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Dungarvan Observer

MUNSTER INDUSTRIAL ADVOCATE

Dungarvan Observer.

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SATURDAY, JUNE 23, 1934.

Price 2d.

A Great Augustinian.

CELEBRATION IN NEW ROSS.

New Ross was the scene on Sunday of remarkable animation on the occasion of the religious and civil celebrations of the centenary of the death of the great "J.K.L." Dr. James Warren Doyle, Bishop of Kildare and Leighlin, whose work in winning Catholic emancipation will be immortal. The town was elaborately and gorgeously decorated. All the public bodies of the county, attended in State at the ceremonies, at which there were several bands and some twenty thousand people.

At the Solemn High Mass in the Augustinian Church, Very Rev. Fr. Conlan, O.S.A., Prior, New Ross, was the celebrant. The deacon was Very Rev. Fr. Redmond, Prior, O.S.A., Cork; sub-deacon, Very Rev. Fr. Farragher, Prior, O.S.A., Dungarvan; master of ceremonies, Very Rev. Fr. Connolly, Prior, O.S.A., Galway. In the sanctuary were Right Rev. Monsignor Cleary, P.P., Vicar-General, Diocese of Ferns; Very Rev. Dr. Hennessy, Provincial, O.S.A.; Rev. L. Coghlan, P.P., Roseberry; Rev. P. Lowery, P.P., Innistogie; Rev. P. Murphy, B.A., C.C., New Ross; Rev. P. Donegan, O.S.A., Dungarvan; Rev. Fr. Crotty, O.S.A., Callan; Rev. P. J. Hickey, O.S.A., New Ross; Rev. T. Veale, O.S.A., New Ross; Rev. M. O'Brien, New Ross; Rev. T. Cooney, O.S.A., Orlagh; Rev. J. C. O'Driscoll, O.S.A., Limerick; Very Rev. B. O'Sullivan, O.S.A., Dublin; Very Rev. Fr. Aloysius, O.F.M., Guardian, Wexford; Very Rev. Fr. Hoyne, Prior, Prior, O.S.A., Granstown; Rev. Bro. Arnold, De La Salle, Waterford; Very Rev. E. Mansfield, Prior, O.S.A., Ballyhaunis; Rev. Bro. Lyons, New Ross. Mrs. O'Hara, A.L.C.M., Dungarvan, presided at the organ, while Mrs. Fetherstone and Mr. J. Keohan, of the Dungarvan choir, sang with that exquisiteness for which they are noted and which delighted not only the congregation, but listeners-in everywhere. The ceremonies were broadcasted.

THE PANEGYRIC.

After the first Gospel Very Rev. Fr. Canice, O.M.Cap., Guardian, Cork, delivered an eloquent and searching panegyric on "J.K.L." Speaking of the present day, the Rev. preacher referred to the huge number who confess their sins, "and refresh their souls with the Real Presence of the Saviour in Holy Communion every month and every week." Everywhere the word of God was meeting with love and humility, and Third Orders and Sodalties were in a flourishing condition. There was, in fact, said the preacher, a hunger for the word of God throughout the country, and Christian education—that important thing for which J.K.L. worked so manfully—was being propagated in all parts of the country, amongst the workers in this cause being the Patriotic Brothers and the Bridgeline Nuns, both offsprings of Bishop Doyle's enthusiasm. There was, said the preacher, a steady growth in the number of contemplative orders in the country—orders of men and women whose every hour was an hour of prayer, and whose prayers and austerities were oases of grace amongst the desert. We in Ireland, said Father Canice, were realising that we must co-operate with the Church in spreading the word of God. We were praying for the extension of the frontiers of God and were sending priests and nuns to take their stand bravely at the outposts of the church. With willing hearts those priests and nuns went, so that more and more souls may come to God; and at home the consecrated hands of sisters raised up those who had fallen from the path of right, whilst the Society of St. Vincent de Paul saw working men and professional men co-operate in the helping of the poor and visiting even the prisoners to bring help to those inside the walls. Then there was the Legion of Mary, which in its brief span of life had much spiritual good to its credit.

But all those orders and institutions we have mentioned, said the preacher, were only external signs of Ireland's goodness. Who could tell the lives of hidden holiness lived amongst us today and the great heroism of souls who followed God through every temptation? Every day we passed in the street unsuspected saints, of which Matthew Talbot, Dublin labourer, was a type. The tide of God's grace was sweeping copiously over the land, and there were many of Matt Talbot's type in the country to-day whose inmost souls were suffused with a divine light. For all this tide of grace the mitred prior, Bishop Doyle, had paved the way and although his soul had long since fled his body, his name still lived and would live through the ages. The preacher asked his hearers to picture the pride which would have swelled the heart of Bishop Doyle had he been present two years ago when in our

WATERFORD CO. BOARD OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE.

Ald. T. D. Connolly, Chairman, presided at the monthly meeting of the above on Wednesday. Also present Commissioner Moynihan, Messrs. P. Caulfield, T. Dunne, T. Tracey, J. Cosgrave, J. O'Donovan, T. Synnot.

WELCOME TO COMMISSIONER.

Mr. O'Donovan said before proceeding with the business he would like to extend to Mr. Moynihan a very hearty welcome to the meeting.

Mr. Treacy seconded. The Chairman joined in welcoming Mr. Moynihan. He was sure that they would all work harmoniously for the betterment of the poor people of the County and City. He was also glad Mr. Moynihan was here, because he would become, so to speak, a connecting link between themselves and Dublin, and thereby help to expedite some of the schemes on their hands.

Mr. Moynihan expressed thanks for the welcome extended to him and hoped that the best of relations would exist between the Board and himself. He also expressed the hope that he would see the same faces here at the next meeting.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

The Secretary reported that the financial statement showed a debit balance of £2,397. The payments to date including salaries amounted to £7,005, that brings the debit balance to £9,002. The amounts forthcoming from the Co. Council and Corporation on July 1st would be £15,270 which would leave them a credit balance of £5,866. He suggested a resolution asking sanction for a further overdraft of £10,000.

Mr. Cosgrave—What is the cause of our overdraft?

Secretary—Our estimate was cut down by £10,000.

The Secretary explained that the Unemployment Act was principally the cause of the reduction as an allowance of £12,000 was made in respect of that.

Mr. O'Donovan—You can't form an opinion yet on that Act. It is going very slowly.

Chairman—There are 3,000 claims being investigated in the city. So far there is a reduction of £170 in the city. I don't know about the county.

Secretary—The reduction in the county is small. In the meantime we are paying Home Assistance.

Mr. Moynihan—Did you make a corresponding reduction in expenses?

Secretary—No.

Mr. Cosgrave—What are we losing by working on an overdraft?

Secretary—It would not be very much.

Mr. Cosgrave—But it is a dead loss. It would be better to strike a rate.

A resolution was passed asking for a further overdraft of £10,000.

CO. HOME SEWER.

The Secretary drew attention to the 50/50 arrangement between the Board and the Urban District Council in connection with the making of a new sewer from the Co. Home, and pointed out that there was one condition in the agreement regarding the keeping in repair of the sewer. The Urban District Council wanted this clause to be 50/50 also, but as our solicitor points out, under the Public Health Act, the care of a sewer is vested in the Sanitary Authority, in this case the Urban District Council is the Sanitary Authority.

Mr. Cosgrave—Did you agree to go 50/50?

Secretary—No. At the time the agreement was drawn up, I drew attention to it.

Mr. Cosgrave—I don't agree that this Board should contribute anything towards the upkeep of the sewer.

lic Health Act, there is no obligation on them to go 50/50 towards the upkeep of a sewer.

DOCTOR RESIGNS.

Dr. Walsh, Kilmacthomas, wrote tendering his resignation as Dispensary Doctor for the Kilmacthomas area. He wished to thank the Board for their kindness and courtesy to him during his term of office.

The Secretary said two existing officials were seeking a transfer. The sanction of the Department should be obtained for that.

The Secretary was directed to take the necessary steps to have the vacancy filled.

LISMORE FEVER HOSPITAL.

With regard to the application by the Board for the Department's sanction to the sale of the above,

The Department wrote stating that the matter was one which should be taken up with the Board's Solicitor.

It was decided to consult the solicitor on the matter.

INCREASES REFUSED.

The Ministry wrote refusing to sanction the increase granted to Mr. O'Meara, Assistance Officer, Waterford.

Mr. O'Donovan—We should ask them to reconsider. Mr. O'Meara's duties since his appointment are increased considerably. It is not right that an officer in such a responsible position should have a wage smaller than a labourer's wage.

Mr. Caulfield referring to the increased duties, said at one time the number of recipients were not 300. This year in one week they were over 1,400.

The Commissioner undertook to place the facts before the Minister.

The Department also wrote stating that they saw no reason why the salary of Mr. James Walsh, Charge Hand, Co. Home Laundry, should be increased.

Secretary—The Board gave its reason for the increase and pointed out to the Department that it was granted because of increased duties, which included attendance on Sundays.

It was decided to ask the Department to reconsider their decision.

The Department also wrote refusing sanction to the increase granted to the Porter, Co. Home, Dungarvan, stating that there seemed to be no alteration in his duties.

The Secretary explained that the Board allowed the porter at the Co. Home the same salary as the one at the County Hospital, and in this case he has much more work than the Co. Hospital porter, inasmuch as he has two gates to attend to.

The Board decided to ask the Department to reconsider their decision.

SMALL BATH.

Mr. Jephson, Engineer, reported that the cost of putting in a bath at the Nurses Ward, Maternity Hospital would be £5.

Mr. Caulfield—Considering that we are soon to have a new hospital, we should go slow.

The Secretary, reading from the minutes of the Co. Hospital Committee meeting, said that the reason for the change was that the existing bath was too small.

The matter was deferred.

UNIFORM.

The ambulance driver, Co. Home, was granted a uniform on application, cost not to exceed £5.

CO. HOME COMMITTEE.

The Secretary informed the members that the usual meeting of the Co. Home Committee was not held this month, as the members have now disappeared. He would like to know if the Commissioner would now deal with the business.

The Commissioner agreed to deal with such matters after the Board of Health meetings on the second Wednesday of each month.

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

Mr. Phelan, Superintendent Assistance Officer, reported three men from the city who obtained Home Assistance after making false declarations.

The Board made an order to prosecute in each case.

HOME ASSISTANCE.

Mr. Phelan also reported that the amount of Home Assistance paid during the month was £2,815 12s. 11d., for the previous month the amount was £3,428 and for the corresponding month last year £3,421.

Asked as to what reduction took place owing to the working of the Unemployment Assistance Act, Mr. Phelan said that in the city the reduction weekly was £130 to £140 and in the county £11 or £12.

Mount Melleray, Cappoquin.

NEW LADIES' GUEST HOUSE.

Many important and extensive improvements have been carried out within recent years in connection with the fine range of buildings at Mount Melleray Monastery, but we think the latest addition, the erection of a spacious New Guest House for ladies can be safely described as one of the most useful and necessary works yet carried out at this famous Cistercian Abbey.

It may not be generally known that the rules of this Order forbid ladies from sleeping within the precincts of the Monastery when on a visit, and while they are always treated with the greatest kindness, courtesy and hospitality by the priests and monks of the Community, they have to find sleeping accommodation outside the gates of the Monastery.

For this reason a small Ladies' Guest House had been erected outside the Melleray gates many years ago which proved ample for all requirements up to a year or two ago, but owing to the great popularity which Mount Melleray has been attaining year by year with lady visitors from all parts of the world the existing accommodation was at length found to be totally inadequate to cope with modern requirements, and the building of a new and more commodious Ladies' Guest House was decided on last year.

Towards the end of last year plans and specifications for the New Ladies' Guest House were prepared by Messrs. Jones and Kelly, Dublin, and the work of erection was commenced soon afterwards, the entire work being carried out by direct labour under the supervision of the members of the Community.

A large staff of local and other men found remunerative employment there for several months, and as the work was carried on without the slightest interruption in the meantime the building was completed quite recently.

The new building, which is erected on the site of the old one outside the avenue gates leading into the Monastery, presents a beautiful and commanding appearance, the frontage being finished in white block cement which adds greatly to the artistic aspect of the entire structure.

The front entrance is facing Cappoquin, so that visitors approaching the Monastery from this direction can get an early foretaste of the more noble and imposing buildings to be seen within the Monastery gates.

Long corridors run along the entire length of the building inside on both floors, with a long row of cosy and well-appointed bedrooms along the side, the entire lay-out of the place conforming strictly with the comfort and requirements of the most fastidious guests.

The building contains 22 richly-furnished bedrooms and 3 large and well-ventilated parlours, all the bedrooms being supplied with hot and cold water, while the most modern bathrooms and washing rooms have also been provided, the entire building being electrically lighted throughout, and with the polished floors richly carpeted, and every other detail carefully attended to, the new Guest House enjoys all the luxury and amenities of the most modern hotel.

Lady visitors to Mount Melleray in future will find a welcome and surprising treat in store for them, while those who on account of the rather limited accommodation previously available, may have felt reluctant to visit the place need no longer have any misgivings on this point, as ample and comfortable accommodation is now available for as many ladies as are likely to ever visit it at the one time.

Much has been done to beautify and improve Mount Melleray within recent years, more particularly since the election of the present saintly and progressive Lord Abbot, Dom Celsus O'Connell.

DEATH OF MISS MARY HASSETT.

On Thursday 17th inst., Miss Mary Hassett, passed away at her home, the residence of her brother, Mr. Denis Hassett, Ashdown, Kilmacthomas. She was one of an old and respectable family, widely connected and well and popularly known in the Decies. Her quiet and gentle disposition gained for her a special place in the friendship of her neighbours on all sides. She had been in failing health for some months past, and her death (at a comparatively early age) was a truly peaceful and happy one. Her funeral to Clonea-Power parish church was of great proportions, and representative of the clergy and all classes of the people. She was buried in the adjoining cemetery amid many manifestations of sincere sorrow. Numerous messages of condolence are gratefully acknowledged by the family.—R.I.P.

Reserve! Saturday, June 30th,

— FOR THE —

Balloon Carnival!

WHICH WILL BE HELD AT THE

Strand Palace, Youghal

(THE BALLROOM ON THE EDGE OF THE ATLANTIC).

Commencing at 10 p.m. 2/6 each (tax included).

Four Draws for 10s. Notes at Midnight.

SUNDAY—TWO SESSIONS.

First Session—8 to 10, 1/- (for visitors who cannot remain over).

Second Session—10.30 to 1 a.m., 1/6 each.

MUSIC BY

The Commanders

Lead by JOE HODSON.

BRACING SEA AIR WHILE DANCING!

Enjoyable Concert in Cappoquin.

Under the auspices of the Directors of the Cappoquin Sportsfield a most enjoyable Vocal and Instrumental Concert was held in the Boathouse Hall, Cappoquin, on Friday week and proved most successful from a musical point of view.

The event was well patronised and the enthusiastic and appreciative spirit of the audience proved a great tribute to the high degree of talent and versatility displayed by the various artists who took part.

The majority of the performers were pupils of the Elocution, Singing and Dancing Classes conducted in Tallow, Lismore and Cappoquin by Mrs. Violet McCarthy, Lismore, (late of the Abbey Theatre, Dublin), and the excellent manner in which all acquitted themselves in these subjects gave ample proof of the careful and successful manner in which they had been trained by this clever and highly-accomplished lady.

The juvenile performers were ably augmented by several adult artists from Cappoquin, Lismore and Tallow whose vocal contributions were a rare treat to listen to and which made the programme one of outstanding merit in every respect.

The programme was opened with a Prologue which was beautifully delivered by Miss Helen Curran, Cappoquin, and was followed by a recitation entitled "Seeing Fairies" by Miss P. Beecher, Tallow. A Classical Dance by the Misses Rosamund Ebrill, Cappoquin, and Eleanor Crowe, do., was most gracefully executed and was loudly applauded.

A recitation "The Little White Maid" was given with great elocutionary power by Miss Helen Curran, Cappoquin, while several attractive songs and dances were very cleverly given by four pretty and talented girls from Cappoquin, the Misses Berry Sargent, M. Keating, Tessie Mason and Pauline Collender, for which they were loudly applauded.

A recitation, "The Legend of Peter Gilligan," was given with much dramatic effect by Miss Eleanor Crowe, Cappoquin, after which Mrs. Harty, Lismore, sang "For You Alone" in such a sweet and appealing manner that she had to respond to an imperative encore when she sang "Sea and Sky," with equally good effect. Master Sean Kelleher, Tallow, a winner in elocution at the Father Matthew Feis, Cork, fully sustained his reputation by his stirring recitation, "My Grave," for which he received a well-merited encore. An Irish Reel was beautifully danced by the Misses R. Ebrill, Cappoquin, and E. Crowe, do., whose graceful and well-timed evolutions were a marvel of perfection for such young performers.

The same talented young ladies won further honours with a series of pretty songs and dances from "The Arcadians," while the beautiful recitation, "Death In Exile," was given with great expression and elocutionary effect by Miss Nellie Forde, a charming young artist from Tallow.

The second part of the programme was opened with a pretty action song and chorus by the entire class, entitled "Cock Robin," after which Miss

R. Ebrill, Cappoquin, displayed great declamatory talent by her effective recitation, "Abou Ben Adam," with piano accompaniment, for which she was very warmly applauded and encored. A "Consolation Dance" by Miss Tessie Mason, Cappoquin, and Miss Pauline Collender, do., proved a most delightful treat, after which Mrs. Ivy Crowe, Cappoquin, charmed the audience by her beautiful singing of "Bonny Mary of Argyle," to which her rich and well-trained voice did the fullest justice, and in response to a loud and prolonged encore she sang "Songs of Songs," with even greater success, for which she was again enthusiastically applauded.

A piano solo, "Study in D," was given with great artistic finish by Miss R. Ebrill, Cappoquin, after which Miss Twomey, Tallow, a gold medalist at the Father Matthew Feis, Cork, delighted all by her tuneful and expressive singing of "Hills of Donegal" which won for her a richly-deserved encore, when she responded with "Teddy O'Neill," in which her rich mezzo-soprano voice was again heard at its best.

Mr. J. Fogarty, Lismore, proved himself a versatile and side-splitting comedian by his effective singing of two humorous songs, "The Farmer's Boy," (in character), and a parody on "Bonny Mary of Argyle," which was followed by Mrs. Harty, Lismore, whose cultured and musical voice was heard to great effect in the songs, "Salaam," and "Oh, Dry Those Tears" for which she was most enthusiastically applauded.

