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OUT ON BAIL.

MR. GEORGE LENNON'S ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION.

A great demonstration took place in Dungarvan on Monday night last on the occasion of the return of Mr. George Lennon from Waterford Jail, wherein he had been imprisoned for some weeks previously. The charge against him was one of having been connected with the larceny of a soldier's rifle from the house of Mrs. Wallace in the Youghal road. The rifle in question, it will be remembered, was taken away by four masked and armed men, and at the time the occurrence created no slight sensation throughout the town.

As a result of the larceny Messrs. Patk. Whelan and George Lennon, two highly respectable young men, were placed under arrest on suspicion of having been concerned in the affair. At a special court held subsequently Mr. Whelan was acquitted of the charge, but Mr. Lennon was sent forward for trial to the Assizes, to be held at Waterford on the 4th March next. Bail was offered in his behalf, but was refused, but by a motion made in the King's Bench the young man was allowed out of prison pending his trial on security being given that he would meet the charge in person. The news of the success of the motion was received with much gratification by the very many friends of Mr. Lennon, and the local Sinn Fein Club, of which organisation he is an active member, decided on giving him a fitting reception of his return home. It was known that he was to arrive in town on Monday night by the 8.40 train from Waterford. Before that hour the local Volunteers were mustered in full strength at the Town Hall. There they formed up—hundreds of fine, athletic young fellows, and young ladies, too, and under the command of Captain Whelan, they marched in regular formation to the railway station. They stepped to the music of the pipes, and as they swung up the Main Street and across the Square the sight they presented was an imposing one. Sinn Fein banners were carried in front of the procession.

On arriving at the station the Volunteers lined the platform, and as the train steamed in fog signals placed on the rails were exploded amidst loud cheering. As Mr. Lennon stepped from the carriage a rousing cheer greeted him from the Volunteers. Then in the same orderly fashion with which they had marched to the station the whole body, with Mr. Lennon in their midst, retraced their steps to the Town Hall. On the way back "The Soldier's Song," "Wrap the Green Flag Round Me," and other Sinn Fein songs were enthusiastically sung in chorus. Cheers resounded through the streets again and again, and the spirit that prevailed was wonderful. Such a reception might well have been the envy of a prince coming amongst his own people. It was a welcome that in having such extended to him Mr. Lennon may well feel both proud and honoured. The privation he had to undergo in jail could be borne with comparative force in view of the commendation which the walls of Waterford Jail for so long a period did not seem to have had any ill effect on him. When his innocence has been established at the Assizes, as all feel certain will then be the case, and when in after-life he looks back over the years, there will undoubtedly be an unblemished delight for him in recollecting that he was the central figure of so splendid a demonstration as that witnessed on Monday night last in his native town.

A mass meeting was subsequently held at the Town Hall and addressed by prominent local speakers. Mr. E. Dee, President of the Dungarvan Sinn Fein Club, occupied the chair.

At the opening Mr. Dee said that at the first meeting he addressed after the arrest of their two soldiers he had told all present that the best way to cope with the situation was to organise, and he was very happy to see from the reports submitted by the secretary that since then the organisation had increased by 600 members. To-night they had amongst them Captain Whelan, who has been released, and George Lennon, who is out on bail, but still in the claws of the British Government, and will have to appear at the Waterford Assizes. He would again suggest the necessity for the further organising of their strength, and he would make a special appeal to all those who had not as yet joined up to do so now and become staunch members of Irelands National Army. He was delighted to see George Lennon looking so well, which fact was mainly due to the kind treatment he had received from their fellow-Sinn Feiners in Waterford, who looked after his every need while he was there. (George himself said he did not mind being in prison as long as he thought he was doing good to his country by being there (loud applause). The principal matter for them was to try and get as many recruits as they possibly could for the Volunteers, and in conclusion he would make a special appeal to all who had not yet enrolled themselves under the banner of Sinn Fein to do so on the spot. To the women he would say, "Join the Cumann Na mBan, and by doing so serve the cause of your country."

