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DUNGARVAN DISTRICT COURT.

CIVIL BILLS.

Held on Wednesday before Mr. Troy, D.J.
 The adjourned case of Morrissey Bros., against J. O'Hara, Courthouse, Dungarvan, for £2 4s. alleged to be due for goods, sold and delivered.
 Mr. Farrell, solr., appeared for the plaintiffs and Mr. E. A. Ryan, solr., defended.
 Mr. Thomas Morrissey gave evidence of the amount due and payments made by defendant's wife to Mr. Farrell, solr.
 Defendant replying to Mr. Ryan said he was a married man with six children. He had dealings with Morrissey Bros., in 1921-22. The dealing was on cash and also credit. Witness paid off the account and had no further bills until Mr. Farrell wrote. He knew of no dealings that his wife had with Mr. Morrissey.
 To Mr. Farrell—All the items got by me were paid for. Witness must have got receipts. He did not look for them and they would not be around now. He never got letters from Mr. Farrell. The first he got was a civil bill. He never gave authority to his wife to go to Mr. Farrell and make two payments.
 The Justice, after reviewing the evidence dismissed the civil bill.

Building Materials.

Mrs. Casey (Reps. Mee. Flynn) Dungarvan, sued John Foley, Mary street, Dungarvan, for £9 0s. 7d., being balance of an account due. There was a cross suit by defendant against plaintiff.

Mr. Ryan, solr., for plaintiff and Mr. Williams, solr., defended.

Mr. Ryan said his client was a well-known Timber and Iron merchant in the town. In 1926 the defendant was building a house and got the material from his client. He made payments from time to time, but left a balance of £9 0s. 7d., due. The defendant is disputing certain items delivered including asbestos slates and lead.

Mr. Brown (Book-keeper) gave evidence of the slates being delivered on June 18th, 1930 and the lead on four different dates.

To Mr. Williams—Witness was not in the office at the time of this transaction. The dates given are from the books.

Mrs. Casey said he quoted for 1,700 slates which were delivered by the Shandon Dairy lorry direct from Messrs. Graves, Waterford. To his knowledge there never was a complaint about some of these slates being broken. The custom regarding broken slates is that they be returned immediately or the customer is held responsible. If the slates were returned witness could claim from the wholesaler. The estimate produced was for 1,700 slates and other materials for the building of the house and amounted to £61. Three hundred extra slates were delivered to defendant on June 16th, 1930. The £61 was paid on June 29th. Defendant was getting extras besides the material in the estimate and the whole account ran to £110. Witness's quotation for the slates was cut very fine and his profit was very little.

To the Justice—If witness got the slates back at once he would have them returned and got credit for them. The slates should have been returned if they were broken. The lead disputed was not in the original estimate. Witness gave defendant credit for 55 slates returned as well as a lot of other material.

To Mr. Williams—Witness was running the business at this time. Mr. P. McGrath, was manager at this period. McGrath was not inclined to be careless. When Foley paid the £61 witness had supplied him with the extra lead. The slates should have been refused by Foley when they were broken. He promised Foley that he would go into the question of the lead with him.

John Foley, deposed he had a farm at Ballyguiry. A man named Murray built the house for him. Murray prepared the estimate which included 1,700 slates and two items of lead. The slates were brought direct from Waterford with 13 cwt. of cement on top of them. The slates were left for a few days and when opened 300 of them were found to be broken. Witness went to Casey's Manager, who said he would replace the 300 slates. He also said the broken slates were no good to them, and that he would see Graves manager when he came along. Witness got a further 300 slates. When the lead ordered by witness arrived he asked them to hold it a few days as he was not ready for it. He did not get this lead later as it went into another job for Mr. M. Flynn, but Casey ordered a second bit of lead after. Mr. Casey denied that there was any lead mentioned in the estimate. When witness paid the £61 all the lead had been delivered and he thought the £61 covered everything.

To Mr. Ryan—Witness started dealing with Mr. Casey in 1926 and got

several items before this estimate was put in. He had a lot of dealings in the shop apart from the quotation. Witness got some of the lead quoted for. The amount of lead mentioned in the quotation would not finish the house. Witness came into Casey's immediately he knew the slates were broken and saw the manager. He told him about the slates. Mr. Casey was standing by and passed no remark. The slates were badly packed with laths which were loose. Witness returned about 50 slates of the 300.

John Murray, Contractor, deposed he built the house and prepared the estimate. He was not present when the slates were delivered. When opened a big portion were broken. There would be about 500 broken and of these he used about 200. Witness was speaking to Patk. McGrath about the broken slates and McGrath said they would take the matter up with Graves' firm. Witness had no doubt but that the slates were broken and would be no use for anything.

Replying to the Justice, witness said they got the lead in bits as they required it, as it was scarce at the time. The amount of lead in the estimate would do the house.
 By Mr. Ryan—The average breakages in 1,700 asbestos slates would be very little. Witness did not underestimate the amount of slates required they are on the house and can be counted.

The Justice holding that there was negligence on the part of the manager at the time gave a decree for £4 15s. 4d., which is the amount less the cost of the slates.

E.S.B. v. Spears.

The E.S.B. brought a civil bill for £3 5s. against Mrs. Spears.

Mr. O'Connor (junior), solr., Waterford, for plaintiffs, stated that Mr. Traynor, solr., entered a defence, but was not in court.

Mr. Dunphy, gave evidence that the amount due was £3 5s. 0d.
 A decree for the amount with £1 5s. expenses was given.

Overholding.

Rev. Bro. Gibson, brought a civil bill against Jas. Beresford, Sexton St., for overholding a dwelling house.

Mr. Ryan, solr., for plaintiff.

Mr. J. Donovan, Agent, deposed that there was 3 years rent due.

Defendant's wife, who appeared, said she was 40 years in the house, which is in a deplorable condition, with no back way.

A decree for possession was given not to issue if the defendant make an arrangement with regard to the rent and arrears with Mr. Ryan, solr.

Electric Light Charges.

The E.S.B. sued Mr. Wm. Wall, O'Connell street, Dungarvan, for £2 3s. 6d., due on account of electricity consumed and the fixed charge.

Mr. O'Connor, solr., for plaintiffs; Mr. A. R. Farrell, solr., defended.

Mr. Patterson, deposed he was local collector for the E.S.B. and took meter readings. He had wide experience of meter reading since 1919. The defendant was supplied on November 17th, 1930 and witness read the meter on December 20th.

To the Justice—Defendant was only charged for the amount used from November to December. The supply was cut off sometime in 1931, at the request of the defendant. Defendant never complained of the meter readings, but complained of the fixed charge.

Defendant in evidence, stated the light was installed in November 1930 and in December he got a form to sign which he refused to do. He wrote stating that the installation would cost £3 10s. a year without any electricity being consumed. The first reading of the meter was 22.2 and that is the present reading.

By Mr. O'Connor—Witness used the light up to December. He wrote in March, not complaining of the meter reading, but of the fixed charge.
 Various documents having been handed in and perused by the Justice, the case was adjourned to the court to be held on November 22nd., to enable the E.S.B. to produce the document showing the reading of the meter at the time it was installed.

Occasional Licence.

Mr. Williams, solr., made application on behalf of Mrs. Monahan, Ocean View Hotel, for an occasional licence for November 9th., the occasion of the Dungarvan Annual Coursing Club's meeting.

There being no objection by the Superintendent, the application was granted. Hours—10 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Examination Order.

Co. Council and N. O'Keally, Rate Collector, v. Thos. and Wm. Burke, Gliddane.

Mr. Williams, solr., for plaintiffs; Mr. Farrell, solr., defended.

Plaintiffs sought an Examination Order as to means of the defendant in respect of the payment of rates due. Mr. Farrell, solr., submitted a statement as to means, and after the defendant Thos. Burke, was examined, the Justice adjourned the case generally.

G. A. A.

WEST WATERFORD BOARD.

DUNGARVAN V. KILROSSANTY MATCH.

Mr. Frank Ryan, Tallow, Chairman West Waterford Divisional Board, presided at a meeting of above in the Town Hall, Dungarvan, on Wednesday night. Mr. P. Whelan, Secretary Co. Board, was also in attendance and delegates attended from Dungarvan, Abbeystee, Eire Oge, Brickey Rangers, Kilrossanty, Tallow, Villierstown, Lisimore, Cappoquin, etc.

The Secretary said the first business on the agenda was the Referee's report on the Kilrossanty-Dungarvan match. The report stated that the match played on October, 15th, was rather rough from the start. He found it necessary during the first half to caution one player on both teams, and during the second half he ordered a Kilrossanty player (J. Moroney) to the side-line. This player refused to go and the spectators encroached on the field. When he had succeeded in having the field cleared Kilrossanty refused to continue the match, which he awarded to Dungarvan on the score of 1-0 to 0. During the progress of the second half the ball was kicked into the Kilrossanty goal and returned into play, but after a consultation between the umpires the score was allowed.

Secretary—Subsequent to that I got a letter from the Kilrossanty Club expressing regret for what had occurred and asking for a replay of the match.

Chairman—What have Dungarvan to say to that?

Mr. Greany—As far as the Dungarvan Club is concerned, they don't object to a replay, if the Board are agreeable.

Chairman—Can the Board order a replay. Did not Kilrossanty suspend themselves by leaving the field?

Mr. O'Donovan (Kilrossanty), asked the Board not to cut it too fine. It may look a big thing, but if a replay is not given it will finish Kilrossanty for all time. He held the Board had the power to order a replay and cited a similar case in East Waterford in which that Board ordered a replay.

Mr. Connors (Dungarvan), said that while anxious to see the match replayed, he wanted the point cleared up—should Kilrossanty be reinstated first as they suspended themselves by leaving the field. If the match was replayed and Kilrossanty won, and if Dungarvan objected to them as an illegal team, they would be upheld by the Co. Board or the Munster Council, and we would be told that we don't know how to run the association.

Mr. O'Donoghue (Lisimore)—I would like it to be made clear what led up to this. The majority of the Board don't know what happened.

A delegate—The report on what happened is very vague.

Mr. Brett (Abbeystee)—I think when Dungarvan have taken up that attitude, and are agreeable to a replay, which is also the general feeling of the Board, that we should give a replay if we have the power to do so.

Chairman—Then we should adopt Mr. Connors' suggestion if we have power to reinstate.

Secretary—You have no power to reinstate.

Mr. Lyons (Dungarvan)—The first question to decide is are you going to adopt the Referee's report.

Mr. O'Donoghue (Lisimore), cited a case in last year's Championship, where the rules were set aside and a replay ordered as a precedent.

Mr. Connors (Dungarvan), said that the case cited differed from the present one, it was a case of a disputed goal, but the match was finished.

Mr. O'Donoghue (Lisimore), referring to the Referee's report said it did not state who was cautioned in the first half, or why the Kilrossanty player was ordered off in the second half. He would suggest referring the whole matter to the Co. Board with a recommendation to replay.

Chairman—The report is the usual Referee's report.

Secretary—Personally I would be very slow to pass what would amount to a vote of censure on the Referee. After all we find it very hard to get Referees.

Mr. Lyons (Dungarvan) referred to one of the reports in the "Observer," which he characterised as a whole column of falsehoods.

Mr. Connors (Dungarvan), agreed, but pointed out that the local report of the match was fair comment, while the match lasted.

Mr. Ryan (Kilrossanty), referring to Mr. Lyons' statement quoted a number of incidents in the match that were not mentioned in the Referee's report. These incidents were denied by Dungarvan's representatives and after a further protracted discussion the Board decided to adopt the Referee's report, and to forward a recommendation to the Co. Board to fix the match.

In the event of a replay, both

KILMACTHOMAS NEWS.

LATE MR. JOHN HARNEY, DUNHILL.

At a specially convened meeting of the Dunhill Concert Committee, Mr. B. O'Neill, N.T. (President), in the Chair, the following resolution was, on the proposition of Mr. Seamus O'Donaid, seconded by Mr. E. Moore, passed in respectful silence, all members standing:—"That we, the members of the Dunhill Concert Committee, in common with all sections of the community locally, beg to tender our deepest sympathy to Mrs. Harney and family, Dunhill, and also the other relatives, in the great bereavement they have sustained through the death of the late Mr. John Harney. Upright of character, brilliant of intellect, and sterling representative of sound business progression, the deceased may indeed be truly termed 'a man amongst men.' Fully aware of his many estimable services, the Committee sense the loss of a sincere and valued friend."

The Chairman, in putting the resolution, associated himself with and endorsed the sentiments expressed therein, as also did several of the members.

An apology for inability to attend was received from Mr. Delaney, ex-N.T., Annesborough.

At a special meeting of the Dunhill Coursing Club, Mr. Frank Murphy, in the Chair, the following resolution was proposed by Mr. J. Dower, seconded by the Chairman, and passed in respectful silence, all the members standing:—"That we, the members of the Dunhill Coursing Club, tender to Mrs. Harney and her little ones our heartfelt sympathy on the great loss they have sustained by the loss of her esteemed husband, and that we extend our sympathy to Messrs. Nicholas and Richard Harney, and to Miss Bridget Harney on the loss of a good brother."

In proposing the resolution, Mr. Dower said they were meeting under the shadow of a great cloud. Since our last meeting our beloved President had been called to his eternal reward. He is who has established the Club, and he had always been its guiding star. The speaker said he had the privilege of being an intimate friend of the late Mr. John Harney, and that he always found him a thorough gentleman, and great sportsman and a sincere friend.

The seconder added his testimony to the esteem and reverence in which the late worthy President was held by everyone who knew him, whether socially, in business, or in sport. In fact, he said, that "to know him was to love him."

A letter from Mr. Delaney, ex-N.T., was read, expressing his inability to attend, but assuring the members that he was with them in spirit in tendering heartfelt sympathy to those who were left to mourn the loss of a devoted husband, a fond parent, and a good brother.

Dunhill Hurling Club and Fenor Football Club also voted sympathy to the widow and family and other relatives of the late Mr. J. Harney.

NEY YORK WEDDING OF LOCAL INTEREST.

A New York newspaper to hand holds the following:—"Miss D. Mitchell, of 46-47 Forty-seventh Street, Woodside, was married in St. Theresa's Church, Thompson Hill, to William F. Power, 164 West 105th Street, Manhattan. James Michel, father of the bride, and Jas. Power, father of the bridegroom, both live in Ireland."

The wedding was solemnised by the Rev. Fr. McLoud.

The bride, who was dressed in royal blue, was attended by her sister, Mrs. Gunning, who wore eel grey. The bridegroom was attended by Mr. M. Kelly.

The reception was held at 48-49 Forty-seventh Street, Thompson Hill, luncheon being served to sixteen guests. The newly-wedded couple are spending their honeymoon in Atlantic City and New England, and will later make their home in Manhattan."

Mr. William F. Power, is second son of Mr. James Power, Gurtavacry, Kilrossanty, and a brother of Mr. John Power, the well-known Kilrossanty footballer; Mr. Patrick Power, Gurtavacry, and Nurse N. J. Power, Limerick.

Prior to his departure to America some eight years ago, Mr. W. F. Power was a leading member of the Durrow Dramatic Club. His wife is a Sligo lady, and Mr. Michael Kelly, who acted as his best man at the wedding, is a native of Kilkobinet, Dungarvan. Every good luck and success to the happy couple, sincerely say we.

CONDOLENCE.

Kilmacthomas Beagle Club voted condolence to Mr. Edmond Power, Glen, family, and relatives, in their

teams expressed their willingness to play the match on Sunday next, so as not to delay the County Final, fixed for next Sunday week.

recent sad bereavement occasioned by the death of Mrs. Mary Power.

GOOD GREYHOUNDS.

Wily Opponent, Wily Ratler, Wily Champion, and Wily Fairy—These four greyhounds were sold recently to English buyers by Mr. W. Walsh, Barnakill, Kilrossanty (owner and breeder of the famous Wily Warrior). Each of the quartette has won a stake within a month of their having come under new ownership.

KILMACTHOMAS BEAGLES.

A very large party of enthusiasts turned out in the wake of the above pack on last Sunday afternoon. The meet was at Shanakill, and a number of brace runs were obtained in that picturesque locality. On to-morrow (Sunday) the meet will be at Newtown at the usual hour—12 o'clock.

GROW MORE BEET.

A public meeting, under the auspices of the Thurles Beet Factory Committee, was held in the Temperance Hall, Kilmacthomas, on last Sunday night, and was attended by farmers from the surrounding districts.

Mr. N. J. Maher, Thurles, delivered a most interesting and instructive lecture on beet growing, after which, he answered all questions put to him by prospective growers amongst his audience, many of whom subsequently signed forms of undertaking to grow from one to six acres of beet for the Thurles Factory in the coming year.

"CATERWALLING."

We want money. Why not have it? The municipality of Prague has just introduced a special tax on cats, which it has decided are, in future, to be considered as a luxury. At the risk of incurring the whole-hearted hatred of every mother's son and daughter in an Aarstait, we commend the idea to the Minister of Finance. We cannot do without the domestic pet. Its place is fortified by sentiment and utility, and a tax per head of the feline population would swell the coffers of the Government and enable us to proceed with our "umpleen" construction schemes—or part of them—without any economic embarrassment whatsoever. What is feasible in one State can be feasible in another. Meanwhile, we must confess that we are not entirely optimistic over the suggestion. And between us, dear reader, who should not?

BACON!

Shakespeare is a back number at the moment. Believe it or not, but—Bacon is on every tongue since the pork crisis has arisen above Bala-doon! But for any sake—any old sake whatever—do not let us have another controversy as to who wrote the immortal plays credited to the Bard of Avon! When we write bacon is on every tongue we can almost hear some Ring readers muttering a wish that there were more of it in their mouths in the mornings. And in all probability our Portlaw porriers will be apt to overheard uttering a similar desire—sez you!

LET'S TALK IT OVER.

Man is a talking animal, as also is the rib and crooked piece of man, woman, though her superior brilliance, endurance, and number of words per minute ought to make any man as a tongue athlete thoroughly ashamed of himself. The man has not yet been born in Kilmacthomas or elsewhere who could match a woman in the art of verbal callisthenics. How often in domestic life has the back-chat proved mightier than the back-hander! The power of words in a phrase that is said to have an inner significance only understood by married men. It is talk that makes the world turn on its axis. Once annually the cigar-smoking citizens of the U.S.A. migrate to Europe for the major purpose of "blowing their coal": "Boy, America's some burg; Naples may be alright; Cobh Cathedral ditto—but see New York skyline and ring up the undertaker. Those 'scrapers' have to be seen to be believed, and even then you can't credit them And those lights of Broadway—I guess they make Jupiter and Venus green with envy—But jest let me tell you about my own little place down in Oklahoma— Talk, talk, talk."