A delightful Fantasy, "Betty's Dream," was then performed by a number of Mrs. McCarthy's pupils, including the Misses Angela and Pauline Collender, Lal Ryan, Mona Moloney, Kathleen O'Dwyer, Tessie Mason, Eleanor Crowe, Helen Curran, R. Ebrill, N. Forde, B. Hynes, and Masters Willie Sargent, J. Walsh, J. O'Connell, Sean Kelleher, etc., in a most effective and dramatic manner. Master Willie Sargent, as "The Giant" being an outstanding character in the cast.

A pretty Sketch, entitled "The Wedding of The Painted Doll," was very cleverly performed by Miss Pauline Collender and Master Sean Kelleher, assisted by the entire class of pupils, and after some pretty figure dancing and other items by Mrs. McCarthy's pupils, the singing of The National Anthem" concluded the programme.

HOLIDAYING.

Last week-end, Rev. Michael Flynn, C.C., second son of Mrs. Flynn and the late Mr. Pat Flynn, Killerguile, Clonea-Power, arrived at his old home on a holiday from the Diocese of Salford (England), where he has been ministering since his ordination two years ago. His hosts of friends and well-wishers on all sides locally, were glad to see his Reverence in excellent health. Fr. Flynn has a great grad for the grand old game of hurling, and after celebrating early Mass in Kilmacthomas Convent Church on Sunday, he joined the excursion train to Tralee for the Waterford-Kerry Senior and minor Munster Championship caman clashes.



Revision of Constituencies

YOUGHAL GOES TO WATERFORD.

PROTEST BY MR. BRODERICK, T.D.

In the Dail last week, Mr. W. Broderick (U.I.P., Cork E.) moving an amendment to exclude Youghal Urban and Rural from the Waterford constituency, said he had in mind the principles laid down by the Minister for his guidance on the introduction of this Bill, to retain as far as possible county boundaries, historical associations, and unified national and administrative activities. He submitted that the transferring of Youghal and neighbourhood to Waterford conflicts with all those principles.

"Before taking up the arguments in favour of the amendment," said Mr. Broderick, "I wish to deny some of the statements made in this House, that there is a desire on the part of Waterford to grab a portion of Cork, and that there is, as I have heard stated, a traditional hostility between the people of Cork and Waterford. I may say that many of our public men in Youghal and some of its most respected and appreciated citizens—themselves or their parents originated in that county. In fact, the best relations exist, as they should, between the peoples of the two counties. You have had submitted to you, resolutions from the Youghal Urban Council and from the Cork County Council, expressions of opinion from public men of all parties opposed to the proposal of the Minister to absorb Youghal into Waterford Constituency. Waterford as a county has great national traditions—the home of many of our country's most distinguished men. As fellow Irishmen we are proud of them. They have their national traditions to preserve, and we readily grant to them their right in doing so. They have their county intact. They have their administrative and their national interests unified within the boundaries of their county. Surely, what we enthusiastically support for them, you or this House will find no fault, if we demand the same for ourselves."

The Minister states that East Cork and the Co. Waterford have not sufficient electors to entitle them to a four-member constituency each. East Cork has 79,000 and some few hundred, and Waterford the lesser, with nearly 79,000. The Minister's plan is to take Youghal and its immediate neighbourhood, and transfer them to the County of Waterford, thereby providing sufficient electors to entitle Waterford to be a four-member constituency. In doing so he cuts across every principle he laid down for his own guidance. He claims that in doing so he is dominated by the Constitution. The Constitution lays down a minimum of 20,000 and a maximum of 30,000. Waterford falls short by a couple of hundred votes to entitle it to a four-member constituency. I am not going to put up the argument that East Cork has more of a population. I readily grant that Waterford is an important county, and should have its four members. We in Cork have 16 members. It has been frequently demonstrated in this House that that number can be relied on to advance or protect county interests. That being so, it would appear selfish for me to suggest reducing the Waterford representation for the advantage of Cork, and I have not the slightest intention of doing so.

The case for the amendment is leaving Youghal in East Cork and East Cork a 3-member constituency. We will have 26,000 electors to each representative, a figure which complies with the Constitution, while Waterford have 19,800. It is clearly a matter of choice of whether the Minister is to be governed by the principles he laid down on the introduction of this Bill—the retention of county boundaries, the holding together of administrative and national interests as a unit, and the preservation of historical associations and background, or whether he is to so slightly infringe the Constitution that it is hardly noticeable (19,800 of voters instead of 20,000), a figure which is in all probability at the present moment rectified, the electorate in the Saorstát being increased by 50,000. I do not know what the Minister's choice will be, but I am satisfied that the unfettered opinion of this House will decide in favour of the retention of county boundaries and of the principles I have advocated, and I am equally satisfied that all considered opinion outside this House will endorse the motives of this amendment. If the Minister still maintains that according to the Constitution it cannot be done, one would be tempted to ask when did the Minister develop this Oriental submission and reverence for the Constitution, because one cannot regard the suggested figures for each Deputy as being in any way interpreted as a vital portion of the Constitution, particularly as the very words used in the Acts are "as near as possible," and the Minister's primary object—the reduction of a member—achieved.

To concentrate the mind of the House on what is being done in our case, I might point to the similarity of the situation of Limerick City. Limerick is not one third the distance from Clare that Youghal is from Waterford. A half dozen bridges across the Shannon bring the two counties into close association. A good deal of the suburbs are in the Co. Clare, yet one can readily conceive the indignation of the people of Limerick of the Minister attempted to make Sarsfield's city a little considered portion of Clare constituency, and if the members of his own party representing the city supported an Act of that kind they would

not be long representatives of an outraged and indignant people. There are occasions of tragedy or impending disaster when one drops the mask of calm unconcern and reveals what is Youghal Goes to Waterford—TWO.

normally reserved to the privacy of his own mind. This is one of them. I sincerely hope sir that you or this House will not think we feel too intensely in this matter, or that we have too great a regard for our historical past. You cannot realise the affection that we have for our town and all that concerns it. A few evenings back, walking beneath the old town walls, looking up at them towering 100 feet over my head, their massive structure defying time, their old cannon still in place, eloquent monuments to the determination of former generations of our townsmen to preserve their individuality—abbeys north and south, friaries and monasteries—silent witnesses, to our spiritual and intellectual past. In all ages the people of that town have taken a leading part in the struggle for religious and national liberty, and each hallowed spot has its history of sacrifice on the altar of one or both. I would despise myself if any word or act of mine tended in the smallest degree to revive old or bitter memories. I have nothing but contempt for the mind that wallows in the traditions of hatred and creeds of revenge in the broader atmosphere of to-day, of better understanding, mutual appreciation, and respect.

At this point Deputy Hugo Flinn, who was standing at the top of the gangway in the division lobby, made a remark that was inaudible in the Press Gallery. Turning towards Deputy Flinn, Mr. Broderick exclaimed angrily—"I would like to say that the person who is entirely disassociated from this country, the person whose appearance is so very objectionable, ought at least to pay me the honour of listening to me in silence. I have listened in silence and contempt to him."

Mr. Gilligan—Let Deputy Flinn come into the House if he is going to speak or go back to Liverpool. Mr. Broderick—Can there be a more contemptible creature than one who is so entirely disassociated from our national life, one who can know nothing of our hopes and ambitions, one whose future is securely invested in another country, one who lives here in security bringing misery on his unfortunate country and playing the part of agent provocateur between our selves and the people on the other side. You are outside the House now, Deputy. I can give you nothing but the contempt of a creature like you deserves. I have to apologise to the House and to the Minister, but I am sure you will all agree it was not my fault.

Continuing, Mr. Broderick said that for over 700 years we have had a corporate town, always having our own representatives. Isaac Butt, one of its members framed the first Home Rule Bill. Many of its townspeople were leaders of the movement. It was the centre of the lanc agitation. I remember as a child seeing that revered pastor, the late Monsignor (then Father) Kelleher led out a prisoner and lodged in Kilmartin. Visualising all this, no wonder we feel that we who survived the occupation and domination of Cromwell should in this our own day, by the act of a Minister of the National Government created by our own people be torn from all our historical past and thrown to a neighbouring county across the Blackwater at its widest portion—a mile wide—with little consideration as if we were merely an addition to a labourer's half acre, talking with us one of the neighbouring villages—Ballymacoda, the birthplace, and burial place of Peter O'Neill Crowley and many of the young men who gave their lives in the late movement. I view this Act, however, and many others, as expediency measures having no elements of permanency in them. I regard the welter of brutal passion which nowadays masquerades as patriotic or national activities as a transitory phase. Reason will yet reassert itself and the real characteristics of our people will declare themselves, and as becomes a Christian nation, we will concentrate our energies on the only victories which will leave no regret—victories over vices, ignorance, and inhuman conditions of life. When that time comes we desire to take our place in the midst of our old associations, which will be to us an inspiration and guide. In view of all these considerations, I would appeal to the Minister to accept this amendment, particularly as it is practically certain that the members that we are short are made up on the present additions to the franchise of over 50,000 new voters. If the Minister feels that he cannot accept responsibility, let him leave the question to a free vote of the House. The reason why I ask this is twofold. First, if the Minister carries it through with a mechanical majority, many of that majority having already declared against it, we will always resent his action as an unnecessary and tyrannical abuse of power. Secondly, if he leaves it to a free vote of the House, and even if the decision is against us, much as we regret it, and we will regret it intensely, we will respect the decision of our national Parliament.

BACK TO RALEIGH.

Mr. Goulding (F.F., Waterford), said that while they were talking of historical associations, he would point out the Raleigh had operated from Youghal, and ravaged portions of Co. Waterford. In taking over Youghal they in Waterford would be taking over many people who, if they had their way, would restore the Ireland

of Raleigh and of Spencer. Mr. Broderick—I don't believe that is at all correct. I don't know any one in Youghal who does not accept wholeheartedly the rule of this National Parliament.

Mr. Mulcahy said they now had it clear what the Fianna Fail policy was. When they could not get "a belt" at Raleigh or Spencer, or Queen Elizabeth, they tried to get it "at the mere Irish." "The mere Irish" were going to be trampled under foot. Mr. Corry (F.F., East Cork), said he regretted the attempt being made to hedge with any political significance what was being done. He was anxious that the town of Youghal and the districts surrounding it should be left as they were, but he certainly insisted that the people of East Cork were just as much entitled to one representative as every twenty thousand voters were the people of Cork City or of Waterford. If a change were to be made it should be in the direction of bringing portion of Co. Waterford into Co. Cork rather than what was being done.

Mr. O'Kelly (Minister for Local Government and Public Health) said that he had listened with a great deal of interest to the eloquent speech of Deputy Broderick, who certainly had great sincerity with him. He had a great deal of sympathy with Deputy Broderick, because he realised that it was a kind of wrench to him to see any portion of the area with which he had been so long associated put into another area. He (the Minister) was ruled by circumstances, and he was sorry he could not give way to the Deputy's suggestions. He realised that Deputy Broderick was not speaking in a spirit of hostility to Co. Waterford, but he could not see that there was any great sacrifice in the change. The people of Youghal had always been associated with their near neighbours in Co. Waterford, with whom they were in intimate contact in business. He did not like Deputy Mulcahy's remark about the Fianna Fail Party wiping its feet on the mere Irish. If there were anybody who did more than wipe his feet on the mere Irish it was Deputy Mulcahy, and if he were present in the House he (the Minister) would remind him of some of the wiping that he had done. Mr. Corry—And in that same town of Youghal.

Mr. O'Kelly—If any answer were necessary to a remark of such a type as Deputy Mulcahy's the people had given it more than once. Continuing, he said that the association of a portion of Co. Cork with Co. Waterford for Parliamentary purposes might not last very long. Mr. Broderick (U.I.P.) asked would the matter be left to a free vote of the House. The Minister shook his head in the negative.

On a division the amendment was defeated by 48 votes to 38 votes.

Agricultural Conditions

1st JUNE, 1934.

Weather and Work.—During the early and middle parts of the month the weather was broken with a good deal of rain, and in some districts heavy hail showers. Up to the last week the temperature was lower than is usual for May, with heavy ground frosts at night which did some damage to potatoes in peaty and low-lying lands. During the last week, however, conditions improved and the weather became warm and genial. On the whole the weather during the month was less favourable than usual to growth, and generally speaking the crops at the end of the month, although healthy, were in a more backward condition than at the corresponding period of last year. Farmers were principally occupied in preparing the land for and sowing mangel, sugar beet and turnips, in the after cultivation of the potato crop and in cutting turf. At the close of the month all seasonal farm operations were well advanced.

State of Pastures and Condition of Live Stock.—Pastures were bare at the beginning of May, but improved considerably from the middle of the month onwards, and at the close were showing a satisfactory covering of grass. Live stock came through the winter in fair average condition, and at the close of the month were beginning to reflect the benefit of the improved grazing. Dairy cattle responded to the better conditions by giving increased yields of milk. No serious outbreaks of disease among live stock were reported from any quarter.

Cereals.—Autumn sown wheat has made excellent progress and is everywhere looking exceedingly well. Spring sown crops improved considerably during the closing days of May and are very promising. The oats and barley crops have also made satisfactory progress. The area under wheat is estimated to be about double that of last year.

Catch Crops.—The area under catch crops was relatively small this year. Where grown such crops provided useful and much needed feeding for live stock during the earlier part of May. Yields were about average.

Sugar Beet, Mangels and Turnips.—The sugar beet and mangel crops were sown under favourable soil and weather conditions. Both crops germinated satisfactorily and showed a good even braird at the close of the month, giving every evidence of vigorous growth. Early sown turnips were in many cases damaged by frost and attacks of the fly, and in a number of cases re-sowings had to be made. Much of the turnip crop, however, was still to be sown at the close of the month.

Death of Mr. A. W. O'Riordan, C.E., Lismore.

Very deep and sincere regret has been caused by the death of Mr. Andrew W. O'Riordan, C.E., which occurred after a rather brief illness at his residence, The Mall, Lismore, on Thursday, 14th inst.

The late Mr. O'Riordan, belonged to one of the oldest and most respectable families in the district, the members of which have been prominently and honourably associated with the public and commercial life of Lismore for many years past. An Engineer of the highest qualifications, he acted as Assistant County Surveyor to the late Mr. Duffin, Co. Surveyor for Waterford, under the regime of the old Grand Jury for over three years, but on the abolition of this body under the Local Government Act of 1898, and the election of the Waterford Co. Council the following year, he became a transferred officer and continued to work under Mr. Duffin until the latter's retirement in 1914.

On the appointment of Mr. Bowen, the present popular efficient County Surveyor, 20 years ago, deceased still continued to fill the important position of Assistant Co. Surveyor for the West Waterford area, while he also filled the position of Engineer to the Lismore District Council and Board of Guardians until both Bodies were abolished and their duties transferred to the Board of Health and Board of Assistance, respectively, after the formation of the Free State Government. Deceased had been in the public service of the Co. Waterford for over 38 years, and during that long period he always proved himself a most brilliant and trustworthy official who carried out the erection of several extensive schemes of Labourers' Cottages, Sewerage Schemes, Road-making and repair work, etc., in a manner which gave the greatest satisfaction to all.

The various contractors who carried out schemes under his supervision always found him to be a most kindly and considerate gentleman who never harassed them or placed any difficulties in their way, and it is safe to say that he enjoyed their confidence and respect to the last. In private life he was one of the most amiable and lovable of men, and his charming personality and generous traits of character won for him the esteem of all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance.

He was married to a prominent and popular Lismore lady, Miss N. Meade, sister of the late Mr. P. J. Meade, one of Ireland's best-known Journalists in his day, and has left behind him one son and one daughter, the former, Mr. Thomas G. O'Riordan, now occupying the responsible position of District Accountant, E.S.B. in Portlaoighe (Maryboro).

His death at the age of 68 years has deprived Lismore of one of its most prominent and popular citizens, and the deepest sympathy of all will be offered to his respected widow, children and other relatives in their sad bereavement. On Friday evening the remains were removed from his late residence to St. Carthage's Catholic Cathedral, Lismore, when there was a remarkably large attendance of the general public from Lismore, Cappoquin, Dungarvan, Tallow and other districts, which proved a striking and eloquent tribute of respect to the memory of the deceased.

The coffin was borne through the town on the shoulders of the professional and business men of Lismore, the cortege being headed by the Rev. W. O'Riordan, Chaplain to the Air Force, Baldonnel, and the Rev. R. Lane, Diocesan Inspector, Waterford, (cousins of deceased), Very Rev. W. T. Canon Burke, P.P., V.F., Lismore, Rev. T. O'Gorman, C.C., do.; Rev. R. Power, C.C., do.; and Rev. Father Murphy, C.C., do., received the remains at the Cathedral.

On Saturday morning Requiem Masses were offered up for the repose of his soul by the Very Rev. Canon Burke, Lismore, and the Rev. W. O'Riordan, Baldonnel, before very large congregations, and at 2 o'clock on that day the interment took place in the Parochial Cemetery, Lismore, when there was another large attendance of the general public from all parts including the principal officials of the Waterford Co. Council, and also prominent representatives of the Electricity Supply Board from Dublin, Portlaoighe, Waterford and other places.

The above-named six priests again headed the funeral, the final prayers at the graveside being recited by the Rev. W. O'Riordan, Baldonnel.

The chief mourners included:—Mrs. N. O'Riordan, (widow); Thos. G. O'Riordan (son); Miss Noreen O'Riordan (daughter); the Misses Margaret and Agnes O'Riordan, Lismore, (sisters); Mrs. K. Donovan, Dublin, Mrs. Hannah O'Brien, Lismore, and Miss Margaret Meade, do.; (sisters-in-law); Thos. P. Meade, B.E. Co. Surveyor, South Tipperary; Rev. Wm. O'Riordan, Chaplain Air Force, Baldonnel; Rev. Richard Lane, Diocesan Inspector, Waterford; Mrs. Lane, N.T., Modeligo; Miss May Walsh, do.; Andrew Lane, do.; Miss Kitty Lane, do.; Miss Mabel Lane, do.; Mrs. Delaney, and Master Andrew Delaney, Urlingford, Co. Kilkenny; Michael and Mrs. Sheehan, Cork; Miss Emily Walsh, Cashel; Mrs. Elizabeth Crowley, Cork; Miss M. Corbett, Deepark, Lismore; Daniel and Michael Murray, Tourin, Cappoquin; James P. O'Donnell, Ballinwilling, do.; Miss H. J. Lawless, N.T., Cappoquin; Mrs. M. Lawless, do., etc. (cousins and relatives). The Waterford Co. Council was represented by Messrs. J. Bowen, B.E.,

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Ladies' Grey Lizard, one-bar ... 7s 6d
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Co. Surveyor; J. H. O'Sullivan, Secretary; J. Ormond, B.E.; A. W. McCormisky, T. B. Boyle, Accountant, M. Fuge, Patk. O'Gorman, Lismore; J. W. O'Gorman, Solicitor, Board of Health, etc., while the Electricity Supply Board was represented by Messrs. W. P. Fox, B.E., District Engineer, Portlaoighe; T. J. Sheehan, do.; P. J. Cremin, Accountant, Waterford; M. J. Wyley, do., and E. Hayden, do.