Mr. Brennock would now address them (loud cheering and cries of "Up Lennon.")

Mr. Brennock, who was received with cheers, said that this was not a time for speech-making, but a moment of joy and gladness for them all that they had George Lennon again amongst them (applause). George was a noble young fellow, a worthy son of a worthy sire, and the memory of this night would be enshrined in the hearts of all present. They were not going to be cowed by a few constabulary men and a parody of magistrates. They would fight them all back inch by inch, and in the end would be the victors (loud applause) and when the day would come when the sun of freedom should once more shine for their dear land they would be proud of Captain Whelan and George Lennon (loud cheering and applause).

Mr. Mulcahy, who next addressed the meeting, said that this was a night of pleasure and delight for them all to see their colleague, George Lennon, once more in their midst. He had seen George Lennon when he was being tried by the R.M. here in Dungarvan, and his conduct then had been that of a brave and fearless soldier of Ireland (cheers and cries of "Hear, hear.") George was a young man to be proud of, and a worthy son of Ireland. The reception he had received to-night was only quite worthy of him, and it was only the means adopted by the Dungarvan Sinn Fein Club to show their unswerving loyalty to a fellow-Sinn Feiner (prolonged applause).

The Chairman then called on Mr. George Lennon to say a few words to the meeting.

Mr. Lennon, on coming forward, was the recipient of an outburst of cheering. He said that he felt he could not find words to express his gratitude to them all for the overwhelming reception accorded him by his fellow-Sinn Feiners in his temporary release from Waterford Jail. He was very glad to note the large increase in the membership of the Sinn Fein Club during his absence from amongst them. The more arrests made by the Government the stronger the movement seemed to grow (applause). This was not a time for speech-making alone. It was a time for practical work by each and every one of them. He urged on them all to join the ranks of the Volunteers and thus show their loyalty to their own dear Ireland (cheers). The Irishman who did not join the Volunteers at the present day was unworthy of the name. Older men amongst them who were perhaps unfit for the Volunteers should join the Sinn Fein Club, and by giving it their assistance they, too, would be doing their bit for their country in the hour of its trial. He appealed also to the young ladies present to enroll themselves in the ranks of the Cumann Na mBan. By doing so they would be helping in the fight for liberty, and by their co-operation and the co-operation of their fellow-men and women throughout the land they would win back for Ireland her rights of freedom and nationhood.

The meeting then concluded with the singing of "The Soldier's Song" and similar National compositions. Mr. Lennon left the hall amid loud cheering

LISMORE NOTES.

TRANSFERRED.

Mr. G. P. Brooks, who had been attached to the Lismore branch of the Munster and Leinster Bank, Ltd., for the past 5½ years, has been transferred on promotion to the more important branch of that bank at Rathkeale, Co. Limerick. Mr. Brooks, who had been the accountant at this branch, proved during his stay here to be a courteous, obliging and efficient banker, and showed that he possessed all the essentials necessary for a first-class business man. With the commercial public he won golden opinions, while in private life he was most popular and a great favourite with all. We are pleased to notice that his authorities have taken his abilities into consideration on this occasion. The people of Lismore and district desire to congratulate Mr. Brooks on his well-merited promotion, but sincerely regret that it means the removal of his genial presence from their midst. Mrs. Brooks, the amiable wife of Mr. Brooks, whilst here had many friends also, who wish herself and Mr. Brooks and family many years of health and happiness in their new home at Rathkeale. Mr. Brooks is replaced at Lismore by Mr. J. P. Walshe, of the Dungarvan Branch of that Bank.

A PRESENTATION.

The friends of Mr. Brooks at Lismore—and indeed they are legion—could not allow the occasion pass by without showing their esteem for his worth whilst amongst them, and accordingly some of the leading professional men made a move to make him a suitable presentation on his departure from here. As matters are not at the time of writing complete, we intend referring to this in a later issue. We have reason to believe that Mr. Brooks will visit the town again in a few weeks' time on the occasion of the presentation. He left to take up duty in his new sphere on the fair day.