Mankind evidently ordained banquets in order that it might get on its hind legs, thrust out its boiled shirl front and—talk. All conferences, congresses, leagues, assemblies, conventions, parliaments or Dails, if you will) are just orgies of chin-wagging, debaucheries of confabulation—'thighin th'?' Moving shadows on white ground that used to be silently eloquent now make the vocal noises of flesh and blood human beings, and we pay to hear them do it. Such is our passion for palaver that we must even import strange dialects from Hollywood and other same-like silly sites. We used to say Silence is Golden but now no sifting-room kitcheneff or shack in the wilderness is complete without its loud speaker. Ninety per

cent. of talk has not more meaning than the buzz of a humble bee, the twittering of sparrows, the cackling of hens or the caw-cawing of crows. Listen to two women in a bus, cooing and gurgling and fluting and you will realise that these are just the same blithe, inconsequential noises that you hear when you enter the bird-house in the Zoological Gardens.

Words are like leaves And where they most abound Much fruit of sense beneath Is rarely found.

So saith the poet, fasting after his breakfast on a bright May morning long ago. But talking is one of the pleasures of life, sunshine or boiled beef and carrots. It helps us to think well of ourselves and to relieve our systems of their infernal burden of knowledge. "The first duty of a man is to talk," said Robert Louis Stevenson.

If your digestion is good and your lungs sound you will want to talk. The men who are strong in silence, are often just men who are weak in syllables. But forget not to remember that talkers sound and listeners reap. In the big crisis of life talk forsakes us; we become verbally insolvent. We open a telegram one day—a "wire" from the "Dublin Drum," let us say—and a little animal cry is our whole vocabulary of joy. When a stranger calls with the news that your deceased rich uncle in Polindolagalla has passed you on his Consolidated Annuities, you can only gasp and splutter something idiotic. And when your girl says "Yes," the whole eloquence of love is compressed in a sibilant noise as when lips conjoin. We are bamboozled with talk, corrupted with talk, inspired, confused, intoxicated, inflamed and made mad with talk. Meanwhile there is a world movement to speed up the birth-rate just in case we might run short of politicians, after-dinner sporters, street-corner Ciceros, salesmen and sermonizers and all who inherit the copia verborum. So "Let's talk it over," is the song says.

GAELIC MEMS.

The brace of Co. Championship finals brought off at Waterford Sportsfield on Sunday last, attracted a fairly good attendance. In the first set-off of the day, Mount St. James hurlers won the title from Dungarvan. Possibly the city set are satisfied they are the best team which somehow we doubt. Several of the Old Boys' campaigners had been in the wars' with Kilrossanty in the great football fray of the previous Sunday, and as a consequence were not as fit as they would otherwise have been. "Both la ole ag an bhrach."

Eirin's Own opposed Dunhill in the second encounter of the occasion, for senior hurling honours. Play was pretty evenly distributed in the initial twenty, but in the second half Charlie and Co. exhibited a marked superiority over the country combination.

Some scenes followed the enactment of this mix, and it is to be hoped that the parties responsible for same will be brought to book and not lightly dealt with for their shabby, unsporting conduct. We are glad to learn that the famous Gaelic Field, Dungarvan, is to undergo a big series of improvements ere the start of next year's championships. The pitch is to be re-soffed, and a number of modern equipped lavatories are to be erected and more of the stand will be covered. This will be enacted under the direction and supervision of Messrs. M. Fraher and P. O'Faolain. By the way, a little bird whispers that Dungarvan will be the scene of a number of stirring inter-county and inter-provincial ashen-blade and big-ball bouts during the 1934 season.

YOUGHAL BRANCH FORMED.

With a view to forming a branch of the United Ireland Party, a large and representative gathering attended at the Town Hall. The meeting was representative of all classes, amongst which were large numbers of the farming community.

Various details as to furthering of the organisation were discussed at considerable length, after which the following officers and committee were appointed—Chairman, Mr. P. J. O'Gorman, P.C., U.D.C.; vice-chairman, Mr. James Hurley; hon secretary, Mr. E. Clancy, U.D.C.; assistant hon secretary, Mr. Stephen Ahern; hon. treasurers, Mr. J. L. Keane, solr., and Mr. D. J. Linehan, U.D.C. Committee—Messrs. M. Cashman, E. D. Condon, P. J. Power, M. Ahern, M. Fitzgerald, John Ducey, John Mahony, Simon Gotter, W. R. Hodnett, solr., James Troy, Maurice Geary, Daniel McCaffrey, Richard C. Farrell.

NOT A BIRD.

An Irishman caught a humble bee in his hand, supposing it to be a humming bird. "Och," he exclaimed, "how hot his feet are!"



UNITED IRISH PARTY.

GENERAL O'DUFFY'S SPEECH AT KILKENNY.

Speaking at a United Ireland meeting at Kilkenny on Sunday, at which 40,000 people were present. General O'Duffy said: "Since the inauguration of United Ireland a few short weeks ago our movement has swept over the country at such a rate that very soon we shall have every parish in the Free State organised. Seldom in our history have the people come forward with such spontaneous eagerness and zeal to join any party. Very many of those who have attended conventions of United Ireland at which I have been present during the past month are men who at the last two elections were supporters of Fianna Fail. Many thousands of men and women were deceived by good promises and a false parade of intentions into thinking they could afford to give Fianna Fail a chance. They have learned a bitter lesson, and every month the present Government remains in office only reinforces that lesson. The propaganda of the "Irish Press," paid for out of the taxpayers' money, and the ramsack schemes of the Ministers cannot hide the facts. These facts are that our trade has decreased by 25 millions a year, that 30,000 more people have this year sunk below the level of subsistence, and that our citizens are now faced with the blackest winter they have known for a long generation.

Hundreds of thousands of barrels of oats are now lying on the farmers' hands, and the solution of the Minister for Agriculture is to make black bread compulsory. That's a cheerful prospect. We have had a light beer policy hinted at, and now we are promised a black bread policy. I suggest that the Minister for Agriculture and the President do some research while they are about it on the possibilities of a goat and donkey policy. After all, goats and donkeys are much more frugal animals than cows and horses. The feeling among the plain people, in spite of the carefully organised mobs which attack our meetings, is so strong against the Government that it has felt compelled to stave off defeat at the local elections by postponing them until next year. There was no other reason for that postponement except that the Government was afraid to hold the elections next month. I believe it is afraid to hold a general election either. In any case, whether it comes soon or late, United Ireland will be ready for it.

There has been much concern recently in the public mind about the development of disorder. The allies and supporters of the Government have been guilty of all the disorder that has occurred, and everybody knows it. It is the sheerest dishonesty for the President to pretend that there would be any disorder in Ireland if it were not for the carefully organised hoodlumism of his own deluded friends. I say here deliberately and with full consciousness of my responsibility, that such is not the case. I say that there is definite and constant contact between the Government and those who have organised attacks on public meetings, and everybody knows that I am right. The Government is well able to maintain order, and to do so without parades of military in full war kit if it wants to. In my opinion those parades are themselves partly intended, not to prevent disorder, but to frighten citizens into giving a sort of negative support to the Government by staying at home from meetings which they have a perfect right to attend. There is no need for troops, or indeed, for the big displays of Guards, if the Government will merely give the word to its own supporters, who cause all the disorder, to keep quiet. All their talk about discipline and national unity is merely a smoke screen to disguise the fact that they do not want to discipline their followers. The present Government bases its hopes upon disturbance and expects to thrive upon disorder. We are told that we are provoking the Government followers, and that it is our duty not to protest as men and citizens when we are hit on the heads with hammers by the President's adherents, but to go home and keep quiet while our country is moving fast towards anarchy and economic disaster. If that is what Irish freedom is to come to, then it is time for the Irish people to assert themselves and to end such a state of affairs. We are told the Blue Shirts are a provocation. What about the armed parades of the Government's own supporters? Many attacks were made upon opponents of the Government before Blue Shirts were ever heard of, and Government spokesmen encouraged these attacks openly. It is not the Blue Shirts that are the provocation, but the men who wear them, and the only reason for their being a provocation is that the present incompetent junta has a policy of putting our unemployed to work on many productive national schemes that cannot be tackled except the unemployed are organised and put on to them. It intends to get the housing problem which is now only being tinkered with solved within five years through a special Ministry for housing. In the name of United Ireland I emphatically disclaim any intention of cutting down reliefs which the poor, the aged and the infirm at present enjoy. It will be our task rather to extend these reliefs so as to give the maximum number of our less well to do fellow citizens all the benefits that social co-operation and thorough organisation can bring them. United Ireland intends to approach the questions that interest labour in a new way. The way is one suggested by the experi-

elections, to form branches of our organisation, to elect our officials, to select our candidates, and to hold dances and other functions to raise funds. We are denied all these things by a so-called democratic Government backed up by Labour acting on behalf of the workers of Ireland. Have you, voters of Kilkenny, given Mr. Patterson a mandate to send those boys in blue around this platform to plank beds in Mountjoy, or have you not? That is the question which the Labour Party must answer at the next election. In the year 1933 the official Labour Party in the Dail, led by Mr. Norton, took its stand ruthlessly—to use Mr. Norton's words—on the side of tyranny and coercion against their fellow-workers and neighbours because they wore a blue shirt. Do the workers listening to me approve of that? Officials of our branches and executives, some of them comparatively aged men, have been fired on and beaten with revolvers, as happened in Tipperary. Dance halls have been fired into, as happened in Galway, where five people, including innocent young girls, have been shot. People have been ordered from their homes and families at the point of the gun in the middle of the night, as happened in Kerry. I am preparing a list of such outrages. It is already a formidable one. They have not been casual or unorganised. They have been carefully and thoroughly planned, and have been carried to the utmost limit of violence. The President has condoned them by saying that he cannot make persons or causes popular, and Mr. Lemass, speaking at Athy, in reference to the attack on me in Kerry, used language that can only be described as gleeful. Then there is shamefaced partiality in the administration of the law. The law-abiding are punished, while the law breakers go scot free.

Take the President's charge against Gen. Mulcahy. It was a definite accusation of treason made, let it be remembered, in order to justify the enforcement of the Public Safety Act. In the circumstances in which that charge was made it amounted to a declaration by the President that the ex-Minister was guilty of conduct worthy to be tried and punished by the Military Tribunal. When challenged to bring the charge before an open inquiry, the President was forced to admit that the charge was a lie—a lie foisted upon him I presume by his advisers.

Now that is not the only charge made by the President and his colleagues within recent months acting on, I presume, the same advice. They have charged me with aiming at a dictatorship, with having imported arms into the country. There was supposed to be a big landing off the Waterford coast, and another, I think off the Wicklow coast. I was charged with being the head of an armed and dangerous conspiracy against majority rule and the supremacy of Parliament. I publicly assert that there is not a shadow of foundation for any of these charges. Will the President submit these charges on the strength of which he has filled the newspapers with sensational rumours and brought foreign correspondents here in dozens bringing ridicule on the country—will he submit such charges to examination by a tribunal, or if not, will he publicly admit that they also are lies, and that he was led astray by false information?

The leaders of Fianna Fail and a few Labour leaders appear to have a dictatorship on the brain. The people, even their own deluded followers, are becoming amused, for everybody knows the invention is no more than a smoke screen to cover up maladministration and the failure of the Government to carry out their election promises. I say that the present state of things is a disgrace to Ireland and an insult to every man who has a drop of decent Irish blood in him. If you do not organise and work to end this drift towards anarchy and to re-establish peace and just government, the verdict of future times will be that this generation of Irishmen has proved itself unworthy of freedom and incapable of exercising it.

U.I.P. POLICY.

United Ireland, is not going to be the movement of any class or group whether of economic or semi-political origin. It proposes to recognise and give effect to the right of every Irish citizen to fair and just treatment both in the economic and in the political sphere. Long ago the President told us that success in solving our problems was "a question of organisation and of a proper lead from the Government." That is one sentiment in which I completely agree with him. The only trouble is that the present Government don't seem to know how to organise anything except intimidation and anarchy, and that they cannot even give a proper lead to their own followers not to speak of the country as a whole. United Ireland has a policy of putting our unemployed to work on many productive national schemes that cannot be tackled except the unemployed are organised and put on to them. It intends to get the housing problem which is now only being tinkered with solved within five years through a special Ministry for housing. In the name of United Ireland I emphatically disclaim any intention of cutting down reliefs which the poor, the aged and the infirm at present enjoy. It will be our task rather to extend these reliefs so as to give the maximum number of our less well to do fellow citizens all the benefits that social co-operation and thorough organisation can bring them. United Ireland intends to approach the questions that interest labour in a new way. The way is one suggested by the experi-

ence of civilised countries everywhere and now more and more clearly recognised as the only real hope of escape from the chaos of private profit-making on the one side and the bedlam of Communistic servitude on the other. It is the organisation of vocational corporations of guilds for industry in which both employers and workers will find their natural place, and which will both advise the State on its economic policy and educate and protect the workers. We believe that such an organisation is perfectly possible in Ireland, and that it will give us the best chance of disciplining and perfecting our whole economic system.

As regards Irish industry, United Ireland is wholeheartedly in favour of its fullest protection and development. Here again, what is wrong at present is not so much the expressed aims of the Government as their reckless, partial and unjust methods of trying to attain their ends. The worst instance of these inept methods is of course the case of our agriculture. Here the Government have persisted in tying up an issue that is mainly one of financial adjustment with major political issues in such a way that no progress can be made in either direction. United Ireland proposes to negotiate the settlement of the financial dispute with Great Britain which Fianna Fail has so often promised to get but never has got and never will get. We promise to settle it without departing from any of Ireland's rights, and having done that and put our farmers once more in a position of independence, we intend to seek a solution of the one great problem that faces our generation—the problem of Irish unity.

UNITY OF IRELAND. It is essential to get financial disputes out of the way before we approach the question of unity, because that question is far too important to be confused with any other. Some of you may have noticed that during the past week I have been challenged both by a Senator and by the "Irish Times" to define my view of the Free State's place in the British Commonwealth. I have been told that I ought not to be ashamed to be called pro-British. My answer to that is that I do not particularly care what I am called, but since I first joined the Irish Volunteers I have been pro-Irish first, last, and all the time—and pro-Irish is big enough for me. I look upon Ireland's partnership in the British Commonwealth, not as a question of so-called loyalty or fidelity to forms, symbols, or heraldic devices, but as a matter of good biz. If at any time I thought we had anything to gain by going out of the partnership I should be the first to say: "Let us go." But in Heaven's name, if we are to go out let it be after the people have decided, and let us go out with our heads up. What I detest about the present Government's policy is that they have neither the courage to go out decently nor to stay in decently. I would a thousand times sooner an honest Republican policy than this half-hearted and futile pretence at being inside and outside at the same time. As far as I am concerned, my view about the British Commonwealth is that it is good business for us to accept free partnership in it. About the terms of that partnership we have as much right to say what they shall be as any one else. In my view our permanent membership of it and the stable settlement of our political relations with Great Britain depends entirely on whether or not the Partition of Ireland is going to endure. I believe that the value as a settlement of the Treaty of 1921 was gravely impaired by the action of those whose refusal to accept it made Partition inevitable. I hold further and hold it very strongly, that it will not do for British statesmen to wash their hands of responsibility in this matter, and to say that it is a mere Irish quarrel in which they cannot intervene. It is a historical fact, easily susceptible of proof, that Partition first came about because of the unwillingness of British party politicians to concede self-government to Ireland, and Partition is being kept in being by assistance from Great Britain. It is mere childishness to expect us to shut our eyes to these facts or to demand from us "frank and open allegiance to the Commonwealth"—whatever that may mean—while we know and everybody knows, how our fellow Irishmen are being governed under the shadow of the British Commonwealth in Northern Ireland. Let there be no mistake on anyone's part about the determination of United Ireland to fix responsibility for Partition on the agencies in English party politics where it really belongs, and to work unceasingly for the procuring of a settlement which will put all Irishmen on an even footing as citizens of a free Ireland.

LOVES PHILOSOPHY.

There came a bee unto a flower
All on a summer day;
He ventured once, he ventured twice,
And then he flew away.

There came a Lizard to a wall,
All on a summer day;
He ventured once, he ventured twice,
And then he went away.

There came a lover to a maid,
All on a summer day;
He kissed her once, he kissed her twice,
And then he went away.

For the flower had no Honey,
The wall, it was not sunny,
And the girl had no money,
Isn't it funny, but 'tis true.

WATERFORD CO. COMMITTEE OF AGRICULTURE.

NEXT YEAR'S SCHEMES.

COTTAGE AND SMALL FARMS. THE PRIZE WINNERS.

The Annual Schemes meeting of the Co. Committee of Agriculture was held on Saturday last. Mr. Thos. Flynn, president. There were also present—Messrs. P. R. Power, D. Coghlan, Thomas Harly, P. B. Sheridan, and M. Curran. Mr. Dempsey, Department's Inspector, was present.

NEXT YEAR'S SCHEMES. Mr. Dempsey, Inspector, detailed the various schemes in operation in the County under the Department of Agriculture, including Horses, Cattle and Pig-Breeding Schemes; Poultry, Horticulture and Bee-keeping, etc. The committee ordered that 8 new orchard plots be laid down in the County.

As to Live Stock, a question arose as to the value of the premiums, but it was held that the present rates of £22 for Double Dairy Bulls, £20 for Single Dairy; £16 for Half-bred Dairy Bulls and £15 for Angus and Hereford Bulls be maintained.

Mr. Curran thought they should go with the times. Inspector—in some Counties they have reduced the premiums by a small amount.

As to the Horse Breeding Scheme, Mr. Coghlan said you cannot sell a horse. Mr. Curran—Or cattle either. I do not know what you can sell at present except you give them away.

The Secretary said this year at some of the centres for the selection of mares, there were not sufficient animals on show to take up the nominations.

Chairman—I don't think there will be very many of them taken up next year unless there is some change.

As to Ploughing Matches in the County, Mr. Cogan said it was possible they would have three Ploughing Competitions this year, and for that purpose £36 was set aside.

Three Agriculture Scholarships for Boys and three for Girls, were also approved, as well as a Scholarship tenable for boys at the Albert Institute, Glasnevin.

The Scheme for Black-faced Rams was approved, as that for Border Leicester.

POTATO SCHEME.

In connection with the allocation of £60 for the Potato Scheme, Mr. Sheridan, said Arran Pilot was a first early variety and in every way was the best he had grown for 30 years. The money spent in getting the Arran Pilot variety into the County last year was money well spent. They were brought from Donegal and the price was £2 cwt. The people who got them were delighted with them and with the results they had.

