



Dungarvan Observer

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Dungarvan Observer.

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Farmers' Defence League.

CO. WATERFORD FARMERS MEETING.

FACING A MENACING CRISIS.

Last Saturday a large and full-representative meeting of the Farmers of East Waterford, was held in the Granville Hotel, when an interesting address was delivered by Mr. W. J. Fahy, Cork. Subsequently, it was decided to form a branch of the National Farmers and Ratepayers League in every district of the County.

Mr. P. Lynch, Passage, presided, and in an able speech dealt with the questions affecting farmers interests. Mr. Fahy said—"Some few years ago the farmers of East Waterford were called on to take steps to meet a very grave attack on their industry. They met that attack and by their united action saved not only themselves but the whole country from the beginnings of Bolshevism. This year large and representative meetings is only possible because you know you are again faced with a crisis even more menacing than the former one. You find yourselves without preparation and at a time when you were straining every nerve to keep your heads above water, suddenly cut off from your markets. Your cattle, horses, butter, bacon and eggs, and even greyhounds unsaleable except at a huge loss which you are not in a position to bear. You are the first victims in their political dispute between England and ourselves. I am not going to enter into the merits of this dispute. I am neither a politician nor a partisan, and I wish to confine myself solely to such matters as and so far as they concern the farmers of this country and those dependent on them. If the present crisis is not brought to an end very soon, the farmers will first go down, and with them the businessmen and labourers. Chaos and misery will stalk through the land and provide a fertile field for the operations of the Communist agitator and all those political adventurers which such situations breed. We are advised by those whose salaries are secure to stick it and all will be well. When those who tender that advice relinquish their salaries for the period of the struggle, I will have faith in their sincerity. Becky Sharpe, we are told, lived on nothing a year, but Becky had a way with her. Perhaps our advisers are acquainted with her secret, but it is one that I am not prepared to recommend to plain people.

"Most of you have demand notes in your pockets from the Irish Land Commission to pay your annuities. England is daily collecting them, and, in addition, other amounts which she says are owing her, and the incidence of this collection is most unfair to the people of Munster. A small farmer whose livelihood is made mainly from pig rearing, shipped twenty pigs a few weeks ago. The tax on those amounted to £18 10s. 0d. In the course of the year he may fatten five such lots. His annuity amounts to £4. Over £90 is taken from him, which means that he can no longer pay for feeding stuffs, and he and his family must face starvation. But the Land Commission are asking for their pound of flesh. Think of the fairness of it! England takes our clothes, Ireland demands our skin!

"But say our friends: 'We will see you do not lose in the struggle. We will subsidise your exports. That sounds well, but who, pray, will furnish the subsidies? The farmer himself will furnish at least 15s. in every £1, the wealthier portion of the people may furnish a shilling or two, and the remainder will fall on the very poorest who certainly cannot bear it, and the only one to prosper will be the new gang of officials who will do the collecting and distributing. Subsidies, my friends, are a delusion and a snare. The ninepence for four pence of Lloyd George isn't it in comparison. As long as England collects these annuities, there is neither honesty nor justification in demanding them at home, and no farmer, were he even in a position to pay, should be asked for them. But this is not all. Our Minister for Agriculture tells us we must be prepared under threats of dire pains and penalties to change at once our system of farming. Our whole economic system must be changed overnight, as it were. As a doctor he ought to know that a completely sudden change of diet for a sickly patient is hardly advisable. Economic systems, whether good or ill can only be changed gradually if disaster is not to be invited. Nothing but weeds grow overnight. Cattle rearing, dairying, tillage all go together, and those parts of the country where the system was followed were certainly the most solvent. To swing over to wheat production at a time when Canadian farmers are burning wheat instead of coal for lack of a market does not impress one as being altogether sound. There is something very comic

in a country that calls in lawyers and doctors to prescribe for agricultural ills. The comedy will be complete and the results equally satisfactory when farmers do likewise for hospital patients. Isn't it time the people insisted that the cobbler stick to his last?

"If the importation of wheat be progressively limited, those counties that are suited to its production will have a market without destroying the economy of their neighbours. But they mustn't rely on their friends to subsidise them. These questions, however important they may be, are not the real crux. What exactly is implied when responsible Ministers assume the right to dictate to us the business we must follow and the way in which it must be done? Mr. Norton, the Labour Leader, supplies the answer. In a manifesto recently issued he tells us the Government should declare a state of emergency and proceed to administer the country for the people. He tells us that everything in the country is the property of the State—by which he understands whatever little party happens to be in power at the moment. Here we have Russia and Mexico knocking at the door with a vengeance. Individual rights, individual ownership, whether of your land, your house or business, is to be handed over to the cleverest political wire-puller and his gangsters.

"I am here to-day to tell Mr. Norton and his friends that we thank them for having at this stage so frankly disclosed their aims and objects. You are here to tell him that you are convinced that your life, your house, your business and your cabbage gardens are yours, and certainly not his or his friends, and that you are prepared to back up that conviction by every means in your power. Mr. Norton and those who make threats want to gild the pill for us by promising us guaranteed prices, guaranteed wages, etc., etc. If Mr. Norton is in a position to guarantee all these good things, why does he not come to our assistance at once by opening up his hidden treasury? Politicians of his type who get into office by promising one thing and doing another are not the surest guarantees for that heaven which they are to make for us in the future. When they can furnish us with some better examples of earthly bliss brought about by their methods than are furnished by Mexico and Russia, we may be prepared to listen to them. In the meantime our urgent duty is to organise to meet the menace. The organisation I am asking for must be something wider in its scope than the old Farmers' Union. We want a Union of all the forces of the country who believe in individual rights—individual freedom, individual initiative as opposed to State Socialism, Collectivism, or Communism with all they imply" (applause).

The following delegates were appointed to the National Conference in Dublin—Messrs. M. O'Brien, D. Heskin, T. Flynn, for West Waterford and Messrs. J. Aherne, T. Ivory, and P. Lynch, for East Waterford.

CAPPOQUIN BACON FACTORY.

NO PIGS BOUGHT THIS WEEK.

Owing to a temporary glut in the supplies of stock in the Cappoquin Bacon Factory, no fat pigs were killed or purchased there this week, and the same rule applied to all the Bacon Factories in Cork city. Although the bounty of 10/- per cwt., on all exported bacon did not come into effect until last Monday week, September, 26th the Cappoquin Factory gave their customers the benefit of an increase of 6/- from 42/- to 48/- per cwt., the previous week, but we regret to state that farmers and others having pigs for sale did not avail of this substantial increase and held on their pigs in the hope of a still greater increase with the result that the killings in Cappoquin during that week were the lowest experienced for a long time.

Last week while the price of 48/- was maintained on Tuesday, there was an unusually large glut of pigs rushed in, but on Wednesday week prices again fell to 42/- per cwt., so that those farmers who had failed to take advantage of the higher price the previous week sustained a loss of 6/- per cwt., from Wednesday onward.

In consequence of the big supply of pigs on Tuesday week and the following days the Cappoquin Factory found itself practically overstocked with bacon, and as there was a danger of prices for the finished article falling still lower, the management was reluctantly compelled to suspend the purchase of further pigs this week.

This has, unfortunately, resulted in all the hands having to work on short time, but we are glad to learn from Mr. Lincoln, Manager, that it is hoped to resume buying pigs in the usual manner next week, when business will be resumed on the old scale, which will be very cheering news for all concerned.

DUNGARVAN URBAN COUNCIL.

THE LATE MR. T. A. MOLONEY.

MEETING ADJOURNED.

Mr. J. Butler, Chairman, presided at the weekly meeting of the above on Friday last. The other members present were—Messrs. T. McCarthy, Jas. Hackett, D. Foley, Jas. McEvoy, and Wm. O'Donnell.

After signing the minutes, the Chairman said that he regretted very much the occasion had arisen for him to propose the following resolution:—"That we, the members of the Dungarvan Urban District Council, desire to express very deep regret on the death of our esteemed fellow-citizen, Mr. Thos. A. Moloney. We direct that our sincere and heartfelt sympathy be conveyed to his widow, family and relatives, and as a tribute of respect to his memory order that this meeting be adjourned without transacting any business."

Continuing, the Chairman said as you all know within the past week, Mr. Moloney, a very prominent business man (a member of the firm of A. Moloney & Sons Ltd.) in the prime of life, was taken away suddenly. The late Mr. Moloney, was a very popular young man, and the greatest proof of his popularity was the great regard his employees had for him. He was a good man in every sense, and it is a pity the town should lose such a man. Not alone was he loved in Dungarvan, but he was equally so in Ring.

Mr. Hackett—I am very, very, sorry the occasion has arisen to second the resolution. Every word said by the Chairman about the regard held for Mr. Moloney by the employees was borne out on Sunday and Monday last at the funeral. They all speak very highly of him.

Mr. O'Donnell—I wish personally to be associated with the resolution and the remarks of the Chairman.

Mr. McCarthy—The late Mr. Moloney, was a great man, and a great friend to the poor.

Mr. McEvoy—He was the best employer I ever worked under, and the employees will miss him. I myself missed him during the week, I thought I should see him coming along every day. He was a gentleman.

Clerk—On behalf of the Officials, I also wish to be associated with the resolution. The late Mr. Moloney, was a kind-hearted and good-natured citizen, and a most popular young man.

Mr. Walsh, S.S.O., also expressed regret at the death of Mr. Moloney and said one of Mr. Moloney's chief concerns was when there was extra work to be given, that employment should be given to the needy poor.

Mr. McGrath, B.S., having joined in the expression of sympathy, the resolution was put and passed in silence.

QUARANT ORE, YOUGHAL.

The Solemn devotions of the Forty Hours, was carried out with all its impressive detail in the Parish Church, Youghal, opening with High Mass on Sunday, at which the Very Rev. D. Canon Dinneen, D.D., P.P., presided, with Rev. W. Carey, C.C., as celebrant, Rev. P. O'Connor, C.C., deacon; Rev. J. Aherne, C.C., sub-deacon and Rev. E. O'Riordan, C.C., Master of Ceremonies. At the conclusion, the Blessed Sacrament was borne round the Church under a magnificent canopy by members of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul and enthroned.

The Choir sang the "Pange Lingua," with Miss Shelia Hichens, presiding at the organ. In the evening, the Rev. L. Keneff, C.C., conducted the "Holy Hour." At the Votive Mass for Peace on Monday, Father Keneff, was celebrant, Father O'Riordan, deacon, Father Aherne, sub-deacon, and Father Carey Master of Ceremonies. In the evening Fr. Carey conducted the Solemn Mass of Deposition on Tuesday morning with Fr. Carey as celebrant, Fr. O'Riordan, deacon, Fr. Hearne, sub-deacon and Fr. Keneff, Master of Ceremonies. The Choir sang the "Missa de Angelis," with Motets appropriated to the solemn occasion. The spacious Church was filled with devout congregations at the Masses and devotions and large numbers received Holy Communion.

NO RELIEF LEFT.

"There is not enough money to pay the outdoor relief this week," said the clerk to the Dublin Board of Assistance.

The estimate for the half-year has been considerably exceeded, and the prospect for the winter is pretty bad. Last week the number of cases relieved was 1,225 in excess of the number in the corresponding week of 1931.

Land Annuities.

GOVERNMENTS TO NEGOTIATE. SEQUEL TO CONFERENCE IN LONDON.

The dramatic announcement that negotiations between the Free State and British Governments are to take place in London—if possible on Friday next—was made following Wednesday's meeting at the Dominions Office, London, between President de Valera and the British Ministers.

The Conference lasted 2½ hours, part of which was spent in preparing the official statement that was subsequently issued in London and Dublin. This official statement was as follows:—

"A meeting took place this morning at the Dominions Office, between representatives of the Governments of the United Kingdom and of the Irish Free State.

Mr. Thomas, Mr. Chamberlain, Lord Hailsham and Sir John Simon were present as representatives of the Government of the United Kingdom.

The Irish Free State representatives were Mr. de Valera and the Irish Free State Attorney-General, Mr. Conor Maguire, S.C.

It was agreed to adopt the suggestion previously made that the question that has arisen concerning the Irish Land Annuities should be made subject to negotiations between the two Governments.

In the course of conversation attention was called to the fact that other sums formerly paid to the United Kingdom were being withheld by the Irish Free State.

It was agreed that the negotiations should cover these sums also, and that discussions should be commenced between members of both Governments in London, if possible, on Friday, October 14.

Signed—J. H. THOMAS.

Signed—EAMON DE VALERA.

Mr. Thomas (Secretary of State for the Dominions) made the following statement to a Press Association reporter:—"The question put to me is: Are the existing duties imposed in connection with the Land Annuities in force during the negotiations? The answer is 'Yes.'"

Dealing with the present position, the political experts say that matters came to a head when Mr. de Valera resumed the discussion which broke down at Ottawa.

Things, it is stated, went so far at Ottawa that it only remained to have the position created there reopened in order to achieve the agreement to negotiate.

Mr. de Valera accordingly took the matter up where Mr. O'Kelly left off. Britain is not insisting that the annuities or the other payments which were withheld must be handed over before negotiations begin. Neither will any of the special taxes imposed by both sides be removed for the present. A development in this direction may, however, be expected at an early date. When negotiations are opened if there is a prospect of agreement all the emergency taxes will be removed.

There is reason to believe that if Britain should forgo some of the payments which the Saorstát has been making, she will require some trade facilities in return. The Saorstát Government would doubtless be prepared to meet her on that point, for many of the tariffs imposed here are not likely to produce useful results, whilst certain forms of trade now at a standstill, or very near it, could be of considerable value to England without injuring any home industry. Motor cars are a case in point.

The result of the negotiations will be awaited with interest. At best, it will likely take several months before finality may be looked for.

DEATH OF CAPT. JOHN FOLEY, ABBEYSIDE.

We regret to announce the death of Captain John Foley, which occurred at his residence, Abbeyside, on Sept. 28th, after an illness throughout which he had the best medical skill and spiritual aid.

Deceased, had reached a ripe age, but up to the end he held an interest in all the outside world and was keenly alert when political or other discussions took place. His anecdotes and yarns of the sea-faring in his early days were most entertaining, and he could keep the attention of his company for hours on end whilst he related his experiences at sea.

His funeral was an eloquent tribute to the high esteem in which he and his family were held, and many a silent tear was shed by his old friends who could not realise that Captain John Foley, their old friend and storyteller would no longer be able to while away their duller hours from his unlimited supply of tales of the sea.

To his widow and daughters, as also to his two sons, Captain David and Patk. Foley (whose careers kept them mostly in foreign climes) deep sympathy is extended in their sorrow.

KILMATHOMAS NEWS.

A SAD DEATH.

On Friday morning, 30th ult., the death occurred after a long illness, borne with christian fortitude and fortified by the rites of Holy Church, of Mr. Patk. Drohan, Union Road, Kilmathomas.

The deceased, who was only in his 33rd year, was a son of Mrs. Drohan, Union Road, and of the late Mr. Edmond Drohan, do. He was a brother of Sergeant Edmond Drohan, Garda Station, Bandon, Co. Cork and of Sister Joseph Otteran, Nazareth House, Christchurch, New Zealand, and was a first cousin of Mr. Frank Drohan, P.C., Hon. Treas., County Board, G.A.A.

It was pathetic to see the grief which was so plainly visible on the faces of the local young men of his own age and a striking manifestation of the hold which his endearing qualities had taken on their minds. He was laid to rest at Stradbally Parish Churchyard amidst a scene of popular grief such as has been rarely beheld. Very Rev. John Lennon, P.P., Stradbally, officiated at the graveside. To his sorrowing mother and all other relatives sincere sympathy is extended by all; yet they may be consoled by the thought that his life on earth, though short, was filled with many graces and blessings which will surely entitle him to a place before the Great White Throne.—R.I.P.

(American and New Zealand newspapers will please copy).

ANOTHER DEATH.

We regret to record the death of Mr. John Power, which occurred at his residence, Carrigadustra, Kilmeaden, on Friday morning of last week, after a protracted illness and at an advanced age. Deceased, who was one of the best-known farmers in East Waterford was father of Messrs. Patrick Power, P.C., William and James (the noted athletes), David Power, of Darrigle, and Mrs. John Flynn, Faha. The remains were removed to Ballyduff Parish Church on Saturday evening, where, in front of the high altar, they were rested overnight. After the late Mass on Sunday, the funeral started for Newtown Churchyard, where the interment took place in the presence of innumerable relatives, friends and sympathisers. High Mass was celebrated at Ballyduff Parish Church on Monday morning for the repose of his soul.—R.I.P.

THE LATE MISS RITA POWER, GRAIGUERUSH.

In connection with the death of the above-named highly-talented young lady, Mass Cards were sent from the following—Mr. and Mrs. Pigott and Eileen; her loving old friend, Emma; her loving pupil, Patricia Walsh; the Sisters of Mercy, Carrick-on-Suir; the Boarders, Mercy Convent, do.; from Hety Connelly, Waterford; from Elsie O'Loughlin, Carrick-on-Suir; from Annie Hurley, do.; from Kathleen Kirby, do.; from Agnes Parkes, do.; Mr. and Mrs. Power, Mainstown, Carrick-on-Suir; Nellie Murphy, N.T., Kilmossanty; Aggie Burke, Glonmel; Eileen Phelan, Castle St., Carrick-on-Suir; Nellie Roche, Mary Kennedy, and Alicia Meehan, Carrick-on-Suir; Novena of Masses from Boarders and Day Pupils.

SYMPATHY.

At a specially convened meeting of the Clonea Hurling Club, held on the 2nd inst., Mr. Liam Irwan, N.T., (President) in the chair, a resolution of sympathy with Messrs. William and Berchmans Power, Graiguerush (members of the Club) in their recent sad bereavement, was passed in respectful silence.

GONE AGAIN.

It is doubtful if in any other district there were so many American visitors as there were to Comeragh Valley this year. They all seemed to be faring finely in their adopted country. They are now returning to the States in large numbers. Among the last to leave the locality were—Mr. John O'Donnell and his sister, Miss Kathleen O'Donnell, who were on a well-earned holiday at their old home in Briskey, after spending a stretch of years in New York; and Miss Nellie Foley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Foley, Ballylinch, who was also back from Uncle Sam's capital on vacation. During her stay at the residence of her widely-popular parents, Miss Foley was visited by the countless friends and well-wishers of the family throughout these parts. She set sail from Cobh on last Sunday (2nd inst.)

A REMINDER.