THE FAIR.

Splendid weather, numerous buyers, excellent prices and limited supply of stock were the chief features of the February monthly fair. Prices ranged as follows:—Yearlings from £10 to £15; two-year-olds, £17 to £22; in-calf heifers, £25 to £28; milch cows, £25 to £40; mutton fetched 1s. 2d. to 1s. 7d. per lb. Fat pigs were £7 per cwt., and bonhams two to four months fetched £1 to £5, while older bonhams went up to £9. Hoggets made from 45s. to £4.

SAD FATALITY.

The dead body of Miss Ellen Walsh, Kilbree, was found in a drain behind her own house on Saturday morning last. The deceased was missing since 4.30 p.m. the previous evening. She was a good-living, religious girl, and the affair has cast a gloom in the locality. With her relatives we sympathise.

WEST WATERFORD FARMERS' ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of the West Waterford Farmers' Association was held at the Courthouse on the fair day. Mr. Wm. Hamilton presided, and a number of members were present. The business was routine, and could be summed up briefly as follows:—Mr. E. L. Keating will lecture on Cow-testing at Dungarvan on 20th inst. Mr. Heffin pointed out the necessity of getting two representatives for Munster on the Wages Board the same as Ulster. The Munster representative was a landlord—Ponsonby, of Thurles.

The Chairman suggested getting before them in future the minutes of the County Union, and they in return send on their minutes so as to get in touch with each other.

The reply of the Department showed that barley was not for the use of pig feeding and was for only one purpose.

The Chairman said the producer was not consulted at all. Their body was not yet strong enough, and every farmer should join the association.

Dungarvan Board of Guardians.

Mr. John Curran in the chair. Also present—Messrs. Thomas Flynn, J.P.; John O'Sullivan, J.P.; Thomas Duggan, Garret Morrissey, M. Byrne, Ed. Slack, Thomas Morrissey (Seskinane), Thomas Morrissey (Clonea), W. O'Donnell, D. Conway, Thos. Terry.

The following tenders were accepted:—

Bread—Armstrong and Knowles, at 8½d. per 4lb. loaf.

Michael Queally tendered for beef in rounds at 1s. 1½d. per lb.; in shoulders, 11½d. per lb., and mutton in quarters, 1s. 1½d. per lb.

James Draper tendered for beef in rounds at 9d. 10d. per lb.; in shoulders, 1s. 5d. per lb.; mutton, 1s. 1½d. per lb.

The tender of Michael Queally, Mary Street, was accepted.

There was no tender for bacon. Tea—No contract. Sherry, wines and porter—No contract.

Marmalade—Dowdall, O'Mahony and Co., £3 15s. 4d. per cwt.

Snuff, tobacco, etc.—Mrs. Walsh, Main Street.

Can't Interfere.

Mr. M. Power, Lyre, Ballymacarbry, wrote drawing attention to the case of Sergeant Hyland, Ballymacarbry, whose son, aged under five years, had been in hospital for a considerable time, and for which he had paid already over £12. A further demand of £6 was now made. The rate was 15s. a week, and he thought the charge was excessive as the boy was very young. He hoped the matter would receive favourable consideration.

The following order was made—"The guardians regret their inability to interfere as the charges are fixed in all such cases."

Need for Extra Tillage.

MR. O'KEEFFE, AGRICULTURAL INSTRUCTOR, EXPLAINS THE NECESSITY.

At Tuesday's meeting of the Dungarvan Rural Council, Mr. Thomas Flynn, J.P., chairman, presiding.