HORSE SPRAYERS.

In connection with the £50 set aside last year for the purchase of Horse Sprayers to be used for hiring purposes to spray the potato crop, the Secretary said that none of the money was so used.

Mr. Sheridan—It was a pity that Scheme was not availed of as it is a very necessary one. Horse Sprayers cost about £20 and intending purchasers would get £5 towards its purchase and could borrow the balance on loan. The scheme was again adopted for the coming year.

BARLEY GROWING.

Mr. Harly said at present it was a very important matter to have good barley seed. The barley that was grown at present in the county was not up to the mark and was nothing like the barley grown 20 or 30 years ago. Something should be done to get good seed into the County. A number of people would prefer to grow barley to oats, but they will find it very hard to get the seed.

Mr. Sheridan—There is no hope in the future for growing oats. There is a guaranteed price for wheat. They should introduce a good strain of barley into the County. 75 per cent. of their farmers never grew barley.

Chairman—They cannot grow it in some places.

Mr. Curran—And it is hard on the land.

Mr. Sheridan—No. One crop of wheat is worse than 3 crops of barley.

Mr. Harly—I saw barley grown that would not fall down. I saw it with the straw as strong as wheat.

Mr. Sheridan—The trouble with the barley is that you cannot get it to stand or mature.

The Chairman suggested the allocation of a certain amount of money to procure seed.

Mr. Sheridan—The point is can the farmers get sufficient seed from Ballinacorra or get pure line seed for the County.

Inspector—The best seed in Ireland is grown in Ballinacorra. Mr. Cogan—Around Ardmore they get pure line seed. Mr. Sheridan—There is great encouragement for barley. There was plenty barley grown round Midleton and Youghal, but none was grown around Dungarvan. Mr. M. Curran—They had to next March to deal with it and there may be some change before then. The Committee allocated £30 for Barley growing. The total amount allocated under the various schemes was £5,868 which left a surplus balance of £300.

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COTTAGE PRIZE WINNERS.

Waterford Rural District.— E. Dunphy, Crobally, Tramore ... 1 M. Kirwan, Ballynaboola, ... 2 Thomas Fahy, Balhnakill ... 3

KilmacThomas District.— Michael Daly, Ballyvoile, Stradbally 1 M. Lenihan, Shanbally, Kilrossanty 2 Mrs. E. Morrissey, The Hills, KilmacThomas, ... 3

Carrick-on-Suir District.— M. Quinlan, Clonmoyle, ... 1 John Power, Munnishoro, Clonga ... 2 Patk. Terry, Rathgormack, ... 3

Dungarvan District.— John Heaney, Ballymacmaeue, Dungarvan, ... 1 Arthur Sheehan, Ballinroad, Dungarvan, ... 2 Ml. Hayes, Garrynagerath, Dungarvan, ... 3

Clonmel District.— P. Madden, Ballmacarbery, ... 1 Ml. Kirwan, Beehive, Clonmel ... 2 Mrs. Burke, ... 3

Lismore District.— Mrs. B. Hennessey, Maymount, Ballyduff, ... 1 Ed. O'Shea, Crinaughtane, Capinquin, ... 2 R. Ahearne, Ballyanchor, Lismore, ... 3

Youghal No. 4 R.D.— Michael Keure, Prospect, ... 1

COTTAGE CHAMPIONSHIP.

For the Cottage Championship of the County, open to first prize winners in last year's competition, the result was as follows:— Thomas Nash, Islandkeane, Fenor, 1 John Carleton, Tallacoole, Dungarvan, and John Foley, Graecidin, Waterford, tied for second place.

FARM SCHEME.

In connection with the Small Farm Prize Scheme, Mr. Tynan, Inspector, reported that:— A very high standard obtained throughout these classes. With few exceptions the houses and yards were clean, well-kept and free from weeds, with out-fences suitably placed and cleanly kept. Crops were well cultivated and well advanced in growth. Headlands, etc., as a rule were free from weeds or were sown with cabbage or turnips. Grass land was in good condition; fences sound and passages provided with efficient gates.

On many of the holdings useful fruit and vegetable gardens had been tastefully laid out and were being carefully kept. The most outstanding feature of these classes, however, was the remarkably high standard of Live Stock, cattle in particular, on the competing farms. The formation of a special class for Live Stock only, would be worth consideration by your committee. The standard of your farm classes all round is the highest it has been my experience to meet. In conclusion, I wish to thank your Committee and efficient Secretary for the assistance afforded me while engaged in the work of judging.

PRIZE WINNERS.

Small Farms (up to £20 Valuation), Patrick Troy, Crusheh, Ardmore and Patrick Hickey, Bawnard, Ardmore, tied for first place.

R. O'Keefe, Ballynaboola, Halfway House, Waterford, 2. Thomas Hickey, Shanballyann, Ballymacarbery, 3.

Farms (up to £35 Valuation):— Ml. Wall, Colligan Beg, Dungarvan, 1. Garrett Fitzgerald, Ballylemon and Ml. Hanrahan, Ballinacourty, tied for second place.

UNITED IRISH PARTY.

There was a large attendance at a Concert and Dramatic Entertainment given at Rathgormack, Co. Waterford on Sunday night, by members of the Carrick-on-Suir branch of the U.I.P. 250 of these present wore blue shirts. At the conclusion of the entertainment, Mr. Godfrey Green, P.C., Co. C. introduced Mr. R. Curran, T.D. who delivered an interesting address.

The following officers were elected for Clonea branch:— President, Mr. Michael Murphy, P.C., Ballyneale; Vice-President, Mr. J. O'Donnell, M.C.C.; Glenstown; Secretary, Mr. J. Quigley, Ballynevin.

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United Irish Party.

CONVENTION IN LISMORE. ADDRESS BY MRS REDMOND, T.D.

On Sunday, a Convention of the U.I. Party was held in the Court-house, Lismore, for the purpose of forming a District Executive of the organisation for West Waterford.

The following delegates were present:—Tallow—Messrs. Wm. McDonnell, J. Goggin and Ted Keniry. Knockmore—Messrs. P. Collins and W. Kelly.

Glendine—Messrs. P. Cashman and Wm. Lombard. Ballyduff—Messrs. P. J. O'Sullivan, P.C.; George Heskin and P. Fahey.

Lismore—Messrs. P. C. Dennehy, David Barry and J. W. O'Gorman, solr., (for Mr. J. V. O'Brien). Cappoquin—Messrs. Jas. Fives, G. P. Hely and J. P. O'Donnell.

Afane—Messrs. P. Morrissey, H. Walsh, and M. Power. Mr. E. Fleming, Dungarvan, was also present on behalf of Mr. Nicholas Wall, T.D., who had to attend in Kilkenny on that day.

On the motion of Mr. O'Gorman, solr., Mr. P. J. O'Sullivan, P.C., was moved to the Chair, and Mr. F. C. Dennehy, Lismore, was appointed Secretary to the Convention.

Mr. Dennehy, at the outset, said he had received a letter from Mrs. Redmond, T.D., expressing her regret that she would be unable to be present, but while the proceedings were in progress, Mrs. Redmond, accompanied by Ald. Byran Cunningham, Waterford, unexpectedly arrived and was accorded a rousing reception, all the delegates rising to their feet and applauding loudly.

It having been decided to form a District Executive, the election of officers was next proceeded with.

Mr. P. Fahey, proposed that Mr. P. J. O'Sullivan, P.C., be elected Chairman of the Executive, and said they could not get an abler man for the position, as he had been very prominent in the Nationalist movement all his life and was the backbone of the present movement in the Ballyduff area, (hear, hear.)

Mr. D. Barry, seconded the proposition, and fully endorsed all that Mr. Fahey had said in regard to Mr. O'Sullivan's qualifications for the position. The motion was carried unanimously, and Mr. O'Sullivan, in returning thanks, said he was sorry they had not elected a better man, but as it was their wish he would accept the position and promised to do all in his power to forward the interests of the U.I. Party in West Waterford.

Mr. P. C. Dennehy, proposed Mr. P. Morrissey, Afane, for the position of Treasurer, and this was carried with acclamation, and Mr. Morrissey suitably returned thanks.

Mr. Jas. Fives, Cappoquin, was elected Vice-Chairman. Mr. Dennehy proposed Mr. P. Fahey, for the Secretaryship and Mr. P. Morrissey, seconded.

Mr. Lombard proposed and Mr. Keniry, seconded that Mr. Dennehy be appointed. Mr. O'Gorman, in supporting the proposition, paid an eloquent tribute to the great services which Mr. Dennehy had rendered to the National movement in the County Waterford for many years and said they could not get a better or more experienced man to fill the position of Secretary.

Mr. Fahey then refused to allow his name to go forward and endorsed Mr. O'Gorman's remarks as to Mr. Dennehy's great services in the National cause, and after considerable reluctance, and much pressure from the delegates, Mr. Dennehy eventually agreed to accept the position for a month, his decision being greeted with loud applause.

Mr. Dennehy said that as all the officers had now been elected, the next business was to get on with the work of organisation, and he appealed to the delegates present to take the necessary steps to have their respective districts thoroughly organised so that they would have strong and vigorous branches of the organisation established in every parish and chapel area in West Waterford, (hear, hear.)

Several matters of detail having been dealt with, the Chairman called on Mrs. Redmond to address the Convention, and on rising to do so she was most enthusiastically applauded.

Having thanked the delegates for their very cordial reception, Mrs. Redmond said she hoped all those present would do their best to induce their friends to now fall into line behind the United Irish Party and try to rescue the country from the terrible mess it had been brought into by the present Government.

A good many people had been in different and lackadaisical in the past and thought that by simply voting for a certain Party they had done their duty, but that was not sufficient, as the people should get more active in the work, as things had now come to such a pass that law and order were no longer respected in the country which was swiftly drifting to disaster at the present moment, (hear, hear.)

The U.I. Party under the leadership of General O'Duffy, Mr. Cosgrave, and Mr. McDermott, had now been formed for the purpose of saving the agricultural and other interests in the country from absolute ruin, and it was the bounden duty of every man who wished to restore the peace and prosperity of the Free State to heartily support the new Party, (applause).

She referred to the great activity of the Fianna Fail Party throughout the country in running dances and other

forms of entertainment in support of the Party funds, and she explained the steps which should be taken by the supporters of the U. I. Party to do likewise for their Party in order to provide the sinews of war for carrying on the fight which had now been started in order to save the country from utter ruin and destruction, (hear hear).

She knew the spirit of the people of West Waterford well enough to make her feel confident that her appeal to them would not be in vain and that they would spare no effort to rally round the standard of the U.I. Party, which was determined to bring the present disastrous economic war with England to an end at the earliest possible moment, (applause).

Mr. E. Fleming, Dungarvan, also addressed the meeting, and in the course of a vigorous and spirited speech he referred to the persecution which the nine farmers of East Waterford were recently subjected to by being dragged before the Military Tribunal on charges which were found to have no foundation in fact. They all realised the hopeless position the farmers of the Free State were in at present through having the English markets closed against them, and when the Minister of Agriculture tried the experiment of getting an alternative market in Belgium by sending a consignment of cattle there he lost 25 per cent on the transaction, and this loss would have to be made good by the unfortunate taxpayers of the country.

When the farmers were down, the shopkeepers, the agricultural labourers, and every class in the community were also down, and as the policy of the present Government was to "crucify the farmers" it was now the duty of every farmer and every man and woman in the country to stand behind the U. I. Party and hunt the Government front power and replace it with a sound and sane National Government, which would restore their markets to them and bring back peace, prosperity and happiness to their unfortunate country, (loud applause).

The Chairman, in bringing the meeting to a close, said they all felt very thankful to Mrs. Redmond for so kindly coming there that day and delivering such an inspiring address, and he assured her that she would always be sure of receiving a most cordial welcome from the Nationalists of West Waterford (applause).

YOUGHAL DISTRICT COURT.

Miss K. Foley, was charged with permitting drunkenness on her licensed premises and a country visitor, Patk. Keane, was charged with being drunk on the premises.

Supt. Dennehy, Midleton, prosecuted; and Mr. J. L. Keane, solr., appeared for the publican. Sergt. Lupton stated that in consequence of a complaint in respect of Keane, he visited the premises at 9.20 p.m. on September, 18th, and asked for him. When brought into the hall to witness, the man fell on the floor drunk. Witness asked the licensee was that the way to conduct the premises and she said he hadn't been ten minutes in the place at the time. When they lifted the man up he took off his coat and adopted a fighting attitude towards some person he imagined he had a grievance against. The man was very drunk. Before taking him to the barrack he demanded a drink and they gave him a mineral water.

Cross-examined by Mr. Keane, witness said Keane didn't fall off a seat in the hall. He stood up against the wall and fell on to the floor. He complained about some young fellows firing cap-bullets at him, and he got very excited.

Mr. Keane said a clear distinction should be drawn between that "Wild Man from Berne" and his client. The man had been staying in the house. He went to Cork that day. Returning at about 6, had a drink and left. He didn't come back till a few minutes before the Sergt. came along, and he had got no drink. While out some young fellows annoyed him and he got very excited. Mr. Keane then dealt with the law points involved.

Miss Foley gave evidence in corroboration of Mr. Keane's statement. Cross-examined by the Supt., witness said the man was only 3 or 4 minutes in the house when the Sergt. came. She didn't know he was under the influence of drink till he was brought into the hall. She noticed him "heavy."

The Justice—What does that mean? Witness said he had drunk taken but could speak and sit and hold the bottle of minerals in his hand. She didn't know where he was from 6.30 to 9.20.

After a protracted hearing and lengthened legal arguments, the case against the publican was dismissed, and Keane fined 10/. The Justice remarking that he regretted he couldn't make it 40/.

HOLIDAYS.

At this particular season of the year, everyone is naturally looking forward to a pleasant holiday. We have been very fortunate in securing at bargain prices a large lot of travellers samples, which include travelling requisites of every description. Solid leather Brief Bags, 15/6; 16/6; 17/6, worth double; real cowhide Gladstone Bags, 24/6; 26/6; 28/6, splendid value; Suit Cases 5/6; 7/6; 10/6 less than half price; Portmanteaus, 6/6; 8/6; 10/6, marvellous value; Rugs, Straps, steel Trunks, Hat Cases, wood Trunks, etc. at bargain prices.

HARPUR BROS., 48, The Quay, Waterford.

Economic Review.

LABOUR PARTY CONFERENCE.

At the Annual Conference of the Irish Labour Party, last week, Mr. Wm. O'Brien, President, said, it was Labour and only Labour that had a definite constructive programme to meet the present situation. In the Labour movement they declared emphatically that all the necessities and the reasonable luxuries should be within reach of the entire people. They would be within that reach under a rational system based upon the needs and interests of humanity, and under such a rational system the machinery of overproduction would be the servant and not the master of the people.

There could be no progress—and they felt that there would be no peace—until there was full recognition of these facts.

The stranglehold of the private banking system upon industry and upon life itself must be broken, and it was only organised Labour that would have the strength and the courage to break it. It may be admitted that the extent to which a small nation like Ireland could break with a capitalist world was limited. Nevertheless, within the limits of the position much could be done to lay the foundations of a just and humane social order, whose main object will be to provide an opportunity for all the citizens of the State to lead a fuller and freer life, instead of a chance for the few, and not the many to amass wealth out of the degradation and impoverishment of the masses.

There is so far little, if any, indication that the Government was prepared to grapple with the situation on these lines. There was no evidence that it had any well thought out and co-ordinated plan. It seems to many of them, even those of them least unfriendly to it, that the Government instead of working on one general and co-ordinated plan was letting this department plan one thing and that department plan another, with the result that there was overlapping in some respects and complete lack of plan or method in other respects.

"We have no faith in the creed," he said, "that a tariff policy alone will be sufficient. Much more is needed. There is an imperative need for the definite organisation of industry under what we in the Labour Party call National Corporations, charged with the duty of production, not to make profits, but to serve the needs of the people. It is, of course, better to see a Government making some attempt, even on wrong lines, than the complete repudiation of its responsibilities by what was the Government under Cumann na nGaedheal; and they had no hope whatever that a Government set up by what was called the United Ireland Party would do anything except repudiate these responsibilities, too.

Tariffs on a limited or a general scale might have their merits, but they were not a solution of the problem, and the failure of the present policy would inevitably lead to a review of that policy and to the adoption of more far-reaching proposals. Many of the tariffs had justified themselves, and they did not deny that the tariff policy had increased employment, but the conditions of employment in too many of the protected industries left very much to be desired. A large proportion of the workers taken into the protected industries were very young girls, often at very low wages, with no opening for bread-winners. The premises occupied were unsuitable in some cases. There was need for supervision and control. There was need for strict application of the existing Factory Acts, and for the employment of more instead of fewer inspectors. The need of new legislation to meet the new conditions was urgent. While they admitted that employment had been increased as one result of the tariffs, of the admirable Housing Act, and of other Government measures, a real solution for unemployment was as far off as ever. It was true that recently the present Government had recognised its duty to provide relief as a matter of right for all unemployed workers. While they could not regard the scales of benefit as adequate, they welcomed the recognition by the Government of the principle that it was the duty of the community and of the State, as its organ of government, to provide for those who were denied an opportunity of supporting themselves. This was in welcome contrast to the harsh and unsympathetic attitude towards the unemployed adopted by the late Cumann na nGaedheal Government.

The present Government's housing policy, based as it was in broad outline upon their own Labour Party's housing programme, was another outstanding instance of the recognition of a vital principle, and of a genuine effort to apply that principle. School buildings were a field in which much required to be done if the children of Ireland were to get the 'fair opportunity' to which they were entitled. The attention of the present Administration might reasonably be directed now to this aspect of the building question. The charges made in recent legislation to deal with the transport system of the country fall far short of what the Labour movement had called for. Nothing short of a complete co-ordination of all forms of transport and their control and operation to serve the needs of the public would ever meet the situation.

AGRICULTURE.

In the Free State the condition of agriculture was serious, but the depression in agriculture was not con-

MALLOW BEET FACTORY.

FARMERS AND PROSPECTIVE BEET GROWERS!

A large acreage, both far and near, has already been subscribed for. Realise what your loss may be if you are not included in our list of Beet Growers. The industrious farmers have already signed. Follow their example—sign your application form—and you will not be sorry when the cheques are coming from the Mallow Beet Factory in 1934.