We are asked to remind Co. Waterford T.D.'s that sites for labourers' cottages were marked out in Kilmossanty-Fews parish 14, or 15 years ago, but not even one house was erected ever since. There are several married agricultural workers in the parish who are forced to live with their wives and families in residences of relatives and friends, which would be populated enough from a health point of

view without them. At any rate, the parties for whom we include this item would feel wholeheartedly grateful to Messrs. Little, Kiersey and Goulding, if these gentlemen immediately evinced an active interest in the matter. Also, we are asked to mention that labourers in the Kilmac district, who are anxious to have cottages of their own, should communicate with Mr. John Dalton (Secretary, Co. Waterford Cottage Tenants' Association), Stradbally. No doubt, the erection of additional cottages would be a welcome boon to unemployed local tradesmen and others.

G.A.A. The Carrickbeg-Windgap caman combination, known officially as the Millvale Rovers, travelled to Clonea-Power Gaelic arena on last Sunday evening, where they engaged the home unit in the first match of the local Medal Tourney. Rev. Michael Flynn, C.C., Killergule, had charge of the whistle. Backed by sun and wind, the visitors had the play in Clonea territory over the major part of the opening moiety, but Paddy Power (Capt), P. Walsh, Whelan brothers and Billy Moore (in goal) were playing with wonderful combination and between them staved off assaults out of number. At interval peal the Rovers led by 1-0 to nil for the homsters. Millvale again forced matters from the resumption and Moore saved a great shot off Brown's blade. Joe Twomey, Dempsey brothers, David Power, and Dinnie Mullins—the Clonea spearheads—then got going, and a brace of goals were quickly notched. The Rovers responded with a point. The pace was terrific at this stage, with Clonea more thrusful, and the Millvale custodian had to concede another green flag. End to end play ensued, and a further brace of scores—points this time—came to Clonea. The visitors had great half-backs; these initiated many attacks, though when a goal seemed likely the rere finishing effort was not forthcoming. Final figures read—Clonea—3—3; Millvale Rovers—1—1. A fairly large crowd eyed the set-to. Butlerstown versus Mount Sion, and Portlaw v. Carrick-on-Suir are the remaining first round ties of the Tournament to be enacted.

BRIEFLETS.

Mr. Thomas F. Halpin, has just concluded a course of instruction in Woodwork at Kilmossanty. Certainly, the interest taken, the enthusiasm displayed & the attendance at the nightly classes since the establishment of Kilmossanty as a centre give much cause for gratification to the Instructor, as well as to the County Vocational Education Committee. Evening classes in domestic economy instruction are being conducted at Clonea-Power by Miss O'Neill, and there is a good response from the young ladies of the parish. The classes will continue for some weeks.

DEATH OF MR. P. FOLEY.

MAIN STREET, DUNGARVAN.

We regret to announce the death of Mr. Patrick Foley, Main Street, Dungarvan, which occurred on Monday last, in the District Hospital here, after a brief illness borne with Christian resignation and fortified by the rites of Holy Church.

THE LATE MR. FOLEY.

The late Mr. Foley was a well-known and highly-respected citizen, who earned the esteem of his fellow-citizens and the general public in a whole-hearted manner. He carried on a large business as general Draper, and was noted for his uprightness, honesty and up-to-date business methods. A sound constitutional Irishman, he always did a man's part for the good of his country, and was never found wanting. He died in the fullness of years and to his respected son, Mr. John F. Foley, and the other members of his family deep sympathy is extended in their bereavement.—R.I.P.

MR. MCNEILL'S DENIAL.

The "Irish Independent" is authorised to state there is no foundation for the statement in an English newspaper that Mr. McNeill, ex-Governor-General, will be a Cumann na nGaedheal candidate at one of the bye-elections due to take place in East Cork and Waterford.

PROTECTING THE TURKEY MARKET.

Kerry Co. Committee of Agriculture on the motion of Miss Breen, decided to take steps, as they did with success last year, to see that proper prices are paid for turkeys, and fix the markets for same.



YOUGHAL DISTRICT COURT.

(Before Mr. G. P. Farrell, B.L.).

Licensing Business.

This was the Annual Licensing Sessions, and there being no objection, all the renewal certificates were signed.

Mr. J. L. Keane, solr., on behalf of J. Hickey, applied for a confirmation of the ad interim transfer of the licence of the Summerfield Hotel, formerly held by P. J. White. Granted.

A similar application by Mr. Keane, for John J. Brennan, of the licence lately held by Mrs. O'Brien, Market Square, was also granted, as was a transfer by John Power to Vincent Aherne, Tallow Street, and another from Mrs. Meagher, South Main St., to Annie Gilman.

Licensing Case.

Vincent Aherne, Tallow Street, was charged with a breach of the Licensing Act and G. Connell, E. Kelleher, and J. Knox were summoned for being on the premises.

Supt. Dennehy, prosecuted, and Mr. J. L. Keane, solr., appeared for the publican and Connell and Knox.

Sergt. Lupton, stated that at 12.10 a.m. on Sunday August 14th, he was on duty in Tallow Street accompanied by Guard Fottrell, Connell and Knox were standing at Aherne's door. They passed along and returned at 12.25 and the two men were still there.

Witness and the Guard went out the Strand and came back at 2.20. They heard noises and voices in the premises. Guard Fottrell recognised the voice of—

The Supt.—We'll get that from the Guard. Witness knocked at the door and leaving the Guard there, he went to the back. It was closed. He heard the Guard knock at the front door. Witness was at the back door about 7 minutes when it was opened and out came Knox, followed by Connell, both of whom he knew and recognised with a flash lamp, and subsequently by another, who gave his name as Kelleher. Connell ran away and witness saw him later talking to Guard Fottrell. The Guard was admitted on the premises by the licensee, who was only partly dressed. He said the men had not been on the premises; that he alone was in charge of the bar and had been in bed since 11 o'clock.

There were 7 empty bottles and 4 glasses with signs of stout in the taproom. The licensee said they had been there since the previous night. The men denied being on the premises.

Cross-examined by Mr. Keane—Witness said he saw the three men coming out of the door of the yard at the back of the licensed premises. Connell ran away. The others didn't. He didn't bring them back through the door because while ascertaining Kelleher's name, Connell ran away. There was nothing to prevent witness going in the door. There was some old motor there, but it didn't obstruct his vision.

Those men denied they were in the house?—They said I didn't find them there.

When he tried the back door first it was locked. It was opened afterwards and they walked out. When witness went around to the front, Aherne said "I am not aware they were there," and that he was in bed at 11 o'clock. He didn't ask Aherne to question the men. Aherne had no communication with the men meanwhile.

To the Court, witness said he was standing outside the back door seven minutes when the men came out. They came out quietly, making no noise. It was pretty dark, but he recognised Connell and Knox when he flashed his lamp on them. Knox came out first and while speaking to him, Connell came out, and ran away. Witness didn't know the other man at the time. They smelt strongly of drink, but had control of themselves. Connell adopted a fighting attitude and asked if witness found him on the premises. There were other public houses in the row, but he watched that particular door.

Guard Fottrell stated he remained at the front while the Sergt. went to the back. He was there 12 minutes before the front door was opened. During that time he heard commotion and people rushing from the front to the back. Before witness knocked at all he recognised Connell's voice. Witness knocked so loudly that a woman next door put her head out the window and asked if there was anything wrong. Soon after Connell came along and said he had been held up at the back. He agreed with the Sergt. as to the empty bottles and glasses.

Cross-examined by Mr. Keane—Witness said when Aherne came down he asked him why he kept him (witness) so long knocking and he replied he was in bed since 12 o'clock. Aherne was only partly dressed.

Did he appear to be surprised at being brought out of bed that hour of the morning?—He couldn't speak at all, he was trembling.

Was he surprised in any question?—He couldn't answer me at all at first. Then I suggest he was surprised?—Yes. And he denied stoutly that there was anybody on the premises?—Yes, he said he was in bed from 11 o'clock.

The bar was locked. The taproom was open. Aherne said the glasses and bottles were there since the previous night. Witness saw no light from the taproom. Aherne said there was nobody there from 11 o'clock.

The Justice—What did you notice previously about these men?—At 12.10 Knox and O'Connell were standing at the hall door of Aherne's premises. The Sergt. and I walked out to the

Gas Works and returned and the men were still there. We went up Cork Hill and down and they were still at the door. We then went out the Strand returning at 2.20. Before knocking at all he recognised Connell's voice.

To Mr. Keane—There is no doubt in the world about Connell. Vincent Aherne, stated he locked up his premises at 9.30. Before 10 o'clock a Dungarvan motor party coming from the Industrial Fair called and had two drinks leaving about 10.30. Witness then went for a short walk, returning at 11 o'clock and going to bed. From that time till he was called there was nobody on his premises. He was sound asleep when his wife called him and said there was somebody knocking. He put on his pants and socks, and rushed down and asked what was that blackguardism about. When the Guard answered witness opened immediately. The Guard said they had heard voices on the premises and witness said it was impossible as he was the only one in charge. Soon after Sergt. Lupton came on the scene. He asked about the three men and witness said he knew nothing about them. It wasn't true that those men came out of his back premises at 2 o'clock in the morning. It couldn't be.

Cross-examined by Supt. Dennehy—You know the Sergt. and the Guard well?—Yes.

Can you suggest why they should swear they heard voices in your house?—They were mistaken.

Why should Sergt. Lupton swear that he saw the back door opened and the three men come out?—He was mistaken.

Those men were not his witnesses. He asked Kelleher to come to Court, but he refused.

To the Court—Witness said there was nobody in the house but himself, his wife and four young children. He didn't hear the knocking till his wife called him. He thought it might be some blackguards passing who knocked. The back door was closed by a draw-bolt at 9.30, the night before. The Dungarvan travellers were there from 9.50 to 10.30. He left the bottles and glasses as he was anxious for a walk.

Knox and Connell gave evidence to the effect that they met about 12 o'clock. The former having spent the night with a friend nearby and Connell having been busy all the night. They went for a walk out the North road, and on returning passed down the laneway referred to. Here they remained talking for a while about the "St. Leger" till they heard footsteps. Connell said he ran at first because he thought they were being held up. They were not on Aherne's premises that night. It was wrong to say that they were under the influence of drink.

After a very protracted further hearing, The Justice—Is there any prospect that the other man will appear?

The Supt.—My instructions are that he refused to come. The Justice said the man was summoned there as a defendant and the case could be left stand to see would he attend. He had formed a certain impression about that case, but he thought it only fair to everybody to adjourn it in the circumstances. It had been magnified out of all ordinary importance by the type of evidence given—an absolutely direct conflict of testimony. He didn't wish to force the other defendant to appear, but he might see his way to do so.

The case was then adjourned to next Court. Uburied Carcass.

Guard J. Byrne, Killeagh, charged John Hurley, farmer, from Tallow district, with allowing the carcass of a cow, his property unburied on the public road, from September 3rd to 19th.

From the evidence it appeared that the animal died on the way home from Killeagh fair—defendant said it was killed by a lorry—and was left there by the drover. Defendant said he arranged with a man named Curley of Tallow, to bury it for £1, but he did not do it. The carcass had finally to be soaked with paraffin and petrol and set fire to.

He was fined 1/- and 5/- expenses, being also liable for the sum of 30/-, the cost incurred by the public authorities.

Begging. Frank Wilson, of no fixed abode, was charged by Sergt. Lupton, with disturbing the residents of Strand St., by knocking at doors and demanding money.

Complainant said defendant had been in custody since the previous Sunday. There were 18 previous convictions against him.

He was sent to jail for one month from the date of his arrest.

WE HAVE AGAIN AND AGAIN warned our customers on the absolute necessity of potato spraying. It has been conclusively proved during the past few years that not only has spraying prevented potato blight, but it has almost doubled the crops in every instance. It also improves the quality of the potato by extending the period of growth, thereby allowing the crops to come to maturity.

The necessity for spraying this season may be more urgent than usual. The present weather is proving favourable for the spread of the disease which has already made its appearance in the South of Ireland. We stock the latest types in horse and knapsack sprayers, and we also keep large stocks of sulphate of copper and washing soda. We shall be very pleased to answer any enquiries regarding quantity to be used per acre, and will quote special low prices for cash for sprayers or spraying materials.

HARPER BROS. Ironmongers, Waterford.

Economic Pig Raising.

SOME IMPORTANT POINTS IN FEEDING AND MANAGEMENT.

The feeding pig is a machine for converting food into meat; it should be ready for killing in five months from weaning, and if it has been properly bred and reared and kept under decent conditions no question of health arises, writes Sir Daniel Hall, Chief Scientific Adviser to the English Ministry of Agriculture. There should be no such thing as a store pig, an animal building up a constitution and frame on which to put flesh later. The root objection to outdoor pig-keeping, even for a part of the animal's lives, is the loss of time it involves in getting the pigs up to the desired weight. Loss of time means waste of food; for every day of his life the pig must use up so much food merely in running the machine without adding to his weight. This maintenance ration is wasted if, at the time the pig is not converting some further food into flesh and so putting on weight. A further young pig of 100-200 lb. live weight will consume about 2 lb. of barley meal per day for maintenance ration alone, so that a month's delay in preparation for market means a waste of half a hundredweight of food.

All the activity of an outdoor pig again means food used up in working instead of putting on weight. Further the pig is not an animal that can turn grass and rough fodder crops to good advantage. His digestive power for such food is inferior, and a large part of the nutritive value is used up in the work of digestion. Again, it is important to realise that the capacity of the pig's stomach is limited. If you try to feed him on roots and green crops he cannot hold enough during the day to give him the quantity of real food he could utilise. It is a very interesting fact, which was brought to light in those magnificent studies of the nutrition of the pig, initiated by the late Professor T. B. Wood, that at a certain stage in his development the pig cannot eat enough even of the ordinary foods like middlings to maintain his growth rate. He wants, then, the most concentrated diet that can be found for him, otherwise he cannot pack enough fuel into his boiler to keep going at full steam.

For this main reason then—loss of time, and therefore waste of food—the open-air system is not to be recommended when the business is pig-feeding for meat production. The pedigree breeder may find it useful because he is very greatly concerned in getting a strong constitution in his stock and need not mind a slower growth and a somewhat greater consumption of food. Again, there are fruit growers who want to use pigs as scavengers and manure makers in their orchards, where pigs can do excellent work in reducing the attack of codling moth and similar pests that harbour in the ground for a time.

Now as to foods. In all nutrition, we have two things to consider—the fuel that keeps the machine running, that warms the body and then builds up the fat, and the protein that repairs tissue waste and makes flesh. For fuel, we look to carbohydrates and fats but as the pig is a very efficient utiliser of the cheaper carbohydrates, we do not trouble much about fats in his rations. The most useful carbohydrates are millers' offals—middlings in particular—and barley meal. Both milling offals and barley produce a good quality of meat. Maize should not be used in the last three or four months of the pig's life, because it produces a soft, oily fat. Bulky fibrous foods must be avoided, even bran should be reserved for the sows, for which it is helpful against constipation. When wheat is cheaper than offals, it should be ground for pigs, it must be ground fine.

These meals, however, will not supply enough protein, of which the pig requires from one-third to two-thirds of a pound per day according to weight, with a richer ration when growing than when approaching fattening. Of the available proteins, the best is separated milk, but it is really too valuable to be spared for such a purpose. Next is soyabean meal but that again is expensive. Perfectly sound results can be got with coccoanut cake and extracted palm kernel meal up to one quarter of the ration. The fat of either of these cakes does not make for good quality in the bacon so it is best to buy them "extracted," and not to feed too much of them.

For the same reason, linseed cake should be avoided. Fish meal is also invaluable, but it must be the best kind, made from white fish, and must never constitute more than 5 per cent. of the ration; indeed it is safest to leave it out for the last month of feeding. Nothing is gained by cooking the food.

It is always wise in feeding to make the diet as mixed as possible, not all barley meal nor all millers' offals; the constituents of the different proteins in the various feeding stuffs supplement one another in building up the animal's protein. The proportion of protein, i.e., of cake and fish meal, can be lowered in the later stages of fattening a bacon pig—say, after the porker weight has been passed. It is not, however, always easy to arrange for this if the pig man has a lot of pigs of different ages to feed and no time to deal with each pen individually. In the early days, the newly-weaned pigs should be very carefully fed, chiefly on fine middlings with a little pea or bean meal and some maize gluten meal, together with 2 oz. per head of fish meal or dried yeast.

Over and above these main elements of food, all animals need small amounts of what we now call "accessories," mineral and vitamin. The fish meal supplies a good deal of what is wanted, but the pigs should have a salt lick and some chalk. The vitamin requirement will be met by a swede apiece or a little kale every day. Should the pig-keeper think his animals are not doing properly, he can often remedy some of these obscure difficulties of nutrition by an ounce or two of cod liver oil per day. It is as regards these "accessories" that separated milk is so valuable—but the pigs can hardly pay for separated milk unless it happens in some way to be a by-product of the farm. I need only add that these accessories are most important when the pig is young and growing rapidly; in their absence rickets, joint weaknesses, scurvy and skin troubles are sure to occur.

Army Comrades Association

Subsidies for Everything.

DR. O'HIGGINS SPEAKS.

Speaking at a Convention of the Army Comrades Association in Co. Galway, Dr. T. O'Higgins, T.D., was enthusiastically received by over 200 Ex-National Army officers and men.

They had heard from every county in Ireland, he said, the same report that their members were prostrate at the feet of secret and illegal organisations. Already they had a foretaste of the effects of that policy, and it was enough to convince every sensible person of its utter folly and futility. Even in the ranks of Fianna Fail there were many who would be very glad of an opportunity to reverse the decision they gave in the polling booths at the last election.

In the short space of a few months the Fianna Fail Government, by pursuing with irresponsible abandon a policy diametrically opposed to the best interests of the people, had plunged the country into the throes of a warfare that was rapidly drawing the economic life-blood of the country.

The late Government took every advantage of fostering the live stock trade with England by every means possible. No later than last year it was admitted by a body of the greatest economic experts in the world that the only country standing up against world depression were those engaged in live stock produce, and their country was one that was able to resist the world depression until six months ago, when Mr. de Valera and his party got control.

What was good enough for their predecessors was not, of course, good enough for Fianna Fail. Their wisdom was greater than the wisdom of the experts, who had devoted a lifetime to the study of economic problems, and they started out by proclaiming that they were going to free the country economically as well as politically. The people of the country had since then learned by sad experience what their idea of economic freedom amounted to, and what was their panacea for the evils they had brought on the country.