Mr. Patrick O'Keeffe, county agricultural instructor, appeared on behalf of the County Committee of Agriculture to solicit the aid of the council in making the food production scheme this year a success. He referred to the possibility that their population in the County Waterford would be probably altogether in need of home-grown food until the 1919 harvest was available. If they considered the amount of imported food used in the country it was evident that only the greatest efforts would bring about that result and safeguard the people from the dangers of privation. Another view they should consider was that before the war they were importing 800,000 tons of cattle feeding stuffs, which was now cut off, and it could not be got in the near future, and the fate of their live stock depended on their efforts during the coming spring. If stuff was not grown to feed their live stock such as poultry, pigs and young cattle, their stock would be depleted considerably in the next 12 months. Anything he could say to practical farmers would not make them appreciate any more fully than they did how serious was the situation and how great was the necessity for increased efforts during the coming spring, so that they might surmount all the dangers and obstacles which lay ahead of their people and prosperity. He then referred to the maximum prices fixed for the coming year and guaranteed by the Food Controller. They were—For wheat, 41s. 8d. per barrel; for barley, 32s. 6d. per barrel; for oats, 27s. per barrel. An extra allowance would be made for oats for milling purposes. For potatoes the Food Controller guaranteed to purchase for export the surplus after Irish requirements were satisfied, and the prices would be—For November and December, £5 5s. per ton; January and February, £5 15s. per ton, and March to end of season, £6 5s. per ton. These were the minimum prices. If the crop was a poor one or a moderate one the prices need not be as low as that, as these were the guaranteed minimum prices.

Mr. Morrissey—Is there any price laid down for early potatoes?

Mr. Curran—They say it is the last bag of flour will win the war.

Mr. O'Keeffe—I have no great knowledge of international diplomacy.

Mr. Conway—How many bags of flour did Mr. Curran produce last year?

Mr. O'Keeffe—The production of wheat in the County Waterford for the last year would feed the people in this country only for a fortnight. 27,000 tons was the amount of grain in this county last year, and not anything like the amount of cattle foods that were consumed in pre-war times, so that we must considerably increase our grain and root crops in order to feed our young cattle. We have to supply ourselves and our livestock with the necessary foods for the coming 12 months. In addition we have got to supply something for export to enable us to purchase those necessaries we cannot produce at home. The members of this council with their local influence could do a considerable amount of work in their own districts, and stimulate interest in increased tillage, especially among the smaller occupiers, and it would be well in that respect to remember that every quarter of an acre counts. They could also bring home to the occupiers of cottages the great necessity for cultivating their plots and for taking one acre where convenient in their locality and sowing potatoes and corn.

Mr. Curran—Have not the Department got increased funds for this year—£25,000? Is that money to be spent in lectures or is it to be given to the people who have plots? Are the Department giving any assistance to anyone in the interest of increased production?

Mr. O'Keeffe said he did not know.

Mr. Curran—There is no question of any assistance to anyone from the Department.

Mr. O'Keeffe—The vital question is not money, but food, and many of our own friends across the Channel at present know how little is the value of money at present and how enormous the value of food, and if such things keep on we will hear less about money and more talk about food. The guaranteed prices are such as will prevent the farmers incurring loss.

Mr. Curran—That is good for the big man, but the poor man gets no advantage.

Mr. O'Keeffe—At enormous difficulties artificial manures and machinery have been brought overseas, and you cannot expect the Food Department to do everything for you. All you can expect them to do is to facilitate you in carrying out your work as much as they can.

Mr. O'Sullivan—They have given us the Wages Board.

Mr. Morrissey said the farmers were asked to increase their tillage, and how could that be done while the labourers were leaving for the munition works in England every day. In his district all the able-bodied men were gone, and according to the "Manchester Guardian" 3,000 workers a month had left Ireland for England, the majority being from the rural districts. They should ask the Government to stop them going across.

Mr. O'Keeffe said as free men they could not ask men to live in a particular district.

Mr. Duggan said there was only one way out of it, and that was to make everybody work whether they were willing or not. He thought the man with the thousand acres should be made till.

Mr. Conway agreed that all able-bodied men should be made work. In his district the farmers always tilled, and they were now doing their utmost.

Mr. O'Sullivan—You cannot feed the labourers at 1s. 3½d. per day.