What Sugar Beet means to the Farmer:

- 1.—It is a cash crop for which there is a certain and assured market at a fixed price. 2.—The grower can obtain cash advances of up to 25 per statute acre during the Summer if his crop is reasonably promising. 3.—The grower gets his beet seed and also, if desired, the artificial manures for the crop on credit terms. 4.—Sugar beet yields two by-products—tops and sugar pulp—both of which are excellent for the feeding of farm stock. 5.—The growing of beet in this country, as in others, has resulted in increased yields from the crops following beet, namely, corn and first year hay, and also in the improvement of the temporary pastures. 6.—Careful attention to good manuring and thorough cultivation results in higher yields as regards both tonnage and sugar content and so in higher cash returns. 7.—A crop of 10 tons per statute acre with a sugar content of 17 1/2 per cent. (a yield and sugar content below the average of all crops grown in some seasons for the Carlow factory) represent a gross cash return, at the price now offered, of 217 4/6 od. In addition the grower has 8 tons of tops and crowns and, free of charge at the factory, 15 cwt. of sugar pulp.

Sign and return your Form at once to—

C. COGAN, Agricultural Instructor, Dungarvan; P. B. SHERIDAN, Kiltush, Dungarvan; J. LYNCH, do.; R. BYRNE, Coolnasmeary; P. MORRISSEY, Afane; F. C. DENNEHY, Lismore; E. V. DUNPHY, Stradbally, or to:

Secretary—WILLIAM J. ROBINSON, Town Hall, Mallow

Notwithstanding the recent heavy advances in Bedsteads and Bedding we are still offering ours at Rock Bottom Prices.

- Very Strong Iron Bedsteads, full size, 18s 6d each. Large Brass-Railed Bedsteads, 29s 6d each. Very Massive Brass-Railed Bedsteads, extra large size, 38s 6d each. Best Quality Fibre Mattresses, guaranteed all pure Fibre, 16s 6d, 19s 6d, 22s 6d each. Guaranteed Pure Mattresses, 33s 6d, 42s 6d, 52s 6d each. Extra Strong Treble Woven Wire Mattresses with heavy double Wire Bands, 21s 6d, 25s 6d, 29s 6d each. Strong Windsor Chairs, 3s 11d, 5s 11d each. Special Austrian Bentwood Chairs, 7s 9d each. Special Line Strong Servant's Bedstead complete with Strong Spring Mattress, 17s 6d each.

HARPUR BROS., Ironmongers, WATERFORD.

BELL'S VETERINE PESSARY

(Registered) 2s. each. Prevents abortion, bad chlammy, whites, vaginitis, cows not holding milk, etc. Used successfully by hundreds of leading breeders. Always insert one of Bell's Pessaries immediately the calf is born. It will save you money by preventing the occurrence of this disease. 24/- per dz. (post 6d.)

fined to the Free State nor to Ireland, in Northern Ireland, as in Great Britain and throughout the whole world, the agricultural community was passing through a most difficult and indeed a perilous time. It was one of the paradoxes of capitalist civilisation that the producers of food in all countries normally found it difficult to live their lives in any degree of comfort. Farmers in the Free State were undoubtedly suffering. They were not the only section of the community who were suffering, and it was not always those who suffered most who cried the loudest. The workers were suffering too, but they were so used to suffering that they did not complain as they ought. Suffering was their portion from the cradle to the grave. It was no new feature of the present system that the wage-earners suffered as no other section of the community suffered from unemployment, from ill-health, due sometimes to unemployment and sometimes from the working conditions, from bad housing, lack of food, and from the denial of the kind of education which a really civilised community would provide for the wealth producers. Until labour ideals in all these respects were realised there would be no real lessening of the workers' burden, nor, indeed, anything approaching decent living for the majority of the people.

scale, and immediate steps must be taken to raise the necessary funds if they are to avail of the opportunity of building up a strong party. The number of Trade Unions affiliated was sixteen, while twenty-five Unions affiliated with the Trade Union Congress were not associated with their party. That was a most unsatisfactory state of affairs. As all these Unions benefited through the activities of the political side of the movement, very heavy demands were made by the Unions, and the party was entitled to better support from the Trade Unions than it had hitherto received.

The grouping of all the reactionary elements in one party was an advantage to them. In effect the recent "merger" was a recognition by the Cumann na nGaedheal Party that as such they were not likely to ever return to office. The new party was in all essentials the old Cumann na nGaedheal Party under a disguise—and an ineffective one—reinforced by all the unprogressive and anti-national forces. The Labour Party was bound to be in opposition to it. The policy of the Cumann na nGaedheal Party since the change of Government in March, 1932, had been an unpatriotic one. Mr. de Valera's Government was entitled to be given a fair chance to redeem its pledges without being made the target of the embittered attacks to which it had been subjected since it assumed office.

PARTY POSITION.

The record of new branches established showed considerable progress, 298 being now affiliated as against 116 at the last annual Conference. But a great deal more required to be done if they were to be in a position to take full advantage of the situation at the next General Election. They could not expect to have a well-organised network of branches covering the country without an adequate headquarters and organising staff. Their present income was quite insufficient to finance a staff even on a modest

UNIQUE DRAW PRIZE. FAMOUS GREYHOUND PUP.

The Rev. M. O'Byrne, C.C., Spiritual Director of the Legion of Mary, Carrick-on-Suir, has arranged for a draw on the 26th., December, for a Greyhound Pup, by Flying Deemster out of Burette. Burette is the dam of such famous dogs as Queen of the Suir; Bella, and Beef Cutler. The valuable prize offered for this worthy object should secure a big rush for tickets which cost only 1/- each.



Be Prepared This Winter

Comfortable, Warm and Smart Outfitting

Now is the time to make your purchases of Winter Woolies and other necessities for the Winter months.

A fine range of Underwear for Men and Boys, new colour schemes in Cardigans, Pull-overs, Scarves and Winter Socks and Stockings.

Everything we stock are branded goods, made by the best manufacturers in the country, and everything is offered to you at our usual low and economical prices.

Will you come and make your selection to-day?

Watch Out! Cold Weather's Coming!

Robertson, Ledlie, Ferguson & Co. Ltd., WATERFORD.

Our New Coal!

Have you tried it?

IT IS MUCH MORE ECONOMICAL.

Makes a Brighter, Better and more lasting Fire.

One cwt. will convince you.

A. MOLONEY & SONS, Ltd. DUNGARVAN.

Abernethy's Prize Bread

Won 1927—Irish Clumpship Cup	Won 1929—Gold Medal and Diploma
1927—Gold Medal and Diploma	1930—Bronze Medal and Diploma
1927—Silver Medal and Diploma	1931—Gold Medal and Diploma
1928—Silver Medal and Diploma	1932—Two Silver Medals and Two Diplomas

Brown Bread a Speciality. Supplies can now be had from

E. FLEMING,

Select Grocer and Wine Merchant,

32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

DUNGARVAN COURSING CLUB (UNDER I.C.C. RULES)

WILL HOLD THE

ANNUAL MEETING On THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 9th, 1933, AT BALLYGEGAN.

Judge—MR. MARTIN WALSH. Steward—MR. MAURICE WALSH.

PROGRAMME.
 DERBY TRIAL STAKE & ROCHE CUP (to be won twice, not necessarily in succession), for 16 Dog Puppies at £2 each.
 DUNGARVAN STAKE & OUBOROUGH CUP (to be won twice in succession or three times in all for 8 all-aged Greyhounds at £2 each. Present Holder—Mr. Michael Walsh, Carrick.
 CUNNIGAR STAKE & CUNNIGAR CUP (to be won twice, not necessarily in succession), for 16 Greyhounds that never won more than two courses in any one Stake (byes to count) at £1 5s. Present Holder—Mr. G. F. Cummins, Dungarvan.
 BALLYGEGAN STAKE for 16 Greyhounds that never won more than two courses in any one Stake (byes to count) at £1 each. (Confined to Members within Dungarvan Urban and Rural Districts)

CONDITIONS:
 All Greyhounds to be registered in Stud Book.
 No Entries received or reserved unless accompanied by Entrance Fee.
 Entries close first post Tuesday, November 7th, 1933.
 Draw at Town Hall, Dungarvan, November 7th, at 12 noon.
 All Dogs must wear collars.
 Dogs and Bitches drawn separately in all Stakes.
 First Brace of Dogs in Slips at 11.30 a.m.

P. J. HALLAHAN, Hon. Sec.

Form 13. (Article 26).
 Notice Publishing Time and Place of Audit.
 URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF DUNGARVAN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Audit of the Accounts of the above-named Public Body for the financial period ended 31st day of March, 1933, will be opened in the Town Hall, Dungarvan, by Sean O'Muirtuille, Esq., Local Government Auditor, on the 14th day of November, 1933 at the hour of 10 a.m. o'clock, when and where objections to any matter contained in the said Accounts will be heard.

The Accounts will be open during office hours for seven days before the Audit, to the inspection of all persons interested.
 Dated the 26th October, 1933.
 WILLIAM O'NEARA,
 Town Clerk,
 Urban District Council Offices,
 Town Hall, Dungarvan.

ELECTRIC BULBS.

Large Stock of Mazda and Osram Electric Lamp Bulbs. "Pearl and clear," at reduced prices.

CROTTY'S, IRONMONGERS, THE SQUARE.

45 DRIVE

In aid of Touraneena Fife and Drum Band.
 £4 IN PRIZES.
 First Prize £2 10s.; Second Prize £1 and Third Prize 10/-.
 Any six can select their own venue for first round. Finals to be played at BANDROOM, CAHERNALEGA.
 Entry Fee—1/-.
 M. GLEESON and SONY CLIFFE, Hon Secs.

A MONSTER 45 DRIVE

(In aid of Modeligo Hurling Club).
 £6 IN PRIZES.
 Winning Pair £3; two Prizes of £1 each; Runners-up to play for £1.

Any six can select their own venue for first round. Final rounds to be played at

OLD BARRACK, MODELIGO, ON SUNDAY NOV., 12th, at 6 p.m.
 Entry Fee—1/-.
 P. NAGLE, T. FITZGERALD, Hon. Secs.

SHORTAT EIRIANN.

AN ROINN TALMHAIOCHTA. (Department of Agriculture.)

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS (REGULATION OF EXPORT) ACT 1933.

An Order entitled the Bacon and Pigs (Regulation of Export Order, 1933, has been made by the Minister for Agriculture under the above-mentioned Act, regulating the export to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland of—

- (1) Bacon.
- (2) Carcases of Pigs intended for conversion into Bacon.
- (3) Live Pigs intended for conversion into Bacon.

Only persons registered in one of the Registers established under the Order, namely—

- (1) Register of Bacon Exporters;
- (2) Register of Carcase Exporters;
- (3) Register of Pig Exporters

will be permitted to export any of the said products to Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

Applications for entry in any of the Registers must be made on the prescribed forms NOT LATER THAN 14th NOVEMBER, 1933. No application received after that date can be considered.

Forms of application may be obtained from

THE SECRETARY, Department of Agriculture, Room 324, DUBLIN, C.47.

with whom intending applicants should communicate IMMEDIATELY.

NOTE.—PERSONS WHO HAVE ALREADY RECEIVED APPLICATION FORMS AND WHO HAVE RETURNED THEM TO THE DEPARTMENT NEED NOT APPLY AGAIN.

S.P.748 W.H.Co.

CLASHANAHY, WHITING BAY, 5 Miles from Youghal, 2 Miles from Ardmore.

IMPORTANT ADMINISTRATOR'S AUCTION OF EXCEEDINGLY FINE FARM, WITH DWELLING and good RANGE of OUT-OFFICES.

Also the Stock of Cows, Forward Store Cattle, Weanlings, etc., and some useful Household Furniture.

JOHN CONDON & SON Have been instructed by Mr. WALTER TERRY (Administrator of the Estate of the late Miss KATE TERRY

TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, ON THE LANDS, At the Hour of 12 Noon, ON TUESDAY, NOV., 7th, 1933.

The Valuable Interest in all that Part of the Lands of CLASHANAHY, containing 64a. 2 r. 23p. of highly fertile level-lying Land, held in Fee-simple, subject to the payment of an Annuity of £30 12s. 6d. (previously £55 15s. 6d.), Poor Law Valuation—Land, 493 15s.; Buildings, £7 40s. Total, £71 5s.

Full particulars at Sale, or on application to

Messrs. J. HODNETT & SON, Solicitors, Youghal. JOHN CONDON AND SON M.I.A.A. Auctioneers & Valuers, Youghal. (Established 1869).

GRAND ALL-NIGHT DANCE

AT CAPPAGH HALL.

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER, 26th, 1933.

(Under the auspices of the Touraneena Fife and Drum Band). PARTICULARS LATER.

Important Notice.

We wish to call the attention of our customers and the general public to the fact that we have erected a Walkworth Patent Kilm at considerable expense to treat the native Grain which it is incumbent on us to mix with Maize. Under the new Cereals Bill the quantity of this Admixture has been raised by a recent order of the Department of Agriculture from 10 per cent. to 15 per cent.

Owing to this increased percentage to secure good sound Meal, the Kilm-drying of the home-grown Grain is in our opinion absolutely necessary. We therefore, guarantee that the quota of native Grain used by this Firm in the Admixture will be Kilm-dried. This combined with the stone grinding at our Water-power Mill at Kiladangan, should secure a first-class article.

We shall supply Maize Meal with the stipulated Admixture of either OATS or BARLEY. In the case of BARLEY being used a slight increase in price will be required.

As the percentage of admixture of Home-Grown Grain fixed on July, 24th at 25 per cent, has been further increased to 33 1/3 per cent, to come into force on October 9th, the KILN DRYING of native grain is still more necessary. Combined with KILN DRYING all native grain we have been dehulling the Oats since the increase of July 24th last.

Finally, we find the percentage of moisture in the new crop much in excess of that in last season's Crop.

K. Williams & Co, Ltd

CAPPOQUIN NOTES.

AN AUSPICIOUS OPENING.

The opening Practice Dance under the auspices of the Cappoquin Rowing Club, in the Boathouse Hall on Sunday night, attracted a record attendance and proved the great popularity of Sunday night dances in Cappoquin. The "Wild Rose Orchestra," Boherberry, performed a very choice and lively programme of popular dance music and the opening event augurs well for the success of these dances during the winter months.

UNITED IRELAND PARTY. CAPPOQUIN BRANCH.

An important meeting of the Committee of the Cappoquin Branch of the United Ireland Party will be held in the Courthouse, Cappoquin, on Monday night, 6th, November at 7.30 p.m. All those in the town and parish in sympathy with the new movement are requested to attend, as new members will be enrolled on the occasion, and steps taken to make this one of the strongest branches in West Waterford. James Fives, Chairman; G. P. Healy, Vice-Chairman; Jas. McGrath, Hon Sec.

HURLING.

Cappoquin junior hurling team played a friendly match with the pick of the Mellery district on Sunday evening, the Gaelic Field attached to Mount Mellery Seminary having been kindly placed at the disposal of the players for the event. Although the Mellery representatives put up a good fight, considering their limited practice, they were outclassed by the town players who led at half-time by 1 goal 2 points to 1 goal. Cappoquin entirely dominated the play in the second half, and came out easy winners on the final score of

CAPPOQUIN 6-6.
MELLERY 1-0.

MARKET PRICES.

Considering the early period of the season, large supplies of turkeys have been sent into the Cappoquin market during the present week, most of which were in excellent condition and registering heavy weights.

These were all purchased by Messrs J. O'Connor and Sons, Egg and Poultry Exporters, Cappoquin, at 9d. per lb.

ANOTHER FALL IN PIG PRICES.

The top price of fat pigs at Cappoquin Bacon Factory this week was 42/- per cwt., dead weight. Owing to the quota of bacon exports from the Free State to the English markets having now been reached, and the consequent discontinuance of the bounty previously paid on all such exports, the condition of the Bacon Trade in the country is in a rather unsettled state.

Farmers' Defence League.

Trustees:
 Sir R. PAUL, Ballyglan, Waterford.
 W. HALLEY, Killybeg, Waterford.
 W. HEARNE, Glen, Kilsheelan.
 N. WALL, T.D., Kilmacomas.
 T. IVORY, Rathen, Woodstown.
 M. SHELAX, Sweet Brier, Traamore.
 R. SHANAHAN, Ashtown, Kilmacomas.

G. J. GREENE, Rathgormack, Carrick-on-Suir.
T. FLYNN, Coolmagon House, Dungarvan.

THOS. FITZGERALD, Cattle Dealer, Ferrybank, Waterford.

A Fund has been started to defray the expenses of the nine Waterford Farmers who were imprisoned by the present Government, under the Public Safety Act, and who had been held in prison without trial for many weeks.

Many are married men, 3 of them have 24 young children between them who, in the existing circumstances find it hard enough to maintain their families even when at liberty. I feel sure that these facts have only to be brought before you to enlist your sympathy.

Any subscription will be thankfully received and duly acknowledged by any of the above-mentioned trustees.

COUNTY WATERFORD VOCATIONAL EDUCATION COMMITTEE.

RURAL SCIENCE TEACHER WANTED.

The above Committee require a Male Teacher of Rural Science and general subjects (Arithmetic, Geography, English).

A competent knowledge of Irish is essential.

Candidates must hold the Degree of a recognised University, or the Diploma of a recognised Technical College, in Agricultural Science.

Salary—£130 by £10 to £200, with the appropriate cost of Living Bonus.

Credit will be given for previous service under Vocational Education Committees in accordance with the terms of Memorandum V. 7.

The Standard Application Form, with particulars of the Rules governing the appointment, and of the Conditions of Service can be obtained from the undersigned with whom all applications must be lodged (on the Standard Application Form) on or before the 31st, October, 1933.

J. LANIGAN, Chief Executive Officer, Technical School, St. Mary Street, Dungarvan.

Now Complete Full New Range of Winter Goods.

LADIES' COATS in all the new designs, Irish Tweeds, etc., and Irish made. Prices very moderate.
 LADIES' FROCKS. All the new leading designs and colours.
 LADIES' LEATHER COATS (Irish), all shades and prices.
 MILLINERY. Big range to select from.
 MEN'S OVERCOATS in all the new Tweed Checks, from 20s to 60s.
 BOYS' OVERCOATS from 4s 11d.
 PULLOVERS from 2s 6d. to 15s. 6d.
 HOSIERY. Shirts and Pants—Special, 1s. 4d. Cashmere, 2s. 11d., 3s. 11d. to 16s. 6d. Heavy Wool Vests, 3s. 11d., 4s. 11d., 6s. 6d.
 BLANKETS (Irish) from 5s. 9d. to 14s. 6d. Wool (Special Lot), 12s. 6d. per pair. Sheets, per pair, 2s. 11d. up.
 BOOT DEPARTMENT. Men's Nailed and Unnailed, 12s. 6d., 13s. 6d., 17s. 6d., and 20s. (Guaranteed Irish); also a big selection of Children's and Ladies' Wellingtons. Boys' Boots from 5s. 9d.
 QUILTS & SPREADS. A big range to select from.