They were going to subsidise everything; first, bacon and butter, now beef, and in a short time wheat and grain growing. Where was the money to pay these subsidies to come from? There was only one source, the taxpayers' pocket. The cattle subsidy would go to the exporter and would not be passed on to the farmer, and so that proposal merely amounted to a subsidy for a small body of exporters at the expense of the general body of farmers.

The consumer's position would be even worse, he would have to pay for the subsidies through the ordinary channels of taxation, and pay a second time through the increased price which should normally follow if the subsidies were to have any effect at all. Actually the only effect of the beef subsidy would be to provide the British consumer the man with whom they were supposed to be at war, with cheaper food, and the taxpayers of the Free State were called on to pay for that.

In their election manifesto Fianna Fail undertook to provide employment for an additional 80,000 men. Since their return to power, however, the number of registered unemployed had increased from 36,000 to 79,000. To come nearer home, the dock workers of Sligo had telling knowledge of what the Fianna Fail Government was doing for the country.

They had heard people being called spies for doing their duty to the State. A short time before the last Government left office a jurymen was murdered. If that had occurred in England there would be an immediate enrolment of jurors sworn to do their duty until the last one was left. Any one that had the interests of the country at heart would realise that the one thing necessary was to ban the gun outside the regular army.

G. A. A.

TIPPERARY WIN ALL-IRELAND HONOURS WITH EASE.

SENIOR FOOTBALL FINAL. FENOR'S SUCCESS.

Tipperary—8-6; Kilkenny—5-1. Munster minor hurling was witnessed at its peak at Waterford Gaelic Field on Sunday when a smashing Tipperary team swamped a fancied Kilkenny side and wrestled from them the all-Ireland minor title for 1932.

Playing with a strong breeze in the first half, Tipperary set a hot pace and Leahy banged through an early goal to which Downes added a point following a free.

Kilkenny's only goal of the first half was scored by Guilfoyle. A smart ground shot by Burke completely deceived Doyle and put Tipperary a further goal ahead, and in the subsequent exchanges, Doyle revealed brilliance in his clearances.

His net fell a third time, however, when Cooney scored a great goal direct from a 70, which Looby, who led his line well, supplemented with a like score in clever fashion.

Cooney added a neat point from a seventy and immediately after the same player hit a fine goal with an over-head shot.

Leahy added Tipperary's sixth goal just before the interval. Tipperary continued their merry scoring way immediately after resuming when Burke whipped up a clearance and placed the ball in the net.

Stubbly Kilkenny fought back and Shortall took Kilkenny's second goal. Cooney replied with a smart point; but from a free Shortall added a point for Kilkenny and followed it up with a fine goal from a cross by Garrigan.

Kilkenny, gaining strength, had another goal from Roche, and close to the end Guilfoyle netted his second. Coming back stoutly Tipperary put on a fine goal from a free by Cooney and the end found Kilkenny beaten.

Mr. Phil O'Donnell, Waterford, was referee. HILL'S NEW GOLDEN RAISIN CAKES ARE DELICIOUS.

TAXPAYER MUST PAY.

Mr. Martin Roddy, T.D., at a public meeting at Buninadden, said the people who shouted "Up, de Valera" so lustily to-day would change their tune when the full effects of Mr. de Valera's suicidal policy became apparent. Already they had a foretaste of the effects of that policy, and it was enough to convince every sensible person of its utter folly and futility. Even in the ranks of Fianna Fail there were many who would be very glad of an opportunity to reverse the decision they gave in the polling booths at the last election.

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Please Note Address— J. DANIEL, LOWER MAIN STREET, (Below R. A. Merry's), DUNGARVAN.

Farmyard Manure.

Farmyard manure consists of the solid and liquid excreta of animals, absorbed in litter of some kind, usually straw. When straw is used we may take it that each ton contains 40 lbs. of nitrogen, 17 lbs. of potash, and 5 lbs. of phosphoric acid. We must remember that potash is the most abundant manurial constituent, phosphoric acid the least, and that the nitrogen is present largely in an extremely insoluble and slowly fermentable form. The same points hold good for peat moss and other litters sometimes used. The solid excreta consist of the indigestible portions of the food, and as such are insoluble and only slowly decomposed in the soil. Dung in the fresh state, unmixed with litter, contains about half a per cent. of nitrogen, rather less than that amount of phosphoric acid, and only traces of potash.

The urine of farm animals contains from one to two per cent. of nitrogen, rather a larger quantity of potash, and no phosphoric acid. The nitrogen exists in the soluble forms of urea, uric acid, and hippuric acid. All these three substances are ammonia derivatives, and readily undergo ammoniacal fermentation. We must note, therefore, that the urine supplies the greater part of the nitrogen in farmyard manure, and supplies it in the most available, and consequently in the most valuable form. A ton of farmyard manure, as a whole, therefore contains about 12 lbs. of nitrogen. This number may fall to 10 lbs. or rise to 15 lbs., according to the animal and the feeding. Of the 12 lbs. of nitrogen the greater part will be in the form of the very slowly available fibre, etc., of the straw and dung, the rest existing as the soluble urea, etc., of the urine, or of the ammonium carbonate formed from them by fermentation. A ton of average farmyard manure contains about 12 lbs. of potash derived from the straw and the urine. Since average soils contain more potash than they do phosphoric acid or nitrogen, and since plants require less potash than either of the other two substances, we must regard dung as supplying abundance of potash, and we must be prepared to supplement it with additional nitrogen and phosphates. Phosphoric acid is the least abundant manurial constituent of farmyard manure; one ton will as a rule contain not more than about 8 lbs., and often not more than 5 lbs. of this substance. Theoretically the value of the manure varies (1) according to the diet of the animals; (2) according to the age, condition, etc., of the animals; (3) according to the method of saving.

The food of animals contains four classes of substances—proteins, carbohydrates, fats, and ash. Of these four classes of carbohydrates and fats contribute nothing of value to the manure, since they are practically all digested and leave the body as carbon dioxide and water. Further, they contain only carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen, to none of which elements can we assign any direct manurial value. The proteins contain a high percentage of nitrogen, so that a diet rich in proteins will yield a manure containing above the average quantity of nitrogen, and the more protein the diet contains the more nitrogen will be excreted for manure.

The chief variations will occur in the amounts of nitrogen in the manure if an animal is increasing in weight and storing protein in its body in the form of flesh, there will, obviously, be less nitrogen excreted. For this reason the manure made by young, growing animals from a given amount of food will contain less nitrogen and be less valuable than the manure from adult animals consuming the same amount of food. Again, milking cows secrete a large quantity of protein in their milk, and this, of course, robs the manure of nitrogen. We may, roughly, put it as follows—Fattening animals and working animals excrete 95 per cent. of the nitrogen they eat; young stock, milking cows, and pigs only about 70 to 80 per cent.—"Chemistry of Crop Production," by T. B. Wood.

LOANS FOR PURCHASE OF HEIFERS.

The Minister for Agriculture has made arrangements with the Agricultural Credit Corporation for the initiation of a scheme of loans to farmers for the purchase of heifers of the Shorthorn and the Kerry breeds. The object in view is to secure, as far as possible, the retention in Irish dairy herds of the best of the heifers which are bred in the Saorstát and are specially suitable for breeding and milk production purposes. The loans will be granted to applicants who are approved by the Minister, and who purchase heifers selected by Inspectors of the Department of Agriculture at Sales which will be specially arranged throughout the country. Four-fifths of the purchase price, up to a maximum of £100, will be advanced, and will be repayable in three annual instalments, with interests at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum. The selection of centres for the proposed sales, each of which will be advertised in due course, is at present under consideration. Applications for copies of the Scheme should be addressed to: THE SECRETARY, Department of Agriculture, Dublin, C.17.

The covering envelope should be marked "Heifer Loans."

Husband: My wife assaulted me, and when I woke up I found myself lying unconscious in a pool of blood.

Young Cattle in Autumn.

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST HUSK.

A few turnips pulped and mixed with the chaff and meals are excellent for young cattle. In fact, if young cattle have any symptoms of husk, white turnips pulped, with tops and all, mixed with some sweet chaff and a little meal, are an excellent remedy if the complaint has not got a strong hold, and will, with the assistance of a pound or two of linseed cake a day, help the animals to overcome it without resorting to medicinal measures.

Husk is a complaint to be avoided because once young animals become badly affected with it, it is very stubborn to get rid of, and though it does not often end fatally if proper measures are taken, yet many young animals' constitutions are permanently ruined by a bad attack of the disease. There is always a disposition to leave out strong calves and other young stock to fend for themselves until the busy period of harvest is over, but the period of harvest, which comprises the months of August and September, is past the time when the damage is done and, however strong and robust calves may be, they should on no account be left out when the nights become cold and foggy, with heavy dews on the grass.

No time must be lost in attending to affected animals, as the longer the disease is neglected the worse it becomes and linseed cake should at once be made to form part of the diet of affected stock. If the disease is taken in time, housing at night and feeding on linseed cake, pulped turnips, chaff and meal, will enable the young animals to throw it off without the need of drenching or injections, but if the cough has become bad and the animals have lost their middles and show signs of weakness, drenching should be done without delay, and two or three doses will usually prove effectual.

SOME WELL-TRIED REMEDIES.

Once the lungs become affected there is not much hope of saving the animal's life. There are many excellent remedies on the market nowadays, but many farmers prefer the time-honoured remedy of a tablespoonful of linseed oil and turpentine in equal parts injected into the windpipe by frencing up the nostrils. A spoonful should be given up each nostril, and about two doses usually effects a cure, but the use of foods that purify the blood, and thus destroy the life of the husk-worm, is equally as important as drenching. When the affection is very stubborn as the result of not being taken in time, stronger measures are sometimes necessary, and fumigations with chlorine or sulphurous acid gas may be resorted to, or medicines may be injected directly into the windpipe by means of a syringe, but the latter is a remedy best left in the hands of a qualified veterinary surgeon. In some low-lying districts, such as river valleys, husk attacks older cattle, and even milch cows sometimes contract it. Some dry food, with a bit of linseed cake will usually enable strong cattle to throw off the complaint.

KEEP AN EYE ON SHEEP ALSO.

Young sheep will also need careful watching, as, if they are run on flush pastures, they will be just as likely to get husk as young cattle, and prevention is better than cure. If wet weather continues, fluke may also become prevalent, and sheep should be taken up from river meadows or from any wet, marshy land, on to sound, high and dry pastures. It is very important in these days, when early maturity is so great a feature in stock-keeping, that young animals should be kept in healthy, thriving condition. They need pushing along so as to get them into beef or mutton at the earliest possible period of their existence, and, once young animals lose health and condition through want of attention at the proper time, all hope of early maturity is at an end.

WHEAT GROWING.

(To the Editor "Observer.")

A Chara—I read in a recent issue of your paper a report of a discussion at a meeting of the Waterford Co. Committee of Agriculture in which the members of that enlightened body ridiculed the idea of growing wheat in this county. Now, I am not going to tell the farmers of this county whether they can or cannot grow wheat, each individual farmer ought to be the best judge of his own business, I am simply going to state my own experience of wheat growing this past season.

I planted about 2 acres (statute measure) of spring wheat (Red Marvel) during the last week of March and cut it on the 26th August, and I threshed it about a week ago, and it produced about 16 barrels or 8 barrels per acre of good sound grain, and this notwithstanding the fact that I had no previous experience of the crop. If some of the members of the Committee of Agriculture (who according to themselves are authorities on the matter) had grown it they should be able on their superior knowledge to grow a barrel or two more per acre.

It is pretty obvious these utterances at the Committee of Agriculture were an attempt to throw dirty water on the Government Scheme, and were a part of the political propagandist campaign inaugurated recently by that body which is becoming more a branch of Cumann na nGaedheal and less a committee of Agriculture. P. CUNNINGHAM, Ballyduff Upper.

Purchase of Cottages.

MINISTER'S STATEMENT.

The Government were deeply interested in everything affecting the welfare of rural workers, said Mr. Sean T. O'Kelly, Minister for L.G. and P.H., at the opening session at the Custom House, Dublin, of the Commission appointed to inquire into the proposed sale of labourers' cottages to occupying tenants.

Some people, he continued, seemed to be inclined to think that the matter of cottages was of minor importance. The Government certainly did not regard it in that way. They looked upon it as of great importance to the rural community—a very important section of people whose welfare touched the welfare of the nation as a whole.

The Government was anxious to do all they could to make their homes healthier, better, and brighter, and make their future what it should be for people who played such an important part as the labourers did in the life of the community.

The Minister then traced the events which led to the setting up of the Commission, and how it would be able to report its findings within six months. Under the various Labourers' Acts, he said, more than 42,000 cottages had been provided and were let at an average weekly rent of 1s. 2d. For provision of those cottages loans amounting to £7,500,000 had been obtained by local authorities—from the Commissioners of Public Works, £3,400,000; from banking companies, £300,000 and from the Irish Land Commission £3,800,000.

Towards repayment of loans advanced by the Commissioners of Public Works there was an annual State contribution of £29,000, or about £1 9s. a cottage, and there was also a contribution from State sources concerning 36 p.c. of the annual loan charges, or approximately £2 a cottage in respect of loans obtained from the Irish Land Commission.

The financial position might be summarised:—Total amount of loans received, £7,500,000; total of annuities payable, £287,000; rents received amount to £130,000; but allowing for expenditure and repairs, rent collection, etc., the amount available was £53,000; State assistance, £73,000; amount required from rates to meet annuities, £141,000.

Under the Housing Act passed this year by An Dail 60 p.c. of the annual loan charges were payable to local authorities providing labourers' cottages up to a maximum cost of £300 which was equal to a capital grant of £180 a cottage.

That Act also provided grants of £80 to agricultural labourers for the erection of houses for their own occupation, and for the reconstruction of their dwellings grants of £40 were available.

There were about 2,300 plots in the possession of these authorities on which cottages authorised to be provided had not yet been built.

In the majority of cases those plots contained one statute acre, and were let at an average rent of 3d. a week. It was confidently expected that the bodies concerned would avail of the financial facilities afforded under the Act of 1932, and that cottages would be erected, or would be in course of erection, on all those plots by the close of the financial year.

The Chairman (Mr. T. O'Donnell, B.L.) agreed that the matter was important. There were 42,000 agricultural labourers in the country, and although they were poor and humble, he knew from intimate knowledge that from the labourers' cottages men of distinction, both at home and abroad, were reared.

WATERFORD MEMORIAL.

TO THE LATE MOST REV. DR. HACKETT.

The project to erect a memorial to perpetuate the memory of the late Most Rev. Dr. Hackett, reverend Bishop of Waterford, was advanced a further stage when, at a largely attended and representative meeting of parishioners of St. John's, an executive committee was formed to supervise organisation, and the form the memorial would take was definitely decided upon.

When the objects of the meeting, which was under the chairmanship of Councillor M. Cassin, Mayor, had been explained, the question arose whether it would be more acceptable to have the proposed memorial contributed towards by the whole of the diocese, or confine it to the parish of St. John's, in which his late Lordship was known to have shown a special interest.

After a long discussion the feeling of the meeting was found to be in favour of confining the project to the parish of St. John's irrespective of any steps that may later be taken to provide a diocesan memorial.

On the question of the form that the memorial should take, it was recalled that for many months prior to his lamented death Dr. Hackett had not only actively identified himself with a scheme to secure a new organ for the church, but had actually contributed to a fund for this purpose. It was consequently considered that no more appropriate form of memorial could be erected, and it was decided to open a fund in the parish for this purpose, the new organ to be dedicated to Dr. Hackett's memory.

The existing executive committee was empowered to take complete charge of the project, with power to add to their numbers, and some new members were appointed.

Best Brands in Footwear Stocked at Mulcahy's.



Ladies Pure Patent Court Shoe, Spanish heel, round toe, all sizes. Price 11/6



Black Lace Bar Machine sewn, pointed toe, 2 inch Cuban heel, all sizes. Price 8/6



Gents Willow Gibson, machine sewn, round toe, stout sole, broad fitting, full sizes. Price 12/6



Gents Willow Calf Oxford pointed toe, plain cap, light weight sole, small eyes, half sizes. Price 17/11

Repairs Neatly and Promptly done.

MULCAHY'S, Boot Specialists, Dungarvan.

YOUGHAL LADIES' HOCKEY CLUB CONCERT.

A very successful concert was held in the Town Hall, under the auspices of the above Club. The Hall was filled by a large and appreciative audience. The Opening Chorus "Annie Laurie," in which all the Artists joined, received a great reception. Miss Nora Farrell made a successful debut with the song "The Rose of Tralee," and had to respond to an encore. Messrs. Chapple Bros., rendered a duet of "Saxophone and Banjo," entitled "Live, Love and Laugh," which left nothing to be desired, and for an encore gave a selection of Irish Airs on two Banjos. Miss M. O'Sullivan, sang "The Old-Fashioned House," amid clapping and cheering and gave for an encore "Beautiful Eily." Miss E. Clary, contributed a splendid recitation "Fontenoy," followed by "The Man with the single Hair." Mr. J. O'Brien, sang "Song of Songs," splendidly, which well deserved the encore "I Hear You Calling Me." Miss Mary Connelly, in a sweet voice sang "Love Thee Dearest," and sang an encore. Misses Jean Tierney and Nellie Forrest, dressed in the National Costume, danced the "Blackbird" with patriotic feeling, and had to be encored several times. Mr. A. J. Fowkes, sang "My Fairest Flower," in a manner which brought down the house, and for an encore sang "Farewell." Miss Kitty Nolan, danced "The Tambourine," very gracefully. A very nice rendering of the song "The Blue Danube" was given by all the artists in a beautiful setting, in which many different coloured evening dresses were displayed. Much credit was due to the six young ladies, Misses J. Twomey, M. Forrest, L. Bowen, E. Forrest, M. Weakly, and P. Murphy, who gracefully danced to the strains of the "Blue Danube." Miss M. Langty, received much applause for the rendering of "The Song that Reached my Heart." The first half of the programme was brought to a finish with the "Kitchen Scene," from the "Colleen Bawn." The Title Roll was taken by Miss Nora Farrell as the "Colleen Bawn," who did the Irish Colleen to perfection. Miss M. O'Sullivan as "Sheila Mann" and Mr. E. Clancy, as "Myles" in "Goppaleen," kept the house in roars all through the piece with their able personation of their parts. Mr. M. J. Fox, as "Hardress Cregan," and Mr. J. Twomey, as "Father Tom," contributed to provide as an enjoyable hour's fun as was ever experienced locally. Mr. Paul Twomey, proving himself the possessor of a rich and able promising voice, delighted his audience with "Bantry Bay," he did even better in the encore "Marguerite." The enjoyable evening's entertainment was brought to a close by a capital impersonation of a "Nigger Scene," including the songs "Way Down upon the Swanee River," and "Poor Old Joe," etc., etc. Miss E. Quain's rendering of the accompaniments, left nothing to be desired. Mr. Chapple, as Stage Manager, and Miss E. Murphy, Capt. of the Hockey team and Miss V. Dickenson, Hon. Sec., deserve warm congratulations on the well-earned success attending their first efforts in this direction.