Mass Cards were laid on the grave from The Presentation Community, Lismore; May Walsh, Modeligo; Elizabeth Lane, do.; J. P. Daly and family, Lismore; Michael and Cecilia Foley, do.; Patrick O'Gorman and family; Jack and Kathleen O'Gorman, O. W. and Mrs. Madden, Andrew and Mrs. Hickey and family, John Brackett and family, Cappoquin; E. and B. O'Keefe, Tourtane, Lismore; Mrs. O'Riordan and Nora, Mall House; Jack and Maggie O'Sullivan, etc., while telegrams and letters of sympathy were received from many parts.

COWS HOLDING UP THEIR MILK.

INFLUENCE OF THE MILKER. The power of the cow to retain her milk at will has never been satisfactorily explained. This power can be exerted instantaneously, and as long as the cow cares to exert her will in this direction, the very best milk will not get a drop from her. The retention of the milk is not effected by the closing of the sphincter at the end of the teat—the cow seems to have little or no power over that part.

Holding up the milk is often the result of some irritation, and may be entirely the fault of the milker. Some cows are extremely sensitive, and a strange milker, even although a good one, will often cause them to withhold their milk for the time being. Very sore teats are a common cause and, occasionally, the result is a bad quarter. Some heifers, under careless management, will hold up their milk day after day until the habit becomes confirmed, and in some cases, it would seem to be hereditary. There is a great deal of controversy on which side a cow should be milked; but, in point of fact, there is no correct side; it is all a matter of custom. If milking is done by hand, it should always be done from the same side, but it does not matter whether

LOBSTERS. GOVERNMENT TO PAY EXPORT BOUNTY.

Arrangements have now been made whereby a bounty equal to three-fourths of the British import duty will be paid on lobsters exported to British markets from Saorstát Eireann. This bounty will apply to consignments exported to such markets from 12th June to 30th September, 1934, inclusive, and will be payable subject to conditions of which particulars can be obtained from the Department of Agriculture.

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SHOWING DAIRY CATTLE. IMPORTANCE OF TIMELY PREPARATIONS.

The showing of dairy cattle serves many useful purposes. It is a guide to more constructive breeding and helps to familiarise breeders with the better type of dairy cattle. Probably the most important reason for showing is the advertisement that it brings to the owner, and the following suggestions are made for his guidance:

Fitting cows for show should begin before their exhibition, for only in that way can they be made to show most advantageously. They should be in good flesh, not fat, but smoothly covered over all parts. Thin animals in poor condition will generally be discriminated in the ring. No particular system of feeding is necessary for dairy animals, but the feeding should be somewhat lavative.

The teaching or training of animals to walk, stand and act so as to appear to the best advantage, is a very essential part of fitting for show. They should be taught to stand erect without slouching. It is essential that an exhibit be accustomed to being handled and felt by other persons while being held by the halter. This should be taught at home during the training, so that when it is being judged there will be no fear of it becoming restless when handled by the judge.

It is not good practice to wash dairy cows. The switch may be washed to make it thoroughly white, but care should be taken to avoid washing out the yellow secretions at the end of the tail bone. The constant brushing with a soft brush should remove all dirt from the skin, and it stimulates secretions.

Likewise, the horns may be cleaned, smoothed, and polished as near showing time as possible. Depending on the condition of the horn, one may use a coarse rasp or a piece of glass to scrape the horn; this is followed in order by coarse sand-paper, fine sand-paper and pumice stone. With a soft cloth it is then oiled and polished by hard rubbing. A smart halter always adds to the appearance of an animal, and teaching it to lead well is of the utmost importance. A cow is by nature a timid, excitable animal, but if she is well handled and trained to lead for some time before she has to compete in the show ring, she will not only appear to great advantage over her untrained opponent, but she will also keep herself cleaner, because there will be no undue defecation from unusual excitement.

There is an old saying that "good horses go in all shapes." But do dairy cows milk in all shapes? It is not too certain that they do. The milk scales is, of course, the ultimate test, but a certain relationship can be claimed between conformation and production, and many "show cows" are as good at the pail as in the ring.—"Farmers' Gazette."

HARVESTERS FOR ENGLAND.
Trains passing through Athlone each day are filled with boys and girls en route for England for harvest work. Despite the strained economic relations between the countries there has been no falling off in the numbers as compared with previous years.

Feeding Pigs for Pork and Bacon.

Feeding for the economical production of pork and bacon is largely dependent on general management. Regularity of feeding is important, and when it is practised, no apparent difference in results is produced from twice to thrice daily feeding. It is very difficult to lay down any hard and fast rules regarding the quantity of food to be given a pig during the various stages of growth. Usually very good results are obtained by feeding up to the limit of the animal's appetite. During the fattening stage, the most profitable procedure is, no doubt, to force the animals along at a rapid rate, and the best way to do it is to feed abundance of concentrated food. During the bonham stage, from weaning to the age of twelve or fourteen weeks, the object is to develop a frame and constitution capable of putting on flesh at a rapid rate subsequently, and while any restriction of food would be a very grave error at that time, the feeding may be cheapened by allowing the bonhams on to pasture daily or by supplying them with green forage crops when available.

The exercise given the pigs on pastures is a considerable advantage in so far as it promotes growth and the formation of a strong constitution, thereby producing a very favourable effect on the later life of the pig. When the weather is favourable it is also a very wise practice to allow the suckling sow and her bonhams to run on pasture for portion of each day, the exercise and light effect doing them very much good indeed. During the fattening stage of the pig's life very little exercise is needed; in fact much exercise retards fattening. Treated in the way outlined and fed on a balanced ration a good strain of pigs reaches bacon weight, ready for the butcher at six months of age, but unfortunately one frequently finds that the exceptionally thrifty strains of pigs do not conform to the best type of bacon. What an immense gain would accrue to the country if all the pigs produced reached bacon weights in less than six months and at the same time produced the desirable type of carcass for bacon production.

Emphasis has been frequently laid on the advantage of light and exercise for the young pig, and all that has been said in this connection applies with greater force to the pig which is to be used for stock purposes. It is not uncommon thing to find the six months old young boar or sow a fat, stiff-going, if not crampy animal, the result of intensive indoor feeding to produce weight and body appearance. The stock pig which is given abundant exercise on the pasture is a much more vigorous and healthy animal and more likely to produce productive progeny than the one otherwise treated. Young pigs are frequently deprived of the opportunity of giving best results from efficient feeding by the presence of worm in their system.

Worms usually accompany unhygienic conditions, particularly in the early stages of life. Before the expectant sow is introduced into the farrowing pen the floor and base of the walls of the pen should be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected, and at all times the pigsty should be kept as clean as possible. And should the growing pig show symptoms of the presence of worms, namely, unthriftiness, dirty skin, and frequently a tendency to pot-belly, the animal should be dosed to kill the parasites if the very best results from food are to be expected.

Fortunately the type of pig to be found on the Irish farm is suitable alike for pork and bacon, and the production of either of these commodities from the same animal depends on the intensity of feeding. To produce a fat pig of 80 pounds weight (dead) very little time is allowable for the growth stage as such; the pig may be allowed to run on grass for a few weeks after weaning but the fattening stage proper, during which the pig is confined and receives abundance of concentrated food, must begin much earlier than if the pig were intended for bacon. In the latter case the so-called storage stage is more prolonged in order to give the animal an opportunity of growing a larger carcass.

Unlike the smaller breeds of pig, however, the Large White and Large Ulster also can be retained to bacon weights, even though prepared for pork, should the market for the latter prove unremunerative. More economical bacon results are, however, obtained by preparing the pig for the bacon market from the beginning than by "carrying on" the unsold porker to bacon weights. Similar food mixtures may be used for pork and bacon production; and the same pig may, by regulation of the treatment and of the intensity of the feeding, be converted either into a porker or a baconer as other circumstances decide.—"Farmers' Gazette."

AMOUNT OF WHEAT BOUNTY.

The Department of Agriculture intimate that, pursuant to Section 70 of the Agriculture Produce (Cereals) Act, 1932, the Minister for Agriculture has ascertained from the Sale (Home-grown Wheat) Certificates furnished to him, the amount per barrel paid for Home-grown Wheat during the Sale (Wheat) Season ended on 15th April, 1934, and that the ascertained average price of such Wheat is sixteen shillings and six pence per barrel. As the standard price for Home-grown Wheat for the period concerned is 25/- the bounty payable to the growers will be 8/6 per barrel. Arrangements are being made for the payment of the bounty at the earliest possible date.

YOUGHAL DISTRICT COURT.

FARMERS AND NON-PAYMENT OF RATES.

COLLECTOR'S POSITION.

(Before Mr. G. P. Farrell, D.J.)

The Justice brought up the hearing of another batch of 20 summonses against Poor Rate defaulters at the suit of Mr. J. Condon, collector.

Decrees were granted in all cases where there was no appearance for defendants, the others were adjourned for three weeks, when they will come up for decision along with those adjourned last day.

In one case, where the amount due was £14 12s. 11d., the defendant said she wanted time for six weeks to enable her to try and sell some cattle.

The Justice—Well, Mr. Condon? Mr. Condon said he had been notified that morning that if his rate collection was not finished at the end of the month he would be dismissed, in common with other collectors in the Co. Waterford. He had also received copies of a circular sent out by the newly appointed Commissioner for County Waterford, Mr. S. J. Moynihan, and distributed to all ratepayers in arrears. The Commissioner warned defaulters that "the full force and resource of the law will be vigorously enforced immediately and, as the heavy costs of such action will be borne by the defaulters themselves, I advise them in their own interests to pay their rates at once." It should be obvious that the ratepayers' first duty was to see that the services and institutions of his county, which meant so much to himself and his fellow citizens, were maintained, more especially in bad times when economic conditions increased the strain on social services, etc. That could only be done by paying rates when they fall due. Refusal, or failure to pay by any section only meant an increased burden to be borne by the remainder. To allow such a situation to develop would be an intolerable injustice to the people of the County. He trusted, therefore, the ratepayers in arrears would respond to the notice and pay their rates at once, and thus avoid the unpleasant and expensive consequences of any further delay in the matter.

The case was adjourned for 3 weeks the defendant paying £2 in Court.

NO MEANS OR STOCK.
In a case against Mary Murray, Proprietor, for £5 6s. 9d. Defendant said she had nine in family. She had neither means nor stock, but her husband got a few days work occasionally.

The Justice—Then it doesn't matter to you whether there is a seizure or not?

Mr. Condon said he was aware the poor woman was telling the truth. He visited her place a short time ago to make a distraint and found only one very old cow there. She had only a half loaf of bread which he had from a neighbour in the house for the children, whom she was trying to send to school. She was no better off that day.

The Justice—What is the good of bringing forward arrears in a case like that?

Mr. Condon—No good. This poor woman should be on outdoor relief instead of being let.

The Justice—Let is stand with the others for three weeks.

In another case for £20 17s. 7d., a respectable old lady, wife of defendant, said she had offered Mr. Condon £4 but he refused it. She wanted a month to try and sell her cattle to pay.

The Justice suggested that Mr. Condon might accept the offer.

Mr. Condon—Very well, sir. They are very honest people and were very reluctant to come into Court.

The case was adjourned for one month.

In a case against Michael Smyth, Coolbeggan, who owed £96 6s. 3d., being the year's rate and arrears.

Mr. Condon said he mentioned the case at the Inquiry recently held by Mr. Geraghty, Inspector, who asked him to account for the large amount of arrears. He replied, and now he repeated on oath: "This man and his family are living in the worst house I've ever seen human beings in." It was a large farm; there was no stock but a cow given by a cousin of his wife who died lately. He tried to let it to graziers, but they were afraid to put cattle on it. He also tried to sell half the holding but did not get a single bid.

Replying to the Court, defendant said he had a field of hay. If he sold it he would pay Mr. Condon something.

The Justice—Here again, what is the use of carrying forward such arrears?

Mr. Condon—They should not but they do.

The case was adjourned for three weeks.

In a case against Ed. Murray, Coolbeggan, for £24 18s. 2d., the collector said the man was living in a tumble-down public house, with a small bit of land but there was no stock.

There being no appearance a decree was granted.

C. O'Rourke, Ballykinelly, was summoned for £73 18s. 4d.

The collector said the defendant, who had a good farm in the Ballymacoda district, adopted an absolutely defiant attitude in regard to rates and annuity land would hold the place against the world.

A decree was granted.

In another case from Ballymacoda district—Jeremiah Lee, Glenawilling, for £42 8s. 3d.—the collector said there was a dispute between two brothers. Even though they paid no

rates for 7 years they had built a new house (laughter).

A decree was granted.

Patrick O'Connor, Youghal, was summoned for the non-payment of insurance contributions in respect of an apprentice named Wm. Moloney.

Mr. D. Casey, State Solicitor, appeared for the Insurance Commissioners.

Mr. J. F. McNamara, Inspector, proved that Moloney was to be paid 2/6 under his indentures for the first year.

Defendant said he looked upon the payment as only "pocket money."

Moloney handed in the indenture, which showed that the boy was "on trial" from May to July 1933, when he became insurable.

Defendant was ordered to pay 20/- arrears and fined 1/- in each of two summonses.

Taxing Income Not Received.

LETTER FROM SENATOR SIR JOHN KEANE.

(To the Editor "Observer" Dungarvan)

Dear Sir,—It is no easy matter to separate the wheat from the chaff in politics and so often victims only discover their misfortune when it is too late. The object of this letter is to give timely warning.

Under this year's Finance Bill the Government propose to do away with the Statutory Allowance for Repairs on all except farm houses. Those who merely occupy their own house may make a calculation and finding the extra burden is only a few shillings, not bother any further. But the change works substantial injustice against those who derive income from let property which they keep in repair. Hitherto such owners have in effect been taxed on the net rents received or the valuation, whichever was the lower. Now they are to be taxed on the valuation alone. I know of cases of low rented cottage property where the repairs bring the actual rent received substantially below the valuation. If the present proposal becomes law it introduces for the first time so far as I am aware, the principle of taxation on income which is not received. It should, therefore, be strongly resented.

The Government says the remedy is to get the valuation revised. This is not a practical proposal. It is cumbersome and were it adopted it would upset the whole basis of local finance. The method of valuation moreover has regard to average values not to individual cases. The whole basis of Income Tax is personal and the only fair way is to deal with each case individually.

Anybody requiring further particulars about this important matter should write either to me or to the Secretary, Irish House Owners' Protection Association, 11 Wicklow St., Dublin.—Yours faithfully,
J. KEANE, Senator.
Cappoquin, 14th June, 1934.

G. A. A.

MUNSTER CHAMPIONSHIPS. DOUBLE FOR WATERFORD.

S.H.—Waterford, 8-7; Kerry, 3-2. M.H.—Waterford, 10-9; Kerry, 2-3. Waterford brought off a dual victory at Tralee on Sunday, in the Munster Senior and Minor Hurling Championships. In the Senior match, Waterford won by 8 goals 7 points to 3 2 points for Kerry; while in the Minor contest Waterford scored 10 goals 9 points to Kerry's 2 goals 3 points. In both games the homesters were completely outclassed by the visitors.

The minor match was first brought off. During the opening stages Waterford were all over their opponents, and goals were scored by Feeney, Daly, Fleming, and Phelan, while Dowling had three points to his credit. In the closing stages Leahy put in two points for Kerry followed by a goal each per Young and Riordan. At half-time Waterford led by 6 goals 5 points to Kerry's 2 goals 2 points.

On resuming Waterford kept up the pressure and continued to score. Kerry made gallant efforts to reduce the margin, but only succeeded in adding a minor.

Waterford was represented by Sullivan (goal), J. Keene (full back), J. Kiely, L. Moloney, J. Donnelly, W. Walshe, J. Jacques, J. Ryan, P. Morrissey, E. Dowling, J. Phelan, P. Greene, J. Feeney, J. Daly, A. Fleming.

WATERFORD'S SENIORS.

In the Senior contest the play might be described as practically a repetition of the Minor game. Waterford again completely outclassing the locals at every stage of the struggle. At the inception the visitors dominated their opponents, and the two Wyses and Condon found the Kerry net repeatedly. Waterford had scored 6 goals 3 points at half time, Kerry failing to reply.

Kerry showed some improvement on resuming and scored two points per Riordan and O'Grady within a few minutes. Keeping up the pressure, two further points were added for Kerry. Waterford once more took up the offensive, and goals per Fardy and Wyses put the issue beyond doubt. A final rally by Kerry supplemented their score by a goal and a point, leaving the score as above stated.

The Waterford team was—J. Ware (goal), C. Ware (full back), J. Ryan, J. Fanning, C. Ryan, J. Ware, J. Power, P. Browne, D. Good, N. Fardy, P. Goff, M. Wyses, J. Butler, N. Condon, D. Wyses.

Ask for a
MERRY'S
GUINNESS, BASS,
— OR —
IRISH ALE

BOTTLED UNDER MODERN
—HYGIENIC CONDITIONS—

Stocked by Principal Licensed Houses in
Dungarvan and District.

AFTER STOCKTAKING.
Great Clearance Sale Now On.

Genuine Bargains For All.
Men's and Boys' Suits
All Irish Manufacture, clearing at a Big Reduction.
Men's and Women's Boots
Guaranteed for Quality and Wear, at Greatly Reduced Prices.
CALL AND SEE THE BARGAINS GIVEN AND
JUDGE FOR YOURSELF.

**W. POWER, St. Mary Street and Square,
DUNGARVAN.**

To rise above depression and to keep even with uneven times, requires deep thinking.
But if you have got something to sell or buy—and who has not?—all you have to do is to tell it in the columns of

The Observer.

The quick results will astonish you, as they have astonished thousands of others in recent years.
100 per cent. satisfaction every time.
Use the Paper with the Pull and you will forget your troubles
For rates, etc., apply—THE MANAGER.

Loans Are Now Obtainable
FROM THE
Agricultural Credit Corporation
FOR THE EMBOITION OF

**ALL-STEEL
HAY AND
STRAW
BARN.**

Estimates with Terms of Repayment
supplied Free of Charge.

**A. & J. MAIN & CO., LTD.,
11 LEXINGTON STREET, DUBLIN.**

District Representative:
**JOHN MCGRATH,
KILCLOGHER, CAPPAGH.**

ESTABLISHED OVER 100 YEARS.
R. O'Keeffe & Sons,
SCULPTORS,
WATERFORD AND ABBEYSIDE,
DUNGARVAN.