Chairman—We should thank Mr. O'Keeffe for his lecture. He wants our co-operation, and when he has lectures in the rural districts the local District Councillors should attend. Mr. O'Keeffe is appealing to us in our own interests to grow food to keep the cattle in the country. We we depleted our stockshow can we get them back again. The farmers have done better in the war than anyone else.

As to getting co-operative villages, Mr. Duggan said John Barry, Seskinane, had 10 acres ploughed for the poor and he did not charge them for ploughing it or anything else.

Mr. Morrissey—Other people are overcharging them.

LENTEN REGULATIONS.

We are authorised to state that Parish Priests and Confessors are empowered to grant any further dispensations that may be needed in particular cases as regards the Lenten Regulations in the Dioceses of Waterford and Lismore.

Dungarvan Rural Council.

Mr. Thomas Flynn, J.P., chairman.

Wages Board.

Mr. O'Sullivan asked had any reply been received in reply to the resolution re 1s. 3½d. for feeding a labourer for a day.

The Clerk said there was a formal acknowledgment that it would be brought before the board.

Mr. O'Sullivan—They want to starve the labourer. The idea of 1s. 3½d. to feed a man for the day. They are ashamed to mention it.

Repairing a Cottage.

Mr. McGrath handed in an estimate furnished by Mr. L. Greany for repairs to John Murphy's cottage at Clonea Upper. The estimate was not prepared by himself. £5 had been already spent on that cottage in 1915, and he did not think it in very bad repair.

Mr. Morrissey said that the cottage was in a bad state, and it was ridiculous to be bringing up the question at meeting after meeting and to reduce the estimate so low as not to be able to put in a new door. There was no door or ceiling in the place, the chimney was defective, and if the repairs were not done the tenant could take an action against the council.

Chairman—In the first place he is not entitled to a cottage at all.

Mr. Duggan—Cottages that were repaired 12 months ago want repairs again to-day, and it is plain to the world they are not repaired.

Mr. McGrath—This cottage is in very fair repair, and if a few members of the council went and saw it they would see that the rain was not coming in by any means; the door was all right and the floors were all right.

Mr. Morrissey—The doors are anything but all right. They are all wrong. It is scandalous to see the state of the cottage. I never saw a cottage in such a wretched state as regards the roof, ceiling, doors and windows.

Mr. McGrath—If the cottages were classified as first, second and third this one would be in the second class. It is what Murphy wanted done is in the tender.

Mr. Morrissey said he did not know if the £5 was ever expended on the cottage in 1915.

Chairman—That is not the specification of Mr. McGrath at all, but that of Murphy and L. Greany.

Mr. McGrath said he authorised Greany to go there.

Mr. Morrissey—Why should not Greany's estimate be the same as yours then?

Mr. McGrath—He is not an agricultural labourer and he should not be in the cottage at all. A few bricks are wanted for the chimney.

Mr. Duggan complained about cottages in his district of Dromore, and said he reported them after the storm and he did not see why they should be paying a man who was doing nothing. Six weeks was a long time. Another cottage reported last July was longer still, and nothing was yet done to it and the rain was coming down on the tenant.

Mr. McGrath said Mahony was doing the repairs.

Pledging the Rates.

Resolutions were read from the Dungarvan and Modeligo Sinn Fein Clubs asking the council to pledge the rates for the purpose of getting food for the people.

Mr. Curran—Pass it subject to sanction.

Mr. O'Sullivan—You cannot do it.

Mr. Conway—The members of the Sinn Fein Club should come here and tell us exactly what they want.

It was decided to adjourn the matter, as the council were anxious to have a deputation present to explain the matter.

A Grievance.

Thomas Murray, Upper Knockenpower, Ring, wrote that it was impossible for any poor man trying to pay a big rent besides paying for seed potatoes and everything so high. The card he got demanded 7s. 2d., besides the rent. It was impossible to meet the demands for the time of the year. Half the amount would be quite enough. The rent and rates are up to £4 a year, and that was not fair to a labouring man. The Kilmacthomas District Council decided to reduce the rent of cottages and the Dungarvan Council should do the same. He thought that two years would be given to pay for the seeds and manures. In 1880 two years was given. Order—"Cannot interfere."

