of our army is advanced beyond, and have separated the French from the campaign county."

Immediately after the president of the United States had issued the proclamation declaring that the Berlin and Milan decrees were repealed, and that France had taken off her restrictions upon neutral commerce, several ships sailed from the United States for France, one of these, the first that arrived, was immediately seized and confiscated upon entering a French port, and the crew made prisoners.

A deputation of merchants trading to the United States waited upon the marquis Wellesley on Saturday, for the purpose of ascertaining if his lordship had any answer to communicate to the application that had been made a short time back on the subject of the Berlin and Milan decrees...

DEATH OF THE DUKE OF QUEENSBURY. This venerable peer died yesterday afternoon, at his house in Piccadilly, in the 86th year of his age. For several days his strength and spirits had so much forsaken him, that no hopes were entertained of his recovery, and nature at length became so completely exhausted, he serenely breathed his last without a groan.

On Saturday night or early yesterday morning, St. Paul's Cathedral was robbed of the whole of the church service of plate, of considerable value.

The plate carried off consisted of a large waiter of singular workmanship, weighing 126 ounces; the back of a large bible and prayer book (silver), 200 ounces; two silver salvers, nearly 200 ounces; other waiters, and two large silver candlesticks, 330 ounces; 120 other candlesticks, 200 ounces; four flag-gons, 400 ounces; two chalices, &c. 112 ounces; two smaller ditto, 50 ounces. These articles, or most of them, were used on Friday last at a private ordination by the bishop of Lincoln; and after they were done with, they were locked up in the plate room, immediately over the vestry, in iron chests, which had on them padlocks as well as other locks.

containing the plate had been broken open with an iron crow, or some such instrument, after having opened the padlock in the usual way. Notice was immediately given to the magistratus at Bow Street, and the other officers. Mr. Read, the principal magistrate at the former office, and Mr. Stafford, the chief clerk, inspected the apartments, &c. in the afternoon, and the most vigilant means are using to detect the villain guilty of this outrage.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 25. The following bulletin was issued this morning at St. James's:—

WINDSOR Castle, Dec. 25. "His majesty had a severe attack of fever yesterday evening; but he got some hours' sleep in the night, and the symptoms are very much abated this morning."

Extract of a letter from his excellency marquis general lord Wellington, to his excellency Don Miguel Pereira Forjaz, dated the 8th of December, 1810:—

"No alteration of importance has taken place in the position of the enemy's troops since the 1st inst. the date of your antecedent dispatch which I transmitted to your excellency, relative to the operations of the campaign. I have no accounts from Cadix since the 19th of last month."

Cadix Gazette to the 14th November have arrived. The place continued healthy. The council of regency has applied to the cortes for an enlistment of 80,000 men to recruit and augment the different Spanish armies, on which subject a decree was ordered to be drawn up on the 15th of November.

An insurrection against the French has broken out in the Sierra of Velez Malaga. More than thirty villages have raised the standard of war, and appointed Don Jose Segovia their chief, and other commanders—more than 1000 men are in arms. They have received 15,000 cartridges from Malaga, and have already routed 200 French belonging to those in Malaga.

The war of the flying parties increases throughout Spain—some of them have entered Segovia, and other considerable places, and destroyed the French garrisons. We are not acquainted with the details of the various actions, because the communication throughout the interior of Spain is very difficult for want of posts, and the chiefs are more employed in active exertions, than writing accounts.

LISBON, Dec. 3. Extract of an official communication from marquis general lord Wellington to his excellency Miguel Pereira Forjaz, dated Cartaxa, December 1, 1810:—

"The corps of the enemy's troops, the advanced guard of which engaged with the troops commanded by gen. Silveira, on the 14th of last month, moved to the left, and made its appearance on the 19th, in the Serralunga, on the Cos, where it marched in the direction of Belmonte and Fundao, and taking the two roads which lead to the Zereza, through lower Beira, reached Cardaga on the 25th of the same month."

"The militia of the Lower Beira continually hung on the rear of the enemy, and caused him a considerable loss. The said detachment of the enemy's troops consists of those which left Portugal with general Fox, who went to Paris—and of those belonging to the three corps of the army of Portugal, which were left in Salamanca, Ciudad Rodrigo, and Almeida, to garrison the said places—of three or four battalions, detached from the 8th corps by order of the emperor, under the command of general Serras, for the purpose of manœuvring on the frontiers—and of the convalescents of the army of Portugal—composing, in the whole, a force of about 2400 men."

"It is difficult to ascertain the exact number of the said reinforcements, but in my estimation it does not exceed 8000 men."

"The troops who compose the 9th corps form the garrison of those places in Castile whence the troops were drawn who lately entered Portugal. The enemy continues to maintain himself in Santarem, the strength of which position has been considerably increased—he has also fortified a post in Punhete, on the left bank of the river Zereza, and another in the environs of Penner and Alcantrés, on the right of the position of Santarem, and watches with the most careful attention all our movements in that direction."

"The weather has been continually very bad ever since the middle of November, the cross roads are altogether impassable for artillery, and very difficult for the passage of infantry, while, at the same time, the waters are out, and the low grounds overflowed."

"All the accounts which I receive from Castile unanimously assure me, that the Spanish flying parties continue to act with the utmost activity, and that their operations against the enemy have of late proved very successful."

"I have the honour to remain, with consideration and respect. (Signed) 'WELLESLEY'."