Inquiries for Monuments, Crosses, Headstones,
Etc., in Marble, Limestone and Granite
Erected in all parts of the Country.
DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES FREE.
Renovations and additional Inscriptions are
Erected anywhere.
**ALL WORK EXECUTED UNDER
PERSONAL SUPERVISION.**

All Communications addressed to:
MICHAEL STREET, WATERFORD.
Telegrams—O'Keeffe, Michael St., Waterford.

A drink to make a
thirst worth while
PERRY'S
ALE
Strong Irish
Brewed right in the heart of
Ireland, at **BATHDOWNNEY, Leix**

AN FAINNE FOR CISTERCIANS.
As a result of the recent examinations at the Cistercian College, Mount St. Joseph, Roscrea, ten members of the Community qualified for Fainne. A number of the entrants were native speakers. A native speaker has also been appointed reader to the new portion of the refectory on the advice of his Lordship, Rev. Dom Justin McCarthy, Lord Abbot.



ROBERTSON LEDLIE'S ANNUAL SUMMER SALE

Begins Saturday Next, June 30th, Inst.

Phenomenal Bargains.

An Early Visit advised.

Robertson, Ledlie, Ferguson & Co., Ltd., WATERFORD

1934 Summer Fashions 1934

At New Low Prices

WE ARE NOW SHOWING A BIG VARIETY OF THE LATEST STYLES IN:

- MILLINERY, Ladies and Childrens.
- FROCKS Cotton, Voile and Tennis 1/11 to 22/6.
- COATS, a big Variety (Irish).
- MACS, 6/11 to 35/- in all Shades.
- SCARVES & GLOVES, A big Selection at very moderate prices.
- BLOUSES, All the newest.
- BLAZERS, Ladies and Childrens, all Colours.
- DRESS DEPT. All the Newest Silks and Colotns, Moracain, etc.
- MEN'S SUITINGS, The Finest Range of Patterns and keenest Prices yet.
- MEN'S SUITS, Ready-to-Wear, from 17/6 to 49/6.
- BOYS SUITS, From 6/6.
- BOOT DEPARTMENT.
- LADIES, from 1/11 per pair.
- MEN'S from 1/6 per pair.
- LADIES SHOES, All-Leather, 6/6, 8/6 to 22/6.
- LADIES CRUISING SHOES, 7/11, 9/6, 10/6.
- MEN'S BOOTS, Leather-lined, 11/6, 12/6, 14/6, 18/6, 24/6.
- SHOES, All-Leather, 8/11 to 24/6.
- BOYS BOOTS, 11 to 2, 6/6.
- SHIRTS, 1/6, 1/11, 2/6, 3/6, 4/6, 5/6.
- COLOURED DRESS, 2 Collars to each, 2/11, 3/11, 4/11, 5/6, 7/6.

C. LAWN, SQUARE, DUNGARVAN.

Dungarvan Show.

THURSDAY, JULY 12th.

Entry Forms and all particulars from

JOHN LYNCH, Secretary.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR COAL.

As kfor Quotations for Coal Delivered at Your Home.

A. Moloney & Sons., Ltd., DUNGARVAN

It Pays to Buy the Best!

First Quality Canned Fruits—Pears, Peaches, Pineapple and Fruit Salad.

Best Brands of Summer Drinks—Kie-ora, Lemon, Orange and Grape Fruit Squash

Jellies Salad Cream & Mayonnaise Sauce.

A large assortment of Chocolates, Jacob's Fancy Biscuits and Cakes.

E. FLEMING,

Select Family Grocer & Spirit Merchant, 32 GRATTAN SQUARE, DUNGARVAN.

THE CINEMA DUNGARVAN.

THE HOUSE WITH PERFECT SOUND.

TO-NIGHT (FRIDAY), JACK HULBERT and CICELY COURTNEIDGE

THE TIP-TOP MUSICAL COMEDY

Falling For You!

GRAND ENTERTAINMENT.

NEXT WEEK,

MONDAY JUNE, 25th WALLACE BEERY FOR TWO Nights.

Jean Hersholt Ricardo Cortez

The Big Boob!

A Thrilling and Exciting Melodrama with Beery in the most Terrific role of his career as the World's Champion Wrestler! A Red-blooded Action Drama packed with Excitement... hearty Comedy... thrilling ring-side incident... tense Drama! Also Movietone News... Comedy... Interest Film MATINEE On MONDAY At 4 p.m.

THURSDAY JUNE, 28th For TWO Nights.

WALTER HUSTON Karen Morley

THE POWERFUL AND CHALLENGING POLITICAL DRAMA **Gabriel Over The White House!**

A Striking and Remarkable Dramatic Entertainment with Walter Huston in a magnificent performance as the fighting President! ABSORBING DRAMA... EXCITING GANGSTER INCIDENT... CHARMING ROMANCE. Also Movietone News "TAXI BOYS" Comedy... Interest Film. MATINEES THURSDAY AND FRIDAY At 4 p.m.

NEXT WEEK—GRACIE FIELDS in "THIS WEEK OF GRACE" COMING: "MAN OF ARRAN."

Balcony Seats Reserved. Tel. No. 8.

Admission.....4d.....9d.....1/3.....1/9.

The Management reserves the right to refuse Admission.

DUNNE'S

FOR BEST VALUE IN GROCERIES, SOAP, CANDLES, ETC.

LARGE SELECTION OF BRIAR PIPES ON HANDS.

ODD LOTS AND SHOP SOILED

POUCHES TO BE CLEARED AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

60 MAIN ST., DUNGARVAN.

CONCRETE ROOFING TILES.

These Tiles comply with the requirements of the Local Government Department Specification as to strength and impermeability. Also Ridge Tiles and Plaster Slabs—all sizes.

MADE IN DUNGARVAN. ENQUIRIES SOLICITED.

DUNGARVAN TILE COMPANY, O'CONNELL ST., DUNGARVAN.

NOTICE.

COMPULSORY SHEEP DIPPING. WATERFORD COUNTY COUNCIL. SUMMER DIPPING PERIOD, 1934. SINGLE DIPPING. KILMACTHOMAS UNION AREA.

The Veterinary Inspector for Kilmacthomas Union Area, will attend at the following Lowland Centres, and the Mountain Ranges the following Mountain Centres—to supervise the Dipping and to issue the necessary Sheep Dipping Certificates. Dipping commences each day at 10 a.m. In case of bad weather, arrangements will be made for an alternative day. All Sheep must be shorn and must be at the Tanks, not later than 11 o'clock on the days allotted.

LOWLAND AREA. June 22nd Friday—Ballylincan (Carrigcastle Mills). June 23rd, Saturday—Carrall's Cross. BURKE'S DIP will be used. A charge of 2d. per Sheep will be made.

MOUNTAIN AREA. July 9th, Monday—Glendalligan for Glendalligan Sheep. July 10th, Tuesday—Glendalligan for Ballintlea Sheep. July 11th, Wednesday—Comeragh. July 13th, Friday—Cutteen (White's Tank); Boulattin (Cunningham's Tank); Cowmahon (Power's Tank).

Owners in the Mountain Area are requested to have sufficient Dip in readiness for their requirements. N.B.—Owners who fail to Dip their Sheep in accordance with the Act, will be prosecuted.

M. A. FOLEY, Clerk of Local Authority. By order of Waterford Co. Council.

NOTICE.

SHEEP DIPPING ORDER, 1915.

COMPULSORY DIPPING.

SUMMER DIPPING PERIOD, 1934.

WATERFORD COUNTY COUNCIL.

The County Council Travelling Tank will attend at the following centres in the Youghal No. 2 Area, where sheep can be dipped and the necessary Dipping Certificates obtained.

DIPPING CENTRES AND DATES.

Friday, June 22nd—Piltown. Saturday, June 23rd—Cherryrourt Cross Roads.

A charge of 2d. per sheep will be made.

The Veterinary Inspector for the Area will be in attendance to supervise the Dipping and to issue the necessary certificates.

Dipping commences each day at 10 a.m. All sheep to be at the Dipping Centres at 10 a.m., on day of Dipping for inspection.

All sheep must be dipped on the day allotted to the particular centre. Owners who fail to dip their sheep will be prosecuted.

All reasonable precautions will be taken at the Dipping Tanks, but the Local Authority or their Officers will not admit any liability for accidents occurring to sheep during or as a result of Dipping Operations.

By Order,

M. A. FOLEY, Clerk Local Authority, Waterford Co. Council. In The Goods Office

COOLNAGOUR DAIRY DUNGARVAN

Having installed all the most up-to-date requirements for guaranteeing a perfect milk supply—milking machine, Automatic Bottling Plant and Sealing Machine—as also having my herd tuberculin tested, I can assure all patrons that my milk conforms to the highest hygiene conditions.

DEPOT—61, O'CONNELL ST.,

THOMAS FYLNN, PROPRIETOR.

P. MOLLOY & SONS.

SCULPTORS, CALLAN and Dungarvan.

Big To Announce They HAVE OPENED A BRANCH YARD IN JOHN STREET, KILKENNY

AND CAN SUPPLY ALL CLASSES OF MONUMENTS

IN MARBLE, LIMESTONE AND GRANITE.

CELTIC CROSSES A SPECIALITY.

MODERATE PRICES. DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES FREE.

MEADOW SALES.

By HAYES & SONS, Auctioneers.

ON THURSDAY 28th JUNE. At 1 o'clock (old time) for Mr. M. Walsh, Coolnagour, 7 acres first Croy Hay in lots to suit purchasers. On MONDAY JULY, 2nd at 1 o'clock (old time), at BALLYGEGAN, 8 Acres first Croy Hay, well saved and made up in Cocks to suit purchasers. ON TUESDAY JULY, 3rd at 1 o'clock (old time) at LISFENEL for Mrs. E. Fleming,

2 1/2 Acres Prime Upland Hay on foot. In lots to suit purchasers.

ON WEDNESDAY JULY 4th at 1 o'clock (old time). 5 Acres Prime Upland Hay on foot at TOURNORE, DUNGARVAN.

Terms and conditions at Sale. HAYES & SONS, Auctioneers & Valuers, DUNGARVAN.

PAROCHIAL HOUSE, NEWTOWN, KILMACTHOMAS.

HIGHLY-IMPORTANT AUCTION OF ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE H. M. V. GRAMOPHONE, ETC.

We have been instructed by the Executors of the late REV. JOHN O'DONNELL, P.P.,

TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION AT NEWTOWN WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27th, 1934. At 1 o'clock (Summer Time).

Hall Stand, Hall Chairs, Lamp, Pictures, Map, Stairs Carpet, Stair Rods, etc.; Mahogany extending Dining Table with spare leaf; Chiffoniers; Book Case; Books; Pictures; 2 Armchairs; Small Chairs; Linoleum; Lamp; Fender; Fire Irons; Hearth Rug; Hangers; Oak extending Dining Table with two spare leaves; Inlaid Mahogany Writing Bureau; Sofa; Sideboard with mirror back; 2 Armchairs; American Rocking Chair; Small Chairs; Marble Clock; Side Table; Mahogany Whatnot; His Master's Voice Gramophone (in excellent condition); Lamp; Ornaments; Pictures; Fender and Fire Irons (Brass); Tea and Dinner Service; Glass Hangings, etc. Round Breakfast Table; Bookshelves; Sofa; Pictures; Hangings, etc.

Brass and Enamelled Beds; Spring and Hair Mattresses; Walnut Wardrobe with mirror; Wash Stand; Dressing Table; Chest of Drawers; Pictures; Hangers; Fender and Fire Irons; Linoleum; Hearth Rugs; Ware; Bedding; Stretcher; Kitchen Utensils; Table; Presses; Delf; Cutlery; Garden Seat; Oak Bin.

On View TUESDAY, 26th.

Terms—Cash.

In order to prevent overcrowding, a charge of 1/- will be made at the door, and will be refunded to purchasers.

For further particulars apply to: FLAHERTY, HARTY & CO., M.I.A.A. Auctioneers & Valuers, Dungarvan & Kilmacthomas.

Waterford County Championships

ATHLETICS AND CYCLING

Under N. A. & C.A.I. Rules

Will Be Held in the SPORTSFIELD, CAPPOQUIN.

ON SUNDAY, JULY 8th, 1934.

Commencing at 2.30 p.m. (S.T.).

Handicapper & Starter—W. J. NOLAN, Dungarvan.

PROGRAMME OF EVENTS:

100 Yards Boys under 12 years. 400 Yards Boys under 14 years. 100 Yards Boys under 16 years. Half-mile Cycle Ladies. 100 Yards. 220 Yards. 440 Yards. 880 Yards. One mile Flat. High Jump. Long Jump. Pole Jump. 16lbs. Shot. 156lbs. (without follow). One mile Relay Race. Half Mile Cycle. One mile Cycle. Two miles Cycle.

Boys events will be Co. Championships. Evidence of age must accompany entry.

Entries close definitely with the Hon. Secs., on JULY, 3rd.

Admission to Field 1/- Side Line Seats 1/2 extra. Motors 2/6.

M. J. SARGENT M.F. WALSH, Hon. Secs.

LOOK OUT FOR THE GREAT

MUNSTER INTER-COUNTY

CHAMPIONSHIPS TO BE HELD

IN THE SPORTSFIELD, ON

JULY 29th, 1934.

WATERFORD CO. COMMITTEE OF AGRICULTURE.

POTATO SPRAYING IN THIS COUNTY.

Potato Yields are seriously reduced every year because the crops are not properly sprayed. To secure a full crop of good quality you must—

SPRAY EARLY!

SPRAY THOROUGHLY!

SPRAY THREE TIMES!

By Order, J. O'DWYER, Secretary.

Courthouse, Dungarvan, June, 15th 1934.

FOR SALE—Pony trap, suitable for pony 12 hands. In good condition. Apply to C.T. this Office.

Bell's Constitution Balls

HORSES For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, Broken Wind, Disordered Liver, Influenza, Grease, Swelled Legs, Cracked Heels, Loss of Appetite, etc.

CATTLE For Hide-bound, Staring Coat, Hove or Blows, Distemper, Epidemic, Scouring, Constipation, Preserving Health, Scouring in Calves, etc.

SHEEP For Rot or Fluke, Improving Condition and Keeping Healthy, Scouring in Lambs, etc. Sold by chemists and general merchants in boxes of 3 balls at 1/6 (post free 1/10). From HENRY BELL LTD., WATERFORD

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

Tenders are invited for the erection of a house at Abbeyside, Dungarvan. Plan and Specification obtainable on payment of deposit at Offices of E. A. Ryan & Co., Solicitors.

WE WISH THE PUBLIC TO BEAR IN MIND

The fact that Our Mixture of barley in meal is Kilndried and of Oats Kilndried and dehulled.

K. WILLIAMS & CO. LTD. DUNGARVAN.



LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

NEW SCHOOL INSPECTOR.

Mr. J. Clerkin, M.A., (London University) Abbeyside, has been appointed Inspector of Schools by the Department of Education. Mr. Clerkin, who has been for the past 10 years Professor at the Dungarvan Christian Brothers' Secondary School, is a brilliant scholar and a most efficient teacher. He won the B.A., (Hons.) at the University of London a few years ago and within the past month he has won his M.A., degree at the same University. He is a most highly-qualified and versatile gentleman and well fitted for the high position he has now won. He is married to an esteemed young Dungarvan lady—daughter of Mrs. Higgins, Mary Street. Their many friends wish Mr. and Mrs. Clerkin long and happy years and further prosperity.

A BRILLIANT THEOLOGIAN.

At Maynooth on Tuesday the degree of Doctor of Theology was conferred on Rev. P. Ahearne, B.A. Fr. Ahearne is son of the late Mr. W. Ahearne, 'Tintur', and is one of the most brilliant young priests in the country. His college career has been one of conspicuous success all through. Two of his brothers are priests in this Diocese.

THE URBAN ELECTION.

On Tuesday next, the polling takes place for the election of 15 members to constitute Dungarvan Urban Council and manage the Urban affairs for the next 3 years. There are 30 candidates on the job so that the electors have a fairly wide selection. Fianna Fail, Fine Gael, Labour and Independents are all to the fore and are pursuing an active canvass of the electors each evening. The polling booths open on Tuesday morning at 9 a.m. For the Central Ward the voting for 6 Councilors will take place at the Court-house; for the South-West Ward the voting for 6 Councilors will be at the Town Hall and for 3 Councilors to represent Abbeyside Ward the voting will be at Abbeyside School. We hope as a result of the election the best men will be selected to administer the affairs of the Council with dignity and success during the next three years.

A GREAT RECORD.

After six years occupation of office, the sitting members of the Urban Council retire this week and no one can deny that they did their duty honestly and successfully during their day. Under the efficient control of Mr. John Butler, Chairman, not only did they carry out an enormous number of ameliorative schemes for the public benefit, but they also had all the streets and suburban roads laid down in tar macadam and in addition had several Housing Schemes completed, culminating in the erection of 86 attractive houses at Loughmore now ready for occupation by tenants from areas which have been condemned. In addition to all that the rates have been reduced. That is the acid test of sound administration and the outgoing Council has every reason to be proud of its work in the past six years. And in that happy result special praise is due to our able Town Clerk (Mr. O'Meara) and our Boro' Surveyor (Mr. McGrath) who never spared themselves in doing their best for the Council and the public. If the new Council carry on with the same success they will certainly deserve the highest credit.

BEE T. AGENTS.

In the Daily Mr. N. Wall, T.D., asked the Minister of Agriculture if he is aware that the services of men who have been employed for a number of years as Organisers or supervisory Transport Agents in connection with the growing, handling and transport of sugar beet are being dispensed with, that these men have been responsible for getting farmers to grow the crop this year and whether in the circumstances he will cause inquiries to be made with a view to retaining the services of these men.

The Minister of Agriculture in reply said the answer was in the negative. The employment of Organisers or Supervisory Transport Agents in connection with sugar beet is not a matter for which he was responsible.

LEAGUE OF YOUTH—AGLISH.

The officers and members of the Aghlish Branch, League of Youth, beg to tender to John McGrath and family Curradara, Aghlish, their deep sympathy and condolence in their recent sad bereavement.

KINSALEBEG LADIES BRANCH—LEAGUE OF YOUTH.

At a meeting of the above a resolution was proposed by Mrs. Fitzgerald and seconded by Mrs. Spratt, tendering deepest sympathy to Commandant Cronin on the death of his mother.

DUNGARVAN FAIR.