C. LAWN, Square, Dungarvan.

THE CINEMA DUNGARVAN.

THE HOUSE WITH PERFECT SOUND.

TO-NIGHT (FRIDAY).

LEWIS STONE

Jackie Cooper

Father and Son!

VIVID HUMAN INTEREST STORY.

NEXT WEEK.

MONDAY OCTOBER 30th. For TWO Nights.

GENE GERRARD

CLAUDE HULBERT

Let Me Explain Dear!

A Splendid Farce-Comedy sparkling with Humour and Wit. Amusing Situations. Brilliant Dialogue. Furious Fun! Also Movietone News and good Supporting Programme. MATINEE ON MONDAY AT 4 p.m.

WEDNESDAY NOVEMBER, 1st. For THREE Nights.

RAMON NOVARRO

Madge Evans

The Impossible Lover!

Tuneful Music & Song . . . Romance & Comedy . . .
 Thrilling Football Scenes . . . and all the gay sparkle of College life, make this Novarro's most Entertaining Picture!
 Also Movietone News . . . Comedy . . . and Irish Travel Film.
 MATINEES ON WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY AT 4 p.m.
 Note—From Wednesday November, 1st, and until further notice, the performance will commence each night at 8.15 p.m.
 Coming Shortly . . . GOODNIGHT VIENNA.
 Balcony Seats Reserved. Tel. No. 8.
 Admission . . . 4d. 1/3 1/9.
 The Management reserves the right to refuse Admission.



LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

DISTRICT NURSING ASSOCIATION DUNGARVAN BRANCH.

The Annual General Meeting of the Dungarvan and District Nursing Association will be held in the Town Hall, on Tuesday evening, October 31st, at 8 p.m. All subscribers are welcome.

DEATH OF MR. RICHARD O'BRIEN, GRALLAGH.

We regret to announce the death of Mr. Richard O'Brien, Grallagh, Grange, which occurred on Monday last after a brief illness fortified by the rites of the Church. The deceased who had been attending to his business up to this week, was a practical and successful farmer and a patriotic Irishman. He was brother of Mr. M. O'Brien, Grallagh, one of the leading and most prominent farmers in the public life of the country for many years. The remains were removed to the Parish Church, Grange, on Tuesday evening and were followed by a most imposing cortege, representative of all parts of the county. On Wednesday the interment took place in the adjoining graveyard in the presence of a very large attendance.—R.I.P.

UNITED IRELAND PARTY. BRANCH FORMED AT STRADBALLY.

On Tuesday evening a largely attended meeting was held at Stradbally for the purpose of forming a branch of United Ireland in the parish. Mr. John Cunningham, presided. Stirring addresses on the present position of Agriculture and the economic state of the country were delivered by Messrs. N. Wall, T.D., and E. Fleming, organizer. Subsequently the officers and committee were elected as follows:— Chairman—Mr. John Cunningham, Stradbally; Vice-Chairman—Mr. Patk. Kirwan, Drumlohan; Hon. Sec.—Pierce Coffey, Ballylinch; Treas.—John Hickey, Graigue. Committee—Messrs. Wm. Kirwan; John Hearne, Ed. Coffey, James Barry, N. Connors (Faha); T. Power, J. Mulany and T. Whelan.

BACON PRICES.

The price of bacon pigs in Dungarvan on Monday was 4/- per cwt. deadweight. Now that the bounty is taken off and export held up until November 7th, when the new quota comes into operation it is expected a bigger drop in price will take place.

THE SWEEP CO. WATERFORD GETS BADLY ABBEYSIDE GETS £100 CASH PRIZE.

The Draw for the Cambridgeshire Race under the auspices of the Irish Hospitals Sweep, was as successful as the previous Sweeps. Nearly £3,000,000 was realised. The Draw was held on Saturday, Monday and Tuesday and though winners from every part of the world were in the list the County Waterford only figured once when a Cash Prize for £100 was drawn by Ticket No. 14E36877 and signed "Half-Crown" Abbeyside, Dungarvan. The holders of the ticket are: Mr. Gerald Crotty, Abbeyside, Mrs. S. Hennebery, do., Mrs. B. Connors, and Miss Aeneas Hayes, Granite Lodge, do. The race was run on Wednesday and was won by Sir Abe Bailey's Raymond. Denbigh was second and Stalky was third.

RETREAT IN DUNGARVAN.

The spacious Parish Church was thronged in every part on Sunday evening on the occasion of the closing of the week's Retreat for the men of the Parish. The previous week the Retreat for the women was held. During the week the various ceremonies night and morning were attended by record numbers, which reached its greatest peak on the occasion of the closing ceremony. Rev. Fr. Hunt, C.S.S.R., preached the sermon on Sunday night and in the course of an eloquent discourse, he congratulated the congregation on their magnificent attendance throughout and on the spirit of piety which characterised them. He also paid a worthy tribute to our esteemed Pastor, Fr. O'Brien, and the Priests of the Parish. The renewal of Baptismal vows and Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament concluded the Retreat.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Meal special 17/- middlet 16/6; (barley mixture) Flour 16/- bran and pollard 7/-; oat: creamery butter (oz) 14d; lb: eggs 1/3 per dozen; black oats 5/- per barrel; white oats 7/- barrel.

LUCKY DUNGARVAN BOY.

Mr. Thomas Roache, New Chapel Street, Dungarvan, has been the lucky winner of the Papal Legates motor car, which was recently drawn for, and the proceeds from which are to be devoted to the African Missions. Tommy Roache, who is a fine young lad, purchaser a 6d. ticket in the draw and thought no more about it until Tuesday last, when he received a telegram announcing he had won it. The winner can take the car or else a cheque for £250. He has been heartily congratulated by his friends and all who know him.

TOURANEENA FIFE AND DRUM BAND.

In connection with the Prize Drawing in aid of the above, the winners were:—1, J. Connolly, Ballymacarby (645); 2, J. Nugent, Touraneena, (543); 3, E. Burke, Touraneena, (181).

CLEAN UP SALE.

Moloney's Great Clean up Sale will end on Saturday November 4th. All surplus Stocks will be cleared at a sacrifice. Don't miss this week's bargains. Moloney's Stores, Square.

HOUSING SCHEME.

The Urban Council Housing Scheme of 36 houses on the Loughmore site is very far advanced, and the Contractors Messrs. J. O'Reilly and Sons have done wonderful work since the start of the scheme early in the summer. The weather all through has been so fine and with plenty men and material at hand, no hitch whatever occurred with the result that the work is very far advanced. The site, covering nearly 12 acres, was laid out in artistic style, and when the scheme is completed with its neat terraced houses, attractive gardens and perfect roadways it will be a great addition to the amenities of the town and a tribute to the Urban Council and all associated with it. During the Summer it has given a great deal of employment which was so badly needed and when completed there is no reason why other improvement schemes long awaiting development should not be tackled.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

Two very important Rugby Fixtures are down for play at the neatly-positioned pitch of St. Augustine's Seminary, at Abbeyside. On November 7th, the Friary fifteen will meet the C.B.S. Limerick in the first round of the Bowen Shield, and on November 16th, the local College boys will be at home to Rockwell. Last year St. Augustine's had a wonderful record and were only defeated in the semi-final of the Munster Schools Cup. We wish them further success this year. C.B.S. Limerick are the holders of the Schools Cup 1933, and are a very superior combination, while Rockwell College still maintains its old supremacy for high-class football.

LABOURERS COTTAGES SCHEME.

The Co. Board of Health, having taken tenders for the erection of nearly 400 Labourers Cottages in the County Waterford, Contractors are very busy with the work, and considerable progress has been made in the work of construction in many parts of the county. Numbers of men are employed both at the erection of the houses and building fences, quarrying stones, carting, etc., and at a period when work was very slack, due to the exhaustion of funds for road works, this scheme was a great relief to big numbers of men unable to find any remunerative work. Granted fine weather—and there is every indication of its continuation for some months yet great progress will be made with the cottages during the winter and contractors, workmen and the public at large will rejoice.

DUNGARVAN URBAN COUNCIL.

Owing to the retreat in the Parish Church, last Friday night's meeting was adjourned.

SWEEP ON CAMBRIDGESHIRE.

The result of the Sweep on the Cambridgeshire run by Mr. J. Keohan, Main street, Dungarvan, was as follows:— Garry Morrissey, Park Terrace, Dungarvan; Raymond 1; Thomas Power, Kiltrossany, Denbigh 2; D. Cullinan, Ballyduff, Dungarvan (Stalky); Miss Flynn, Park Hotel, Dungarvan (Limelight) 4.

£85,000 WON.

In the Hospitals' Sweep no ticket for Raymond the winner was held in Ireland. Ireland field 5 tickets worth £15,000 each on Denbigh and one worth £10,000 on Stalky.

Irish Manufactured Machinery.

ROOT CUTTERS AND PLOUGH PARTS.

Now in Stock our seasons supply of the above, all Guaranteed for quality and service. Large Stocks of Plough Parts for the following makes:— "Sellar" "Ransome" "Hornsby" and "Star".

ALL PARTS GUARANTEED TO FIT.

Place your Orders with the Firm where you get Quality and Service.

CROTTY'S.

IRONMONGERS THE SQUARE.

DUNGARVAN LITERARY CLUB.

REGISTRATION OF CLUBS (IRELAND) ACT 1904.

To all whom it may concern:

TAKE NOTICE that an Application dated the 25th day of October 1933, for a renewal of the Certificate of the Registration of The Dungarvan Literary Club under the Provisions of the Registration of Clubs (Ireland) Act 1904 has been lodged with the Registrar of Clubs for the District Court Area of Dungarvan, District No. 22, County of Waterford.

Dated this 26th day of October, 1933. (Signed)—JAMES KEOHAN, Secretary of the Dungarvan Literary Club. J. F. WILLIAMS & SONS, Solicitors for the Club, Dungarvan.

FRIARY CHURCH RENOVATION FUND.

A GRAND WHIST DRIVE (In aid of the above).

Will be held in the TOWN HALL, DUNGARVAN, ON SUNDAY, 5th, NOV., 1933. VALUABLE CASH PRIZES STARTING AT 8 p.m. SHARP.

TICKETS 2/- Each.

HALLOW-E'EN!

Our popular Barm Bracks, containing Ring, Pea, Bean, etc., will be available from FRIDAY, 27th OCTOBER, 1933.

POWER'S Bakeries,

18 O'CONNELL STREET, DUNGARVAN.

TELEPHONE—17.

RATHANNY, KILL, CO. WATERFORD.

GRAZING AND TILLAGE LAND TO LET FOR A TERM OF 11 MONTHS.

I am instructed by Mrs. Kate Power and her daughter Mrs. Ellen Coleman, TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION ON THE LANDS, ON TUESDAY, 31st OCT., 1933. At 12 o'clock noon.

The Grazing of 33 Acres and 7 Acres for Tillage. Statute Measure. Prime Land.

For further particulars apply to: PETER O'CONNOR, Solicitor, O'Connell Street, Waterford; or to: JOHN D. PALMER, M.L.A., Catherine Street, Waterford.

Irish Manufactured Blankets.

AT REDUCED PRICES.

- 1.—Irish Woollen Blankets. Guaranteed absolutely pure, single bed size, 9/11 and 10/11 per pair.
2.—All Wool Irish Blankets. Small Double Bed size, 14/11 Pair.
3.—Pure All-Wool Blankets. Guaranteed Irish Manufacture. Double Bed size 17/11 Pair.
4.—All Wool Irish Blankets. Guaranteed. Large Double Bed size, whipped in Singles, 21/- Pair.
5.—Pure Irish Wool Blankets. Extra large Double Bed size, whipped in Singles. Extraordinary Value, 23/11 Pair.

MULCAHY'S, DUNGARVAN.

KILBREE, CAPPOQUIN.

AUCTION OF A COMPACT FARM OF ABOUT 24 ACRES.

M. F. WALSH, will Sell by PUBLIC AUCTION ON THE LANDS, for the Executor of the late Misses J. and B. Roche, Kilbree.

ON THURSDAY, NOV. 9th 1933. At the Hour of 1 o'clock.

ALL THAT AND THOSE part of the Lands of Kilbree, containing 24 statute Acres or thereabouts, held in Fee-simple. Subject to an annuity of £12 4s. 6d., payable to the Irish Land Commission. P.L.V. 416 Rents and Rates will be discharged up to last sale day.

The above Lands are of Superior quality, well fenced, sheltered and watered, and all midway between Lisnore and Cappoquin, where important monthly Fairs and weekly markets are held.

Terms and Conditions at Sale Usual Auctioneer's Fees. MESSRS. J. L. KEANE & SON, Solicitors, Youghal having Carriage of Sale, or MICHAEL F. WALSH, Auctioneer & Valuer, Cappoquin.

MONSTER 45 DRIVE In Aid of DUNGARVAN WORKING BOYS CLUB.

Under the Patronage of the St. Vincent de Paul Society.

£24 IN PRIZES.

FIRST PRIZE—WINNING PAIR £10. SECOND AND THIRD PAIRS £4 EACH PAIR.

Pairs beaten in Semi-Final £1 each Pair.

The Drive will be played off in 5 Rounds. The winners in each Round qualifying for the subsequent Round. Any six players may select their own venue for 1st Round. Names of the Winners must be forwarded, together with Entrance Fees, as soon as possible after completion of the Rubber to any of the undersigned, and tickets for the 2nd Round will then be remitted. Second and remaining Rounds will be played in the Town Hall, Dungarvan, on—

SUNDAY, DEC. 31st, 1933. ENTRANCE FEE 2/6.

REV. L. EGAN, C.C., Dungarvan. M. FLYNN, Treas., South Tce., do. M. J. Keane, Sec., Friary St., do.

OCEAN VIEW HOTEL.

SUNDAY NOV. 5th, 1933. A MONSTER

45 DRIVE

Commencing at 7 p.m. To be completed same date. WINNING PAIR £3. RUNNERS-UP £2 10s. Entrance Fee—2/-.

THE SOCIAL DANCE CLUB.

Will hold their 9th. Annual DANCE AT HALF-WAY HALL.

SUNDAY NIGHT NOVEMBER, 5th.

Music by SEAN O'FARRELL'S Rhythm Dance Band, Clonmel.

FIRST-CLASS CATERING by Ladies Committee.

Admission (including tax)—3/- DANCING 8 p.m.

J. CONDON, J. BARRON, Hon. Secs.

COAL.

HIGHEST QUALITY HOUSE COAL. LARGE, CLEAN, AND ECONOMICAL. Purchase your WINTER SUPPLIES NOW, at REDUCED SUMMER PRICES.

Special Terms for quantities. FREE DELIVERY in Town Area.

Sheehan, Ryan & Co.

MAIN STREET, DUNGARVAN.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The Famous hand-made "Kerry Boots" (Guaranteed) To be had only from the Sole Agent WM. POWER, THE SQUARE, DUNGARVAN.

LIME! LIME! LIME!

We can supply agricultural Lime of every description. We have at the moment about One Thousand Tons of excellent quality dry slaked lime, which we will sell very cheap while it lasts. Special freights have been obtained from the Railway Company for this special lot. This is one of the biggest bargains in Lime yet offered. We can also supply Carbonate of Lime or Caustic-Ground Lime made up in 2 cwt. sacks, also Best Building and house Lime. Special quotations for 3 or 6 Ton Lots.

IF YOU SOW WHEAT WITHOUT LIME, YOU WILL RUE IT IN TIME. Ask us for Prices, Leaflets, etc.

POLEBERRY LIME WORKS, WATERFORD.

WEST WATERFORD FARMERS ANNUAL DANCE HAS BEEN POSTPONED.

KIDNEY TROUBLE

Hot, scorching, exhausting days make the victim of kidney trouble weaker than ever. "Pick-me-ups" will not help, but De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills most certainly will. In 24 hours you see how good they are. Persevere and you will feel fitter, younger than ever. Splendid for rheumatism, bad back, bladder weakness. Price 3/- and 5/-.

DEWITT'S KIDNEY PILLS

Obtainable from W. J. NOLAN, Chemist, Main Street, Dungarvan and Kilmacthomas.

A WHIST DRIVE

Will be held in the SCOUTS' DEN, ABBEYSIDE, ON SUNDAY OCT., 29th., 1933. At 8.30 p.m. TICKETS 1/-.

PIGS—Ready 5 weeks sooner for Mr. Kitson who bought a lot of pigs same time as his friend but got HIS PIGS MARKET WEIGHT 5 WEEKS EARLIER than his friend thanks to using KARSWOOD PIG POWDERS. Twelve 1/. Try them from—W. J. NOLAN Ltd., Pharmacy, 42 Main Street, Dungarvan.

This Week At Our GREAT OCTOBER SALE We are Offering Wonderful New Bargains.

Attractive Beret Sets in all shades, 3s 6d and 3s 11d each. Ladies' Beautiful Wool Frocks in newest colours, 12s 6d and 15s 6d each. Ladies' Jumpers, all wool, in a variety of colours and styles, 2s 11d each. 2,000 Pairs of Boys' Tweed Knickers, well lined and strongly made, worth 3s 6d. Sale Price, 1s 6jd per pair. 300 Parcels of Men's Fallowers and Slipovers, all good fancy patterns and also in self colours, worth 4s 11d. Sale Price, 1s 11d. each. Men's Rubber Boots, 6s 11d per pair. Ladies' Best Quality Camel Hair Slippers, leather soles, 2s 11d. per pair.

HEARNE & CO., Ltd., WATERFORD

KEEP WARM!

AND HAVE A FOXFORD RUG OR BLANKETS For the Cold Weather.

WALSH'S, Outfitters, Square, Dungarvan.

FOR SALE—High-Class Greyhound Pups. Sire—"Shaun's Folly"; Dam—"Mist". Shaun's Folly by Kashmir Kernel; Mist by Ormond Lodge ex Megantic by Three Speed. Apply Mrs. M. Prendergast, Lauragh, Cappoquin. GRAZIERS—Will be taken by the month on the lands of Lackenfunny; plenty of fresh grass and water; prices moderate. Apply Mrs. B. Moloney. NOTICE—The lands in the occupation of S. Barron, Garranbane, N. Troy, do.; Mrs. Connors, Clonca, Mrs. O'Brien, do.; T. Veale, do.; P. Carroll, Knock and P. Kiely, do.; are strictly preserved and trespassers will be prosecuted.