FREE STATE LABOURERS' COMMISSION ON PURCHASE SCHEME.

The Commission appointed by the Minister for Local Government and Public Health to enquire into the sale to the occupying tenants of the cottages and plots provided under the Labourers' (Ireland) Act had its first meeting on Saturday, at the Customs House, Dublin.

The terms of reference for the Commission are as follows:—

- 1.—Whether there is a demand from the general body of tenants for vested ownership.
2.—Whether the formulation of a scheme of sale acceptable to the general body of tenants is practicable, without placing an unreasonable burden of cost on the ratepayers, or increasing the liability of the State.
3.—Whether the sale of the cottages and plots to the occupying tenants would be advantageous to the agricultural labourers as a class, or whether the alienation of the property by sale to the sections of that class at present occupying cottages and plots would tend to bring about ultimately a serious housing shortage for the class as a whole.
4.—Whether the average present tenant is in a position adequately to maintain the property, in addition to paying a purchase charge and rates, and a purchase scheme be carried out to suggest at the same at the same time to the Minister in the event of the Commission concluding that a scheme of sale is practicable and advisable:—
(1)—A general scheme of sale, or
(11)—A model scheme of sale applicable to a particular county where all the circumstances correspond closely with the general circumstances of all counties.
5.—In the event of the Commission concluding that a scheme of sale is not practicable and advisable, the amendments, if any, in the present law relating to the cottages and plots that in the opinion of the Commission would tend to the advantage of the agricultural labourers as a class.
The following consented to act on the Commission: Thomas O'Donnell, B.L., 27, Raglan Road, Ballsbridge; M. Roche, Talbot Hall, New Ross; Jas. O'Farrell, Carrowloughran, Dromard P.O., Co. Sligo; Patrick Brett, Oliver Plunkett Street, Mullingar; Seamus Johnston, Cussaboy, Bradon P.O., Co. Monaghan; Michael Smyth, Moorfield Road, Newbridge, Co. Kildare; Michl. Dalton, Aldborough House, Dublin; John Collins, Department of Local Government and Public Health, Custom House; Eamonn Mansfield, Cullen, Co. Tipperary.

THE NEW SOLO LIME WASHING MACHINE.

This machine is wonderfully strong and will throw a jet 40 feet high, it will do the work of ten men and do it better. This handy sprayer can be used for garden spraying, and it can also wash your motor car. You can pump water out of a bucket in a fine spray to soak the dirt, and then in the form of a powerful jet to swirl it clean. The complete outfit is sold at 28/6, from the sole agents:—

HARPUR BROS., 48, The Quay, Waterford.

WORLD ECONOMIC CONFERENCE

The World Economic Conference is to be held in London. The actual date will be fixed by the Organising Council at its next meeting on November 14th. A preparatory meeting of experts will take place on October 31st.

HILL'S BREAD KEEPS FRESH THE LONGEST.

Solicitor: What is carrying capacity?—Man: About 40 pints of beer.

USE LUMINOUS POLISHES FOR Shining & Waterproofing Your Boots & Shoes; Also for Furniture, Lino, Floors, etc. Prices—2d., 3d., 6d. and 1s. Made in Waterford.

FARMERS THESE ARE THE BOOTS FOR YOU! ONLY the best will stand the test of all weathers and 'Ariwoker' Boots are undoubtedly the best for Farm and Country Wear. Every pair will stand hard wear. Test them for yourself! 'ARIWOKER' BOOTS. Reburn & Clarke, Boot Stores, YOUGHAL.

Swick Cycles 'FAMOUS FOR FINISH'. Chromium Plating, Large Saddle, Dunlop Tyres, Bag, Tools & Reflector complete. CASH PRICE £4-7-6. Ask for handsome illustrated Catalogue and free gift. W. & A. J. FOWKES, CYCLE DEALERS, YOUGHAL. SHOT GUNS—DUTY FREE.

WE HAVE BEEN specially fortunate in purchasing all our guns before the recent duty, and we are now offering Single Barrel Breech-loading Guns at 27/6; 37/8; 45/-; Double Barrel Guns 35/-; 35/-; 40/6; and 42/0/-; each. Special Hammerless Guns with Anson Cross Bolt, and all the latest improvements at 23 10s. 0d. Five Years Guarantee given with all Guns. We have a few second hand double-barrel guns, good quality, which will be sold at bargain prices. We also hold immense stocks of shot cartridges which will be sold free of duty. HARPUR BROS. Firearms Dealers, 48, Quay WATERFORD.

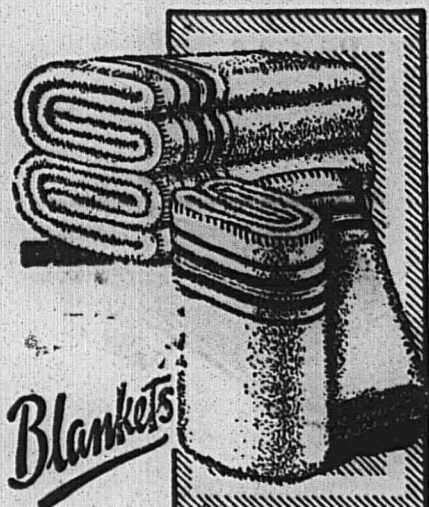
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Robertson Ledlie's Great Household Event.

SPECIAL VALUE IN

Irish Blankets, Furniture, Down Quilts, Carpets, Rugs, House Linens, Furnishings, and everything for the home.



IRISH BLANKETS.

270 Pairs Best Quality All Pure Wool Irish Blankets, delightfully soft, fleecy and warm, with blue striped headings, whipped in singles, remarkable value, per pair, 9s 11d. 15s 6d. 49s 6d, 23s 6d and 27s 6d.

Outstanding Value in Beautiful Down Quilts, covered in best quality materials latest designs and colourings, from 15s 11d to 95s. each.

200 Pairs "H. rockses" Superior Quality Cotton Sheets, Plain and Twill, a marvellous offer, single bed size 8s. 6d. per pair, double bed size 13s. 6d per pair.

Robertson, Ledlie, Ferguson & Co., Ltd. WATERFORD.

LYNCH BROS., WATERFORD

First Great Display of Early Autumn Fashions.

Magnificent Show of all the very latest creations in New Millinery Models. Lovely New Tailored Coats (Fur Trimmed), New Wool-knit Frocks, New Silk Dresses, Wool Cardigans and Jumpers, Furs and Underclothing, Hosiery and Scarfs, etc.

Marked at very keenest prices. You are cordially invited to inspect.

LYNCH BROS., Michael Street, Waterford.

The "Gascoigne Milker."

There are 29 Milking Plants in County Waterford. 23 of these are the "Gascoigne."

Could any argument be stronger but that the GASCOIGNE is the Machine which has the confidence of the County Waterford Dairy Farmer?

GASCOIGNE USERS:

- Mount Melleray Abbey, Cappoquin.
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- W. Mansfield, Esq., Glenwilliam, Grange.
- D. Heskin, Esq., C. Co., Aglish, Glencairn.
- John Dahill, Esq., Coolowen, Tallow.
- Joseph Tanner, Esq., Sheamore, Ballyduff.
- Richard Tanner, Esq., Sun Lodge, Conna, Tallow.
- C. H. Stork, Esq., Parkwood House, Passage East.
- Nicholas Fitzgerald, Esq., Co. Co., Ballinasilla, Bonmahon.
- Thomas Flynn, Esq., Coolnagour, Dungarvan. (2 Plants).
- Nicholas Beresford, Esq., Coolnagour, Dungarvan.
- A. Buttmer, Esq., Ballinacourty, Cappagh.
- Roger McGrath, Esq., Ballinacourty, Cappagh.
- Michael Nugent, Esq., Windgap, Dungarvan.
- Michael Nugent, Esq., Ballycurreen, Ring, Dungarvan.
- J. J. Lynch, Esq., Ballyduff, Dungarvan.
- M. O'Halloran, Esq., Laurentum House, Clashmore.
- M. Ronayne, Esq., Coolcorrae, Dungarvan.

Irish Representative—**J. McEVOY, KILWORTH.** GASCOIGNE, LTD., READING. PHONE No. 7.

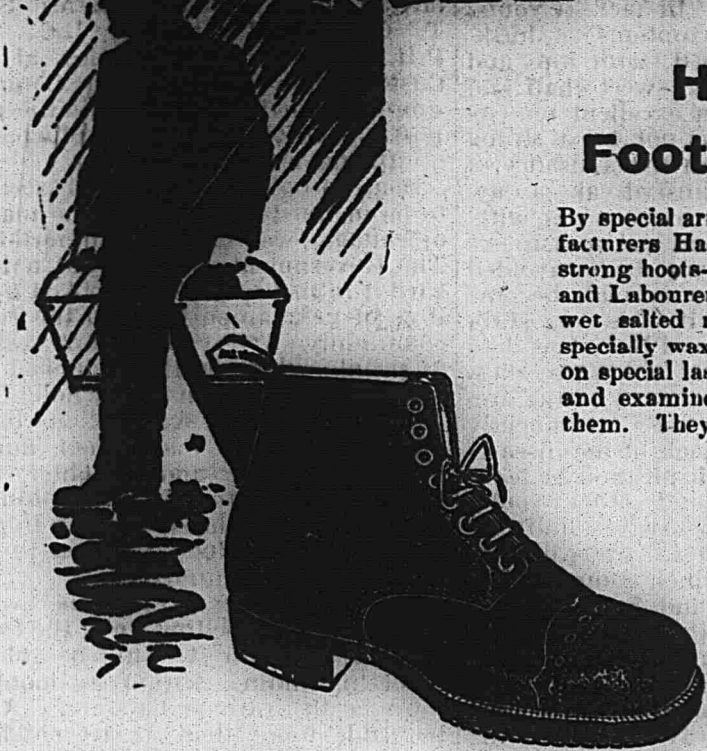
GENEVA VIEWS ON WOMEN'S STATUS.

EQUALITY OF THE SEXES IN THE SAORSTAT.

The status of married women formed the subject of spirited discussion in the First Committee of the League Assembly at Geneva. There were many women among the audience, and they warmly appreciated the address of the Saorstát speaker, Mr. John J. Hearne.

Mr. Hearne declared that some satisfaction would be given to the women's objections to the Articles of the Hague Convention. The Irish Free State, he said, had always accepted equality of the sexes on condition of respecting the unity of the family, and he urged that some modification of the Hague Articles should be introduced. He moved that the various resolutions on the subject be referred to a Drafting Committee.

ALL WEATHER



Hadden's Special Footwear for Farmers.

By special arrangement with a most successful firm of Irish manufacturers Hadden's are able to offer really exceptional value in strong boots—boots that have become very popular with Farmers and Labourers. These boots are made with Twin Soles cut from wet salted market hide heads, and the uppers are cut from specially waxed Kip Butts to resist all kinds of wetting. Made on special lasts, they are most comfortable and easy fitting. Come and examine these "ALL-WEATHER" Boots. You will like them. They are guaranteed by Hadden's. No duty to pay.

20s.

is the price of the sturdy boot you see illustrated. You can have it with or without nails, also nailed without toe-cap. Women's farm boots for 15/6, with or without nails.

W. & G. Hadden, Ltd. Main Street, Dungarvan.

Treat them rough—They're very tough.

The Cinema, Dungarvan.

THE HOUSE WITH PERFECT SOUND.

Each Night at 8.30 p.m. FOR TWO NIGHTS. MONDAY, OCTOBER 10th. SHIRLEY DANE, LANCE FAIRFAX AND JERRY VERNON IN

The Beggar Student!

Musical Comedy De-Luxe. Adapted from the World-famous Viennese Operetta by Carl Millöcker. Gay Songs, Lifting Music, Delightful Comedy. Entertainment Par Excellence. Also Irish Movietone News, Musical Item, Interest Film. MATINEE ON MONDAY at 4 p.m.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13th. FOR TWO NIGHTS. BEN LYON, ROSE HOBART & JULIETTE COMPTON in Eith Fitzgerald's Great Drama of Parental Influence and Interference,

We Three!

A Terrific Drama! Magnificently Staged and Charminglly Played. Also Irish Movietone News, Vitaphone Variety Item and Comedy. MATINEE ON THURSDAY at 4 p.m.

Coming—GENTLEMAN'S FATE—STAR WITNESS—SMART MONEY.

Prices of Admission 4d. . . . 9d. . . . 1/3 . . . 1/9. The Management reserves the right to refuse admission.

NEW SEASON'S GOODS.

We have received a big delivery of Autumn and Winter

Goods at prices that are much below previous years' quotations, and can confidently put them before

our customers at prices that are unbeatable.

Boots and Shoes (Ladies and Gents'). Irish Guaranteed.

Hosiery, Irish. Shirts, Collars and Ties, Irish.

Overcoats, Irish. Suits, Irish.

Pullovers, Irish. Ladies' Coats, Irish.

Coatings, Irish.

These Goods are open for inspection. You won't be pressed to buy.

C. LAWN, DUNGARVAN

BALLYCREEN, OLD PARISH. GRAZING TO LET.

We have received instructions from Mr. Martin J. Curran to let the Lands of Ballycreen, containing in or about 175 acres and 9 perches for grazing purposes for the period up to and ending the 31st March 1933.

The Lands will be let in one Lot or in Lots to suit Purchasers. For further particulars apply to: J. F. WILLIAMS & SON, Solicitors, DUNGARVAN.

AGENTS

A well-known firm selling Cattle Foods throughout Ireland, has vacancies for a few local agents, with established connection amongst farmers and Shopkeepers. Payment by commission, on generous scale to the right men. Reply in first instance, with full particulars to: Box T. 310 Lee & Nightingale, Liverpool.

CO. WATERFORD COMMITTEE OF AGRICULTURE.

PREMIUMS TO BOARS 1933.

The above Committee offer First Year Premiums, Value £6 each, and invite applications from persons willing to keep Pure-bred Boars of the Irish Large White type, and who are prepared to carry out the conditions of the Department's Scheme for the improvement of Swine.

Further particulars and forms of application may be had from the undersigned.

JOHN O'DWYER, Secretary. Courthouse, Dungarvan, 29th September, 1932.

TIPPERARY HORSE FAIR.

At Tipperary monthly horse fair yesterday, there was a good supply, but very few buyers. Troopers sold at £20 to £30 each, farm horses £10 to £15.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

You Can Thresh Corn, But You Can't Beat Beamish's Stout FOR THRESHING.

Brewed from Irish Barley.

Get your supplies from the District Agent: MARGARET KEANE.

22 O'Connell Street, Dungarvan.

BOOLA COB AND PONY RACES

Will Be Held On TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1st, 1932. Over a Splendid Course of all-Green on the Road to Melleray.

Committee & Stewards—Messrs James Morrissey, John Prendergast, W. Coffey, Thomas Coffey, James Cronin, John Prendergast, Toor; B. Bell, John Quann, John Noonan.

FIRST RACE—4 p.m. of £6 of which the 2nd receives £1 out of Stake. For Cobs 15 hands and under. Confined to the adjoining Parishes of Cappoquin, Lismore, Modeligo and Newcastle. Winners of more than one Race excluded. Distance 2 1/2 miles flat. Weights 10st 7lbs., with penalties and allowances. Entrance Fee 7s. 6d.

SECOND RACE—1.30 p.m.—of £6 of which the 2nd receives £1 out of Stake. For Ponies 13-14 hands and under. Confined as in First Race. Distance 2 miles flat. Weights 9st. 7lbs. with penalties and allowances. Entrance Fee 5s.

THIRD RACE—2 p.m.—of £7 of which the 2nd receives £1 out of Stake. For Ponies 14-2 hands and under. Weights 10st., with penalties and allowances. Distance 2 1/2 miles. Entrance Fee 7s. 6d.

FOURTH RACE—2.30 p.m.—of £8, of which the 2nd receives £1 10s. out of Stake. For Cobs 14-2 hands and under. Distance 3 miles over Hurdles. Weights 10st 7lbs., with penalties and allowances. Entrance Fee 7s. 6d.

CONDITIONS:

- 1.—The Stewards reserve the right to alter, postpone, abandon or reopen any of the Races they think fit; or to refuse any entry without giving reason.
- 2.—Objections, if any, must be made in writing and lodged with the Hon. Secs. within 15 minutes after the Race is finished, accompanied with a deposit of £1, which may be forfeited if objection is held to be frivolous.
- 3.—The decision of the Stewards to be final. No appeal to a Court of Law. Only on this understanding will Entries be received.
- 4.—The Committee will not be responsible for loss or accident.
- 5.—Cobs and Ponies in confined Races must be known to be in the Owners' possession for at least three months.

Entries Close on TUESDAY, 25th OCTOBER, 1932 with the Hon. Secs:

JOSEPH O'KEEFE, and W. O'DONOGHUE.

Admission to Field—1/; Cars—2/6.

OCTOBER FAIR SALE.

Entries now received for October Fair Day Sale. Full particulars next issue.

All Entries receive best attention. PATK. RYAN, M.I.A.A., Auctioneer & Valuer, DUNGARVAN.

£15 DUTY ON £4 ARTICLE.

A DEAR TRAP.

This is a tale of the Customs men and their deeds of derring-do.

On June 1st, a little governess trap arrived at Dublin from England.

It was quite a good governess cart, but it was undoubtedly long past its first youth.

After a peaceful life on a Cheshire farm it had been caught in the economic depression and sold with the rest of the farmer's goods and chattels. It fetched a paltry £4.

It was sent as a present to his friend, Mr. J. Cuttle, cattle dealer, of Tulsk, Co. Roscommon, by the man who bought it Mr. James Finlay, of Waverford, near Chester.

The Dublin Customs officials gazed upon it and found it good—good enough, at any rate, for £15 duty. Nobody else shared their point of view, but that did not worry them.