The June Fair on Wednesday was largely attended in all departments, but trade was beyond description. The vast majority went home with their cattle without having an offer for them. As licenses for shipping could not be had finished beef cattle found no sale. Yearlings sold at £2 to £4; 2-year-olds £3 to £5 10s.; and 3-year-olds £5 10s. to £7. Old cows and cattle in backward condition were a drug in the market. Some good springers fetched £10 to £12 each. Sheep 25/- to 40/- and lambs 18/- to 25/-, according to quality. There was a big supply of store pigs and bonhams, but prices were down and very many went home unsold. Good stores sold at 25/- to 42/6 each.

DUNGARVAN MARKETS.

Meal (special) 18/6; middlecute 17/6;

flour 13/6; bran and pollard 6/6 cwt.; eggs 8d. dozen; fresh butter 7 3/4d. per lb.; salted butter 9d. per lb.

BACK FROM ROME.

Mr. E. A. Ryan, the able and esteemed State Solicitor, for the Co. Waterford, and Mrs. Ryan, have returned from a visit to Rome, during which they paid their homage to our Holy Father, the Pope.

LATE V. REV. CANON WHELAN, D.D., P.P.

The month's mind, Office and High Mass for the repose of the soul of the late Very Rev. Denis Canon Whelan, D.D., P.P., Cappoquin will be held at the Parish Church, Cappoquin on Thursday 28th June, at 11 a.m. (old time).

FINE GAEL—DUNGARVAN.

A special meeting of the above Branch will be held on Monday June 25th at 8.30 p.m. All members are requested to attend.

DUNGARVAN SHOW.

All arrangements are being completed for the Dungarvan Show to be held on Thursday July 12th, and for which the entries close on June 23rd. Exhibitors are requested to send in their entry forms without delay to the Secretary. Very many attractions have been added to make this year's fixture a record one and present indications point this being the greatest Show yet held.

SUCCESSFUL AUCTION.

On Tuesday and Wednesday Messrs. Hayes and Sons Auctioneers, held a most successful auction of the antique and modern Household Furniture at the Parochial House, Dungarvan, for the Executor of the late Very Rev. Canon Furlong. There was a big attendance each day and bidding was very brisk. Nelson's Chairs made £2 each; a table £10; Waterford Cut Glass Decanters £4 each; Chippendale chairs £3 3s. each; Sheraton Wardrobe £20; Waterford Cut Glass sold at fancy prices.

CONNOLLY DAY.

A meeting to celebrate Connolly Day and to protest against Fascism was held in Dungarvan last Thursday night. Prior to the meeting a parade took place around the town and Abbeyside, in which large numbers headed by the Kilgobinet Fife and Drum Band took part. Subsequent to the parade interesting speeches were delivered. Mr. Thomas McCarthy, U.D.C., presided.

CO. COUNCIL MEETING.

Mr. Commissioner Moynihan, held a meeting of the Co. Council on Thursday of which details will appear next issue.

CAPPOQUIN CHILDREN'S EXCURSION.

A Grand Variety Entertainment will be held in the C.Y.M.S. Hall, Cappoquin, on Sunday July 1st at 9 o'clock, the proceeds of which will be devoted to providing a trip to the seaside for local children. This is a most deserving object and we are sure the entertainment will have the wholehearted support of the general public. Full details next issue.

SWEEP ON LOCAL ELECTIONS.

An unusual and interesting Sweep is being promoted by the Dungarvan H. and F. Clubs in aid of their funds. Instead of being decided on the result of a race the prize winners will be those who draw the candidate who "heads the poll" in each ward in the Urban Elections. Three prizes of £1 10s. 0d. are offered, one in each ward, and the cost for a chance is only 6d. each space. This is something new in Sweepstakes and all the Gaels of the area should be only too pleased to support the Club. The Committee of the Club have asked us to point out that the draw for candidates will not be made until after the poll has closed, 9 p.m. on 28th June, so as to avoid any likelihood of the result of draw causing any person to be influenced in their choices at the polls.

SPORTS AT CAPPOQUIN.

On Sunday July 8th a great Athletic and Cycling Sports meeting will be held in the Sportsfield, Cappoquin, when the Waterford Co. Championships will be held and in view of the fact that the Inter-County Sports for Munster will be held at the same venue on the last Sunday in July, the County meeting should attract all that is best in the local Athletic field. The arrangements are in the capable hands of Messrs. M. J. Sargent and Mr. M. F. Walsh and with their great and practical knowledge of all such matters they know how such things should be done. With a beautiful track, fine weather and everything as it should be the County Championships on Sunday fortnight will be a treat.

TALLOW DISTRICT COURT.

Report of the proceedings of the above Court is held over to our next issue.

SPORTING ACTIVITIES. LISMORE AND DISTRICT.

A special account of the Sporting Activities in Lismore and district reached us too late for insertion this week but will appear in our next issue.

READYMADES.

Flannel Trousers 2/11; 5/6; 8/6; 12/6. Men's Sports Coats 14/11. Boys Readymade Suits, 13/11, 14/11, 16/6, and 21/- M. Fraher, Square, Dungarvan.

POWER'S BEST QUALITY BREAD CONFECTIONERY. Instruct Our Vans to Call. POWER'S Bakeries, 18 O'CONNELL STREET DUNGARVAN. PHONE—17.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF JUSTICE IN SAORSTAT EIREANN. CIRCUIT NO. 8. RECORD NO. 398. COUNTY OF WATERFORD.

MICHAEL WALSH of Kilbree Cappoquin in the County of Waterford Administrator of the Estate of Bridget Roche late of Kilbree Cappoquin aforesaid Spinster, deceased Plaintiff.

JOHN GLEESON of Knockalara, Cappoquin, in the County of Waterford, Farmer Defendant.

ADVERTISEMENT FOR CREDITORS.

In pursuance of a Decree of His Lordship the Circuit Judge of the County of Waterford dated the 12th day of February 1934, made in a Suit wherein Michael Walsh is Plaintiff and John Gleeson is Defendant the Creditors of Bridget Roche late of Kilbree, Cappoquin in the County of Waterford, Spinster, deceased, who died on the 16th day of May, 1933, are, on or before the 6th of July 1934 to send by post prepaid to the County Registrar, Courthouse, Waterford their Christian and Surnames, Addresses and descriptions, and in the case of Firms the names of the Partners and the style or title of the Firm, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of said Decree.

Creditors holding any security are to produce the same, and claimants may attend in person or by their Solicitors before the said County Registrar, at his Chambers, Courthouse, Waterford, on the 9th day of July next at 3 o'clock in the afternoon being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.

Dated this 16th day of June, 1934. T. A. COLBERT, County Registrar. JOHN L. KEANE & SON, Solicitors for Plaintiff, Youghal Co. Cork.

SEIZURES FOR RATES. SALES AT DUNGARVAN. CHEAP COWS.

On Thursday, Mr. English, Assistant Registrar, Co. Waterford, held an Auction at the Pound, Dungarvan, on cattle seized for rates from Mrs. K. Power, Lisarrow, Ardmore and Mr. John Quinn, Ballinacourt, Villiers-town. A big number of Guards and detectives were on duty at the Pound and in the precincts. They were under Supt. Walsh, Dungarvan, Supt. Quinlan, Lismore and Inspector Harte. There was no excitement in connection with the sale. The three dairy cows belonging to Mrs. K. Power, Lisarrow, were seized for rates and with poundage fees and costs the total bill was £40 17s. 7d. For the first cow the bidding opened at 5/-. The bidders being Mr. Supple, and a young man named O'Neill, with a Northern accent. The cow was knocked down to Mr. Supple at £1. The same buyer got the other 2 cows at 22/6 and 15/- respectively making a total of £2 17s. 6d., for the 3 cows.

Mr. English next put up 5 milca cows and one heifer, the property of Mr. John Quinn, Ballinacourt, Villiers-town. These were seized for rates which with poundage fees and costs amounted to £51 2s. 1d.

The cattle were put up singly and were purchased by the young man O'Neill at the following prices:—Lot 1 5/-; Lot 2 15/-; Lot 3 £1; Lot 4 £1; Lot 5 10/-; Lot 6 (Heifer) £1. The total realised on the sale of those cattle was £4 10s.

The sale of 2 bullocks which were also in the Pound was adjourned owing to a statutory declaration having been made as to ownership. Subsequent to the sale Quinn's cattle were put on a lorry for removal by the buyer, but an arrangement being made on behalf of the owner the cattle were handed back.

SAORSTAT APPOINTMENT. Mr. J. A. Finlay, Department of Lands, has been appointed Director of the Forests branch of the Department.

WATERFORD COUNTY COMMITTEE OF AGRICULTURE. SHEEP BREEDING SCHEME, 1934.

For the purpose of improving the breeds of mountain Sheep in County Waterford, the Waterford County Committee of Agriculture are prepared subject to the approval of the Department of Agriculture to locate a limited number of High-Grade Black-faced Rams on the commonage areas of the Comeragh Mountains, and the Waterford area of the Knockmeal-down Mountains on the following conditions:—

- 1.—The Committee shall grant to each selected applicant a Premium of £25 towards the purchase price. The Ram to be maintained in good and healthy breeding condition for two breeding seasons.
2.—Purchasers of Rams shall be required to insure the animals against death for one year for the proportion of the price payable by them.
3.—In the allocation of Rams the preference will be given to applicants who apply on behalf of Sheep Owners, who are prepared to mate the rams to selected Ewes.
4.—The Committee will endeavour to secure that only rams of a high standard of quality will be supplied but they cannot undertake responsibility in case any animal should subsequently prove unfruitful or otherwise unsuitable for breeding purposes.
5.—In all cases of dispute in matters connected with this Scheme the decision of the Department shall be final. Application forms, which must be returned on or before 23rd June, 1934, may be had from the undersigned. J. O'DWYER, Secretary, Courthouse, Dungarvan, 14th June, 1934.

WATERFORD COUNTY COMMITTEE OF AGRICULTURE. SHEEP BREEDING SCHEME, 1934.

For the purpose of improving the breeds of Lowland Sheep in the County the above Committee are prepared (subject to the approval of the Department of Agriculture) to locate in the County a limited number of high-grade Border Leicester Rams and to grant to each selected applicant a Premium of £25. Details of the Scheme can be had on application to the undersigned. J. O'DWYER, Secretary, Courthouse, Dungarvan, 14th June, 1934.

Clearance Sale. FURTHER REDUCTIONS.

Wonderful Bargains in Linoleum, Congoleum, Stair Cloths, Prams, Hall Stands, Wicker Tables and Chairs, Overmantels, Fire Curbs, Companion Sets, Bedsteads (Oak and Iron), Mattresses (wire and overlay), Framed Mirrors, Mahogany Linen Chests, Mahogany and Oak Sideboards, China Cabinets, etc., etc.

ALL STOCKS MUST BE CLEARED BEFORE JULY 9th. CASH ONLY DURING SALE.

John J. Crotty SQUARE, DUNGARVAN.

GLENMORE DAIRY Certified T.T. Milk.

This is the highest grade of Milk. It is certified as produced from cows which have passed the tuberculin test and is bottled and sealed at the farm. The necessary Machinery is now installed for the production of Tubercular Free Milk. PATK. CURRAN.

ACCIDENTS FOLLOW GOOD LUCK. Within a week accidents to two of his sons have marred the enjoyment of a Sweep prize of £541 won by Mr. M. Riordan, Cork. One son met with a motor cycling accident, and his place of employment was taken by another son, who, however, sustained head injuries through being bruised by a car shaft.

All Requirements For The Hot Weather At Bargain Prices At All Counters This Week.

Ladies and Childrens Tennis Socks, big assortment, Bargain Price 10 1/2d. per pair. Ladies Turkish Beach Wraps, large sizes, reduced price 1/11 each. Ladies Sahara Sandals, many colours, 4/6 per pair. Ladies Hats, in light shades, variety of shapes. Sale Price 3/11 and 5/11 each. 50 Bundles of Cream Knickers for Boys, assorted sizes, with 3/11. Sale Price 1/6 1/2d. per pair. A Large Selection of Tennis Rackets, Nets, Balls, Markers, etc., etc. Fresh arrival of Deck Chairs, 4/11, 5/11 and 9/6 each.

HEARNE & CO., Ltd., WATERFORD

Quality and Satisfaction in Shirts, Pyjamas and Collars (IRISH MADE). Well cut and perfectly finished in a variety of colours and styles, at prices to suit every pocket. WALSH'S, OUTFITTERS Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

ELECTION 1934.

DUNGARVAN URBAN COUNCIL. UNITED IRELAND PARTY. The following are the Candidates in the different Wards contesting the Elections in the interests of the United Ireland Party. CENTRE WARD. JOHN CHRISTOPHER, (Junn.) Church Street. JOHN F. FOLEY, Main Street. JAMES HAYES, Main Street. PATK. QUANN, O'Connell Street. SOUTH-WEST WARD. JOHN BUTLER, St. Thomas' Terrace. MICHAEL CLANCY, Mitchell Street. PETER MCGRATH, St. Garvan's Terrace.

ABBEYSIDE WARD. JOHN J. CROTTY, Square. MAURICE GRIFFIN, Sexton Street, Abbeyside.

By voting for the above-named Candidates you will be ensuring for the next three years a sound administration; wise expenditure of public funds and a careful watch over the general interests of the people. BE SURE YOU VOTE FOR THE ABOVE CANDIDATES IN THE ORDER OF YOUR CHOICE.

NOTICE.

WATERFORD COUNTY COUNCIL. SHEEP DIPPING (LOCAL REGULATIONS) ORDER OF 1932. MOUNTAIN AREA. PRIVATE DIPPING TANKS. SUMMER DIPPING PERIOD, 1934.

The Dipping Inspector for the district will attend at the following Tanks in the Comeragh Mountain area to supervise the Sheep Dipping and to issue the necessary Sheep Dipping Certificates. Dipping commences at 10 a.m. each day. All Sheep must be dipped on the day allotted to their particular area.

MOUNTAIN AREA CENTRES. Toureen, Lyrne, Knockavanna and Kilkenny—Monday July 2nd. Glennane, Bleantis, Scart and Barracree—Tuesday, July 3rd. Kilmorien (Upper and Lower) and Couteraglin—Wednesday July 4th. Bohadun, Coolnasmear, Kilnafrehan and Knockanee—Thursday, July 5th.

Owners are requested to have their sheep at the centres most convenient, and to provide sufficient Dip to ensure a thorough immersion of the sheep. N.B.—All Sheep must be shorn before Dipping Dates.

All reasonable precautions will be taken at the Dipping Tanks, but the Local Authority or their Officers will not admit any liability for accidents occurring to sheep during or as a result of Dipping Operations. By Order. M. A. FOLEY, Clerk Local Authority, Waterford Co. Council.

FOR SALE—Pure-bred White Wyandottes, mated with individual Pedigree Cocks. Eggs reduced to 1/- per sitting, postage extra. Delivered Dungarvan. Orders by return. PRENDERGAST, Poultry Station, Larragh, Cappoquin. NOTICE—Pure bred Large White Boar, 8 months old, licensed, will be let to a limited number of sows.—WM. FOLEY, Ardo, Ardmore. FOR SALE—Pure-bred Aylesbury Duck Eggs: Splendid strain; price 1/3 per sitting. Apply M. Whelan, Ballyduff, Dungarvan. GRAZING TO LET FOR ELEVEN MONTHS.—10 acres of prime fattening land at Knockenpower, Colligan. Well watered and fenced. Apply to: MISS A. MURPHY, Main Street. COTTAGES TO LET at Helvick, Dungarvan, close to Ring Irish College. Apply: D. Hall, Cappoquin.

FOR SALE—Registered Greyhound Pups (3 months) by Editor's Book—Hidden Sheep. Apply S. HANNEY, Villiersstown, Cappoquin.

NOTICE—Aberdeen Angus Bull will be let to a limited number of Cows at 7/6. JOHN LUBY, Lyrattin, Ballinacourt.

FOR SALE—2 Carts and wheels complete. Horse and pony size; also spring dray and creel. Apply T. Barry, Mary Street, Dungarvan.

FOR SALE—Woods mowing Machine with reaping fittings complete. In perfect order; also Alfa Laval Separator 66 gallons not much used. Apply M. F. Walsh, Coolnagour, Dungarvan.

TO BE LET—Large Yard adjoining Square, Dungarvan. Apply T. Foley, Square.

TO LET—Furnished Dwelling. Grawn House, Kilmactomas. Apply M. J. Casey and Co., Dungarvan.

FOR SALE—Portable Gramophone in perfect order. Good tone, will be sold cheap. Apply H. this Office. SPLENDID TRAP & HARNESS: almost new, for sale. Apply to Miss Kelly, Lismore, Dungarvan.

FOR SALE—Drumhead and Flat Dutch Cabbage Plants. Apply Gardner, Cappagh.

STRAYED—From Abbeyside on Wednesday (Fair Day)—Polly Heifers (roan and black). Information will be received by John Daly, Ballinacourt, or the Civic Guards.

NEXT-OF-KIN WANTED.

Persons claiming to be next-of-kin of BRIDGET ROCHE, late of Kilbree, Cappoquin, in the County of Waterford, deceased, should send immediate verified particulars of their claims to: JOHN L. KEANE & SON, Solicitors, Youghal, County Cork.

SMOKE AND ENJOY DUNNE'S COMERAGH PLUG. MADE FROM THE FINEST VIRGINIA LEAF. 60 MAIN ST., DUNGARVAN.



CO. WATERFORD
LARGEST
CYCLE STORES.

Fitzgerald Smiles at "Competition"!