GRAZING TO LET—For 11 months, 23 acres of good fattening land, with constant supply of water and well-fenced. Apply Hegarty, Ballinaparka House, Achish, Cappoquin. FOR SALE—By Private Treaty for Mr. Patk. Tobin, 3 Acres of good land at Ballyquarry, Dungarvan. Rent 2/6 per annum. Apply Hayes & Sons, Auctioneers, Dangarvan.

WANTED—A Lock-Up Shop on Square, Dungarvan or adjoining streets. Reply with particulars to M.R. This Office.

DWELLINGHOUSE TO LET—At Nicholasstown, Cappoquin, in good repair; also Mill Premises at Nicholasstown, known as Nicholasstown Mills. Apply to Michael O'Connor, Cappagh.

FOR SALE—50 Timber Boxes. Apply Coffey & Bedford, Main street, Dungarvan.

NOTICE—The Lands of Lacken Lodge, Sligaunagh, Knockloy and Bawbragher in my possession are strictly preserved. Any persons found trespassing on same will be prosecuted.—JOHN KENNEDY 1910.

TO LET—Flat, newly furnished, all modern conveniences; Electric Light and Water. Situated in centre of town. Apply 189 this office.

TO LET—7-Roomed House, partly furnished, over business Premises. Terms moderate. Apply 382 this Office. GRATEFUL THANKS—To St. Jude and St. Anne, for favours received.

THANKSGIVING—To the Sacred Heart of Jesus and His Holy Mother, for favours received.

ROOMS TO LET—Also Large front Room, suitable for Bed-Sitting Room. Apply 12, O'Connell Street.

WANTED—Cook-General. Apply Mrs. Goode, Abbeyside, Dungarvan.

NOTICE—The Lands of Ballyduff are strictly preserved and poisoned. Any person found trespassing in pursuit of game, ferreting or hunting rabbits, will be prosecuted.—William McCarthy; James Whelan; Nicholas Walsh; John Lynch; Mrs. Ellen Power; Dick Cullinan; E. McCarthy.

WEST WATERFORD HUNT. NOVEMBER MEETS.

Wednesday 1st—Agligh Monday, 6th—Tallow. Thursday 9th—Colligan. Monday 13th—Clashmore. Thursday 16th—Ballinamult. Monday 20th—Geosh. Thursday 23rd—Bears' Cross. Monday 27th—Piltown. Thursday 30th—Millstreet. 11 a.m.

SUPPORT LOCAL ENTERPRISE AND HELP TO GIVE EMPLOYMENT BY ASKING FOR, AND GETTING BOYLE'S Hosiery and Knitwear.

MADE IN DUNGARVAN AND STOCKED BY ALL LEADING DRAPERS.

45 DRIVE IN AID OF THE COLLIGAN FIANNA FAIL CUMANN.

1st. PRIZE—£2 0 0. 2nd PRIZE—£1 10 0. 3rd. PRIZE—£1 0 0. ENTRANCE FEE—1/- PARTICULARS OF FINAL LATER. P. FITZGERALD, V. WALL, Hon. Secs.

COUNTY HOME, DUNGARVAN. WANTED

3 TONS OF DRY GATEN STRAW. Tenders to reach my office at or before 3 o'clock p.m., on TUESDAY, OCTOBER, 31st. EDMUND KIELY, Clerk and Storekeeper.

A GRAND ALL-NIGHT DANCE

Will be held in AGLISH SCHOOLHOUSE, ON SUNDAY 5th, NOV., 1933. Proceeds to renovate Ballyduff. Music by Local Orchestra (Specially Arranged).

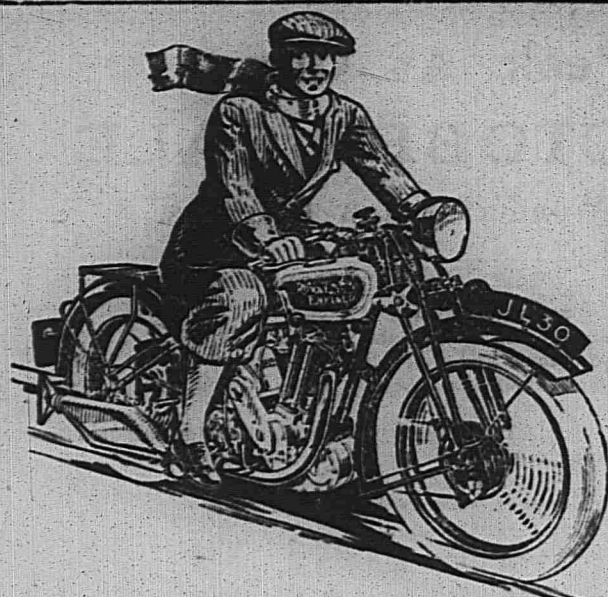
Admission—2/- (including tax); Supper Extra. DANCING AT 9 p.m. J. J. Buggy & J. Whelan, Hon. Secs. J. Fonton, Treasurer. Ceard Mile Fathé Roinn gach Aoinne.

ESTATE OF JOHN R. DOWER. DECEASED.

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that on and after this date any persons found taking Sand or Gravel without authority from the Lands or Foreshore of the Cunnigar, will be prosecuted. JOHN A. CARTWRIGHT, Agent. 27th, October, 1933.

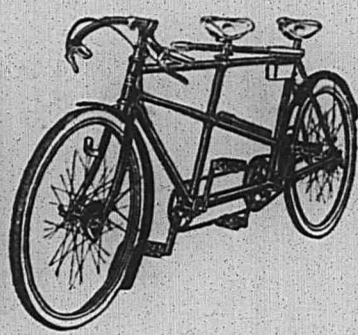
A GRAND DANCE

Will be held in the SCHOOLHOUSE, BALLINROAD, ON SUNDAY, OCT., 29th, 1933. Admission—1/3 (including tax). SUPPER EXTRA. ORCHESTRAL MUSIC. P. DONNELLY and P. O'BRIEN, Hon. Secs.



CO. WATERFORD LARGEST CYCLE STORES.

ANOTHER RECORD YEAR FOR FITZGERALD and every Customer satisfied. WE CARRY LARGER STOCKS AND GIVE QUICKER DELIVERIES THAN ANY OTHER FIRM IN IRELAND.



Complete 2/6

Complete 1/-



5d.

Complete 1/-

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Carbide and Acetylene Lamps has been reduced in price, best quality Carbide 1lb. tin 5d., loose carbide 4d. per lb. We have now on show a huge consignment of Cycle Lamps, Electric Cycle Lamps, Torches, Flash Lamps, and Dynamo Lamps at prices never heard of before.

TYRES, TUBES and ACCESSORIES are also reduced in price. Guaranteed Tyres only 1/9 each; Tubes 9d. each; Dunlop Tyres from 2/6 to 3/6; Dunlop Tubes from 1/- to 2/6; Dunlop Front Wheel Complete, 3/9; Dunlop Rear Wheel complete 4/6; Free Wheel 1/6; Hercules Free Wheel 2/3; Perry Free Wheel, 2/6; Chain 1/6; Union Chain 1/9; Coventry Chain 2/3; Perry Chain 2/6; Ronold Chain 2/6; Ladies Pedals 1/6 per pair; Gents Pedals 1/4 inch, 2/- per pair; Extra heavy Axle Carrier complete with straps 1/4; Mudguards 1/- to 1/8 per pair; Extra heavy valenced mudguards 2/- per pair; Extra heavy mudguards, with red lines 2/- per pair; Front Brake complete 1/6; Rear Brake complete 2/6; Handle Grips 4d. per pair; Blumel Handle grips 6d. per pair; Handlebars complete with Brake levers from 3/- to 5/6; Saddles from 2/- to 9/-; Brookes Challenge 11/-; B 90 size 2, 14/6; Large Pumps from 1/- to 2/- each; Repair Outfits 3d.; Extra long Outfits 5d.; Elastic Saddle Covers 1/-; Brookes Saddle Covers 1/3; Brookes Waterproof Saddle Covers 1/10; Chain, wheel and left-hand Crank 3/6.

RALEIGH AND RUDGE PARTS STOCKED. ALL ACCESSORIES FITTED WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE. LAMPS OVER 600 TO SELECT FROM.

Acetylene Lamps from 2/6 to 4/6. Electric Cycle Lamps complete from 1/6 to 2/6; Lucas Dynamo Lamp 19/-; Large Flash Lamps complete 1/- to 1/6; Torch Cases complete 1/- to 5/-; Flash Lamp Batteries 5d. each; Torch Batteries from 3d. to 10d. each.

FITZGERALD FOR BIKES. DUNGARVAN

The "Gascoigne Milker."

There are 29 Milking Plants in County Waterford. 23 of these are the "Gascoigne."

Could any argument be stronger but that the GASCOIGNE is the Machine which has the confidence of the County Waterford Dairy Farmer?

GASCOIGNE USERS:

- Mount Melleray Abbey, Cappoquin. E. Casey, Esq., Tallacolemore, Dungarvan. W. J. Spratt, Esq., Knockaun House, Grange. W. Mansfield, Esq., Glenwilliam, Grange. D. Heskin, Esq., C. Co., Aglish, Glencairn. John Dahill, Esq., Coolowen, Tallow. Joseph Tanner, Esq., Sheanmore, Ballyduff. Richard Tanner, Esq., Sun Lodge, Conna, Tallow. C. H. Stork, Esq., Parkwood House, Passage East. Nicholas Fitzgerald, Esq., Co. Co., Ballinasilla, Bonmahon. Thomas Flynn, Esq., Coolnagour, Dungarvan. (2 Plants). Nicholas Beresford, Esq., Coolnagour, Dungarvan. A. Buttmer, Esq., Ballinacourty, Cappagh. Roger, McGrath, Esq., Ballinacourty, Cappagh. Michael Nugent, Esq., Windgap, Dungarvan. Michael Nugent, Esq., Ballycurreen, Ring, Dungarvan. J. J. Lynch, Esq., Ballyduff, Dungarvan. M. O'Halloran, Esq., Laurentum House, Clashmore. M. Ronayne, Esq., Coolcormac, Dungarvan.

Irish Representative—J. McEVOY KILWORTH. GASCOIGNE, LTD., READING. PHONE No. 7.

YOUGHAL URBAN COUNCIL.

Present—Mr. E. P. Lynch, Vice-Chairman; Capt. P. Dunne, Messrs. D. J. Linehan, T. Beausang, P. J. McMahon, P.C.; E. Clancy, P. J. O'Gorman, P.C.; Mrs. S. Hurley, P.C.; M. D. Broderick, A. J. Fowkes.

Refuse Dump. Considerable discussion took place on the question of a site for a refuse dump, outside the town, to replace the one at present at Green's Quay. An offer was received of a site at the southern end, but the Council were unanimously against having one anywhere near the Strand. A land owner at the northern end offered a site at £10 yearly. It was ultimately decided to have a committee visit the place and report on its suitability.

Mrs. Hurley said that the most hygienic method of getting rid of the refuse was to purchase an incinerator and have the stuff destroyed. Replying to a query, the Clerk said that the sale of the refuse realised £90 last year.

The Council decided against the suggestion. Ladies Hockey Club. The Ladies Hockey Club applied for the use of the Ball Room to hold a Social on the 5th. prox.

The application was granted. Amingo Acrobats. The Amingo Acrobatic Troupe was granted the use of the Room for their annual show on the 13th and 14th.

Bohemian Band. The application of the Bohemian Band for the use of the Hall for a dance on Sunday night was also granted.

Mallow Beet Factory. Mr. O'Gorman referred to the meeting held on Monday, in connection with the growing of beet for the Mallow Factory. There were only a few farmers and others present, but he said that was the result of the meeting not being properly advertised.

The Clerk reminded them that they had put forward the question of a factory for their own town. The Chairman—What about a Receiving Station here? Mr. O'Gorman said as there was not the slightest prospect at present of a factory for their own town, they ought give all possible support to the Mallow one.

Housing Schemes. The following was read from the L.G.D.: "With reference to your communication of the 6th inst., on the subject of the further housing scheme with which the Council propose to proceed, I am directed to state that in the provision of houses under the Housing of the Working Classes Acts for the re-housing of persons to be displaced by the Council from unsanitary and otherwise unfit houses in their area. The Minister will be prepared to assist the Council by way of loan charge subsidy, subject to a maximum of 66 2/3%. In this connection, I am to ask whether the houses comprised in the Council's present 20-house scheme are intended to be used for re-housing displaced persons. If so, the Council should define their clearance area and submit the necessary Order for confirmation in such time as will enable them, if possible, to secure vacation of the unfit houses about the time when the new houses will be available. An early report would be gladly received."

The Clerk said that meant if they went on with a new scheme they would be entitled to a Government subsidy of 66 2/3%. Mr. Beausang asked what about the areas that would be declared slums and cleared of tenants.

The Clerk—You could purchase them at site value.

Mr. Broderick—Or the owners could put up new buildings. The Clerk said arising out of the Housing question, the L.G. had asked them to consider the question of fixing the rents of the houses at present in course of erection. He had gone into the matter carefully the here gave details of the cost of building, loan, insurance, repairs, etc. Going by those figures he calculated that the economic rent would be 4/10 per week. The tenants for whom the houses were intended would hardly be able to pay that. If they decided to fix the rent at, say 3/6, it would mean a subsidy of 1/6d. for the rates.

Mr. O'Gorman said the Clerk had given them a very lucid statement of the facts and figures involved. It was obvious the tenants could not pay 4/10 a week.

Mr. Broderick—Impossible. Mr. O'Gorman said the ratepayers wouldn't object to the small subsidy suggested. 3/6 should be the maximum rent.

Mr. Broderick—It is too much. The Chairman said that some poor people had to pay 5/- for a single room. Capt. Dunne said they couldn't keep paying that. 2/6 a week was enough for a working man.

Mr. Broderick—You must build cheaper houses. Mr. Beausang—How many years will it take to clear off the cost of the houses?

The Clerk—You will never clear them as long as you charge an economic rent.

The Chairman said the last houses they built were supposed to be for workmen, but no work-man could pay the rent.

The Clerk—You are building very cheap and pretty substantial houses now.

The Chairman—How many rooms? The Clerk—Two bedrooms and a kitchen.

Mrs. Hurley—That is going back to the slums. You would want at least

U. I. P.

CONCERT IN WATERFORD.

At a Concert in the City Hall, Waterford, last Friday night, under the auspices of the United Irish Party, which was largely attended, some 40 Civic Guards were on duty as owing to a Fianna Fall dance in a nearby room trouble was feared.

The nine Gaultier Farmers, who were recently released from Mountjoy jail following their acquittal, were the guests of the evening and were given an enthusiastic reception.

Before the conclusion of the concert, the audience were addressed by Mrs. Redmond, T.D., Mr. N. Wall, T.D., and the O'Phelan of Deise, under the presidency of Mr. C. Quinlan, solr.

Mrs. Redmond said the people of Waterford and every other county in Ireland admired the spirit displayed by the nine Gaultier farmers. They were all with them in their tribulation and in their hour of need.

Mr. Wall referred to the economic war as a senseless dispute with England. None of them could see the end of it, but if they had a business-like Government in office it would not last 24 hours. Unfortunately, the Government did not seem to possess the business instinct to deal with the matter, or the foresight to see where the dispute was leading to. They were trying to pit their puny financial strength against the strength and might of England, and then they told them they were winning. It was a serious menace, but a far more serious menace was the reign of intimidation, evidence of which they saw all round them. The Government could deal with the situation if they had the moral courage to deal with the intolerant gunmen who were leading the country to chaos. The bulwark between the country and chaos was the U.I.P. Mr. Quinlan said in the name of the U.I.P. they demanded compensation for the Waterford farmers for the time they had spent in jail.

A DECENT SHAVE.

Very few people now-a-days shave themselves, but run to the nearest hair-dresser to have it done. Now the reason is obvious and the fault certainly lies with the razor. We make a speciality of stocking only the Finest German Hollowground Razors, which are guaranteed to shave the strongest beard with the greatest ease and pleasure. We will send one of these razors (post free) to any address on receipt of P.O. for 5/6 and we have not the slightest hesitation in giving an absolute guarantee with each and every razor sold.

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When that goes wrong - put it right with CATALITE. Includes illustration of a cow.

This splendid drench is the finest obtainable for udder trouble in cows and ewes. Made by an Irish firm with 77 years' experience in curing udder ailments, it can be depended on to cure promptly, one drench cures the worst case. Swollen udder, lumps in udder, milk fever, garget and udder-ill, inflammation and the effects of cold and chill all yield quickly to this marvellous remedy. Just read this: "A WONDERFUL CURE" Mr. J. Conway, Omsist, Ladyshridge, writes: "I used one bottle of your Catalite which I got from your agent. I found it a wonderful cure. My cow is as well as ever in her milk now. Thank you for the cure."

CABBAGE SEED FOR SUMMER AND AUTUMN SOWING.

Fresh arrivals of Carter's Celebrated Cabbage Seed including the following varieties, Enfield Market, Flower of Spring, Myatt's Offenham, Mein's No. 1, extra Large Drumhead, Wheeler's Imperial King of Cabbages, Non-pariel, Flat Dutch and many other varieties all at 8d. per oz. Red Italian Tripoli Onion, White Italian Tripoli Onion, Giant Rocca Onion for present sowing, all at 1/- per oz., post free.

HARPUR BROS., Seedsmen, Waterford.

three rooms. The Chairman said that at present in some houses there were 12 or more occupying one room. It was decided to adjourn the question of the rent to next meeting.

Mrs. Hurley asked the Council to reconsider the appointment of their M.O.H. as doctor to the new Maternity and Child Welfare Scheme. In the circumstances a lady doctor would be more suitable.

Mr. Linehan asked how did they manage before they had any lady doctors.

Mrs. Hurley said the times had changed greatly since those days and they should try and advance with the times.

The Chairman said the appointment was fixed and they couldn't go back on it.

Mrs. Hurley persevered, but the meeting broke up.

Economic War.

MR. DILLON'S VIEWS.

At Kilkenny, on Sunday last, Mr. Dillon, T.D., said United Ireland believes that Mr. de Valera's private economic war is a piece of criminal folly, and that it could be honourably settled without the slightest difficulty if Mr. de Valera really wanted it settled. Even more, we believe that a settlement could be arrived at, and we would gladly help in bringing such a settlement about on the basis that altered conditions have made the payment of annual sums by this country to Great Britain very much more burdensome than they were when the bargain was first made, and that the common experience of all countries is that the discharge of international obligations by the payment of annual sums is unsatisfactory, and that any balance that may be due from this country to Great Britain or from Great Britain could best be disposed of by the payment of a lump sum. If this country is to be absolutely independent of foreign markets it must be prepared to do without rubber, tea, steel, and such other commodities as cannot be produced here. We must import them, and if we are to have imports we shall have to pay for them, and to pay for them we must export something. Our exportable surplus consists of the produce of the agricultural industry, which supports more people than all our other industries put together. If we are going to export that surplus we must export it to the most profitable market, unless we are mad, and every nation of the world, which is exporting agricultural produce has agreed that the British market is the most profitable market in which to sell agricultural produce.