"Absurd," was about the mildest word that Messrs. Cuttle and Finlay applied to the Customs demand. Frigid notes passed between the consignee on the one hand, and the railway company and the Customs on the other.

Mr. Finlay sent them the receipt for the £4 which he paid for the trap at the auction.

The Customs were much obliged, but what they wanted was the car's birth certificate—who made it, when it was made, where it was made, and how was it sold for the first time.

To which the Cheshire farmer replied tersely that the firm which had built the car 20 years ago had been crushed out of existence by the development of motor traffic, and that, in any case the value of the governess trap 20 years ago had no bearing on its value to-day. He had paid only £4 for it, anyway.

"£15 PLEASE."

The Customs men merely repeated "£15, please."

One word borrowed another, and September found the situation no forwarder.

Then the railway company took a hand, and, having assured Mr. Finlay that they were in no way responsible pointed out that if he did not reclaim the pony-trap within a certain time the Customs people here would auction it off.

The railway company wanted to know what he was going to do about it.

"Send it back," sighed the exasperated farmer.

So they sent it back—at his expense—and he is now thinking that that vehicle was by no means as cheap as he had at first believed it to be.

CO. WATERFORD VOCATIONAL EDUCATION COMMITTEE.

NOTICE OF COMPLETION OF AUDIT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Sean Uasal O'Muirthuille, Local Government Auditor, has audited the Accounts of the County Waterford Vocational Education Committee, for the period ended the 31st day of March, 1932, and has reported to the Department of Local Government and Public Health thereon.

A copy of the Auditor's Report and of the Abstract therein referred to can be obtained at this Office during Office hours by any person applying for same and paying therefor the sum of sixpence.

Dated this 4th day of October, 1932.

J. L'ANIGAN, Chief Executive Officer. Technical School, DUNGARVAN.

MODELIGO, CO. WATERFORD.

SALE OF FULLY LICENSED BUSINESS PREMISES, BUILDINGS & FATTENING LAND.

The Property of MR. MICHAEL TOBIN.

The Lands comprise about 7 acres of Prime Land, and the entire Licensed House and Premises are subject to a rent of £9 6s. 6d. P.L.V. £7 10s. 6d.

Offers for the above will be received by:

PATRICK RYAN, M.I.A.A., Auctioneer & Valuer, DUNGARVAN, or:

A. R. FARRELL, Solicitor (having Carriage of Sale), Dungarvan.

PRACTISE ECONOMY.

Why Scrap Your Old Car When we can give it new life at a Minimum Cost.

WE Specialise in all Classes of Repair Work, including reboring, fitting new Sleeves, and pistons, etc., by latest up-to-date methods.

PAINTING & CELLULOSING. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. KEENEST PRICES.

CROTTY'S.

THE REPAIR SPECIALISTS, BRIDGE STREET, DUNGARVAN, & 11, THE MALL, WATERFORD.

NEVER SEEN A DOCTOR.

117 YEARS OLD YUGOSLAVIAN'S BOAST.

Known as the Grand Old Man of Yugoslavia, Jovan Stankovic, has just celebrated his 117th birthday with plum-brandy. He has never seen a doctor, and declares that he never will. He married at 40, and has a son aged 76. His only complaint is that his eyesight is not as good as it was.



DEATH

MARGARET CORCORAN—Daughter of Thomas and Mrs. Corcoran of Bohadon, Dungarvan, died on Saturday, October, 1st, at Bon Secour Home, Cork. Funeral to Kilgobinet cemetery, took place on Sunday, and burial on Monday immediately after Masses for the deceased. Deeply regretted by her sorrowing mother, father, sisters and brothers.—May She rest in peace.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

John, Mrs. Geary and family, Dro-more, Villierstown, wish to return sincere thanks to the many kind friends who sent telegrams and letters of sympathy, on their recent sad bereavement—R.I.P.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

LAND ANNUITIES, ETC. NEGOTIATIONS.

Now that negotiations are to take place between the Irish and British Governments on the question of the Land Annuities, and other disputed payments between the two countries, the general opinion of the country would be that during the progress of the negotiations no action whatever should be taken by any section of the community that would in the slightest way interfere with the march of events. The case of the Annuities on which much hangs for the people of this country is now sub judice; the plenipotentiaries of each country have the matter in hands and in the meantime to enable the issue to be decided in the calmest attitude, all political activities in this regard should be taboo.

The issue has now become a National one. All political parties must be as one to ensure that the very best results are secured and that our country and our people shall have every opportunity to win prosperity in the future. When finality is reached—and we hope a really happy issue will be evolved—the different political parties can go along once more in what they believe to be the best way to make this work-a-day world of ours a place of peace and plenty; a haven of rest and a little bit of Heaven for those awaiting the final call.

WEDDING.

At the Parish Church, Aglish, on September 29th, a pretty wedding was solemnised, the contracting parties being Mr. Nicholas Hayes, Ballinacourty, and Miss Mary A. O'Neill, Graigue, Aglish. The ceremony was performed by Very Rev. John Gleeson, P.P., who also celebrated Nuptial Mass. The wedding breakfast was served at Ocean View Hotel, Clonea, after which the happy pair left on their honeymoon.

DUNGARVAN MARKETS.

Meal (special) 16/6; middiecut 16/-; flour, 15/6; bran 9/-; pollard 9/-; Creamery Butter 1/2d. per lb.; retail; fresh unsalted Butter 8d. per lb.; eggs 1/2 per dozen; white oats 10/- per barrel; black oats 8/- per barrel.

DUNGARVAN FARMERS ANNUAL DANCE.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE. To be held on 9th November, 1932. —J. Treacy, Hon. Sec.

RELIEF OF RATES. CREDIT NOTES.

In our advertising columns to-day, will be found a notice from the Secretary Co. Council, calling on all rate-payers in the County who had paid their first moiety of rates before receiving their Credit Notes to have said Notes returned to him without delay, when their money will be duly forwarded. In the case of those ratepayers who have not paid their rates they can get credit for their notes when paying the rate collectors. Ratepayers are requested to act promptly in this matter as by so doing they will greatly facilitate the work of the County Offices.

GRAIN MIXTURE.

Next week the Order of the Government for the admixture of Home Grown Grain with maize comes into force. The purpose of the order is to enable the farmers to get a price for their corn crops in the home market. Under that Order two stone of black or white oats, barley or rye must be mixed with 18 stone of maize meal, so that the 20 stone bag of mixture will have the correct proportions. As time goes on it is proposed to increase the quantity of home grown grain and reduce the quantity of maize. What the price of the mixture will be is unknown as we write and will take some time to calculate as it will mean much extra work on millers and also the question of the quality and price of oats, barley or rye must be considered. Every school boy knows that there are many degrees of home grown corn on the market and all are not equal in value, and certainly not of equal feeding. All these points must be considered by the millers before the price of the new mixture can be fixed.

WALLPAPER SALE.

The Half-Price Wallpaper Sale at Moloney's created a great sensation. Customers were amazed at the marvellous value. This Sale will be continued for another week in order to clear the remaining thousand pieces. Don't miss it. This is the last chance. Moloney's, Square, and Bridge Street, Dungarvan.

CO. WATERFORD FARMER'S WILL.

Mr. Maurice Doyle, formerly of Piltown House, Youghal, and a well-known member of the Waterford Co. Council in the days gone by, who died in April last, bequeathed £100 each to the St. Vincent de Paul Society, Youghal; Rev. Mother, Presentation Convent, Youghal for food and clothing for the poor children attending the Presentation Convent School; The Trustees of the Maynooth Mission to China; Society of African Missions, Cork; Parish Priest of Youghal for the Propagation of the Roman Catholic Faith; St. Joseph's Young Priests Society, Dublin; Little Sisters of the Poor, Cork; £50 to the Superior of the Augustinian Friars, Dungarvan; £50 to the Lord Abbot Mount Melleray; £100 to the Rev. Mother Presentation Convent, Youghal and £10 each to the Parish Priests and Curates of the Parishes of Youghal and Clashmore, at the time of his death.

BACON PRICES.

At Dungarvan on Thursday the highest price for best quality bacon pigs was 33/- and the prospects look poor at the moment.

BIG JOB VACANT.

The Governor-General of the Free State, having relinquished his post, the job is now vacant. The salary is £10,000 a year and the allowances twice that sum. The duties are not heavy, but are on the contrary very interesting. No particular qualifications are necessary to be a Governor-General beyond that when appointed you must have no politics. There should be keen competition for the vacancy which carries with it the right to live in the Viceregal Lodge, Phoenix Park, Dublin—the finest house in the place. It is anybody's chance as in the Sweep to win it and if you dear reader should be the lucky one, don't forget your friends.

CINEMA NEWS.

On Monday and Tuesday next Oct. 10th and 11th, the local Cinema is presenting a film which for sheer beauty of spectacle and sound is said to provide something sensational in screen fare. The film "The Beggar Student, an adaptation of an old Viennese Operetta, comes direct from one of Dublin's leading theatres, where for some weeks past it has played to delighted audiences. It incorporates all the most attractive features of Musical Comedy—wonderful singing, exquisite music and delightful comedy. The film will be screened on Monday and Tuesday nights at 8.15 and there will be a Special Matinee on Monday at 4 p.m.

ECONOMIC WAR HITS WATERFORD POTT.

SLUMP IN REVENUE. The adverse effect of the British duties on Waterford port revenue was revealed in the report submitted to the Harbour Commissioners by Mr. A. A. Farrell, Sec. and General Manager.

"Whilst trade held good up to the end of May this year," he stated, "I regret to say that owing to world trade depression, which has singularly affected Great Britain, our best market, and the financial relations now prevailing between the Free State and British Governments, there has been a considerable falling off in revenue between the end of May and the end of September in comparison with the previous year. There had been no decrease up to May, but since then revenue has fallen by £1,704 as compared with last year.

"These figures are not encouraging but I submit there is no cause for alarm yet."

Mr. Farrell recalled that during the coal strike in 1926, the port lost over £2,000 revenue.

The total revenue of the port up to Sept. 30th was £24,541, and the estimate for the remaining three months £4,500.

Although the Commissioners had ample funds they could not expect a surplus on the year's working, the report stated.

It was decided to recommend the adoption of the present rates on goods for next year, and to apply to the Minister for Industry and Commerce to continue the 50 p.c. additional rate on ships.

FARMERS DEFENCE LEAGUE CO. WATERFORD.

The Executive Committee of the above wish to inform their members and friends throughout the County, that they are not in any way connected with the Farmers Meeting advertised to be held at the Town Hall, Dungarvan, on Saturday, October 8th.

The Farmers Defence League are allied with the Farmers and Ratepayers League, who are holding their Conference at the Mansion House, Dublin, on October 6th, and are strictly a non-political organisation, whose policy will be published on all Irish Newspapers on Friday, October, 7th.

ED. FLEMING, Secretary

A PUBLIC MEETING OF CO. WATERFORD FARMERS.

Who are awake to their best interests, will be held at TOWN HALL, DUNGARVAN, ON SATURDAY, 8th OCTOBER, ON SATURDAY, 8th OCT., 1932, At 2 p.m.

In view of the false impression created throughout the County as to the attitude of the Co. Waterford farmers in the present crisis, it is desirable that the meeting should be representative of National opinion among the farming Community.

Eat Power's Bread! Noted for its Genuine Quality and Flavour. IT KEEPS FRESH LONGEST. INSTRUCT OUR VANS TO CALL. POWER'S Bakeries, O'Connell Street, Dungarvan.

Dressmaking. WE ARE NOW SHOWING A DELIGHTFUL RANGE OF NEW AUTUMN TWEEDS AND COATINGS, AND LADIES CAN RELY ON GETTING THEIR INDIVIDUAL REQUIREMENTS TAILORED IN OUR WORK-ROOM BY SKILLED WORKERS UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF OUR CUTTER—MISS MASTERTSON. CORRECT STYLES MODERATE PRICES. ASK FOR PATTERNS. W. AND G. HADDEN, LTD., DUNGARVAN.

BATHHOUSE HALL, CAPPOQUIN. ENORMOUS ATTRACTION A GRAND SUPER ALL-TALKIE FILM, ENTITLED: "RIA RAGO". A True Story of the South Seas, produced, photographed and recorded by Two Missionary Priests—Father Peter L. Bell and Father Simon P. Buick, of the Society of the Divine Word. Will be shown in the above Hall, Cappoquin.

ON FRIDAY NIGHT OCTOBER 7th, 1932. Commencing at 8 o'clock (sharp). No one should miss this wonderful Picture, which gives a True and Realistic Insight of the Lives and Customs of the Dusky Natives of the South Seas, in their natural and primitive surroundings.

The Musical Background is written from Motives and Songs of The Natives Admission—2/6; 1/6 and 9d. (standing room only). On Friday afternoon a Grand Matinee will be given at 4 o'clock, when the Full Picture will be shown. Admission—9d. and 4d.

For the Night Entertainment 2/6 seats can be reserved on application to M. J. Sargent, Cappoquin. The Entire Proceeds go to the aid of the South Sea Missions.

NEW HALL, CAPPAGH. A GRAND CINDERELLA DANCE. WILL BE HELD AT THE NEW HALL, CAPPAGH, ON SUNDAY NIGHT, OCTOBER, 9th, 1932. In Aid of the Brickey Rangers F.C. Doors Open 9 p.m. Music By—FLANAGAN Bros. Band. Admission—1/3 (including tax).

G. A. A. Senior Hurling Final, 1932. Erin's Own v. Tallow AT LISMORE, On Sunday Next, 9th October.

CO WATERFORD COMMITTEE OF AGRICULTURE. WHEAT SCHEME 1932—33. The Instructor in Agriculture, has inspected during the growing period about 10 acres of winter wheat and about 8 acres of spring wheat.

At the time of inspection the crops were healthy and likely to produce grain suitable for seed purposes. The Committee accept no responsibility as to the suitability of the seed for sale. Any person desirous of obtaining supplies of seed can have full particulars from the undersigned.

C. COGAN, Instructor in Agriculture. Church Street, Dungarvan. By Order, J. O'DWYER, Secretary, Courthouse, Dungarvan, 8th October, 1932

Fiahavan & Harty, Auctioneers, Valuers and Cattle Salesmen, Dungarvan and Kilmacthomas. Expert Service Guaranteed. Valuations for Probate a Speciality.

WATERFORD CO. COMMITTEE OF AGRICULTURE. POULTRY DEVELOPMENT. The above Committee are now in a position to offer grants under the following heads:—

- (a) A Grant of £2 to each selected applicant, towards the purchase of a Chicken House. (b) A Grant of £5 to each selected applicant towards the cost of erection of a Poultry House, according to the plan approved by the Department.

Applications for the above should be forwarded at the earliest opportunity to the undersigned: J. O'DWYER, Secretary, Courthouse, Dungarvan, 15th Sept., 1932

TO MOTOR CAR OWNERS. TYRES. WE are offering a limited number of Motor Car Tyres at greatly reduced prices, while present Stocks last. EVERY TYRE GUARANTEED FOR ONE YEAR.

OILS. WE carry the largest Stocks of LUBRICATING OILS in the County. All purchased before the recent advance in price. Customers can still buy at old prices. Specially low Prices for 5 GALLON DRUMS, ALL GRADES.

YOU WILL SAVE MONEY BY BUYING FROM US. M. J. KEANE AND CO. MITCHEL STREET & ST. AUGUSTINE ST., DUNGARVAN.

WILLIAM POWER, St. Mary St., Dungarvan. THE HOUSE FOR BEST VALUE.

Boots from our Irish Factories! AT LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES. I INVITE YOU TO CALL AND SEE MY HUGE STOCK.

THIS IS THE TIME TO SECURE YOUR MONEY'S WORTH. AVOID DUTY AND ENCOURAGE IRISH LABOUR!

Breaking all Records! THE SENSATIONAL NEWS OF THE RECORD BREAKING LOW PRICES. At which the choicest Bullock and Maiden Beef, Lamb and Sheep Mutton, are sold at the

NEW VICTUALLER'S SHOP Mitchell St., Dungarvan. Flashed through the hills, valleys and glens of the county and brought crowds along all the roads leading to Dungarvan in quest of the Victualler's Shop which sells the choicest Beef and Mutton at

Prices never before heard of! NATIONAL FOOTBALL LEAGUE. On Sunday October 16th, at the Gaelic Field, Dungarvan, Cork and Waterford, meet in the National League 1932. The game starts at 3 p.m. Mr. P. Whelan, will act as referee.

Our Lovely Autumn Sale of New Goods Now On! Now On! All Departments fully dressed with all the Latest and Newest Goods for Autumn and Early Winter Wear. Lovely Bargains to suit the tastes and requirements of all at irresistible prices. A few Bargains picked here and there out of the hundreds on offer.

HEARNE & CO., Ltd., WATERFORD. WINTER IS HERE! For Children's, Ladies' and Gent's Underwear TRY US! QUALITY TELLS. PHIL WALSH'S, Outfitters, Square, Dungarvan.

NOTICE. We beg to announce to the General Public that we have NOW OPENED A Sack Hiring Department In connection with our Milling Business at Kilmacthomas. We are in a position to supply any quantity of sacks at the shortest notice. We are also buyers of grain at competitive prices.

E. Flahavan & Sons, Millers, Kilmacthomas.

FOR SALE—One Registered Roan Bull Calf, by the famous Bull, Dairy King out of 1,000 gallon cow. Apply The Monastery, Dungarvan. NOTICE—The Lands of Glenmore, Glenbeg, Shanakill, Crussara, and Ballycullane, in our possession, are preserved and poisoned—P. CURRAN, E. MURPHY, P. WALSH, W. WHELAN, E. CURRAN. 16/9/32.

FOR SALE—A Quantity of newly-threshed Oaten Straw; also some well-saved Upland Hay. —MICHAEL HANRAHAN, Ballinacourty. FOR SALE—Excellent White Wyandotte Cockerels, for immediate sale (January and February hatched). All prize winners; also Khaki Campbell Drakes; Aylesbury Drakes and Ducks. Apply—Mrs. O'Brien, Kilrush Cottage, Dungarvan.

FOR SALE—Large quantity of reed on stem. Apply John Tobin, Dumphy, Kilserra, Dungarvan. STRAYED—From Cappoquin Fair, a Border Leicester Ram lamb. Would finder please notify nearest Garda Station.