Labourers' Wages.

The following resolution from the Ballinamack Farmers' Association was unanimously adopted:—"That we, having duly considered the proposal of the Agricultural Wages Board to body in which we regret to find neither working farmers nor labourers have no representation, are of opinion that the value placed on many of the benefits and advantages is inequitable. For instance, the value placed on board is 7s. 9d. for six days or 1s. 3½d. per day. As the wages to be paid are compulsory, we call on those politicians who were instrumental in inflicting this Act on the country to fix a scale of diet which may be purchased for 1s. 3½d. per day. We consider that the Wages Order is calculated to disrupt the amicable relations which always existed between agricultural employers and employees in this country."

The resolution of the Waterford Rural Council protesting against the prohibition of export of all bacon pigs from the country was unanimously adopted.

Increase of Salary.

Patrick O'Connell, caretaker of the Dollinacourty water supply, applied for an increase of salary. He is paid at present £2 a year for the job.

Chairman—I move he gets £2 increase.

Mr. Morrissey—Give him £4.

The proposal to grant him an increase of £2 was passed.

Mr. Duggan—I suppose we will have the Villierstown and Aglish caretakers next day.

MAKING OF "LOAF" IN BREAD ORDER.

The conviction by the magistrates at Portlaw, Co. Waterford, of the bread maximum price Order was that a baker was entitled to sell to a customer only one pound loaf at 2½d., including ½d. for delivery, but that he could not charge 2½d. each for a number of loaves sold to the same customer, and accordingly they convicted Messrs. R. O'Brien and M. O'Brien, master bakers, Waterford, and Thos. Walsh, their vanman, of a breach of the Order by selling twelve lib. loaves at 2½d. each to Mary O'Driscoll, a bread retailer. They held that the van was a travelling shop.

Mr. Justice Gibson and Mr. Justice Pim quashed the conviction, holding that "a loaf" in the Order meant any loaf or number of loaves.

Mr. Carrigan, K.C., said these prosecutions had to be stopped in England. An official circular stated that a baker was at liberty to sell two 4lb. loaves at 5d. if he were able at the choice of the customer to supply the same quantity of half-quarterq loaves.

Mr. Carrigan, K.C., and Mr. John O'Byrne (instructed by Mr. P. A. Murphy) for the master bakers; and Serjeant Matheson and Mr. Devitt (instructed by the Chief Crown Solicitor) for the police authorities.

How Things are Fixed.

The Food and other Orders that have been, and are being, issued, are so numerous, and so much uncertainty obtains as to whether certain of them apply to Ireland or not, it may be helpful to place the facts of the situation before our readers.

New Tillage Order.

As has already been officially announced, the Department, after consultation with the Government, have issued an Order under the Corn Production Act requiring a further five per cent. of cultivation on holdings containing 200 arable acres and upwards. This means that on the larger holdings a total of twenty per cent. new tillage will have to be added in the coming year to the amount cultivated in 1916.

Grain Prices.

These are:—Wheat, 41s. 8d. per barrel; oats, 27s. per barrel; barley, 32s. 6d. per barrel.

These are average prices on which the maximum prices for next season will be based, and practically the same as last year. A promise is again made of an extra price for oats suitable for oatmeal making, though no mention is made of an additional price for barley bought specifically for malting.

Potato Prices.

As to potatoes, the Ministry of Food undertake, as from 1st November, to purchase any potatoes available and suitable for export at the following minimum prices, free alongside ship:—November and December, £5 5s. per ton; January and February, £5 15s. per ton; March to end of season, £6 5s. per ton. These are not fixed, but minimum prices.