At the present moment the grain growers of this country are face to face with bankruptcy. Dr. Ryan is floundering in a sea of crazy schemes to try and postpone the evil day. A couple of days ago the same gentleman signed the death warrant of the bacon industry in this country when he withdrew the export bounty on bacon. He withdrew that bounty because, in his own ignorance, he entirely failed to foresee what the situation in the bacon industry would be when he made his application to the British Government for our experimental quota in the Lane-Fox scheme in England, and I warn him now that unless the bounty is restored forthwith, or adequate compensation is given to the bacon curers, that the great industry will be crippled for a long time to come, with resultant suffering for the people employed in it, and for the small farmers, who are the largest producers of pigs in this country.

The purchasing power of our people is steadily falling, and Mr. Lemass need not hope that he can remedy the ready-made clothes crisis by increasing tariffs. Nothing can remedy that crisis but an increase in the purchasing power of the people, and the only way to restore that is to restore their markets' applause.

On the constitutional issue the alternatives are very simple. Mr. de Valera has himself admitted that he cannot compel the Six Counties to come into a Republic. We believe that the Six Counties could be won back to the Irish nation on the basis of complete independence within the Commonwealth. I believe that an independent and united Ireland as an equal partner with Canada, Australia, Great Britain, South Africa and the other nations of the Commonwealth, would be a greater Ireland with a greater future before her. The sooner the country makes up its mind between these two alternatives the better; but, above all, let an end be put to the present uncertainty.

Rumours have been abroad that an attempt will be made to victimise members of the Young Ireland movement by depriving them of their pensions or of public positions which they may hold, such as rate collectors, relieving officers, Post Office servants, etc. I have reason to believe that these rumours are not true, but I wish to state clearly, and with the full authority of the Executive of United Ireland, that if any member of the Young Ireland organisation is victimised in this way on account of his political opinions, United Ireland will restore him to his position and provide him with full compensation when they undertake the Government of this country. Let every young man who wants to help in the work we are doing, who wants to range himself on the side of law and order and decency in this country, become a Blueshirt now, and he can depend that United Ireland will not forget him or allow him to suffer for his loyalty to the cause of Ireland at this time, when Ireland stands in sore need of loyal service (cheers).

Referring to the Young Ireland movement, he said let them not hesitate to defend themselves if they are assaulted or attacked, and let them stand, as they have stood in the past, on the side of good citizenship and justice. We recognise the Civic Guards as the friends of every decent man and woman in the country, and they may rest assured that our organisation will do everything in its power to facilitate them in the discharge of their duty.

I told President de Valera in his own room, twelve months ago, that if the economic war continued thousands of small farmers would be unable to meet their obligations this year. What I told him has come to pass, and he has got to face that fact, and he need not hope that he will be able to extract water from stones by throwing farmers into jail for the alleged crime of being poor.

THE CHOICE OF THE EXPERIENCED. Swick cycles. Includes illustration of a bicycle and list of accessories like Chromium Plating, Large Saddle, Dunlop Tyres, Bag, Tools and Reflector complete.

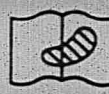
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H. COWARD & SONS, Foundry and Engineering Works. Castings of all Descriptions made. Agricultural Machinery Repaired. Acetylene Welding. MOTOR LORRIES FOR HIRE ANY DISTANCE. Stephen Street, Dungarvan.

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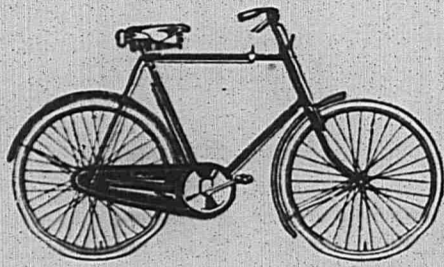
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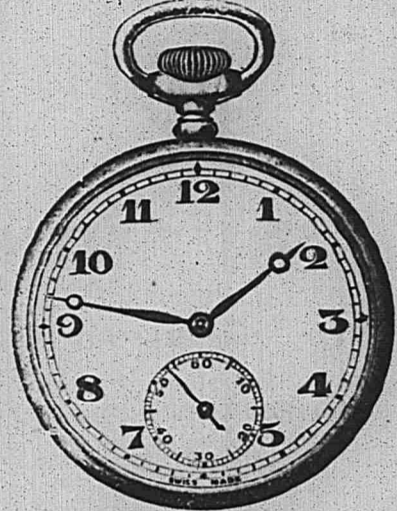


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J. B. COOKE, Watchmaker & Jeweller, DUNGARVAN.

LABOURERS' COTTAGES SCHEME.

FENCING OF PLOTS.

At the meeting of the County Board of Health, the following tenders for fencing of plots were accepted:— Patk. Moroney, Curriswood, at 15/4 per perch; Wm. Walsh, Graignagower, 14/6 per perch; Patk. Fahy, Poulaniogue, at 19/-, 17/5 and 18/10 per perch; Stephen Hickey, Ballintaylor Cottages at Ballygannon and Kilmurry, at £1 and 17/- per perch; Maurice Hurley, Killisheal, plots at Ballinamintra, Ballynahemery and Ballymacmague, at 17/-, 18/- and 19/- per perch; John Daly and John Stack, Kilgravy cottages, at Aglish and Dromore at £1 per perch; M. Parkes, Ballyduff, plots at Ballinamuck and Ballymacmague, at 19/- per perch; John Flynn, Mary street, Dungarvan, plots at Cloncoskora and Cloneta, at £1 per perch; Laurence Colfer, Dromore, plot at Coolahest, £1 per perch; Declan Doody, Dromore, plots at Aglish and Dromore, 17/4 and 18/5 per perch; Patk. Fraher, Bleantis, plots at Boulavonteen and Cloncoigale, at 19/6 per perch; Maurice Connery, Knockboy, plot at Knockboy, at £1 per perch; Patk. Fenton, Knocknacaherna, at 18/- per perch; Thos. Galvin, Lyrratin, plot at £1 per perch; Jas. O'Donnell, Ballynac, plot at Ballynac, at £1 per perch; John O'Donnell, Tourin, plots at Camphirehill at 18/- per perch; Jn. Prendergast, Coolbeggan, plots at 17/6 per perch; Wm. Canning, Mounatrim, plot at Ballinaspeck, at 18/- per perch; Wm. O'Donnell, Deerpark, plot at Deerpark, at 16/6 per perch; Patk. Scanlon, Moonamon, Lisnore, plots at Ballynelligan, Ballysagertbeg and Ballymadonagh, at 16/6, 14/9 and 13/6 per perch; Jas. Murray, Ballyguiry, plot at Farrangarret at 19/6 per perch; M. Troy, Carragh, Ardmore, plots at Monea, at 17/- per perch; John Lynch, D'Loughlaine, plot at 19/6 per perch; M. Cunningham, Kilgabriel, plots at Coolbagh and Pilltown at 17/- per perch; Ed. Cunningham, Kilgabriel, plots at Clashmore and Ballinacash, at 15/9 per perch; E. Hurton, Glenafooka and John Keane, Ballyneale, plots at Glenfouca and Clashganny, at £1 and 19/- per perch; E. Fitzpatrick, Curraghballintlea, plots at Curraghgaraha and Mt. Bolton, at 19/3 and £1 per perch; John Walsh, Whitestown, plot at Kilmovee, at £1 per perch; Geoffrey Power, Mthel, plots at Ballynevin, at 19/6 per perch; M. Hennessy, Carrigeen, plots at Ballyrohadane and Kilmacthomas, at £1 per perch; Jas and Patk. Butler, Kilnagrane, plots at Graigueshenee and Kilmacthomas, at 19/6 per perch; Rd. Casey, Fahy, plots at Ballyvalloona, Curraheen and Leamybrin, at £1 per perch; John Condon, Brenan, plot at Carrigeenanaba, at £1 per perch; Martin Lynch, Castlequarter, plot at

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Motor Screens fitted in one hour. Plain or Unsplinterable glass cut from stock. Electric machine installed for polishing edges. Glass Shelves and Table Tops cut and edges finished to customers' sizes. Plate glass for shop windows cut from stock without delay. All work guaranteed satisfactory. Prices highly competitive. Trade enquiries solicited.

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POINTS ABOUT RENTS AND RATES.

At Carrick-on-Suir District Court on Monday, Mr. R. Sinnott, Carrickbeg, was the plaintiff and four tenants of small houses, his property were defendants in a case in which plaintiff sought possession of the houses or a decision as to the standard rent to be fixed and paid.

Mr. Sinnott became owner of the houses on the death of his aunt in 1923. The rent of each house is 1/4 a week. Up to 1928 the tenants paid the rates, but since 1928 the landlord is liable for the rates of the houses. He sought to add 4d. per week to the rent to recoup him the amount of the rates. This the tenants refused to pay.

The tenants in their evidence stated that up to the time of her death in 1923 Miss Coughlan (Mr. Sinnott's aunt) refunded them half the rates every year when they showed her the rate collector's receipt for the rates.

Mr. Sinnott said he had no record of such a refund among his aunt's books or papers.

Evidence was also given as to repairs to the houses. The Justice said he would give his decision in the case at next Court. He might say that from the evidence he was favourably disposed towards the landlord.

Mr. Binehy, for plaintiff; and Mr. J. A. Power, for defendants.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY J. A. LYNCH, AT BRIDGE ST. DUNGARVAN.

How Ireland can Help the Foreign Missions.

At the Annual Conference of the Catholic Truth Society, in an interesting paper, Rev. T. O'Donnell, C.M., recalled that in the opening paragraph of his letter to the Romans the Apostle of the Gentiles describes the character of the unbelievers of his day, the educated, cultured, civilised unbelievers amongst whom he lived, and he tells us that they were "hard and cruel, selfish and devoid of affection, given over to lust and unnatural vices, and worshippers of everything except God."

Are the unbelievers of to-day much better, whether in tribal Africa or in the vast regions of the Orient? Is not the want of Christianity sad and pitiable? "If people at home," so writes a priest from China, "could only see and hear what we see and hear, the despair of the weak, the cruelty of the strong, the degradation of women, the absence of any real hope and of any true charity, they would be more sympathetic and more helpful to missions and missionaries." It is a matter of urgency for the Catholic Church to proclaim in every country the advent and the divinity of man's Saviour and to make manifest her own divine commission, her unity, her reasonableness, her manifold responsiveness to the human heart, and her adaptability and superiority to every race, every nationalism and every civilisation.

The Church by her constitution and her destiny is distinct, not merely from race and nationalism, but from every species of civilisation. To the black as well as the white and yellow, to civilised Chinese and subtle Hindoo, as well as to the less developed but potentially equal African, to the Greek and the barbarian, she offers a way of life that will save them from decay and corruption and give them harmony and peace.

The Irish laity admire and love good priests and missionaries and, loving them, will co-operate with them. But often they have little or no knowledge of the missions, their difficulties and their needs. Hence we should try to spread mission literature, to recommend it from our pulpits, to introduce it into our reading rooms, and to have it sold wherever possible. The annals of the faith, the history of our unknown confessors and martyrs, will stir up sympathy and enthusiasm in generous hearts and secure many practical helpers. During the Great War people did everything they could for the soldiers at the front, and rightly so. Shall we forget our brothers and sisters, far away, in an alien environment, often lonely, often depressed, often exhausted by toil and climate? Shall we give them no token, no pledge of our remembrance and appreciation? Can we say we care for them if our hand is closed to them, that we have the love of God in our hearts if, possessing this world's goods, we ignore a brother who is in need?

The best way to help the missions, from a monetary point of view, is to make regular contributions, however small. To-day may we not ask every Catholic to place a little mission box in his bedroom, near the picture of the Sacred Heart or the Blessed Virgin, to put a halfpenny every week, and to read the annals of the propagation of the Faith? Two shillings and two pence every year, the price of two packets of cigarettes or a small box of sweets! It is little, but it will do much good.

Another sodality I should like to mention is that of the Holy Childhood, which is exclusively for children. Children are its sole members and its sole beneficiaries. Its purpose is to rescue children who are not wanted, who are abandoned and exposed even to death; and the means it uses are prayer and a trifling contribution. Catholic children are asked to say a Hail Mary daily and to contribute one penny a month out of their own little savings, and in this way to become the saviours of poor little mites in far off lands.

No doubt some Catholics cannot become members of any society or sodality, but there are other things that they can do, and I will indicate some of them. For instance, they can send useful articles to poor missionaries. Here in our midst a number of ladies have grouped themselves together and on one evening every week with deft and willing fingers, they make vestments and altar linen and at regular intervals forward to missions and hospitals in remote and necessitous regions many a parcel that is very useful and very welcome to the grateful recipients.

Again, where a number of young people live together they can help by collecting and arranging used and undamaged stamps. In a certain college a circle of students by diligence and perseverance obtained as much money in exchange for stamps, as sufficed for the interior decoration of a chapel. I have read also of a German missionary who realised £400 a year in like manner.

As the Little Flower adopted and helped a native student, so could many a lady or gentleman take an interest in a young aspirant to the priesthood, become his patron and supply him with books or something necessary for his equipment. I know some professional gentlemen who have befriended clerics and earned their lasting gratitude, a gratitude which will often renew itself at the altar.

Then how easy it is to subscribe to a missionary magazine. Who cares for Christianity and the Church will not wish to read of the vicissitudes of those who give up all for Christ? Lastly, there are people who by a fine and generous gesture, the outcome of some happy inspiration, establish a bursary or a fraction of a bursary, which



NO. 147.—

WORLD INTEREST IN DOG SHOWS.

EXHIBITORS INCREASING.

By "PHILOKON."

LAST week's great show of the Kennel Club at the Crystal Palace, emphasised forcibly the popularity of dogs among all sections of the community, and the large number of foreigners present further indicated that the interest is world-wide. "It was pleasant to welcome parties from France and Belgium, and to meet old friends from the United States, Holland, and other countries. Dogs have a unifying influence, being the means of promoting international friendships. A constant interchange of judges is going on, and our export trade is considerable. The other week an American lady returned to her own country with two champion Pekingese and several others of lesser note, bought for their breeding possibilities.

These must have represented a good deal of money, for champion Pekingese are not cheap, and I have no doubt this single transaction would bring us more than we paid in China for all the dogs that were necessary to establish the breed here. I am told that we are now exporting dogs to China, which sounds like sending coals to Newcastle, and is a tribute to the skill of British breeders. When we take up a foreign breed seriously it is with the determination to eclipse the country from which it comes. One needs occasionally people who are sensitive in this matter, holding that we have no right to introduce foreign breeds to the detriment of our own as they call it.

If this unenterprising spirit had prevailed in the past we should have had no dogs at all, for I can think of none that is indigenous beyond a few that have been made by crossing, and we could not have had them but for our importations. We should have had no racehorses, and where would our utility poultry be but for Leghorns, Wyandottes, Minorcas, Rhode Island Reds and the many others of foreign derivation? The three breeds that might have excited antipathy as coming from an ex-enemy country are Alsations, wire-haired dachshunds, and schnauzers. Those who were responsible for introducing Alsations were principally officers who had served with distinction, and anyone accusing them of lack of patriotism is simply stupid. It is rather curious that the foreign breeds we have annexed have been the means of bringing in an entirely new set of exhibitors, and so widening the interest. They have not acted detrimentally to the older-established breeds by robbing them of supporters.

But for them we should never have had nearly 3,000 dogs benched at the Kennel Club Show last week. We were all delighted to see cocker spaniels the most numerous, since we have come to look upon them as British, though spaniels, setters and pointers came originally from Spain. After them, however, the three strongest were chow chows, Pekingese and Alsations, all of which are comparatively recent acquisitions. The fact of the matter is, dog breeders are imbued with the spirit that has made Great Britain what she is, taking the best of the world has to offer and utilising it to our advantage and profit.

This chat is issued by THE TAIL-WAGGERS' CLUB OF IRELAND, 23, Old Abbey Street (off Marlborough Street), Dublin, C.S. The Club will be pleased to answer any enquiries submitted by Tail-Wagger Owners in connection with canine hygiene and welfare.



LATE MR. P. KEYES, BANTRY.

The death took place recently at his residence, Market street, Bantry, of Mr. P. Keyes, father of Revs. M. J. and G. W. Keyes, Alabama, Mr. R. P. Keyes, ex-T.D., and Mr. T. Keyes, Co. Board of Health Office, Duncannon.

Deceased belonged to a highly-respected family and was a strong supporter of the National Cause all his life; a prominent figure in the Land League days and later in the struggle for independence. In the Anglo-Irish struggle he did great work including the capture of arms in 1919 from a British Gunboat in the Bay.

There was an enormous attendance at his funeral obsequies.—R.I.P.

will go on educating priests and perpetuating good, years after the donor has crossed the threshold of life.

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Exceptional Value in Men's and Boys Overcoats, in the latest designs, from 25/- up. Men's Hardwearing Tweed Trousers, from 3/11. ONLY 2 dozen American Army Waterproofs 13/11 each, AND CANNOT REPEAT. Heavy Flannelette Shirts from 2/11. Special Value in Underwear, Vests and Pants, 1/11 Each, only a limited Supply CANNOT REPEAT. Heavy Shirting Flannelette, 6d., 9d., 1/- per yard. Striped and Plain Flannelette 36ins. 9d., 1/-, 1/4 per yard. Grey, White, Blue and Red Flannel, by best Irish Makers. All Wool Blankets, Irish Made, from 18/6 per pair. Exceptional Value in Brown and Grey Coloured Bordered Cotton Blankets, 2/3 Each. Also in White, at 2/6 Each. A splendid Range of Ladies Jumpers and Cardigans at very tempting Low Prices.

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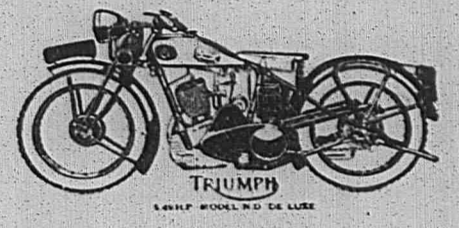
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Motor Cycle Covers and Tubes, all sizes stocked. All makes of Cycle Covers and Tubes in stock. Guaranteed Cover and Tube from 3/- to 10/-. Large stock of Prams and Folding Cars to suit all. Easy Payments, all sizes of Pram Tying kept in stock. Gramophones stocked and repaired. All sizes of Springs in stock, to suit all makes of Gramophone.