FOR SALE—LOVELY PULETS—12 Leghorn (April), 3/- each; 24 Light Sussex, (March), 4/- each; 12 R.I.R., (March), 5/- each. All Pure Bred—(Mrs.) Colbert, Crossford, Ardmore, Youghal. STRAYED—From Kilmagabogue, white Heifer. Any informations will be received at Guards Barracks, or by Wm. Tobin, Quarter, Cappoquin.

WANTED—General Servant; one with previous experience preferred. Apply by letter only to Box 99, this Office. BLACK MINORCA COCKERELS—(Hunter's Strain); March Hatched; 6/- each. Apply M. this Office. HOUSEKEEPER or General requires position in Dungarvan or vicinity, best references given. Apply 20 this Office.

FOR SALE—Out Board Motor Engine and Boat, in perfect order. Apply 51 Irishtown, Clonmel. LADY at business (Cork), requires clean trained girl for all duties, small house; plain cooking; 3 adults. 25/- monthly; native speaker; state age and copies of reference. Reply "P" this Office. GRAZIERS—Will be taken by the month on the lands of Lackendarra. Apply Margaret Power. TAKE NOTICE that the Lands of the Cappoquin Estate Company are laid with poison—J. KEANE, Managing Director.



P. MOLLOY & SONS.

SCULPTORS
CALLAN AND DUNGARVAN,
Beg To Announce They
HAVE OPENED A BRANCH YARD
IN JOHN STREET, KILKENNY
AND CAN SUPPLY ALL CLASSES OF
MONUMENTS
IN MARBLE, LIMESTONE AND GRANITE
CELTIC CROSSES A SPECIALITY
Moderate Prices.
DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES FREE.

HAY BARN.

BIG REDUCTIONS IN PRICE OF
HAY BARN FOR 1932.
Galvanised Corrugated Sheets,
B.O.W. Quality.
COWHOUSES ERECTED TO SUIT
ALL FARMS.
By Buying from us you will save from
£20 to £30.
Write for Prices and Specifications.

All Classes of Doors and Frames; also
Window Frames and Sashes made to
order at very reasonable prices.

Best Quality Coffins of Oak, Elm and
Deal Supplied at Shortest Notice.

THOMAS O'MAHONY,
HAY BARN CONTRACTORS,
Bridge Street, Dungarvan.

T. FLYNN & SON,
FAMILY BUTCHERS,
SQUARE, DUNGARVAN.

A Constant Supply of
BEST BEEF AND MUTTON
Kept all the year round.
Also LAMB and VEAL when in season

ONE QUALITY ONLY—THE BEST!
IMPORTANT NOTICE.
We pay the Highest Prices for all
classes of HIDES and SKINS.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.
Note Address—
Corner of MAIN ST. and SQUARE

THOMAS BARRY,
15 Mary Street,
Wish to inform the general public
that he is now carrying on UNDER-
TAKING in all Branches.

Oak, Elm, Pannelled and Plain
Coffins Kept in Stock.

Also Windows, Pannelled Doors,
Caris, Drays, Wheels,
Kept in Stock and made to Order.

Loans Are Now Obtainable

FROM THE
Agricultural Credit Corporation
FOR THE ERECTION OF
**ALL-STEEL
HAY AND
STRAW
BARN.**
Estimates with Terms of Repayment
supplied Free of Charge.

A. & J. MAIN & CO., LTD.,
11 LEINSTER STREET, DUBLIN.

District Representative:
JOHN McGRATH,
KILCLOGHER, CAPPAGH.

EMIGRATION.

Passengers Booked
on all Lines to all
Parts of the World.

P. EVANS.

Mary St., Dungarvan.
Telegrams: "Evans, Dungarvan"
Phone—20.

Important Announcement.

JAMES KIELY,
COACHBUILDER AND FUNERAL
UNDERTAKER.

OAK, ELM AND DEAL COFFINS
KEPT IN STOCK AND SUPPLIED
AT SHORTEST NOTICE.

COACH PAINTING AND ALL
CLASSES OF REPAIRS PROMPTLY
AND NEATLY CARRIED OUT.

GIVE US A CALL BEFORE GOING
ELSEWHERE.

Please Note Address—
JAMES KIELY,
Fair Lane, DUNGARVAN.

CAPPOQUIN NOTES.

**A DISTINGUISHED
DUNGARVAN MAN.**

We are indebted to Mr. R. J. Collender, ex-N.T., Cappoquin, for the following interesting sketch of the career of a brilliant Dungarvan man, Mr. Maurice J. McCarthy, who now resides in Hollywood, the home of the "Film Stars."

He was Democratic Candidate for California in the United States Senate Election held on August 30th, and the following is a copy of the Election Address issued on his behalf by the Democratic Campaign Committee, which should prove of great interest to the people of Dungarvan, where we understand some of his relatives are still living.

"Maurice J. McCarthy, Ph.D., Democratic Candidate for United States Senate, State of California, was born in Dungarvan, Co. Waterford, Ireland, the son of Charles McCarthy, a well-known dry-goods merchant of that town, and Mary Collender (Brunswick-Balke-Collender) McCarthy.

"He came to this country at the age of 10 years and was educated at La Salle Academy, New York City, and at St. Francis Xavier College, where he received his A.B. and A.M. degrees, and took a post-graduate course at Fordham, New York City, where he received his Ph.D. degree.

"He taught in the Public High Schools of the city of New York graduated from the New York Law School, and was admitted to the Bar of the State of New York, practising law in New York City for 20 years.

"Dr. McCarthy was formerly Director of Athletics at Fordham University a veteran of the 7th Regiment of New York City, and a member of the Westpoint Athletic Association, and St. Francis Xavier and Fordham Alumni Associations. During his College days he was well-known for his activities in Football, Baseball and Track Athletics. He took an active interest in civic affairs and organised in the city of New York the Red Cross, Salvation Army, Victory and Liberty Loan Drives, Jewish Memorial Hospital Drive, and was Southern States Director for the American Committee for Charity Relief in Ireland.

"He worked ardently in New York for proper compensation for the city Teachers, and represented the Public School Teachers in Albany, N.Y., obtaining the passage of the Lockwood-Donohue Bill, which increased the salaries of the Public School Teachers by thirty-one million dollars, while he also organised the United Parents' Association.

"Dr. McCarthy was admitted to the Bar of the State of California in 1923, and is now a member of the Los Angeles, Hollywood and American Bar Associations. He is Chairman of the Progressive Democracy, Los Angeles County, a member of the Jobathan Club, the Cosmopolitan Dinner Club, and the Hollywood Democratic Club.

"Since coming to California he has taken an active interest in the Community Chest Campaign and other Civic Organisations.

"He is a resident of the Roosevelt Hotel, and his law offices are located in the Guaranty Buildings, Hollywood.

"Vote for the Democratic ticket. Don't allow the International Bankers to own our country and bankrupt our people.

"Vote for Maurice J. McCarthy, Lawyer, Educator, Lecturer, and Organizer, for N.S. Senator at Primary Election, August, 30th this year. ("Signed" Campaign Committee.)

Mr. McCarthy's election programme contained the following points:—Repeal of the 18th Amendment (Prohibition Act), which has cost America 18 Billion Dollars in Taxes and Expenses; Unemployment Relief; Relief for Farmers; Payment of European Debts and opposition to World Court and League of Nations, etc.

We have not heard the result of the election yet, but it would be a great pity if Dr. McCarthy were not returned to the Senate because a gentleman of his wide experience and high qualifications would be not only an ornament, but a tower of strength, to any elected public body in the world.

GOOD-BYE SUMMER.

The reversion to Old Time on last Sunday must have proved a grim reminder to all that not only has Summer-time, but Summer itself, now become only another milestone which we have passed on our journey towards the grave. The transition from Summer to Winter is never an alluring prospect to consider, even under the most favourable conditions, but how much less cheerful must it be this year when we are facing the rigours of winter under conditions of depression almost unparalleled within the last 100 years. With general stagnation in trade, fairs and markets ruined, and a scarcity of money almost everywhere, long faces and empty pockets are the order of the day, and those who can look forward with complacency to the immediate future must be super-optimists, indeed. However, we have often been told that "the darkest cloud has a silver lining," and we sincerely hope that the silver lining may soon be visible and that an era of prosperity and contentment may shortly dawn for all.

Looking back over the past Summer, we must say that it was an unusually interesting and enjoyable period for the people of Cappoquin. We had no less than three successful Sports Meetings here, several interesting hurling and football matches, while the Cricket Club had a remarkably busy and successful season, winning no less than seven matches out of the

eleven engagements which they fulfilled. Some of those matches provided very pleasant outings for the members and the delightful motor spins enjoyed through the rugged grandeur of the lofty Knockmealdown mountains, past the famous 'Bay Lough,' and over the smiling and fertile plains of Tipperary, on the way to Cahir; the almost equally enjoyable trips to Waterford, Bultevant, Lismore, and other Cricket centres have left nothing but sweet and happy memories for all of us, memories that must endure through the misty corridors of time.

gone now are those happy days; the immaculate white flannels of the cricket field have been neatly folded and laid to rest for the present; the bats and wickets which provided such rare sport during the long, sunlit Summer evenings have been carefully oiled and stowed away by the painstaking "Jigger," and the more robust game of Rugby Football is now being played over the Cricket ground at Kiltree.

We understand that an enjoyable dance in aid of the Cricket Club will be held in the Boathouse Hall on an early date to formally wind up the season, while a similar function will be held by the Rugby Football Club later on, full particulars of which will appear in due course. Indoor dancing must in future prove a more expensive form of entertainment than previously, by reason of the heavy new duties imposed by the Free State Government, and which came into effect on October 1st.

Under this new scale an admission ticket to a dance costing from 2/- to 3/- will now be subject to a tax of 9d.; from 3/- to 4/-, a tax of 1/-, and so on, in proportion, so that Hunt Dances and other events of the kind held in aid of Clubs, etc., will cease to be profitable undertakings in future, and we shall not be surprised if we see the once-popular "Cross-Road Dances" being revived again, for the young boys and girls must find some means of enjoying themselves after a hard week's work.

GAELIC GAMES.

An interesting Football match for the minor Championship of the Western Division was to have been played here on next Sunday between Dungarvan and Ballinacree, but owing to the more important match for the Senior Hurling Final for the Co. Waterford to be played in Lismore on that date between Erin's Own, Waterford, and Tallow, it has been postponed to a later date.

It is not improbable that the final for "The Daly Cup Tournament" will also be played on the same day as the above minor match, as the local gaelers are most anxious to get this Tournament finished on the earliest possible date in order to start a fresh Tournament for a beautiful Cup which is being generously presented by Mr. M. J. Sargent, Cappoquin.

CLOSE OF ROD-FISHING SEASON.

The rod-fishing season on the river Blackwater, which closed at midnight on Friday, September, 30th, has not proved as successful as in previous years, as with the exception of a few local anglers, most of the others found trout very scarce this year. The imposition of a licence duty of 5/- per year on all trout anglers, by the Lismore Estates Co., for the first time this year, proved extremely unpopular in view of the fact that this class of fishing was always allowed free in the past, with the result that several well-known anglers in Cappoquin refused on principle, to pay this amount, so that where we had dozens of anglers up to last year, we had only about a half dozen this season, and some of these, we regret to say, got only a very poor return for their five "bob." Of course they got "flukes" in plenty, but any Billiards player can get them!

"ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT."

Although we are promised that a bye-election to fill the vacancy caused by Capt. Redmond's death, will be held for the Co. Waterford next month things politically are, so far, unusually quiet in the Western end of the County, which suggests the above appropriate heading. It is true that Professor Hayes, ex-Speaker of the Dail, Mr. John Kiersey, T.D., and other prominent members of the Cumann na nGaedheal Party, addressed important meetings in Dungarvan, Lismore and Cappoquin over a month ago, but since then there has been "nothing doing," outwardly at any rate, so that we must assume the present period of quiescence only resembles the calm which precedes the storm, as we have always known it to be a case of "The West's Awake" whenever an election has been fought in the Co. Waterford in the past.

FOOT AND MOUTH DISEASE IN ENGLAND.

The Free State Department of Agriculture have been officially informed by the British Ministry of Agriculture that an outbreak of foot and mouth disease has been confirmed at Combe Martin, Devon. The usual precautions have been taken by the British Ministry to prevent the spread of the disease, and the Ministry has made an order with immediate effect prohibiting the movement of animals over a large area surrounding the infected place.

Husband: When my wife asked me for the money for a divorce, I told her she could pay for her own fun.

HILL'S BUTTER SEED LOAVES ARE MARVELLOUS VALUE.

Hints on Milking.

Treatment And Temperament.

In the manipulation of the cow's udder the great principles to be borne in mind are the sensitiveness of the cow's nature, the delicacy of the organ and the necessity of treatment widely differing from the natural action of the sucking calf. The notion that we must on every occasion imitate Nature as closely as possible is, in this case, and in many other cases, a very much mistaken one. Allowing the calf to suck, or imitating in any degree with the hand its "bobbing" or plunging with the head, is altogether wrong, if we want the deepest milkers. That system will retard development.

In Nature there are no deep milkers, and the more we stick to natural or quasi-natural means, the slower will be the process of improvement upon Nature. The udder must be handled with the greatest delicacy, and when the cow is in milk must be clean emptied at intervals. To drain it to the last drop no violence must be used, no disturbance or discomfort to the cow permitted.

The skilful management of the udder is mostly mechanical, and learned by long and intelligent practice, but there is more than that. There is something also in the manager's power of expressing kindness by the touch of the hand and the tones of the voice, and this is intuitive. Children are quick to discover genuine friendliness towards them, and to resent feigned approaches. Animals are not always without somewhat of a similar instinct. At least they are commonly amenable to superficial kindness, whether they can or cannot detect the spurious. It is very difficult, however, to the man of sour temperament to constantly maintain false appearances. Even a cow will lose confidence in him.

Milking power is intimately connected with the nervous organisation of the animal, and we are becoming more and more assured that the mental state of the cow has much to do with her milk yield. A certain amount of nervous power is necessary, and a phlegmatic animal cannot be a first-rate milker. Too much nervousness, of course, objectionable, and a fidgety cow is a nuisance, while the ruffling of her temper produces the phenomenon known as "holding up the milk"; but there is a medium which is desirable, and an active and intelligent animal, if properly and kindly treated, will, on the average, be the better milker. The material out of which the milk is made is stored up in the cells and tissues of the udder, and when the milking starts this material immediately begins to discharge into the ducts of the udder as milk. If the cow is frightened or irritated the reflex action of the nerves involuntarily causes the tissues to cease secreting the milk, and she does not "let it down," while if bad treatment is persisted in she will soon go dry altogether.

The style of milking has much to do with the milk yield. The tugging system of extracting the milk, which looks like drawing it down from the horns, is very objectionable, the squeezing style being far more desirable. By this latter method the teats are not chafed or injured if they are sore or chapped, the animal is not rendered irritable and fidgety from the pain, and consequently there is a greater milk yield. As just noted, the milking should be done quickly, as it has been found that this stimulates the flow and even increases the richness of the milk. The udder should be clean stripped out; any milk left in it tends to prevent the formation of the next lot. Indeed, putting a cow dry consists in simply not milking her (unless she becomes distressed with a distended milk-bag, combined with dry rations, and little of them.

The operation of milking is one of the most critical on the farm, and much of the success of a dairy depends on getting it done in a proper manner.

CATTLE TRADE.

BOUNTY ON EXPORTS.

As from October 5 a bounty will be paid on all cattle exported from the Saorstát, either through the ports or over the Border into Northern Ireland.

Intimation of the Government's dramatic decision was conveyed in the following official statement issued from Government Buildings:—

"In order to help the industry the Government have decided to give an export bounty on cattle. The bounty will apply to all cattle exported on and after Wednesday, October 5th.

"The bounty will be 12s. per cent. on the declared value of cattle leaving Saorstát ports, and 40 per cent. on the declared value of cattle crossing the land frontier.

"The bounty will be paid direct to the exporter as soon as he complies with regulations which will be issued by the Department of Agriculture."

"This is the third bounty granted by the Government, the previous ones being on butter and bacon.

RESOLUTION REJECTED.

Waterford Co. Committee of Agriculture's resolution calling on the Government to restore the British market for cattle and produce was rejected by Leitrim Co. Committee.

Mr. Reilly—We should condemn that resolution, as it is not in keeping with the views of the farmers of this county, as steps have been taken by the Government to safeguard our interests.

Mr. Creamer—They want the farmers to induce the Government to lie down under the feet of the British.

October 10th.

SEE OUR WINDOWS.

Special Display of Irish Manufactured Goods.

We have a charming variety of Ladies' Coats, Jump rs, Blouses, Underclothing, Hosiery and Shoes.

In Men's Wear we have a wonderful selection of Irish Suitings, Serges, Tweed and Waterproof Overcoats, and everything for Men's Outfitting

For the Household our stocks of Irish Blankets, Eiderdowns, Quilts, Table Cloths, Pillow and Bolster Cases, show great reductions in prices.

MULCAHY'S, DUNGARVAN.

THE MEMORY OF DOGS.

SCIENTISTS AND THE PLAIN MAN.

(By "PHILOKON.")

PERHAPS scientists and the plain man may be at variance about the meaning of terms, and for this reason one is careful how he ventures to differ from the pundits. For all that I must confess to being bewildered sometimes on reading the views of psychologists upon the behaviour of animals. At the British Association meetings one gentleman declared we could not justify the belief that dogs, cats, horses or canaries had any degree of character and intelligence. "Bodily habits were not proofs of remembrance, and there was no clear evidence that animals had memory in any mental sense. The dog that jumped all over its returning master might not recognise him at all.

If you tell me that my dog cannot reason in the sense that he is unable to utilise the fruits of experience as we do and cannot use symbols I am not going to differ from you, but when he gives me an effusive welcome after an absence of several weeks nothing will convince me that he has not recognised me and is delighted at my return. The fact that he takes no notice of strangers, unless it is to bark at them, while he greets my friends with a cordiality that cannot be misunderstood, surely implies that there is recognition. It is not more than a "conditional reflex."

My dog associates certain names with the people who bear them. If I say "there is Mr Blank" as this gentleman approaches, he pricks his ears, gazes intently and draws up cautiously until his nose assures him that it is really the person I mentioned. He knows the names of about a dozen people. On our holidays we called on our daughter who was staying a few miles away. When we told him that we were going to see her he tested a number of girls with his nose until he came to her. Then he showed his pleasure at the meeting. Several days afterwards the visit was repeated. First we passed some courts where we had looked on at a tennis tournament. Having turned in there and found no one he knew he ran on in advance to the house in which our daughter was living for the time. Surely these acts were prompted by exercise of his memory.