Purchase is to be made through committees representing growers and dealers in all parts of Ireland. Dealers' commission, if any, will be strictly limited. No limit is placed on the quantity of potatoes purchased by those committees so long as the potatoes are not required in Ireland itself. The farmer is to be paid within seven days of delivery of the potatoes alongside ship. The harassing restrictions of this year, requiring farmers to fill in forms so as to obtain part of the guarantee, will be done away with altogether, and farmers will be allowed to combine their potatoes to make up a truck load. The Ministry of Food will supply bags free of charge. The Ministry are prepared to arrange for the erection of potato flour factories in Ireland. For this purpose, however, it will be necessary that there is an assured supply of suitable potatoes in the districts where the factories are to be set up. The names of the potatoes suitable for factory or export are still under consideration, but those will certainly include some of the best croppers, such as Arran Chief, Up-to-Date, Duchess of Cornwall, Factor, Scottish Triumph, Dalhouse, Windsor Castle. Of most of these variations seed is this year plentiful in Ireland.

Export of Potatoes.

The Food Controller has arranged for the regular shipment of potatoes from Ireland in sufficient quantities to cover the total requirements of South Wales from February onwards. For the purpose of controlling the exportation of potatoes from Ireland and ensuring effective use of the tonnage space provided by the Shipping Controller, the Food Controller has made a further Order prohibiting the exportation of potatoes from Ireland except under licence. A general licence will be granted to the Advisory Committees representing growers and dealers in all parts of Ireland which have been set up to handle the exportable surplus of the Irish crop. Applications from individual growers or merchants for licences to export seed or ware potatoes from Ireland to South Wales or any other part of Great Britain should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Vegetable Supplies, 34 Molesworth street, Dublin, with full particulars of the proposed consignment and the name and address of the consignee.

Lismore Farming Society

A meeting of the above Society was held in the Courthouse on Wednesday (fair day). Mr. John Boocey presided. Also present—Messrs. J. E. Godfrey, Wm. Hamilton, R. S. Walshe, R. Walsh, John Condon, J.P.; Wm. McDonnell, J.P.; Jas. Ellis, C. Ussher, Mark Smyth, J. Clancy, R.D.C.; Jervois Power, Nicholas Morrissey, J.P.; F. Condon, P. Lane, R.D.C.; J. Coughlan, John Aherne, J. T. Condon, M. O'Donnell, T. Wood, Jas. O'Donoghue, F. Wood, Alex. Heskin and J. Dancy.

The Secretary (Mr. E. B. Trundle) having read the minutes, also submitted the accounts, which showed a slight credit balance of £2 3s. 4d. after paying all bills. As to the advisability of holding a show this year, the secretary said they would get very little help from the County Committee, and what they would get would not be worth having as there was only about £40 altogether for disposal, and there was no hope for outside support.

Mr. Cashier—Under the "circs" I propose we hold no show.

Mr. R. S. Walshe Seconded.

Mr. Hamilton pointed out shows held in other parts of Ireland in which he had been interested during the war, and they were only washing the gale, and some have gone bankrupt. More will drop out this year.

Mr. Clancy proposed holding the show this year.

This Chairman seconded.

On a show of hands the amendment was lost by a large majority.

It was accordingly decided not to hold the show this year.

On the suggestion of Mr. Hamilton, it was decided to hold a meeting in May as to the advisability of holding a product show of root and also stock in the autumn.

Mr. Deputy was appointed president of the Society in lieu of the late Capt. Maxwell, and Mr. E. W. Becher was appointed vice-president.

Mr. Hamilton said it would be a matter of bad taste if they allowed the occasion pass without expressing their sympathy with the relatives of the late Capt. Maxwell. He (Mr. Hamilton) had known him long enough to know he was a gentleman who earned the respect of all, and that he did good work for the Society. He now proposed that a resolution of sympathy be passed with his relatives.

Mr. Ussher seconded the resolution, which was passed in silence.

Mr. Trundle desired to be associated with the resolution, and said he had known deceased and his father for many years to be staunch supporters of the Society, and his relations with them were of a cordial kind, and his death was a great loss to the district.

Mr. Ellis spoke in a practical manner of the services endered by Mr. Trundle to the Society, and the latter thanked him, and hoped that better times would shortly come.