Selection of Fishing Tackle stocked. All repairs carried out and guaranteed. Come and inspect my Stock, then you will be convinced that my Prices cannot be beaten.

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TO THE PUBLIC!

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**Last Week of SALE.****The Final Push
Ending Saturday, Nov. 4th.**

Before Commencing the Toy Season, we have decided to clear off all Surplus Stock in order to make room for the Huge Purchase of Toys and Fancy Goods which were bought direct from the Manufacturers in Germany, Japan, France and England. In addition to the Goods on hands we secured some very Special Lines, these will be cleared at UNHEARD OF PRICES. Our great aim is to bring down Prices to the lowest possible level. Now is the time for economy, money is scarce and we believe that by offering absolutely GENUINE BARGAINS we will put our Customers in the position of "SPENDING TO SAVE."

Being Wholesalers puts us right for keen buying, therefore, we can meet any competition, even from the biggest City Houses.

REMEMBER THIS WILL BE A SHORT SALE AND CLIENTS SHOULD MAKE UP THEIR MINDS AT ONCE TO AVAIL OF THIS GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.

A Glance through the Various Lines enumerated below will convince you of the Great Value we are Offering.

CHINA.

Dinner Sets, most amazing Value ever offered 12/14 Set.
China Breakfast Sets, usual Price 15/6 reduced to 8/11 21 Pieces.
21 Piece China Teaset, beautifully decorated. reduced 6/6 Set.
White and Gold China Cups and Saucers, reduced to 6jd.—Cups and Saucers from 3jd.
Pink Band Cups and Saucers, reduced to 4jd.
China Cream Jugs, 3jd. each.
White and Gold Sugars and Creams, 11jd. Pair.
Large Milk Jugs, 8jd. each.
China Fruit Sets, assorted decoration—7 Pieces, reduced to 2/3 Set.
Decorated Dinner Plates, 2jd. each.
Large Size Soup Plates, 4jd. each.
Soup Bowls in Wedgwood and Doulton Ware, usual price, 11jd., reduced to 4jd. each.
Covered Vegetable Dishes, from 1/3 each.
Meat Dishes from 9jd. each.
Teapots from 6jd. each.
Fancy Teapots 9jd. 11jd., 1/3 each.
Fruit and Dessert Dishes, reduced to 2jd. each.
Decorated Bedroom Sets 8/6—5 Pieces.
Large Fancy Cake Plates, clearing at 11jd. each.
China Breakfast Cruets, 5jd. each.
Childrens Mugs, China, reduced to 3jd. each.
3-Piece Teapot Sets, from 6/11 Set.

GLASS WARE

Glass Jugs, good heavy quality, reduced to 8jd., worth 1/6.
Glass Sugars and Creams, 1/ Pair.
Butter Coolers with lids, 6d.
Butter and Jam Dishes 2d. each.
Glass Tumblers from 2jd. each.
Glass Salad Bowls 8jd. Usual Price 1/3.
Glass Candle Sticks, 1/3 Pair.
Glass Vases from 6jd. Pair.
Large Glass Sugar Bowls, reduced to 5jd. each.
Glass covered Sugars, 8jd. each.

ENAMEL WARE

Enamel Bedroom Sets—5 pieces—3/11 Set.
Enamel Bedroom Sets complete with Washstand, 8/11.
Enamel Buckets, 1/6 each.
Enamel House Pails, with covers, 2/6 each.
Enamel Dishes from 3jd. each.
Teapots from 1/6.
Enamel Mugs, 3d., 4d., 5d. each.
Enamel Bread Crocks with covers, 2/6 each.
Enamel Flour Crocks, 1/6 each.
Enamel Jugs 6 pint size, worth 2/6, reduced to 1/3 each.
Enamel Soup Plates, 4jd. each.
Enamel Colanders, 8jd. each.
Double Cookers, 2/6 each.
Enamel Saucepan with enamel covers, extra heavy, 7jd. each.
Combined Steamer and Saucepan, 2/6.
Lipped Saucepans, 6jd. and 7jd. each.
Breakfast Cans, 11jd. each.
Milk Pans, 1/3.
Soup Trays, 4d. each.

WONDERFUL BARGAINS IN ALUMINIUM WARE, CUTLERY, BRUSHES AND FANCY GOODS.

WALLPAPERS.

WE CARRY THE BIGGEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH. WE MADE A SENSATIONAL PURCHASE SOME WEEKS AGO. WE ARE NOW GOING TO GIVE OUR CUSTOMERS THE SURPRISE OF THEIR LIVES. THE PRICES ARE THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY EVER OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

SEE OUR NEW PATTERN BOOKS, WHICH WILL GIVE YOU AN IDEA OF THE ENORMOUS STOCK WE CARRY.

BIKES

For 25 years we have been selling High-Class Machines. We made special arrangements for this SALE, with the result that we can offer a splendid Bike at £3 10s. FULLY GUARANTEED. Over 500 Tyres from 2/6. ALL ACCESSORIES REDUCED.

Oil Stoves and Cookers from 5/11.

JUST ARRIVED A GREAT BARGAIN IN BUTCHERS KNIVES, at 1d., 1/-, 1/3, 1/6. AMAZING VALUE.

FURNITURE, BEDS AND BEDDING.

HERE WE HAVE SOME MARVELOUS VALUE. SPECIAL CONTRACT FOR 500 BEDS AND MATTRESSES FROM 10/6. SPLENDID RANGE OF WOOD BEDS. HUGE CONSIGNMENT OF FURNITURE SPECIAL FOR SALE. CHAIRS, TABLES, BEDROOM, BEDROOM AND DINING ROOM SUITES, OVER MANTLES, A MAGNIFICENT VARIETY OF PICTURES, FLOOR COVERINGS, CARPETS, DECORATED FLOOR SQUARES. FREE DELIVERY TO THE COUNTRY.

SPLENDID RANGE OF PERAMBULATORS, GO-CARS. NEW DELIVERIES, GRAND VALUE.

GRAMOPHONES

The Famous Decca Gramophones are selling like hot cakes. Latest model 49/6, equal to a 10-guinea Machine. Over a thousand Records in Stock. Decca, Regal, Zonophone, Columbia. All the latest. Hundreds of Melodeons, Purchased direct from Germany.

PAINTS—Varied Stock of High-Class Paints and Enamels, Distempers, 7lb. Tins, 3/6, in most Beautiful Colours.

COME EARLY DON'T MISS THE GREAT OPPORTUNITY. EVERYTHING REDUCED EXCEPT QUALITY

TERMS STRICTLY CASH DURING SALE.

SPECIAL QUANTITY TERMS TO HAWKERS AND SHOPKEEPERS.

MOLONEY'S, Wholesale and Retail Stores,
BRIDGE STREET & SQUARE, DUNGARVAN.

**The
Tea
House**

— FOR —

Value!**JAM PRICES.****SPECIAL LEADING LINE—**

Strawberry 1lb. for 7d.
2 lbs. for 1/1
Raspberry 1lb. for 6jd.
2lbs. for 1/-
Black Currant 1lb. for 6jd.
2lbs. for 1/0jd.

CANNED FRUITS.

Pears.....per large tin, 1/4jd.
Peaches.....per large tin, 1/0d.
Silver Spray Pears 1/3d.
Silver Spray Peaches 1/4jd.
Fruit Salad, Large tin, 1/8jd.
Small Tins 7jd. & 11jd.

CAKE PRICES.

Fruit or Seed per lb 6d.
Small Slabs 1/9.
Large About 3/6.
Cherry Genoa per lb. 8d.
Small Slabs 2/4.
Large About 5/-
Dundee Cake per lb., 1/2.
Slabs 4/- each.

Take Home one of Our

**BONUS TEA AND
SUGAR PARCELS
TO-DAY.**

HERE ARE A FEW:

1 lb. Tea and 2lbs. Sugar 1/-
1 lb. Tea and 4 lbs. Sugar 2/-
1 lb. Tea and 7 lbs. Sugar 2/7jd.
1 lb. Tea and 8 lbs. Sugar 4/-
1 lb. Tea and 7 lbs. Sugar 3/10.
1 lb. Tea and 14 lbs. Sugar 5/3.
1 1/2 lbs. Tea & 14 lbs. Sugar 6/5.

**BONUS TEA is
2s. 10d. per lb.**REMEMBER—
OUR...**GREEN
AND WHITE
STAMPS**

Are Given Absolutely Free
with all Purchases of Our
Celebrated

**TEAS, GROCERIES &
PROVISIONS.**

1 Stamp for every 4d. you spend.
3 stamps for every 1/- you spend.
30 Stamps for every 10/- you spend.
60 Stamps for every 20/- you spend.

L.&N. TEA Co.

DUNGARVAN.

YOUGHAL AND CORK.

BRANCHES EVERYWHERE.

The Price of Oats.**DETAILS OF PURCHASE SCHEME.**

The following details in connection with the oat purchasing scheme were issued by the Department of Agriculture—

OAT PURCHASING SCHEME 1933.

(1)—This scheme shall apply only to white oats of good quality of the 1933 crop, free from screenings and bushelling not less than 40lb.

(2)—Any merchant may co-operate in the scheme, but will be required to purchase from growers a total quantity of not less than 500 barrels of oats, as defined in Paragraph 1 of the scheme, in order to qualify for the Government's guarantee, as set out in Paragraph 5 of the scheme.

(3)—Merchants participating in the scheme will be required to comply with the following conditions—

(A)—To notify the Department of Agriculture, Dublin, not later than 30th October, 1933, of their intention to participate in the scheme.

(B)—To furnish to the Department of Agriculture on a form to be supplied to them for the purpose not later than 30th October, 1933, particulars of all stocks of oats held by them.

(C)—To pay to growers of oats in respect of all oats as defined in Paragraph (1) above, purchased by them on or after 6th November, 1933, a price not less than 9s. per barrel, or 5s. 2d. per cwt. delivered at merchant's store.

(D)—To furnish to the Department of Agriculture not later than the 7th day of December, 1933, and each subsequent month up to and including the 7th day of July, 1934, a statement showing the quantity of oats, as defined in Paragraph (1) above, purchased by them in the preceding calendar month, the quantity sold or otherwise disposed of during the month, and the quantity on hands at the end of the month.

(E)—To keep records of all oats purchased by them during the period from the date of the statement referred to at (D) above to the 21st July, 1934, inclusive of the name and address of the vendor in each case, and of the price paid by them for each consignment of oats of all oats sold by them during the period above mentioned, of the names and addresses of the persons to whom the oats were sold, and of the price obtained by them for each consignment of oats sold.

(F)—To make—if called on by the Minister for Agriculture to do so—a statutory declaration as to the accuracy of any statement furnished by them in connection with the scheme.

(4)—Any inspector or officer of the Department of Agriculture shall be at liberty at any reasonable time to inspect and examine all stocks of oats in the hands of a merchant participating in the scheme, and also the books of such merchants, and all relevant documents in connection with the purchase and sale of such oats.

THE UNSOLD STOCKS.

(5)—Subject to the approval of Dail Eireann and to compliance with the foregoing conditions by a merchant participating in the scheme the Minister for Agriculture will

(A)—Take over all stocks of oats purchased under the scheme and remaining unsold in the merchants' stores on 30th day of June, 1934, at the price of 10s. 6d. per barrel, or 6s. per cwt. free on rail, the oats to be held by the merchant to the Minister's order for a period not exceeding 30 days; or

(B)—Pay to the merchant a sum equal to the difference in the price free on rail realised by the merchant, and 10s. 6d. per barrel in respect of any such oats which the merchant may have sold with the previous consent in writing of the Minister, or any date subsequent to the 30th day of June, 1934, subject to the further condition that the provisions of this paragraph shall apply only to stocks in excess of 50 barrels, and that the merchant in each case shall be responsible for the disposal of not less than 50 barrels of his stock.

(6)—The provisions of Paragraph 5 shall not apply to stocks of oats or any portion thereof which in the opinion of the Minister for Agriculture were stored under unsuitable conditions or were improperly cared during the storage.

(7)—Any merchant participating in the scheme who fails to comply with any of its conditions, or who wilfully furnishes any false information in connection with the scheme shall forfeit the right to the benefits set out in Paragraph 5 of the scheme.

**TEMPORARY CIRCUIT COURT
JUDGE.**

In the Supreme Court, Dublin, on Monday, before Mr. Justice Fitzgibbon, acting for the Chief Justice, Mr. Thomas O'Donnell, S.C., formally made the required declaration on his appointment as Circuit Court Judge.

Mr. O'Donnell will act as Judge of the Midland Circuit in the temporary absence of Judge Gleeson, who is ill. Mr. O'Donnell was a member of the old Irish Parliamentary Party and represented a Kerry Constituency in the British House of Commons for years.

AND NO WONDER.

Pat complained to his physician that he stuffed him so much with drugs that he was sick a long time after he got well.

COISDE UM SLAINTE POBUL CONNTAE PORTLAIRGE.

LABOURERS' ACTS, 1883 TO 1931.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

The Waterford Board of Public Health will, at their Meeting to be held at the Courthouse, Dungarvan, on Saturday, the 11th., November, 1933, consider Tenders for the Building of Cottages and the Fencing of Plots not previously contracted for.

The Plots are arranged in Groups, and intending Contractors for Cottages may tender for any number of Groups, but not for a smaller number of Cottages than that included in any one Group.

The Group System will not apply to fencing nor to the following Cottages in the Clonmel No. 2 Rural District, viz—

No. of Plot.	Townland.
39.	Glendaw.
38.	Glentpatrick.
40.	Glentpatrick.
35.	Poulavone.

Lists, giving the number and location of each Plot and particulars regarding each Group can be obtained on application to my Office, County Home, Dungarvan, where copies of Plans and Specifications can also be obtained on payment of Five Shillings.

The Provisions of Section 8 of the Housing (Financial and Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1932, will apply to the Contracts, and it shall also be a condition of each Contract that preference be given to local labour.

Tenders on the Official Forms to be had on application) containing the names of two solvent sureties or of a Guarantee Society willing to join the person tendering in a bond in the sum of £300 for each Cottage and £25 for the Fencing of each Plot included in his tender, must be lodged with me not later than 12 o'clock (noon) on the 11th. November, 1933. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By Order,

MICEAL OFLOINN, Rumaidhe.

Offic an Rumaidhe,
Arus a' Conntae, 1 nDungarvan,
24d. Deire Fogmair, 1933.

DUNGARVAN TECHNICAL SCHOOL**EVENING CLASSES**

In Engineering, Building Trade Subjects,
Commerce, Domestic Economy and Irish.

At the Engineering Class Co. Council
Yard, Cody's Quay, an Oxo-Acetylene
Plant has been installed.

Students can enroll now for any of the above-named
subjects at the School, St. Mary Street, Dungarvan.

BY ORDER OF THE COMMITTEE.

MINISTER AND THE OPPOSITION.**OATS CROP.**

Speaking at a Fianna Fail meeting in Mallow on Sunday, Mr. Lemass said the leaders of the amalgamated Opposition parties carefully avoided explaining what exactly they stood for. Parliamentary Opposition in the country had gone to pieces. He was sure most people were astonished at the early adjournment of the Dail, but the fact was that the Opposition had made no attempt to deal with the Dail business as an Opposition should. Not more than two or three of the Opposition party ever read Bills.

It was quite clear from General O'Duffy's speeches that he had not got two political ideas to rix the chances on. He appealed to Mr. Cosgrave and the more responsible leaders to end the farce and take control of the organisation again. He had no party purpose in making this appeal because it was quite clear that every speech made by Gen. O'Duffy brought a hundred new supporters to Fianna Fail. But, he added they wanted to get political activity again on a national basis.

As a statesman Mr. Cosgrave was not a great success, and as a political leader he had his shortcomings, but he respected the decencies of public life to some extent and should be able to get men interested in his party to come together and agree on a policy, which Gen. O'Duffy had apparently failed to do.

The members of the Opposition did not know what form of government was best for the country, nor what their economic policy was.

Notwithstanding what the Government had done in the erection of factories, said the Minister, their job had not been half finished. Their task was to create the large-scale industries that required heavy capital investment and good technical skill, upon which they must rely to break the back of the unemployment problem.

In addition to beet sugar, cement, and mining industries, a number of large industries would be brought in to being within the next year, and they would have not merely an intensification of industrial effort, but a new industrial effort hitherto unknown in Ireland.

A SECOND CROP OF POTATOES.

I set potatoes—old seed—on the third week of August, 1933, (after I dug up the first crop in the same ground). The new potatoes blossomed and they have large size potatoes now. The stalk is perfectly green and still growing. I am sure of a good crop.—(Mrs.) Maria T. Feeney, Coolagh Rd., Abbeyside.

In connection with the Conference between the Minister of Agriculture and the Grain Merchants on the price to be paid for oats this year, the following official statement has been issued by the Department of Agriculture—

The Minister for Agriculture assured the grain merchants that the schemes which the Government had in contemplation for the utilisation of the surplus oats, both from last year's and the new season's crops, would absorb the whole of those surpluses during the ensuing months; but that the process would naturally be so gradual as not to afford any immediate stimulus to the price which at present was at an unremunerative level.

He accordingly proposed that the grain merchants should go into the market forthwith and purchase all the best white oats (bushelling 40 lbs or over) offered to them, and paying the grower therefor at the rate of 9/- per barrel delivered at the merchant's store. The Government on their part, while satisfied that all the oats so bought would meanwhile have passed into consumption, would guarantee the merchants against loss by undertaking that, in the event of any of the oats so purchased being left on their hands unsold in June next, such oats would be re-purchased by the Government at a price that would secure the merchants against loss—namely, at 10/6 per barrel.

The scheme was not rejected by the merchants. A request was made that the purchase price in June should be something over 11/- per barrel; but the Minister informed the meeting that while he would, as requested, place the suggestion before the Executive Council, he could not recommend it. The scheme is being put into operation at once.

**CARRICK SWANS HURLERS
DEFEATED.**

The hitherto unbeaten Carrick-on-Suir Hurlers, were defeated on Sunday at Boherlahan by Moycarkey by 5 goals 1 point to 2 points. On the previous Sunday at Clonmel the Swans defeated Boherlahan by 5 goals to 2 goals. The Swans held an unbeaten record up to Sunday last. They are by no means disheartened by their defeat and hope to regain their old position before long.

A SERIOUS COMPLAINT.

Doctor: "Well, my friend, what seems to be the matter with you?"
Grogan: "Sure, docther, there's something the matter wid me jaw; I can't domesticate me food."