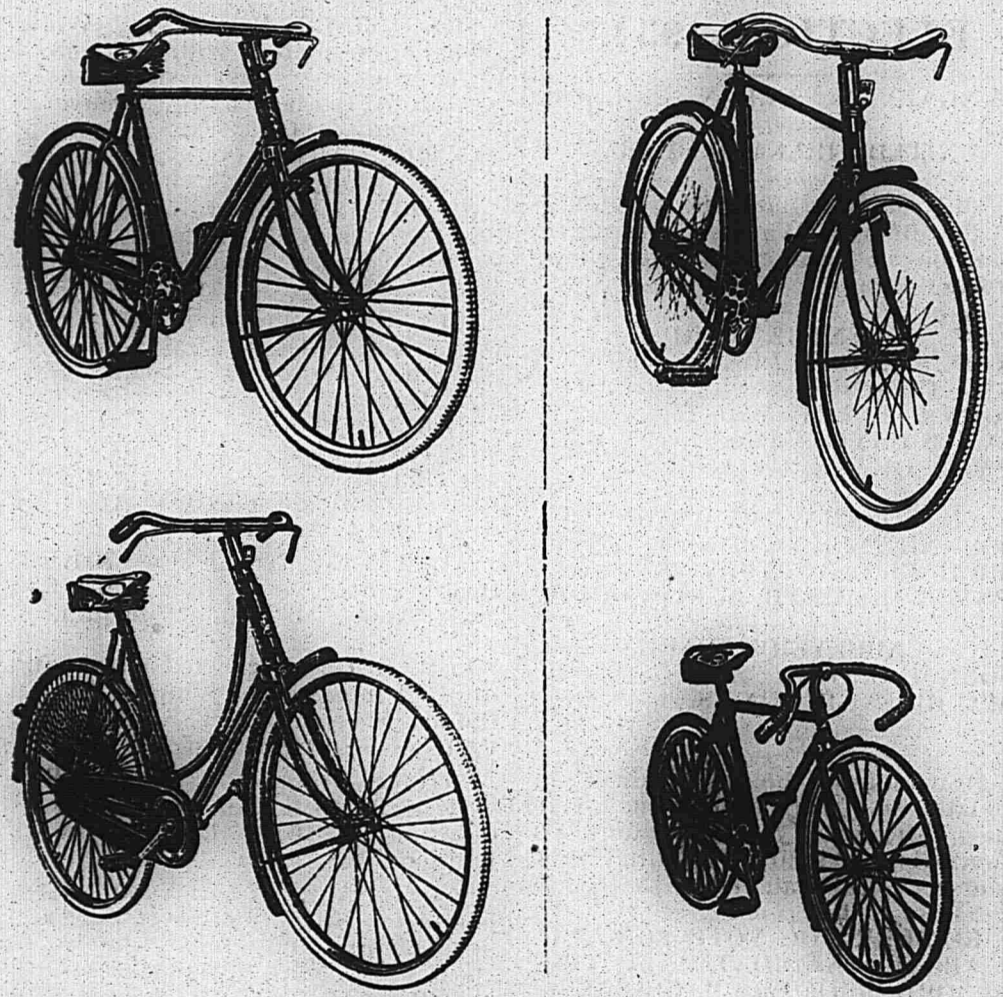
WHY? OUR HUGE CASH BUYING RESOURCES ENABLE US TO WIPE OUT ALL COMPETITION, SO THAT THE WORD COMPETITION IS MERELY A GESTURE. SATISFIED CUSTOMERS ARE OUR BEST ADVERTISEMENT.

COME AND SEE THE 1934 MODELS
WE HAVE NOW ON SHOW A HUGE STOCK OF ALL THE POPULAR MODELS, INCLUDING THE ALL-STEEL HUMBER GUARANTEED FOR EVER.

THESE PRICES ARE FOR YOUR GUIDANCE

Make	Cash Price	Tyres	Saddle	Deposit	Monthly Payment
Tourist	£3 0 0	Dunlop	Brooks	2/6	6/-
Enfield	£4 19 6	Dunlop	Brooks	5/-	10/-
James	£5 0 0	Dunlop	Brooks	10/-	9/9
Humber	£4 18 0	Dunlop	Brooks	14/9	9/3
Triumph	£4 18 0	Dunlop	Dunlop	10/-	10/-
Elco	£4 10 0	Dunlop	Dunlop	8/-	8/-
Centaur	£4 19 0	Dunlop	Dunlop	10/-	9/6
All-Weather	£6 12 0	Dunlop	Brooks	12/3	12/3
Sports Model	£5 3 6	Dunlop	Terry	10/-	10/-
Light-Weight	£5 7 6	Dunlop	Terry	10/8	10/8

HUMBER IRISH SERVICE MODEL FITTED WITH FORT DUNLOP TYRES, BROOKS SADDLE B.90. Size 2 FRONT FORK PRESSED STEEL BLADES, SHOCK ABSORBERS, PERFECT STEERING AND ROAD-HOLDING. DEPOSIT 17/3 AND 12/3 MONTHLY.
ANY OF THE ABOVE MAKES CAN BE FITTED WITH LUCAS DYNAMO SET IF REQUIRED. 15 x 1/2 INFLATOR, LARGE CARRIER, AND BELL FREE OF CHARGE.
OLD CYCLES TAKEN IN PART PAYMENT.



SPECIAL NOTICE.

DUNLOP TYRES ARE REDUCED IN PRICE 2/- EACH. Guaranteed Tyres only 1/9 each. Dunlop Tyres from 2/6 to 7/6; Dunlop Tubes from 4/- to 2/6 each; Dunlop Front Wheel Complete 4/-; Dunlop Rear Wheel Complete 4/6; Guaranteed Free Wheels from 1/6 to 2/3; Guaranteed Chains from 1/6 to 2/6. Saddle Covers from 1/- to 1/9. Ladies Pedals 1/8 pair; Gent's Pedals 4 1/2 inch, 1/8 per pair; Gent's best quality Pedals 4 1/2 inch 2/- per pair; Extra heavy Axle Carrier complete with Straps 1/4; Mudguards 1/- to 1/5 per pair; Extra heavy Mudguards with red lines 1/8 per pair; Valanced Mudguards 1/8 per pair; Raleigh Pattern Mudguards 2/- pair; Front Axle complete 5d.; Best quality Front Axle 7d.; Rear Axle complete 6d.; Best quality Rear Axle complete 9d.

Raleigh Front Axle Complete 1/3.
Raleigh Rear Axle Complete 1/4.
Rudge Front Axle Complete 1/-.
Rudge Rear Axle Complete 1/3.

Brampton Bracket Axle 1/-; Raleigh Bracket Axle 1/6; Front Brake Complete 1/6; Rear Brake complete, 2/6 Handle Grips 4d. per pair. Blumel Handle Grips 6d. per pair; Chromium Plated Handle Bars complete with Brakes 5/-; Best Front Fork 3/6; Raleigh Pattern Fork 4/6 Pumps from 6d. to 1/8 each; Motor Cycle Pumps only 2/- each; Repair Outfits 3d.; Extra long Outfits 5d. Elastic Saddle Covers 1/-; Best Chain Wheel and Crank and left-hand Crank 3/6; Carbine 1/2 lb. tin 3d.; 1 lb. tin 5d.; Saddles from 2/6 to 14/6.

WE STOCK ACCESSORIES FOR EVERY MAKE OF CYCLE AND FIT THEM WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE.
CATALOGUES AND EASY PAYMENT FORMS FREE ON REQUEST.

FITZGERALD FOR BIKES.
DUNGARVAN

AN EARLY SPRING.

Is generally the forerunner of a good season. We invite all our customers to look up their stocks of Garden Tools, Spades, Rakes, Digging Forks, Hoes, Trowels, Lines, etc. All our tools are made from the finest Sheffield Steel and are fully guaranteed. Our prices are the lowest in the city.
Harpur Bros. Ironmongers,
Quay, Waterford.

There is not the least doubt that for general Sports and Holiday wear Knitted Suits, Costumes, and Sports Shirts are ideal.

BOYLE'S KNITTING COMPANY,

DUNGARVAN, Manufacturers and Designers of Knitted Costumes, Frocks and Jumper Suits, have just received a large consignment of Bouclé Yarns, and Tweed Wools, suitable for Costumes and Sports wear.



NO. 181

"STRANGE OCCUPATION FOR WOMEN"
TRAINING BLOODHOUNDS.

By "PHILOKON."

TALK of the brave part played by Mrs. Michael Sadleir in tracking a desperate man with red bloodhounds has not yet died down. A chance conversation, overheard as I was passing through a London park a few minutes ago, however, shows that there may be misconception as to what the training of hounds means. Two ladies were discussing her action approvingly, and when one remarked that Mrs. Sadleir had trained her own hounds the other replied that it seemed to be a "strange occupation for a woman." Why should it be? In these days women take part in all forms of outdoor sports, as they used to do in a vastly different England centuries ago. There was a time when women were well versed in venery and the language appertaining thereto.

Some of the modern girls ape men in dress and manners. Mrs. Sadleir is neither an Amazon in petticoats nor a Diana in breeches, but just a clever and modest lady to whom the adjective of "feminine" might fittingly be applied. No other form of sport is less harmful, since it can be carried on without inflicting pain or death upon any animal, and no danger devolves upon the man who lays the trail. On his being caught the hounds sniff at him to satisfy themselves that he is the person wanted, and then take no further interest in him. In spite of their name, they are the kindest of dogs, usually good-tempered, and never bearing resentment for a rating. Those who care for a healthy, open-air life may derive much amusement from hunting man with bloodhounds.

The sport has various advantages. It is inexpensive, and it can be carried on over almost any sort of country, so long as it is not too much frequented. The runner, unlike fox or hare, can avoid forbidden land or sheep. He can go along hedgerows, over pasture where no damage can be done, or across commons, and frequently it is possible for him to take a route that will make most of the chase visible for several miles from a point of vantage. Bloodhounds cost no more to keep than any other dog of about the same size, and someone is usually available to act as runner. No great proficiency is required for a hound to hunt a fairly warm line not more than one or two hours cold.

Fortunately, Mrs. Sadleir's enthusiasm induced her to attempt something more ambitious, and she has trained her hounds to hunt really cold lines, on occasions having had the trail laid overnight and hounds put on the following morning. By doing this she was able to perform a fine public service the other week. A few Chief Constables have used bloodhounds with advantage, but it needed a dramatic case of this kind to convince the authorities of their possibilities. Given a reasonable opportunity a single bloodhound with his uncanny powers of scent may succeed where a dozen or more men would fail. From time to time prisoners escape from Dartmoor, causing trepidation among the inhabitants of the neighbourhood, disorganising the work of the prison and putting the authorities to much expense before a capture is effected. With a couple of trained bloodhounds attached to the staff no man could be at liberty for more than a short period. They would work as well in a fog as in clear weather.

This chat is issued by THE TAIL-WAGGERS' CLUB OF IRELAND, 23, Old Abbey Street (off Marlborough Street), Dublin, C.S. The Club will be pleased to answer any enquiries submitted by Tail-Wagger Owners in connection with canine hygiene and welfare.



Notice to Builders.

We are prepared to make all classes of
DOORS AND FRAMES
—ALSO—
WINDOW FRAMES AND SASHES
For Cottages and other Houses at Reasonable Prices.
Best Quality Coffins of OAK, ELM AND DEAL Supplied at Shortest Notice and at Prices to Suit Everybody.
O'MAHONY BROTHERS.
Contractors, Carpenters and Undertakers.
BRIDGE STREET, DUNGARVAN.

Spraying to Prevent Potato Blight.

THE USE AND VALUE OF BURGUNDY MIXTURE.

The ravages of potato blight (phytophthora infestans), and the loss to the farmer's pocket of a blighted crop are hard facts which are too well known to need special emphasis here. The disease normally makes its appearance within the next few weeks, and farmers are well advised to spray early, since once it has gained a foothold, such measures, which are essentially protective, will be of little avail. Everybody knows that warm muggy weather in the summer months brings on potato blight, and that the possibility of a blighted crop is considerably less in a dry season than in a wet. It is therefore, likely that spraying will be generally curtailed this year. It is admittedly difficult to decide the exact economics of spraying, although successful results have from time to time been reported from research work directed to the problem of blight forecasting; but in the absence of exact information, it will obviously pay to be on the safe side, and spray early and frequently. Even in the dry season of 1933 the returns all show that substantial advantages were gained by thorough spraying. A fortnight of steady rain in Ireland, coming suddenly at this stage, would mean a very good chance of the blight "striking" and spreading, rapidly under the warm, humid conditions which would then obtain.

Although certain proprietary dusts and ready-made sprays have appeared on the market recently, none have yet proved themselves efficient substitutes for Burgundy Mixture. Indeed, the proved superiority of Burgundy spraying mixture has recently been confirmed by the Free State Department of Agriculture, as well as having been conclusively demonstrated in experiments conducted by the Plant Diseases Department of the Agricultural Faculty of University College, Dublin. A few notes on its application and some results obtained by it may, thus not be out of place here.

MAKE-UP OF THE SPRAY.

The two materials required to make Burgundy mixture are copper sulphate (blue-stone) and washing soda crystals. The purity of the latter is important, and it is best to use a brand of acknowledged purity and fixity of composition, such as I.C.I. Soda Crystals. The correct proportions in which these are mixed are 10 lb. of soda crystals and 8 lb. of copper sulphate powder in 40 gallons of water, the blue-stone being dissolved separately in 35 gallons of water, and the washing soda in about 5 gallons. The washing soda solution is then poured gently into the blue-stone solution, stirring continuously. The mixture is then ready for use. Iron or galvanised vessels should not be used in the preparation of the copper sulphate solution, and a wooden vat or tub of suitable size is recommended, as for example an empty beer or paraffin barrel.

The presence of a very slight excess of soda crystals will ensure the decomposition of all the copper sulphate on mixing, and thus remove all risk of scorching the foliage. The test to make sure that the final mixture is correct in this respect is a very simple one; if a strip of blue litmus paper dipped into the solution remains blue, then the mixture may be taken to be correct, but if it turns red, more soda crystals are dissolved in water and a little of this solution slowly added to the mixture while stirring until the test paper remains blue.

Burgundy mixture prepared in this way has a bright blue colour and contains a very finely-divided precipitate, which will not clog the nozzles of the spraying machine. It loses its efficiency on standing, however, and wherever possible it should be used on the day it is made.

METHOD AND TIME OF APPLICATION.

Spraying machines for use with Burgundy mixture should have sufficient pressure maintained in them for the mixture to be forced out of the

Thorough-Bred Sire for 1934.

"ROCKEN"

(Registered by County Committee of Agriculture).
AT KILMALOO STUD.
Winner of over £1,000 in Stakes as a Three-year-old.
Chestnut, 16 hands 1 1/2 inches high; (1920), short back, good bone and perfect action, has proved himself a sure foal-getter, and his gets have won at Dublin, Cork, Clonmel, Dungarvan and Middleton Shows and, are fetching high prices.

By Rockflint (sire of Square Rock, Rock Farrant, Leeds Rock, Passion F., Fly Bob, Rock Tunnel, Rose of Athens, and many other winners), by Rocksand, winner of the Derby, 2,000 guineas and St. Leger; dam—Lady of Hereford by Harry of Hereford (own brother to Synford); grand-dam—Redwing by Gallinule. See Stud Book, vol. XXV, P.459.

Will Stand this Season—At Cappoquin, on Tuesdays, at Barron's Yard; at Lismore, on Wednesdays, at McCarthy's Yard; remaining days at Owner's Stables.

FEE—Thorough-bred Mares, 5 Guineas; Half-bred Mares, £3; Nominated Mares at Fee fixed by Co. Committee.

Groom's Fee—3/-.
Owner will not be accountable for accidents.
Apply—RICHARD FITZGERALD.

nozzles as a fine misty spray, thus ensuring that all parts of the plant are reached and covered, and the nozzles should be so arranged that the spray is directed across the drill and slightly upwards. In this way the underside of the leaf—the most vulnerable part—will receive the bulk of the spray.

To obtain the best results with Burgundy mixture, it should be used at the right time and in three sprayings. Where the potatoes are grown for seed, as many as six sprayings have been found beneficial. The exact time to spray varies in different localities, much depending on the weather. For the south and west of Ireland, the first spraying should be given the middle of June, but if the weather is damp and muggy a start should be made earlier than in dry weather, and spraying should be repeated after intervals of about three weeks. To avoid risk of scorching, spraying should not be carried out in hot weather. For the first spraying of an average crop of potatoes, 120 gallons of mixture per acre should suffice, but for the second and third applications 160 gallons per acre will usually be found necessary. Where horse-drawn machines are used, special care should be taken to see that the proper quantity is used, since the machines frequently apply too small a quantity when used with a fast-moving horse. It is advisable to pour the mixture into the machine through a canvas cloth.

SOME RESULTS OF USING BURGUNDY MIXTURE.

In results of tests extending over a period of five years and carried out by the Irish Department of Agriculture, the average increase in yield per statute acre due to spraying with Burgundy mixture, is shown to be over 25%. Thus, not only is the proportion of diseased potatoes reduced, but, by allowing the crop to reach maturity, the treatment also results in an increased crop of marketable produce. An important point in favour of Burgundy mixture is its exceptional adherence to the foliage of the plants treated; compared with other sprays it is not nearly as readily washed off by rain and it is moreover easy to prepare.

It has been pointed out that this spray is extraordinarily well adapted to Irish conditions, and a mixture of the strength as recommended above has been found most successful. The very slight check which it imposes on the growth of stalks and foliage is normally beneficial rather than harmful in its ultimate effect; for after the last application there is produced little or no new, and therefore unprotected, foliage on which the blight would be free to develop.

In choosing a method of potato-blight control, its effectiveness in the case of each one of a number of varieties has to be considered, and experimental work in this connection has shown that, in Ireland at any rate, spraying is generally to be preferred to dusting. Moreover, in years like these, when the crop is short, any surplus of potatoes is going to be profitable, and Burgundy mixture is found to be the most likely spray to secure this surplus. It seems clear, from a review of recent work on the subject, that no substitute known at present can be recommended to replace this home-made spraying mixture for general use.

A Tallow Estate.

LATE FARMER PARKER.

FUND IN COURT.

OWNERSHIP TO BE DECIDED LATER.

In the High Court Dublin, before Mr. Justice Sullivan, Mr. Maurice C. Walker (instructed by Messrs. S. and R. G. Walker and Son) applied on behalf of Mrs. Eleanor O'Brien, of the Causeway, Ennis, for an order authorising her to apply for a grant of letters of administration to the estate of the late Farmer Parker, of Tallow, Co. Waterford. The object of the motion, said Mr. Walker, was to make title to a fund which was lodged in the Court of Chancery in 1888. Farmer Parker died intestate on June 21, 1903, leaving a widow, Annie Parker, and no children. No administration ever was taken out to his estate. Annie Parker died on February 14, 1915, having made her will appointing Mrs. Eleanor O'Brien her executrix, and probate was granted on April 8, 1916. Farmer Parker, continued Mr. Walker, had a first wife, Mary Parker, and she claimed to be entitled to one-third of a sum of £200 which had been lodged in court by the Patriotic Insurance Company in 1868. She died intestate on September 16, 1869, and letters of administration to her estate were granted to her husband, who became entitled to her share of the fund in court. The second wife apparently did not know of the existence of this estate. The personal representative—when raised—of Mary Parker had been found entitled to this money, and if the Court granted administration of the estate of Farmer Parker it was hoped that it would lead to a grant of the administration of the estate of Mary Parker. The fund in court now amounted to about £1,000, one-third of which would go to whatever person was entitled to it.

Mr. Justice Sullivan said that he would give liberty to apply for a grant under the 78th Section of the Probate Act, but he was not deciding on this application who became beneficially entitled to the fund.