Dogs must recognise places as well as persons; otherwise, how is it they find their way about as they do? Can this faculty be simply a "bodily habit"? Dogs, of course, are creatures of habit. They may be taught how to do certain things by constant repetition; if fed with regularity they are aware of the hour a meal is due, but their intelligence is not limited to what they have learned by rote. Time after time on going for a walk that I have traversed once before I have hesitated at a turning and left it to the dog to take the right way, trusting to his memory rather than my own.

Possibly scientists, in studying the canine mind, fail to allow for a sense dogs possess that has largely fallen into desuetude with human beings—I mean that of scent, which stimulates their memory as sight does ours. What enables them to distinguish familiar scents, of persons and objects, from others? Can it be anything but memory? Their hearing, too, is very acute. They can tell the difference between the steps of friends and strangers, and I have heard of several that know the sound of their master's motor.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL REMOVED FROM OFFICE.

A sensational development took place on Monday, involving the Governor-General, Mr. James McNeill, who has "relinquished" his office. Further dramatic moves are hinted at. The Department of External Affairs, Dublin, issued the following statement Monday afternoon:—

In accordance with the advice tendered to his Majesty by the President of the Executive Council, the King has approved of Mr. James McNeill relinquishing office as Governor-General of the Irish Free State.

The same statement was issued in London by Mr. J. W. Dulanty, the High Commissioner.

The actual position was, that the Governor-General "had been removed from office by King George on the advice of President de Valera." Mr. McNeill, it was pointed out, "certainly did not resign."

The Governor-General, who left Dublin on Saturday, was received by King George at Buckingham Palace on Monday morning, and subsequently had lunch with the King and Queen.

The sensational removal of the Governor-General from office comes quickly after the speech made by Mr. P. J. Ruttledge, Minister for Lands and Fisheries, at Ballinrobe, in which he said: "A few things are going to take place next week that will show pretty definitely that we are a Republican Government."

It will be remembered that Mr. McNeill was involved in a direct clash with the Government in July last, when he issued, for publication copies of correspondence which had passed between himself and the President. In taking the course he did Mr. McNeill acted against the advice of President de Valera.

Mr. McNeill complained of the actions of the Government and individual Ministers concerning him, and, in one of his letters to the President said:—

"I do not think that I should resign my office because other office-holders think I am a suitable target for ill-considered, bad manners. I know that you have a majority in the Dail. I know that you can have me removed."

TREATMENT OF CATHOLICS.

THE POPE'S PROTEST.

A new encyclical has been issued by the Pope on the distressing religious conditions in Mexico, with special reference to the persecution to which Roman Catholics are subjected, notwithstanding the "modus vivendi" which was intended to assure them peace and liberty.

The encyclical publishes a resume of the events of the last few years, recalling the resumption of such persecutions as the prohibition of religious teaching in the schools and the ridiculous limitation of the number of priests, and emphasises the resemblance of the treatment meted out to Catholics with that obtaining in Soviet Russia.

After strongly protesting against these occurrences, the encyclical gives instructions to the clergy and the faithful, insisting above all, that the priests should demand the right to carry out their religious duties. The encyclical ends with an exhortation to Mexican Catholics, urging them to show a spirit of union and charity, to obey their bishops and finally to organise and develop Catholic Action.



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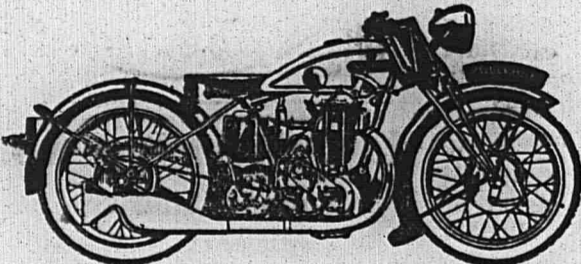
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Guaranteed Tyres from 2/- to 9/- each. Guaranteed Tubes from 10d. to 2/9 each. Front Wheel complete 4/-. Rear Wheel complete 4/8. Dunlop Front Wheel complete, 4/8. Dunlop Rear Wheel, complete 5/-. Dunlop Chromium-plated Front Wheel complete with extra heavy spokes and Brampton hub, 6/-. Dunlop Chromium-plated Rear Wheel complete with extra heavy spokes and Brampton hub, 6/9. Free Wheel 1/8. Phillips Free Wheel 1/10. Hercules Free Wheel 2/3. Perry, Brampton, and Coventry Free Wheels, 2/6 each. Chain 1/6. Union Chain 1/10. Coventry Chain 2/3. Perry Chain 2/6. Renold Chain 2/9 Ladies Pedals from 1/6 to 2/- per pair. Gents Pedals 1/4 inch from 2/- to 2/6 per pair. Extra heavy Axle Carrier 1/4. Mudguards from 9d. to 2/- pair. Phillips Front Brake complete 1/8. Phillips Rear Brake complete 2/6. Handle-grips 4d. pair. Blumel Handle-grips 6d. pair. Rubber Handle-grips extra long 1/- pair. Dunlop Blumel and Dover Pumps from 1/- to 2/- each. Repair Outfits 3d. Long Outfits 5d. Saddle Covers 1/-. Elastic Saddle Cover 1/4. Waterproof Saddle Cover 1/10. Handle Bars complete with brakes from 3/- to 5/-. Saddles from 3/6 to 12/- B90.

WE ALSO STOCK ACCESSORIES FOR RUDGE AND RALEIGH CYCLES. POST PAID ON ORDERS FROM 2/6.
CATALOGUES AND EASY PAYMENT FORMS FREE ON REQUEST.

PLEASE NOTE THAT THE ABOVE-NAMED CYCLES CANNOT BE SOLD BY ANY OTHER DEALER IN THIS TOWN. I AM THE ONLY AGENT FOR THESE HIGH GRADES.

FITZGERALD FOR BIKES.
DUNGARVAN

YOUGHAL URBAN COUNCIL.

Present—Mr. J. R. Smyth, P.C., Chairman; Capt. P. Dunne, Messrs. T. Murphy, T. Harrington, D. J. Linehan, P. J. McMahon, P.C.; T. Beausang, E. P. Lynch, Vice-Chairman; W. J. Broderick, T.D.

Gaelic League.
A letter was read from the Hon. Sec., Youghal Gaelic League, applying for the use of the Town Hall for weekly Ceilidhes and lectures. Those functions which were of National and Educational value would be held on Tuesday nights. As the funds of the Branch were limited and as its existence depended on the voluntary co-operation of Gaels they trusted the Council would accede to their request and thus help them in the achievement of their ideals—the restoration of their national characteristics.

The application was granted unanimously.
That Coat!
A letter was read from Mr. C. T. F. Russell, solr., Cork, stating that Miss Donovan was prepared without prejudice to accept the £1 offered by the Council for compensation for the damage to her coat provided 10/- were added towards the costs to which she was put by the Council's action.

Mr. McMahon—£1 is the outside limit.

It was unanimously decided to adhere to their offer of £1.

Capt. Dunne—Must we return the coat? (Laughter).

The Clerk—Oh, you must.

Mr. McMahon—What good would it be to us?

Mr. Harrington—As a souvenir (laughter).

Some discussion having taken place on the proposed housing sites at Adam's Row, a Committee was appointed to visit the place with the Town Surveyor and report to the Council.

The Clerk said there was a notice of motion in Mr. Dennehy's name that any cases of milk reported dirty by the Veterinary Inspector be handed over to their Solicitor for prosecution.

Mr. Murphy suggested its adjournment, as Mr. Dennehy was probably prevented from attending by the weather.

Mr. McMahon—It will die a natural death.

Mr. Beausang—I move that we move it out of order.

Mr. Linehan differed with Mr. Beausang. If they were to ignore their Inspector's reports, they might as well scrap the whole thing. He moved the notice of motion.

Capt. Dunne seconded.

Mr. Beausang moved that the Council deal with each case on its merits before bringing in the Law Adviser.

Mr. Lynch seconded.

Mr. Linehan said there were several cases of dirty milk reported, but no action was taken. If that were to continue he would propose that they do away with the milk test altogether.

On a poll, the proposition was defeated by 6 to 2. The proposer and seconder only voting for it.

Capt. Dunne—There will never be a prosecution.

Mr. Lynch said Capt. Dunne's remark was very unfair. There was never any excess of water found.

Mr. Linehan—There is another Department looking after that.

Capt. Dunne—It is dirty milk we object to.

A letter was read from the Hon. Sec., British Legion, applying for a free site for the erection of a number of houses for the ex-service men.

Mr. Harrington said the intention was to erect four houses at first, to be followed later by others. They would be four-roomed, and the rent 3/- weekly. He proposed that they grant the application.

Mr. Lynch seconded.

Mr. McMahon—If there is room.

The Clerk said they should first await definite information regarding the other scheme. There was plenty of room.

Mr. Lynch said they should not be allowed to interfere with the use of the Fair Field.

The Clerk said that he had written to Mr. Bowen, Co. Surveyor, Waterford, inquiring if he could let them have the use of a steamroller for the scheme in hands and he had agreed to do so under favourable terms.

Mr. McMahon said in the circumstances they had reason to be grateful to Mr. Bowen.

The Clerk said he had already conveyed the Council's thanks. They hadn't yet succeeded in securing a "scarifier."

Mr. McMahon—If we don't start shortly, we'll all be "scarified" (laughter).

German Coal.

The Gas Manager reported, that after consultation with the Chairman, Town Clerk, and some members of the Council, it was decided to order a cargo of German screen coal at 23s. c.i.f. Youghal.

Mr. Lynch—I thought you had an alternative, and that you would not burn German coal. This is a big change since this night week.

Mr. McMahon—Your proposition wasn't seconded at all.

Mr. Lynch—You changed quickly. The £140 difference woke some of you up. You see I had the right end of the stick, although I hadn't a seconder.

The Chairman—There's no good talking about it now.

HILL'S CONFECTIONERY IS SECOND TO NONE IN QUALITY AND SIZE.

GAELIC ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.

INTER-COUNTY REPLAY AT YOUGHAL.
CORK V. KILKENNY.

Despite inclement weather and various counter-attractions, representatives of the above counties met at Youghal on Sunday week, and drew a fine crowd. About a month ago they met and after a sterling exhibition Kilkenny forced a draw. The Northerners were represented by Carrickshock selected and the redoubtable Redmons did luty for the home county. A slippery pitch militated against play, but a sternly contested initial period saw the teams level. On the change over Kilkenny took charge of the game and ran out winners by a comfortable margin. Prior to the big game, a well-contested camogie match between Waterford (Clashmore) and Cork (Youghal), was won by the former with one goal one point (both scored by Miss May Cunningham) to nil. Shortly after the hour set for the start, the North Abbey Fife and Drum Band played the teams on to the pitch and players and spectators stood to attention while the Band rendered the National Anthem. Mr. J. Whelan, Youghal, then set the game in progress.

Cork won the spin of the coin and played with a strong wind in their favour. The visitors took possession Farrel placing well, but the home custodian effected a timely clearance. Following the delivery Cork transferred play to the other end, but an over resulted. The Kilkenny goalie was temporarily put out, and on resuming Cork again forced matters, but McBride in goal effected some splendid saves. Cork were taking the utmost advantage of the wind and McCarthy opened the scoring with a minor from a long way out. Kilkenny broke away, but were met with a fine defence, but keeping up a strong attack Kilkenny went ahead with a goal. Fast play ensued, McBride being well-tested, till eventually, Hegarty beat him with a stinging drive. Play waxed warm and the spectators gave vent to their appreciation by vigorous encouragement to both teams. Kilkenny were fighting hard, but the play was held up temporarily through an injury to Coughlan. The Cork goalie saved a dangerous shot at the expense of a "70" which was taken by Doyle, but sent over. Mullaley figured prominently in saving a strong attack. The home defence were called upon again and again and a long shot by O'Keeffe saw Reid raise the green flag for Cork. Kilkenny succeeded in reducing Cork's lead to a point and just before the interval Farrel equalized for the visitors, leaving the half-time score:—

CORK—2 goals 2 points.

KILKENNY—2 goals 2 points.

Resuming, Cork opened the offensive, testing McBride who responded and cleared to the wing where R. Walsh secured possession and shot a very fine minor. Following the delivery, Kilkenny attacked, but sent wide. Again taking the offensive, Kilkenny forged ahead with a major per Fitzpatrick. Lewis replied for Cork with a minor. Kilkenny now played in fine fashion. Rain fell heavily at this stage, interfering with play and making matters unpleasant for players and spectators alike. Towards the close Kilkenny had the best of the play, and combining well shot major after major. When the full whistle went they were comfortable winners on the score:—

KILKENNY—7 goals 3 points.

CORK—2 goals 4 points.

The teams were:—

Kilkenny—J. Walsh, (Capt); J. McBride (goal); D. Treacy, G. Darmondy, J. Phelan, E. Doyle, T. Dalton, P. Kelly, J. Farrell, J. Fitzpatrick, J. Duggan, M. Drennan, J. Dalton, J. Darmondy, T. Walsh.

Cork—D. O'Keeffe, (Capt); J. Long, J. Seymour, (goal); M. Mullaley, P. Lyons, M. Coughlan, C. Kennally, D. Hegarty, T. O'Leary, P. Reid, T. McCarthy, R. Walsh, R. Lott, M. Lewis, P. O'Connell.

I.R.A. POSITION OUTLINED.

In a lecture on "Irish Republicanism," in Sligo Town Hall, Mr. Frank Ryan (Dublin), referring to the attitude of the I.R.A. towards the present situation and its future intentions, said its aim was to uphold and guard the sovereignty of the Republic of Ireland, to promote the best mental and physical characteristics of the race, and to help in the revival of the Irish language as the everyday language of the people.

It would be asked what did the I.R.A. think of the abolition of the Oath and the retention of the land annuities. The I.R.A., he said, welcomed every step that led to the lessening of England's hold upon Ireland, but the Irish Republican struggle was not a struggle for the abolition of oaths or the retention of annuities. It was a struggle to establish a united Republic for the whole of Ireland, and until that was achieved the I.R.A., he said, could not let down their arms.

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We are offering Binders, Mowers and Reapers, Hay Rakes, Hay Carts, Swarth Turners, Drill Cleaners, Potato Diggers, etc., all duty free, and as we had an immense stock of fittings over from last season, we are in a position to offer most fittings at last year's prices. Binder Twine will be sold duty free to early buyers.

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Over 400 of all leading makes of Cycles stocked, New Hudson, Rudge-Whitworth, Coventry Three Spires, Osmonds made by the Ganes Co. Armstrong, Wearwell, Swift, Regal. I can also supply you with a cheap machine for £3 7s. 6d., fitted with all the best of British material, fully guaranteed. Deferred payments 5/- per month 2 1/2 per cent. off for cash. Old bicycles taken in part payment for new Machines.

All Tyres reduced in price—Dunlop tyres from 3/6 to 10/6; tubes from 1/6 to 3/-; John Bull Tyres 3/6 to 10/6 Foreign Tyres 1/6 to 5/-; Tubes 9d. to 1/6; Dunlop wheels 10/6 per pair; Foreign wheels 8/6 per pair; Freewheels from 1/3 to 3/3; Chains 1/3 to 3/3; mudguards 10d., to 2/6 per pair; Pedals from 1/8 to 2/6; Brakes 2/- to 3/- per pair; Chain wheels and Cranks 2/6 to 3/6; handle bars 4/6 to 6/6; Saddles from 2/6 to £1; Saddle covers from 9d. to 2/3. Catalogues and Easy Payments Forms on request.

New Hudson Motor Cycles on the premises. All sizes of Motor Cycle Covers and Tubes stocked. A large stock of Prams and Folding Cars to suit all. Easy Payment terms also arranged. Gramophones and Records stocked and repaired. All repairs carried out by experienced mechanics, and guaranteed. Come and inspect my Stock then you will be convinced that my Prices cannot be beaten.

I also stock a large selection of Fishing Tackle, including—Rods, Reels, Lines, Gut Casting Lines, Flies, Stewart Tackle, Bait Hooks, from Hardy Bros., the leading Angling authorities in the world.

IN TIMES OF DEPRESSION

NEVER YIELD TO DESPAIR.

There is plenty of business to be done if you look around,

And should you be unable to track it down, all you have to do is to

ADVERTISE your Goods in the "OBSERVER"

AND THE RESULTS WILL ASTONISH YOU.

Call or Write for Quotations and make Bad Times Good.

Farmers' Land Annuities.

"NO LIABILITY" RESOLUTION.

A large meeting of County Dublin farmers at the Mansion House, Dublin, passed a resolution that it was satisfied that there is no liability on farmers to pay land annuities, rates, or rent, as these are being paid through the medium of tariffs.

The resolution also expressed the opinion,

That the Government and county council be supplied with a list of farmers who are prepared to test in the courts the validity of the claims for annuities and rates now being made and invite the Government and county councils to take legal proceedings against those farmers in test cases; and

That the Government be requested to pay all farm rents, leasehold rents, and all local rates on agricultural land.

Mr. J. J. Rooney, Lusk, presided, and said that the object of the meeting was to form a farmers and rate-payers' league for the county. The main objects of the league were:—

(1) To promote the interests of agriculture and to give farmers the power they ought to have in moulding the policy of the Government.

(2) To restore and develop overseas markets while building up the Home market by attracting capital into the country.

(3) To get rid of bitter memories of civil war and to promote good feeling among all classes, and

(4) To discourage a brawling attitude to other countries and obtain a fair and honourable settlement of the present dispute affecting the export trade.

Mr. Rooney said the league had made rapid progress throughout the Free State, and delegates from all the Free State counties would attend one of the most representative conventions ever held in Dublin next Thursday.

Mr. Patrick Bolton, proposing the resolution, said he was not asking for a stand against the payment of land annuities.

"We have paid the land annuities already, and we should not be asked to pay them again," he said.

The annuities have been taken from us through the medium of tariffs by the devaluation of our stock by 20 per cent.

England is collecting a total of £8,000,000 from the duties, and our liability for land annuities is only £3,000,000. We are paying them twice over.

"Our Government has raised more

than £2,000,000 by ordinary taxation to pay the pensions and local loans accounts with England, and that money is in the Exchequer.

"That sum should be transferred to the credit of the farmers in the shape of relief on their rates and rent and their annuities under the 1923 Act.