SWIFT Cycles

SWIFT Cycles
YOURS FOR YEARS
Strength, stability, engineering excellence, wear-resisting finish, low price and world-wide reputation mark the Swift Cycle Value of a Lifetime.

Talk it over with your local dealer.
Non-Deposit Easy Terms. Ask for Catalogue.

CYCLE DEALERS:—

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DUNGARVAN.
W. & A. J. FOWKES,
YOUGHAL.

FOR PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION REGARDING LOANS FROM AGRICULTURAL CREDIT CORPORATION AND

BOARD OF WORKS LOANS FOR



H. COWARD & SONS,
Foundry and Engineering Works.

Castings of all Descriptions made

Agricultural Machinery Repaired

Acetylene Welding.

MOTOR LORRIES FOR HIRE ANY DISTANCE
Stephen Street, Dungarvan.

J. DANIEL,

LOWER MAIN STREET, DUNGARVAN.

CARPENTER AND FUNERAL UNDERTAKER

IN STOCK BEST OAK AND ELM COFFINS IN PANNELLED AND PLAIN TO SUIT ALL CUSTOMERS AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO OAG. ON MR.

WINDOWS, DOORS AND FURNITURE STOCKED.

ALL HOUSE REPAIRS IN TOWN AND COUNTRY AT REASONABLE PRICES.

Please Note Address—

J. DANIEL,

LOWER MAIN STREET, (Below R. A. Mott's) DUNGARVAN.

Important Announcement.

JAMES KIELY,
COACHBUILDER AND FUNERAL UNDERTAKER.

OAK, ELM AND DEAL COFFINS KEPT IN STOCK AND SUPPLIED AT SHORTEST NOTICE.

COACH PAINTING AND ALL CLASSES OF REPAIRS PROMPTLY AND NEATLY CARRIED OUT.

GIVE US A CALL BEFORE GOING ELSEWHERE. PLEASE NOTE ADDRESS—

JAMES KIELY,
...FAIR LANE, DUNGARVAN.

CARTER'S CELEBRATED GARDEN SEEDS IN BULK.

Early Flower of Spring Cabbage 8d. per oz. Giant Green Curled Savoy 8d. per oz. Ailsa Craig Onion 1/9 per oz. Superb Early Market Carrot 8d. per oz. Extra Early Snowball Turnip 6d. per oz. Extra Large Broad Windsor Beans 1/- per p.t. Scarlet Runner Beans 1/6 per p.t. Canadian Wonder Beans 2/- per p.t. First Early Pilot Peas 1/6 per p.t. Giant International Peas 1/6 per p.t. Covent Garden Radish 6d. per oz. Aylton Castle Leek 6d. per oz. Exhibition Brussels 8d. per oz. Choice Summer Spinach 6d. per oz. Crimson Ball Beet 6d. oz. Long Green Trailing Vegetable Marrow 6d. All-the-Year-Round Lettuce 8d. per oz. Veitch's Autumn Giant Cauliflower 2/6 per oz. Walcheran Cauliflower 2/- oz. Champion Moss Curled Parsley 8d. per oz. Solid White Celery 1/6 oz. Eckford's Egg Mixed Sweet Pea 6d. oz. World Choice Waved Seedlings Sweet Pea extra good 1/- oz. Carter's Onion Sets 1/6 per lb. Tobacco Seed 5/- to 10/- per pkt. sufficient for 1 and 1 acre respectively. Over 400 varieties Carter's Choice Flower Seeds every known variety at 6d. per pkt. All seeds sent post free.

HARPUR BROS.
Seed Merchants, WATERFORD.



Growth of Communism.

NECESSITY FOR CATHOLIC ACTION

VIEWS OF VERY REV. CANON KELLEHER.

At a meeting of the Maynooth Unit, at which Right Rev. Mgr. Byrne, Waterford, presided, a paper on "The necessity for Catholic Social Organisation" was read by Very Rev. Canon Kelleher, S.T.L., St. John's College, Waterford. He said that the more they considered the matter the stronger became the conviction that the crisis through which they were now passing was grave, even in comparison with the great crisis of history. The economic order had become fundamentally divorced from religion and morality. Its most distinguished exponents in practice, high financiers and commercial magnates, were almost equally so. They were quite willing that the Christian structure of society, as well as the institutions sanctioned by Christian tradition and teaching, should be retained provided they were free to exploit them for their ambitious purposes. The result was an anomaly incapable of enduring. Not only did it contain within itself the seeds of corruption, which in their day had grown to an alarming degree, producing incessant national and international crisis of which no one could foresee the consequences, but it had raised up conscious hostile forces determined on its destruction. To prevent possible misunderstanding, he explained that, while admitting that exploitation had been, and was, widely practised through the abuse of institutions such as private property, rent charges, wage contracts, etc., he did not for a moment suggest that these institutions of themselves were synonymous with exploitation, as Socialists contended when it suited their purpose to confound abuses with the institutions themselves.

It was by no accident that the Communist movement followed quickly on non-moral economics. For in the materialistic principles assumed in non-moral economics there could be no possible justification for the retention of a Christian form of society which, according to these principles had lost all meaning and sanction. The more thorough-going materialists who were not restrained by motives of personal aggrandisement were not disposed to accept this one-sided compromise. They demanded a complete reconstruction of society logically and consistently on materialistic lines. Roughly, since 1847 the Communist movement has been forging its way with varying successes and failures. From within and without, therefore, forces had been at work for the radical overthrow of society as hitherto organised. Non-moral principles weakened and corrupted it from within; the Communist movement got ready to attack it from without. People might proclaim that they did not want Communism and would not have it, but all the time, unconsciously and perhaps against their will, they were preparing for it by the vicious principles they adopted in practice, and which more and more appeared to paralyse industrialism and corrupted economic relations, as well as by the resulting antagonisms which set nation against nation and class against class. There was no real accepted principle of stability in the world at present. An international conflict might be precipitated at any moment, and should it happen Communists would find in more countries than one conditions no less favourable than they found in Russia in 1917. Within many countries, too, there were all the elements that made for class conflict, and should such a conflict occur anywhere on a large scale within the particular country affected the Communist cause would be advanced no less effectively than by an international war.

PARTING OF THE WAYS.

It could scarcely be doubted that they were fast coming to the parting of the ways, when they must move definitely to the right or the left. It was no longer a question of preserving existing conditions against the onslaughts of Communism. Society must be reconstructed on the lines set out in the Communist programme and initiated in Russia, or on definitely Christian principles. Supreme Pontiffs, especially Leo XIII, and the present Pope, had warned them of the danger, and appealed to them to take measures to meet it. There was atto-

gether too great a tendency to regard these Papal pronouncements as purely doctrinal, and to flatter themselves that they were doing their duty towards them if they read them, studied them, parsed them, and argued about them. The menace to society was world wide, and if Catholics harkened to the voice of the Pope, it was to be supposed that each country would react according to its own conditions and opportunities.

If they in Ireland were themselves responsible for a non-moral economic system, at least it had been imposed on them. They certainly had it. That system, with all its corroding influences, was preparing the way for Communism in Ireland. At the same time the emissaries of Communism were not neglecting them. They might not be numerous or influential at the moment, but they were with them, and they were not idle. If they could succeed in convincing a large section of the people that their grievances were intolerable and that they (the Communists) alone were capable and determined to end them, then they might be assured that the menace of Communism was real and imminent in Ireland. In Ireland, too, they were not altogether without evidence of what the Holy Father regarded as the most lamentable immediate effect of the present critical conditions, viz., that loyal Catholics were being seduced from their allegiance to the Church. That evil might not be very pronounced here at present, but it existed and unless checked must undoubtedly grow. With amazing subtlety and plausibility Communists represented all opposition to themselves as actuated by a desire to maintain a corrupt and discredited form of Capitalism. With sublime cynicism the Catholic Church was held responsible for conditions which were due entirely to disregard for her teaching and rejection of the moral principles by which she would have economic relations controlled.

The social problem could never be solved by principles of economics or politics, no matter how true or how lofty. The solution must come through something that would be living and active within them, something which would correct in them the vices and downward tendency of their fallen nature. Christianity alone could accomplish that, and Christianity could accomplish it only if it became a living active force in their social as well as in their individual lives. Just as the mere knowledge of Christian doctrine would not save individuals, so no mere knowledge of Christian principles would have society. That being so, where in the entire world could a more favourable response to the Pope's appeal be expected than in Ireland? Whatever else the Irish people were, they were genuinely and practically Christian. Never in their long troubled history had their Christian instincts been at fault. It must be confessed that their religion, all powerful as it happily was for the individual salvation, did not appear to secure them economic stability or social charity. There were certainly abundant historical causes to account for that disconcerting state of affairs, but that surely would not justify them if they remained content to allow that state to continue. With their undoubted advantages their guilt would be all the greater if, while they possessed such a marked degree of the means by which according to the "Quadragesimo Anno" society would be reconstructed and saved, they basely, through lack of initiative, or of courage or public spirit, failed to make use of them. Here as elsewhere non-moral Capitalism and atheistic Communism were fighting it out between them. Already they were being reminded that society could not be saved from the menace of Communism by appeals to Catholic principles or Papal Encyclicals, which few of them were at pains to understand properly, and fewer still considered how they could be reduced to practice.

They had absolutely no national organisation for giving practical effect to their Christian principles or bringing their economic and social life under the influence of Christian justice and charity. It was a national misfortune that political energy, instead of being directed towards securing the welfare of the country, was mainly spent in conflicts between parties. Unfortunately, under the existing form of democracy expressing itself in party government it appeared to be inevitable. From a party point of view there was more to be gained from exploiting the ignorance and passions of the mob than from trying to enlighten and calm them. Hence they had the deliberate working up of excitement at times of elections and other political crisis. Many politicians were little enamoured of such practices. In their hearts they earnestly desired that things could be different, but what could they do? The opportunities of gaining party advantages were too palpable. Whoever scorned to avail of them must be prepared to see his political activities futile. For this reason many high minded men were debarred, or debarred themselves, from active participation in politics. In this they appeared to be adopting an unconsciously selfish attitude. If such persons strove earnestly to make their influence felt in politics, they would tend to leave parties and help to bring about what was so ardently longed for—a better understanding between opposing parties and a brighter prospect of securing co-operation where vital or very important national interests were at stake. In their judgment of politics and political leaders they should take account of consideration of this kind and avoid sweeping and virulent condemnation of persons and policies to which they found themselves opposed.

The activity of priests in politics had always been a more or less burning question in the country. Theoretically there appeared to be no reasonable grounds for objecting to priests in politics. They had the rights and duties of ordinary citizens. They represented important interests, and there was no reason for thinking that their influence should not be beneficial or on the whole at least no more harmful than that of the average man who was admittedly entitled to unrestricted participation in politics. In practice, however, there were obvious disadvantages associated with the active participation of priests in politics, which with them at present could scarcely be dissociated with parties. Taking human nature as it was, the animosities aroused by political conflicts could not fail to affect the relations between the political priest and his flock, a fact which was certain to be turned to account by the enemies of religion, who were only too eager to exploit every opportunity of spreading discord between priest and people. The pros and cons of this question were too many and too intricate to be adequately considered there, and he did not wish to be taken as offering any suggestion as to what course should be adopted; but no matter who entered or abstained from politics at as present pursued on bitterly antagonistic lines, there was little ground for hoping that through them the Catholic solution for social maladies could be made operative if one party did attempt to put into practice particular Catholic principles, rival parties would as a matter of course, feel bound to misrepresent and attack them. Apart from that, Catholic social principles could be adopted into a working political programme only so far as party exigencies would permit, and that was to a very limited extent indeed.

Catholic principles demanded a degree of self sacrifice and consideration for others which would inevitably alienate supporters from the political party which should attempt to enforce them. It was a flattering fiction which represented the people at large, who could make and unmake parties, as greatly swayed by lofty considerations for justice, equity, or general welfare. In reality they were more influenced by sabboteles, prejudice, and self-interest. It might sound strange, but the sad fact was that comparatively few of them were greatly concerned about the public welfare, each of them being too much pre-occupied by sectional or personal welfare. It does not appear unjust to say that party politics did not conduce to whole hearted co-operation between all men of good will, and not even the most enthusiastic admirers of the party system would claim that it tended to promote charity. Most assuredly they were not discharging their responsibilities as Catholics merely by pointing out true principles of denouncing wrong practices, or even putting forward positive suggestions, without definite indication of how they were to be made effective.

The time for action was now overdue. If suitable action did not follow as a body they were all guilty, and their individual share of the guilt would be in proportion to the opportunities they possessed and failed to make use of. They urgently needed a special department of Catholic Action that would be nation wide and open to all Catholics prepared to serve in that great apostolate for the purpose of creating a Catholic social sense, enlightened not only as regards Catholic principles, but also as to the application of those principles to actually existing conditions, and, what was perhaps of greater importance, of developing a Christian attitude towards social problems in order that they might be enabled to face them with patience and mutual charity, without which Catholic social principles would never be effective in practice. The department of Catholic Action he contemplated would rather try to show how in a practical way social problems might be solved in a manner equitable to all, and, above all, to cultivate and extend the Christian psychology which could make men discard strife in favour of mutual co-operation for what was equitable.

The time, too, seemed favourable for the initiation of such a project. Already there was abundant evidence of what might be called war weariness. Very many earnest Catholics were beginning to feel that an eminently Catholic country like theirs should show so little practical Christianity in its public life. With increasing emphasis, the desire for peaceful co-operation was finding vocal expression. It was useless to look for co-operation to the active participants in conflicts. If they wanted co-operation they must lay the foundations for it outside the spheres of actual strife and create the necessary atmosphere of peace. If they could succeed in doing that they might rest assured that most of those who were now solely intent on worsening their opponents would be only too glad to follow the better way once that can be seen to be what may be called practical politics.

With the utmost diffidence, therefore, he submitted that a Catholic Social League should be established for all Ireland for the general purpose of preparing the way for the realisation of the Christian social solution. It might consist of a Central Committee or Council, and branches established as widely as possible throughout the entire country. The activities of the branches should be directed towards diffusing amongst their members and, through them, the community in general, knowledge of Catholic and social principles and their practical application to the problems which actually confronted

YOUGHAL URBAN COUNCIL.

Present—Mr. J. R. Smyth, P.C., Chairman; Mrs. S. Hurley, P.C.; Messrs. D. Dennehy, M. J. Fleming, M. D. Broderick, T. Beausang, D. J. Linehan, T. Harrington, P. J. O'Gorman, P.C.; P. J. McMahon, P.C., E. Clancy, A. J. Fowkes.

Mr. Broderick proposed a vote of sympathy with the family of a good member and the father of that Board, the late Capt. Dunne, and that they adjourn all business as a mark of respect to his memory. Beyond his many other admirable qualities he was thoroughly open and straight.

Mr. Harrington, as a personal and intimate friend of the late Capt. had a melancholy pleasure in seconding Mr. Broderick. It would indeed be hard to fill his place.

Mrs. Hurley, as a sincere friend of deceased, tendered her deepest sympathy to his bereaved family. His manly straightforwardness should be an example to all.

Mr. Whelan endorsed everything said about their good old friend—indeed it would be difficult to say enough about him. At all times he displayed a practical interest in the welfare of the workers and especially of the fishermen.

Messrs. Beausang and McMahon desired to be associated with the proposition.

Mr. Dennehy said he had always looked on the late Capt. Dunne, as the grand Old Man of Youghal.

Mr. O'Gorman said that looking back a short few weeks when Capt. Dunne was at their meeting, it was hard to realise that they would never see him again. He was a fine old type of Irishman, an excellent father and a good friend. His death was a sad loss to his family and his colleagues.

Messrs. Linehan, Fowkes and Clancy joined in the proposition. The Clerk said having been closely and frequently connected with the late Capt. Dunne he could truly say of him that he was one of nature's gentlemen and certainly one of Youghal's most esteemed citizens.

The Chairman said that everything that had been said about the late Capt. Dunne was richly deserved. His association with the Capt. went back 40 years. During that long period he had never met a more straightforward and honest man, always prompted by the best of motives to do good for all, particularly for the labourer and the fisherman, in whose welfare he was deeply interested. All the Council and his fellow-townpeople regretted that the occasion had arisen for that proposition.

The Clerk was then instructed to convey the vote of condolence, and the meeting adjourned.

POTATO BLIGHT.

EARLY SYRAYING NECESSARY.

Potato blight usually makes its appearance in the Saorstad early in June and occasionally towards the end of May. Owing to the bright, dry weather prevailing during recent weeks conditions favourable to the growth and spread of the disease were absent, but a change to moist atmospheric conditions would be likely to result in the disease becoming widespread very quickly.

The growth of the potato crop during the past fortnight has been very rapid and growers should lose no time in effectively spraying their crops. Crops that are backward in growth should be given particular attention as it is all important to ensure that such crops are kept free from attacks of blight.

Growers should take immediate steps to provide themselves with the necessary spraying materials. It is very important that the spraying mixture should be properly prepared. Full instructions on this subject will be found in Leaflet No. 14 "Potato Blight and its Prevention" which may be obtained, free of charge, from the Department of Agriculture, Dublin C.17.

them. They should be mainly on constructive lines, and should as far as possible eschew criticism and controversy. Too long had they been embittering their soul and wasting their energies on barren controversies.

As that League would be a department of Catholic Action, it should be initiated with the sanction and carried on under the authority and guidance of the Hierarchy. Who was to take the initiative? He had ventured so much already that he felt emboldened to take the further liberty of suggesting that some existing body of recognised authority in the country—say, the Council of that Union, or of the Catholic Truth Society of Ireland—might be able to see its way to take the first step. It should be absolutely non-political and non-sectional, the sole condition of membership being belief in the Catholic social solution and zeal to see it realised. The Council should be composed of eminent economists and social workers. Their numbers need not be large, at least in the beginning, and they should be prepared to welcome helpful advice and guidance from any quarter from which it might come. There should be genuine co-operation amongst them and whatever they put forward should represent the conclusions of the body rather than of individuals. There would be no room for supermen who might desire or unconsciously strive to impose their own views.

Advertisement for Ford Open House Week, June 25th to June 29th, Mid-day to 9 p.m. We cordially invite you to join our Party and visit Ireland's Largest Motor Car Factory at the Marina Works of HENRY FORD & SON LTD., CORK. Special Arrangements. Reduced Fares. COME AND SEE HOW CARS, TRUCKS, AND VANS ARE MADE BY THE MOST MODERN METHODS. An Enjoyable and Instructive Day. FULL PARTICULARS FROM AUTHORISED FORD DEALERS.

Advertisement for Perry's Ale. The pick of Ireland's barley crop helps to make PERRY'S ALE. Strong Irish Brewed right in the heart of Ireland, at BATHDOWNEY, LEIX. Includes an illustration of a man drinking from a bottle.