"The Government claims that we should pay our annuities, rents, and rates again after paying them through the British taxes.

"It is too preposterous to be taken seriously. I do not want to shirk legal liability, but I refuse to meet my liabilities more than once.

"We have lost all of our income, and to meet our obligations we have to go into our capital."

Captain Daly seconded, and said the farmers had been left on their beam ends.

"If it goes on much longer we are ruined," he said.

"We are losing trade every day in England, and other countries are fighting for it, while we kick it aside. Are we going to be ruined and bankrupted for the sake of a man who knows as much about farming as I know about making a watch?"

Mr. Frank McDermott, the Independent deputy for Roscommon, moved an alternative resolution—"That we condemn the injustice of making the farmers pay the land annuities twice or more and of placing the whole burden of the economic war on their shoulders, and that we call on the Government to apply the emergency fund immediately for the farmers' relief."

Mr. McDermott said it was inadvisable for a public meeting to express a legal opinion in a resolution.

"The Government have created an emergency fund which is supposed to be for the relief of casualties in the economic war," he said. "It was said to be for the benefit of the men in the front-line trenches.

"We are the men in the front-line trenches, and we should call on the Government to apply that fund for our relief."

Mr. McDermott's amendment was defeated, and the resolution was carried.

DENMARK CLEARING OUT POOR CATTLE.

During the next six weeks between 12,000 and 14,000 head of cattle in Denmark will be destroyed with a view to improving the stock and bettering market conditions. All the cattle destroyed will be either aged or of poor quality. Breeders will be compensated according to weight, but the average price being about 36 kroner (£2 1/2 par). The carcasses will be used for the production of bone and meat meal.



The Sweep Draw.

MIXING THE TICKETS.

THE SEASON OF HOPE.

This is the season of hope. If you are lucky your ticket in the Hospitals Sweep may win you a fortune one of those days or who knows but you may be invited to act as Governor-General and draw your £40,000 salary and £20,000 odd for expenses. It is all luck pure and simple. Beyond that no one can go without telling a lie.

All arrangements for the great mix up of the Sweep Tickets on the 'Zaritch' race in the Plaza Theatre were carried out on Tuesday with great ceremony and artistic setting. The boxes containing the counterfoils were decorated in blue, yellow and red, and were accompanied by picturesquely attired young ladies.

The "Queens," in white satin robes, with gold and silver brocade and golden circlets around their brows, made a strikingly pretty tableau grouped against the vivid reds and blues of the boxes.

"Leprecauns" in green and rust stockingette, and "warriors" in orange tunics with wine-coloured cloaks, tunics of royal blue with scarlet cloaks and scarlet tunics with cloaks of royal blue, mustered in front of the vehicle.

Photographers and cinematographers took pictures of the scene. At a signal the "warriors" raised their spears and gave three cheers, and then without more ado, the business of carrying the boxes into the Plaza was proceeded with, the "Leprecauns" taking the first dozen or so.

In the great ballroom of the Plaza uniformed men attendants loaded the boxes of counterfoils on to the two railway tracks which encircle the heavily-gilded mixing machines. Upright in the sides of the boxes they planted tall silver-tipped spears with shafts of bright colours.

When all was ready the 224 girls demonstrated the efficiency of their drill. Marching into the mixing enclosure with military precision, they took up their positions swiftly and smoothly.

A long pause followed while the camera-men recorded the scene. Then Capt. Freeman ascended the high seat in the centre of the arena, cast a keen eye over all the arrangements, and sounded a whistle. The girls and the men attendants became silent and alert.

"About-turn!" commanded the Captain, and instantly all the girls who had been facing the great drum (now disguised as a Viking ship) swung round like one person. Another order was snapped out, and the girls who were to begin the first mixing marched smartly forward and took up their positions.

The cameramen got busy once more and the picture was "held" for their benefit. Even that did not satisfy them however. Thoroughly appreciating the unusual picturesqueness of the scene, they took scores of additional snaps later on.

Another sharp, staccato order, and the great mixing had begun. The motors started their gentle purring; the "warriors" walked steadily around the circular tracks guiding the boxes; on inner side of the tracks the "leprecauns" dipped swiftly into the white masses of counterfoils and transferred handfuls to the small green tins which they carried.

On the platforms around the mixing machines the tall, statuesque "Queens" four to each whirling mechanism, stood to receive the "leprecauns" harvesting and consign it to the winds of fate. Through the wire meshes one saw the tiny counterfoils being blown furiously about like snowflakes in a blizzard.

The mixing continued until mid-day, and was resumed after an interval for lunch. At intervals there was a halt while fresh relays of "Queens," "warriors," and "leprecauns" relieved those who had been engaged in the mixing process.

Every eight minutes the mixing machines stopped. The long troughs of counterfoils were hauled up from under the mixer on to low trestles. Partitions at the ends of the troughs were then raised, and the counterfoils removed through rectangular holes, under which steel dead boxes were placed.

The scene beneath scores of powerful lamps was a kaleidoscope of glowing colour. Excellent taste was displayed in the designing of the costumes, and the vivid wall decorations with the strikingly camouflaged Drum at the head of the hall, set them off wonderfully.

GOVERNOR-GENERALSHIP.

A SPLENDID JOB.

The salary of the Governor-General prescribed in the Free State Constitution as follows:—"His salary shall be of the like amount now payable to the Governor-General of the Commonwealth of Australia, and shall be charged on the public funds of the Irish Free State, and suitable provision shall be made out of those funds for the maintenance of his official residence and establishment."

The salary of the Governor-General is £40,000 per year, in addition to which he is allowed £3,000 for travelling expenses. The salaries, wages and allowances of the household staff on the present year's estimates amount to £1,395, and the cost of accommodation (buildings, furniture, fuel and light) is placed at £9,707. Other items bring the total to £26,452.

Your Last Chance.

To Secure Wallpapers for next to nothing,

We are now carrying out Structural Alterations in Our Wall Paper Stores. Owing to the enormous increase in our Wall Paper Trade, we were compelled to make further Extensions. Whilst these operations are in progress we have decided to clear the 5,000 Pieces now in Stock at HALF-PRICE. Every Pattern is marked in our Books in plain figures. This Great Offer will Open on SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 1st., and will continue for ONE WEEK ONLY. This will be a unique opportunity. WALL PAPERS at such ridiculous Prices. Odd or small room lots at giving away prices. Borders from 1/4d. Yard.

Remember the offer will continue until Saturday, Oct. 15th

MOLONEY'S Wallpaper Stores, Square, Dungarvan.

WARNING.

There is only One Tipperary Swede and One Lord Warden Mangel.

Both were bred by CARTER'S Tested Seeds. See that Carter's Trade Marks are on every bag. Stocked by Harpur Brothers, 48, The Quay, Waterford. Also Carter's Tested Flour and Vegetable Seeds in large pictorial 4d packets.

HARPUR BROS.

48 The Quay, WATERFORD.

Another Important Announcement

FROM THE REPUTED FIRM—

D. O'REILLY & SONS, VICTUALLERS, KILMACEHOMAS, WHO AGAIN LEAD THE WAY IN CUTTING DOWN PRICES.

OWING TO THE PRESENT UNPRECEDENTED SLUMP IN FAT STOCK, WE ARE NOW IN A POSITION TO FURTHER REDUCE OUR ALREADY KEEN PRICES BY 1d., 2d., AND IN SOME JOINTS 3d., PER LB.

IN ALL CLASSES OF FRESH MEAT.

WE SPECIALLY DIRECT THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS AND OTHERS TO OUR NOW BEING ABLE TO SUPPLY BEST HOME-CURED PORK (MILD) AT THE VERY MODERATE PRICE OF 5d. AND 6d. PER LB.

WE INVITE YOU TO CONSULT OUR QUOTATIONS (WHICH WILL BE GLADLY GIVEN ON REQUEST) BEING CONFIDENT SAME WILL DEFY COMPETITION.

AS USUAL THE QUALITY OF OUR MEAT WILL CONTINUE THE CHOICEST OBTAINABLE.

ORDERS BY POST, RAIL, OR 'BUS, CAREFULLY ATTENDED TO AND PROMPTLY DISPATCHED.

NOTE ADDRESS:—

D. O'Reilly & Sons, Victuallers, Kilmacthomas.

The All-Steel Raleigh!

The local Agent at Dungarvan, J. B. Cooke, has received the following letter from Dublin:—

DEAR SIR—We regret that owing to the recently imposed tax on complete cycles our deliveries for the past month have been seriously dislocated. We have pleasure in announcing, however, that arrangements have been made for the assembly of all machines for the Irish Free State at our Dublin Depot under skilled supervision. We have decided not to make any alteration in our existing prices, and we will make every endeavour to reduce the accumulation of orders with as little delay as possible, for which we crave your kind indulgence. Yours faithfully,

THE RALEIGH CYCLE CO., S. GUY, Irish Manager.

The above letter speaks for itself. The All-Steel Raleigh is now an Irish product. Duty Free. Prices from 8/11 per month upwards.

J. B. COOKE, Watchmaker, Jeweller, and Cycle Agent, 2 Main Street, Dungarvan.

DUNGARVAN CO. HOME AND DISTRICT HOSPITAL.

The Committee for the above, will at their meeting to be held on Saturday, the 8th OCTOBER, consider Tenders for Clean Fresh Eggs, weighing 1lb 10ozs., per dozen, from the 8th October to the 12th November, 1932.

Tenders must be lodged with me not later than 12 o'clock, 8th October.

EDMOND KIELY, Clerk to Committee, Office, Co. Home, Dungarvan.

EVERYTHING—In the Harness and Tackling Line; Biggest Stock in Munster; New and Second-hand Sets of Harness, Hunting Saddles, Bridges, Trap Cushions, Car Rugs and Trench Covers. Guns, Hammer, and Hammerless, by the following makers—Lang & Son; Moretan & Co.; John Rigby; B.S.A.; Boswell; Keegan; Parkinson; Midland Gun Co. Gun Cases; Gun Bags; Cartridges. SHEEDY, Ballybricken, Waterford. Phone—349.

Woman, complaining that her husband had neglected her: "I was married in May and he left me in June."

LISMORE NOTES.

GREAT HURLING MATCH.

The final match for the Senior Hurling Championship of the Co. Waterford will be played in the Lismore Gaelic Field on next Sunday, between Erin's Own (Waterford) and Tallow, and extraordinary interest is being taken in the meeting between such high-class teams.

The Tallow team has beaten several leading teams from the Co. Cork and other places during the present year, and are now at the top of their form, and few who witnessed the final Championship game in Lismore last year between the Western men and Erin's Own are likely to forget the brilliant display of hurling then given by both teams.

Erin's Own, by their smashing defeat of the Blackrock (Cork) team in Limerick on last Sunday have greatly enhanced their already high reputation, so that next Sunday's match should provide an exceptionally thrilling and brilliant display of hurling which no lovers of this grand Irish game can afford to miss.

The Lismore Gaels have made the most elaborate arrangements for the event, and with the ground in perfect condition and everything else in apple-pie order, as is usual here, a great afternoon's sport can be safely promised for all.

The match will be refereed by Mr. M. J. Murphy, Mitchelstown, one of the most experienced and impartial referees in Munster, and a special train will be run from Waterford, calling at all intermediate stations.

The match starts at 3 o'clock sharp.

BRILLIANT LOCAL STUDENT.

At the Autumn examinations of the National University of Ireland, held recently in University College, Cork, we notice that Mr. Michael Auselm ("Anson") Foley, has passed his third Dental examination with flying colours. Mr. Foley is the eldest son of Mr. M. J. and Mrs. Foley, Merchants, Upper Main Street, Lismore, and is a prominent Rugby Football player, and an all-round Sportsman, who is held in the highest respect here, and his numerous friends now join in heartily congratulating him, as well as his popular parents and family, on his recent brilliant success.

Broken Horns.

SIMPLE AND EFFECTIVE TREATMENT.

In handling cattle, or when they get into mixed lots, not infrequently fights occur, which mean disaster to horns. It is necessary that attention in such cases should be both prompt and adequate. Where an animal suffers from a broken horn, it will go off rapidly in condition, unless something is done at once to alleviate the suffering entailed. Pain of a very excruciating kind may be caused by a broken horn, and, remembering this, the injury should be treated with every possible care and tenderness.

When the horn has been broken without damaging the core, the following simple and effective treatment is advised. The beast must be haltered and tied down to a manger or some other fixture. The dressing should not be attempted single-handed, as the animal will become violent when the damaged horn is touched. Care must be taken that the beast does not throw itself down. When tied short and tight by the head the possibility of a broken neck has to be considered.

Commence by cleaning the injured part with warm water, then dry with a cloth as well as possible. This done, the horn should be put into its proper position. The wound is then dressed with a fairly strong antiseptic fluid. When the fluid has soaked in for a few minutes the damaged part is liberally smeared with Stockholm tar. The broken horn must now be secured by wrapping it with tow. It is, of course, advisable to pad sufficiently to prevent further damage. But the unfortunate owner of a broken horn will usually keep well out of harm's way. To complete the job, wind a long linen bandage round both horns, commencing with the sound one, and proceeding in the figure eight fashion. To apply the dressings satisfactorily will be exceedingly difficult owing to the beast's movement, but, with care and patience, it can be managed.

Where the core is severely crushed it is advisable to perform amputation at once and dress the stump as advised. Should the horn be completely stripped off without damaging the core, the treatment ought to be as already indicated, the chief aim being to cover the wound to the exclusion of the air, flies, dirt, or anything else likely to set up a septic condition. In the event of a bull breaking one of his horns, it would be well to have him well secured before treatment begins. From time to time the wound should be examined carefully until definite signs of drying and healing are exhibited.

W. & M. BRODERICK,

YOUGHAL,

LAMBS & PORKERS WANTED

HIGHEST PRICES PAID.

SUITABLE QUALITY PORKERS

UP TO 5½d.

KILLING DAYS—MONDAY'S

TUESDAY'S & FRIDAY'S.

NEW TARIFFS

make no difference to you at

FRAHER'S.

See our New Range of SUITINGS unequalled in Quality and Design

Every maker in Ireland represented in a wonderful selection. It will pay you to visit us now.

Also splendid selection of Ladies' Flecked Tweeds with diagonal stripes.

Every Department is well stocked and prices will not advance.

For Reliable Tweeds and Suitings go to

FRAHER'S, DUNGARVAN.

GOLD!

I am Paying HIGHEST PRICES FOR SOVEREIGNS AND OLD GOLD.

No piece is too small to turn into Cash.

J. B. COOKE, Watchmaker,

MAIN STREET, DUNGARVAN.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.

WM. RONAYNE, Ballymullala, will sell by Private Treaty, his interest in his compact holding, containing 10 acres 3 roods statute, held at an annuity of 14/3. P.L.V. £2 10s.

There is a splendid Dwelling and well-laid out Offices on the holding, which is well fenced, watered and manured. Will be let for a term of years or altogether.

MICHAEL MORAN, Deceased.

PURSUANT TO THE TRUSTEE ACT 1925.

ALL PERSONS having any claims against the Estate of Michael Moran late of Vine Cottage Horsham, Sussex and 69 Stamford Street, Blackfriars Road, London, S.E.1, Medical Practitioner (who died on the 7th day of June, 1932, and to whose estate Letters of Administration with the Will annexed were granted by the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of His Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 28th day of September 1932) are hereby required to send particulars in writing of their claims to the undersigned as Solicitors to the Administrators on or before the 7th day of December 1932 after which date the Administrators will proceed to distribute the estate of the said deceased having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice. Dated this 1st October 1932.

BURTON & SON, Bank Chambers, Blackfriars Road, S.E.1, Solicitors for the London Administrators.

CO. COUNCIL OF WATERFORD. NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The attention of Creditors is specially directed to Section 51 (7) of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, which requires that every debt, claim or demand which is directly or indirectly payable out of the Poor Rate shall be paid within the half-year in which same was incurred or became due, or within three months after the expiration of such half-year, and not afterwards.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all claims should be sent to me as soon as possible after the close of the quarter in which same became due.

J. H. O'SULLIVAN, Secretary, Co. Council.

Co. Secretary's Office, Dungarvan, 1st October, 1932.

CO. COUNCIL OF WATERFORD.

RELIEF OF RATES ON AGRICULTURAL LAND.

NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in several instances Ratepayers, who had paid their Rates (First Moity or in full) for the year ending 31st March, 1933 prior to the receipt of Credit Notes, have not complied with the instructions issued thereon. These Credit Notes must be returned forthwith to the undersigned, if the Ratepayers concerned wish to avail of the relief given. In the case of those Ratepayers who have not already paid their Rates, the Credit Notes should be surrendered to the Rate Collector when payment of Rates is being made, and the appropriate Credit will be given.

J. H. O'SULLIVAN, Secretary, Co. Council.

County Secretary's Office, DUNGARVAN, 5th October, 1932.

COOLNAGOUR DAIRY, DUNGARVAN.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Having installed the latest model MILKING MACHINE, as also an Automatic BOTTLING PLANT and SEALING MACHINE,

I am now in a position to have new milk delivered daily to all patrons, guaranteed untouched by hand, and conforming to the highest hygienic conditions.

This is one of the most up-to-date Dairies in the Country, and perfect satisfaction is assured to all.

Depot—61, O'Connell Street.

THOMAS FLYNN, Proprietor.

FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION REGARDING LOANS FROM AGRICULTURAL CREDIT CORPORATION AND

BOARD OF WORKS LOANS FOR

HAY SHEDS



H. COWARD & SONS, Foundry and Engineering Works.

Castings of all Descriptions made

Agricultural Machinery Repaired.

Acetylene Welding.

MOTOR LORRIES FOR HIRE ANY DISTANCE.

Stephen Street, Dungarvan.

FREE

To Buyers of Four Pounds of Bonus Tea:

Large, Covered Vegetable Dish.

Variety of Sizes and Patterns to select from.

London & Newcastle Tea Co.,

DUNGARVAN, St. Mary Street.

YOUGHAL, Main Street.

Branches Everywhere.

NOTICE TO FARMERS

If You Want a Well-made Gate call to my Forge and See for Yourself.

Field Gate, 9ft. wide, 7 bars £1 2 6

Double Entrance Gate, 9ft. wide £2 16 0

Double Entrance Gate with Scrolls on Top Bar £3 3 0

Wicket Gates, 3ft. x 3ft. 6ins. from 11 0

ALL CLASSES OF GATES MADE TO ORDER.

JOHN WHELAN, Friary Street, Dungarvan.