YOUGHAL MENTAL HOSPITAL COMMITTEE.

At the usual monthly meeting of the above there attended Messrs. Wm. J. Broderick, T.D., Chairman, J. R. Conolly, T.C., Very Rev. D. Canon Dinneen, D.D., P.P., Rev. T. Wilson, and Dr. M. Twomey, Res. Surgeon.

The Manager reported that since last meeting four patients (one female and three male) had been admitted from the Cork Mental Hospital, and five patients (two female and 3 male) had died. The total number in residence at present was 426—177 women and 249 men. Dr. Kelly, Inspector of Mental Hospitals, made his official inspection of the Institution on the 31st ult. Contracts had been satisfactorily carried out during the month. A cheque value £37 8s. 0d., had been received for the sale of nine pigs. Owing to recent tariffs imposed, an extra charge of 6d. per suit had been added for men's tweeds suits and an extra charge of 2d. per lb. had been added for stock fish. Communications were submitted from the Irish Land Commission and copy of Circular Letter from the L.G., also copy of Local Services (Temporary Economies) Act, 1934.

Replying to the Chair. Dr. Twomey said that the prices of medicines had gone up considerably. One powder which formerly cost 2d. was now 6d.

The Chairman—300 per cent. The Circular in connection with the proposed reduction of salaries having been read, the Chairman said it was rather strange that the salaries of Medical Officers and also of lawyers—who drew up the Bill in question—were not to be affected (laughter).

After a short discussion, the Chairman said he would see that the matter was referred to the Board's solicitor.

The farm steward reported that the crops were as well as could be expected, considering the long spell of dry weather.

The meeting then took up the question of tenders.

A tender was read for the supply of anthracite coal at 47/10 was read.

The Chairman said that coal would not suit at all. It was decided not to consider it. Two tenders were then read as follows:—No. 1 best house coal 36/- steam coal 34/6; No 2 36/- and 33/-.

The latter was unanimously accepted. The Contractor was Mr. M. J. Fleming, Youghal.

Two tenders were received for the supply of a kitchen ranges, £115 10s. and £207 10s.

There being such a discrepancy between the prices and so much difference between the specifications of the two articles it was decided to refer the matter to the parent body at their meeting on Tuesday.

Dr. Twomey submitted his report as follows:—Since my last report there have been five deaths and the deceased belonged to the Cork Mental Hospital. Four patients are confined to bed on the male side of the house and seven on the female side owing to debility and other causes. There has been no case of seclusion, restraint, injury or violence. There has been no complaint of the water supply. The food supplies have been regularly ex-

amined and found up to standard requirements. There has been no case of zymotic disease and the general health of the Institution is excellent.

LISMORE FARMERS.

LAND ANNUITIES FIXED TO LOW SAYS LANDLORD.

A sitting of the Appeal Tribunal of the Court of the Irish Land Commission was held at 23 Merrion Street, on 15th inst. Mr. Justice Wylie, presided. The other members of the Tribunal present were Commissioners Browne and Mansfield.

The Duke of Devonshire appealed against the standard purchase annuity fixed by the Land Commission in respect of the holdings of the following (his tenants):—Daniel Maloney, Bishopstown, Lismore; Martin Kelleher, do.; W. J. Ahearne, do.; Ellen Dennehy, Headview, Lismore; Mee. McCarthy, Ballinville, Lismore; Mary Lee, Curraheen, South Lismore; C. P. Doocey, Deerpark, Lismore; Henry O'Brien, Glenbeg, Glencairn, Co. Waterford; Henry O'Brien, do.; John F. O'Donnell, Main street, Lismore.

Mr. McElligott, land valuer, on behalf of the Duke, said that he considered the land purchase annuities, as fixed by the Land Commission, were too low, and should be increased in every case.

Mr. Hey, agent of the Duke, gave evidence on special points regarding the upkeep of embankments and allowances made to the tenants. The tenants, although they had not gone into the Land Court in 1881 under the Land Act of that year, contended that they should be allowed a reduction since then.

Mr. A. C. Newell, B.L., (instructed by Messrs. Moore, Kelly and Lloyd, solrs.), appeared for the Duke of Devonshire.

Further consideration of the appeal was deferred pending the receipt of a report from an assessor.

GALVANISED WIRE NETTING.

WE have just completed a very big contract for Galvanised Wire Netting and we will be in a position to offer it considerably less than last year. This netting is made by one of the best Manufacturers in the Kingdom, and is clear bright and strong. Prices range from 1 1/2d. per yard. Special prices for rolls of 50 yards. HARPUR BROS., 48, QUAY, WATERFORD.

T. FLYNN & SON, FAMILY BUTCHER, SQUARE, DUNGARVAN.

A CONSTANT SUPPLY OF BEST BEEF AND MUTTON KEPT ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

Also LAMB and VEAL When in Season.

ONLY ONE QUALITY—THE BEST.

IMPORTANT NOTICE. WE PAY THE HIGHEST PRICES FOR ALL CLASSES OF HIDES and SKINS.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

NOTE ADDRESS—CORNER OF MAIN ST., AND SQUARE.

Advertisement for LUMINOUS POLISHES. USE LUMINOUS POLISHES FOR Shining & Waterproofing Your Boots & Shoes; Also for Furniture, Linoleum, etc. Prices—2d., 3d., 6d., and 1s. Made in Waterford.



KILMACHTHOMAS NEWS.

DEATH OF MRS. SARAH BROWN. On Thursday night week, Mrs. Sarah Brown, relict of the late Mr. Joseph Brown, Kilmachthomas, died at the grand old age of 89 years.

GAELIC GARNERINGS. Warmest congratulations to Waterford's winning teams in Tralee on last Sunday afternoon.

The team to represent Clonca-Power in their junior hurling championship tie with Erin's Own at Ballyduff Lower Gaelic Sportsfield on tomorrow (Sunday) will be selected from the following:—W. Whelan (Captain) M. Whelan, E. Whelan, M. Whelan, W. Moore, J. Moore, G. Moore, J. Dempsey, T. Dempsey, E. Dempsey, P. Flynn, W. Flynn, M. Keane, J. Gahan, T. Walsh, T. Brien, P. Brien, D. Kirby, J. Brazil, M. Brazil, Pat Whelan, W. Hanrahan, D. Mullins, J. Kirwan, P. Butler.

With both units equally confident of victory a rattling set-to is assured. For the first time in the history of the G.A.A., Waterford will figure in four Munster finals this year, viz., Senior Hurling, Junior Hurling, Minor Hurling and Junior Football.

ARE YOU THE OWNER?

A correspondent whose name and address we have informed us that on last Sunday evening he found in Ballydwan Cove (midway between Bonmahon and Stradbally), a gold medal for football, inscribed on one side, "New York State League, 1928-1929," and on the other "G.W.A. Winner—the winner's name following. The finder is anxious to return the medal to the owner.

A "DRY" SUBJECT.

Everyone is talking of the drought. It is a dry subject, but a most important one. To the superficial observer, too, it is a little incomprehensible. He finds himself surrounded by reservoirs with water, water everywhere. Yet we are subject to drastic limitations in order to conserve the resources of the Water Trust (you ken that there Water Trust, we trust!) and make them go as far as possible. We can only assume that our water administrators know what is best for the community, and that when we are rationed it is for our own good.

MOLONEY'S.

IS NOW THE RECOGNISED HOUSE IN THE SOUTH FOR REALLY GENUINE VALUE. SIMPLY BECAUSE THE GOODS ARE PURCHASED AT A WHOLESALE BASIS DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURERS, WHICH MEANS A SAVING OF 25%. THE MOTTO OF THIS UP-TO-DATE HOUSE IS:

Quick Selling with Slender a Profit.

DURING THE NEXT FEW WEEKS, THE FOLLOWING SPECIALS WILL BE OFFERED:

- 4 CRATES OF ENAMEL WARE, AMAZING VALUE.
6 CASES ALUMINIUM AT PRE DUTY.
100 SETS OF ENGLISH CHINA, BREAKFAST AND TEA WARE.

This is a Sensational Line.

- 5 CASES GLASS AND TABLE WARE, MAGNIFICENT STUFF.
OVER 2 TONS OF PAINTS, VARNISH AND DISTEMPER, REDUCED TO A VERY LOW FIGURE.

WALL PAPERS—THE BIGGEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH OF IRELAND.

DURING THE LAST SALE OUR 6,000 PIECES WERE SOLD. ORDERS WERE RECEIVED FROM TIPPERARY, KILKENNY, CORK, AND OTHER FAR AWAY CENTRES.

CLIENTS WERE ABSOLUTELY SURPRISED AT THE AMAZING VALUE.

ANOTHER REMARKABLE CONSIGNMENT IS DUE TO ARRIVE ON SATURDAY MORNING. THIS PARCEL OF 1,000 ROLLS WILL BE THE GREATEST STUNNER OF ALL. THEY WILL BE OFFERED AT AMAZING PRICES THE MOMENT THEY ARRIVE.

BORDERS FOR NEXT TO NOTHING. DON'T MISS THE GREAT OPPORTUNITY SPRAYING MATERIALS.

OVER 12 TONS COPPER AND 10 TONS SODA. ALL GUARANTEED 98%.

SPRAYS, KNAPSACK AND HORSE. ALL SPRAYER REPAIRS PROMPTLY DONE. POWDER SPRAY IN 10 AND 20LB. BAGS. THE NEW LIQUID SPRAY POWDER PACKED IN TINS 3/EACH. MONEY IS SCARCE, ECONOMY IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY. THEREFORE, IF YOU WANT VALUE—

MOLONEY'S

Is Your House,

BRIDGE STREET, & SQUARE, DUNGARVAN.

HURLING MATCHES AT CLASHMORE.

For the first time within living memory, at any rate, Clashmore on Thursday 7th inst was the venue for two games played with the caman. It does seem strange, no doubt, that a taste for wielding of the ash was never up till now developed in this home of great footballers.

Besides, on Thursday week, a filip was given to this game of the caman when the pupils of the Dungarvan Technical Institute visited Clashmore in order to play two return matches, comogie and hurling, with the pupils attending the local Vocational School.

Prior to the matches, to the music of the Irish Pipes, the teams marched round the pitch, presenting a gala spectacle to the many spectators who had assembled. The girls looked especially smart in their bright, summer costumes, as they circled, two deep, towards the centre mark, where they lined up in companionable spirit to begin the first game.

CAMOGIE.

As soon as the ball was thrown in both teams played vigorously, and the leather was driven up and down the field at a rapid rate. These quick passages soon deteriorated into scrummages around midfield, however, and much close tackling followed. Miss M. Crotty now got possession for Dungarvan and succeeded in invading the homesters' territory, but a firm resistance was made by the wing backs, who returned the ball over the half-way line.

HURLING.

It would be difficult indeed to describe minutely the hurling match that followed. From start to finish it was a stylish, speedy game, lit frequently with brilliant passages. Dungarvan proved themselves to be the more even team. Clashmore showed weakness around midfield. But this was almost entirely compensated for by the marvellous game played by Norris, Murphy, Sweeney, Cotter and Fitzgerald.

APART FROM ITS ATHLETIC ASPECT IT IS TO BE HOPED THAT THE DAY'S AMUSEMENT WILL HELP TO BRING MORE FORCEFULLY TO THE MIND OF THE PUBLIC THE BOON OF Vocational Education. Up to recently, when the child of poor parents in the country had reached the compulsory attendance age of fourteen in a primary school his education automatic-

Grass Seeds for Permanent Pastures.

We are in the extremely fortunate position this season, of having purchased our Seeds last October, when prices were at their lowest, and all our seeds will be of the usual high standard quality.

HARPUR BROS.,

SEED MERCHANTS,

48 The Quay, Waterford.

YOUR NEW SUIT.

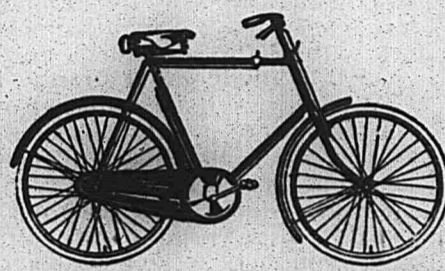
Consistent and honest value can be had by consulting L. DALTON when buying your New Suit.

I am offering an Irish Tweed Suit to Measure for 47/6 (cost of making included).

Buy direct from the Tailor and save the Middleman's profits.

LUKE DALTON,

MERCHANT TAILOR AND OUTFITTER, 80 O'CONNELL STREET, DUNGARVAN.



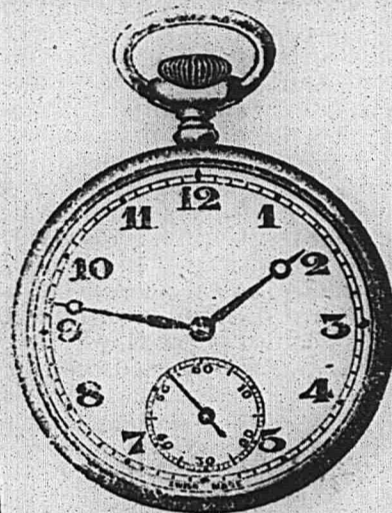
THE ALL-STEEL RALEIGH

Famous for its beauty of design and workmanship, the rigidity and sweetness of its running, it is still the most popular machine in the market. It has a "FOR EVER" GUARANTEE.

Price from £4 17s. 6d. upwards.

AGENT:

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No Watch is too cheap to repair—no piece of old Gold is too small to turn into cash. You can have your sight tested and Spectacles supplied from 3/6 per pair upwards. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

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ally finished. In consequence it should be noted what a vast amount of ability was cramped and spoiled. It should be noted likewise what a loss was sustained by the child himself, and by the State which requires all its brains to bring it forward to success.

SECOND SON FOR MARQUIS OF WATERFORD.

The Marchioness of Waterford gave birth to a son at 2, Sussex-place, Park Lane, London, on Sunday last.

This is the second son to be born to Lord and Lady Waterford in 11 months. Both mother and child are progressing very well.

Lord and Lady Waterford's son and heir, the Earl of Tyrone, was born in London in July last, and at his christening last August wore an exquisite robe of Brussels lace and cream satin to which is attached a romantic story.

The robe is an heirloom of the Waterford family, and after the marriage of Lord Waterford's parents in 1897 it disappeared from their home, Curraghmore, County Waterford, and was only recovered in time for the baptism of the present Marquess of Waterford.

Vain efforts were made to trace the robe for the christenings of Lord Waterford's two elder sisters, now Lady Blanche Girouard and Lady Katherine Danway, but it could not be found and the first two children of the sixth marquess had to be baptised in other robes.

Shortly before the birth of the present marquess, however, his mother received a letter from a former housemaid at Curraghmore, in which the writer said that she was on her deathbed and wanted to confess to having stolen the robe. It transpired that she had disposed of it to a dealer in old laces, and after much difficulty it was eventually traced and recovered.

MOTOR ACCIDENT IN CAPPOQUIN.

On Sunday morning a young boy named Patrick McCarthy, 11 years, Barrack street, Cappoquin, was knocked down and injured by a lorry conveying milk to the local creamery and

LISMORE TOWN COMMISSIONERS NO ELECTION.

Lismore will be spared the turmoil of an election for Town Commissioners this year, for which most of the townspeople feel thankful.

Mr. D. Lawton, Town Clerk, acting as Returning Officer, sat to receive nominations for the nine seats which had been held by the following gentlemen—Messrs. Thos. Crotty, Chairman, (U.I.P.), Andrew Hickey, P.C., Vice-Chairman (U.I.P.); E. Murphy, P.C., (U.I.P.), C. O'Gorman, (U.I.P.), Owen W. Madden, (U.I.P.), Sean Goulding, T.D., (F.F.), Timothy Duggan, (F.F.), Bernard O'Brien, (F.F.), and Richard Ormond, (F.F.).

Nominations were handed in on behalf of the first eight candidates, but as Mr. Ormond has now left Lismore Mr. Robert Lineen, (F.F.), was nominated in his stead, and as no further nominations were received Mr. Lawton declared the above nine gentlemen duly returned unopposed, thus leaving the political parties unchanged.

CAPPOQUIN CHILDREN'S FREE TRIP TO THE SEASIDE.

On the initiative of the Rev. J. Rea, C.C., assisted by the officers and members of the Cappoquin C.Y.M.S., a project has been started here for the purpose of providing a free trip to the seaside for the poor children of the town, most of whom have never seen the sea.

It is intended to confine the excursion to these children between the ages of 6 and 14 years, and on this basis Father Rea estimates that 200 children will be eligible to participate in the free trip, as well as 50 of the boys from St. Joseph's Industrial School, Cappoquin. Father Rea, has secured the active co-operation of Mr. M. J. Sargent, he is quite confident that the movement can be successfully carried through. It is proposed to have the excursion take place to Youghal on Tuesday, July 3rd, and to engage a number of large buses for the transport of the children.

his bicycle broken to bits. Dr. White, was called and found the boy had a compound fracture of the left leg. He was later removed to Dungarvan hospital.

THE TEA HOUSE

FOR CHOICE

CAKES

Many Varieties Stocked.

- Seed Cake 6d. per lb.
Fruit Cake 6d. per lb.
Cherry Genoa 8d. per lb.
Almond Layer 8d. per lb.
Chocolate Layer 8d. per lb.
Desert 8d. per lb.
Rich Fruit 8d. per lb.

- Etc., Etc.
Globe Cakes (Wrapped) 6d. Each.
Ginger Cakes (Wrapped) 6d. Each.
Sponge Sandwich—6d. each.
8 Penny Sponges for 6d.

JACOB'S DELICIOUS

BISCUITS

8 NEW VARIETIES. ALL AT 8d. Per Lb.

For Good Value Try

KILLARNEY VARIETY

YOU WILL GET

135 BISCUITS FOR 8d.

Choice Selection of Fresh

FRUIT

(Just Arrived).

Apples, Oranges, Bananas, Plums, etc.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK—

CANNED FRUITS

ARE CHEAPER THAN EVER. WE GUARANTEE THE QUALITY.

PEARS

LARGE TIN, 11 1/2d. Also at 4 1/2d. and 7d.

APRICOTS

LARGE TIN, 10 1/2d. Also at 4 1/2d. and 7d.

PEACHES

(Sliced or Whole) LARGE TIN, 10 1/2d. Also at 4 1/2d. and 7d.

FRUIT SALAD

LARGE TIN, 1/4. Also at 6d. & 9d.

CREAM

ONLY 4 1/2d. PER TIN.

Pineapple, Grape Fruit, Plums, Loganberries, Raspberries and Strawberries.

Green and White Stamps With all Goods.

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