The meeting then ended.

ALL-NIGHT DANCE IN TALLOW.

On Friday night, 8th inst., the Tallow Social Quadrille Class held their second and final all-night in the Courthouse, which was a decided success. For some time past the committee—Messrs. D. Lyons, D. McCarthy, M. Lynch and C. Flynn—spared no effort to have their final dance the "event of the season." The large crowd from all parts which turned up to the dance room expressed their satisfaction and thorough enjoyment on the occasion. The Courthouse as before was brilliantly lighted and decorated. The music, in the hands of Messrs. Feeney (Ballyduff) and J. Goggin (Tallow) was splendid and much appreciated. Dancing commenced at 9.30 p.m., and continued all night with a break for supper and refreshments. The catering was again in the hands of Mrs. Burke, of the Private Hotel, and was all that could be desired. As before, songs were contributed by the Misses Maggie and May McGrath and by Messrs. Denis McCarthy, Denis Lyons, A. McCarthy (Tallow), Feeney (Ballyduff), E. O'Connell (Moorhill), J. O'Keeffe (Waterpark) and D. Davis (Tallow), who as usual distinguished himself. The M.C. for the occasion, Mr. Denis Lyons, carried through all his duties as before splendidly. At the conclusion all present were grateful to the committee for their untiring efforts to make the occasion one of universal enjoyment, and all hope earnestly to meet again on similar happy occasions.

SOUTH ARMAGH ELECTION AND HOME RULE.

Air:—Patrick Sheehan.

Hurrah! hurah! South Armagh, you have
conquered strife and hate.
Your men are brave and chivalrous, like
those of '98.
They were not lured by fancy toys, Republics
if you will,
They've stood by Mr. Redmond and endorsed his Home Rule Bill.

Three cheers for Mr. Donnelly, our sterling
brave M.P.,
Who fought and won South Armagh, and
declared we should be free.
Long live his brave electors, who have
smashed the galling chain,
Which die-hards seek to forge for us, assisted by Sinn Fein.

Our foemen want dissension, when our hopes
are looking bright.
They talk of red rebellion, which they say
will set us right.
Take heed, my gallant countrymen, the trap
is laid for you,
To trample down your freedom, and repressive laws renew.

The men of North Roscommon, of South
Longford and East Clare,
Likewise the weak Kilkenny men, all
stepped into the snare.
They ousted their defenders and set up a
[illegible]
Returning four shillelagh cranks, who
fight against Home Rule.

These useless cranks, the M.I.P.'s, they tell
their simple dupes
They'll fight with swords and ten-foot pikes
and conquer England's troops.
And when our boys are shot and dead and
laid beneath the clay,
The M.I.P.'s will laugh and shout, 'twas
elegant sport and play.

For that's the sport the die-hards want, to
crush the gallant Gaels,
To slaughter them in thousands and shut
up the rest in jails.
But Redmond and his Party true, our people
they will save,
And send our foemen reeling fast, into an
early grave.

Home Rule is fast approaching, it is now
within our grasp,
Our foes are quickly breathing, their faint
but final gasp.
We hail our native Parliament, to frame our
nation's law,
God bless old Ireland's heroes, like the men of South Armagh.

William Hourigan.

Old Parish, Dungarvan.

CHAPEL LANE—THE REMEDY.

For Chapel lane here is the cure,
In every yard there is a sewer,
Into which you now must pour,
All liquids foul, but nothing more,
And as to what does then remain,
In a pail you must retain.
First line the pail with ashes dry
(A thing you never need to buy),
Add sweepings, dust and house refuse,
All useless rags and worn shoes;
Then at a certain hour of day,
The scavenger will take away,
And leave the empty pail behind,
Quite thankful for a gift so kind,
Nor broom nor shovel he'll employ—
A work less irksome for the boy.
And as I promised in my rhyme,
The work takes less than half the time,
But those who have a w.c.
Their house refuse put out should be,
And never stored within a pit,
For breeding flies to make it fit.
Those flies cause infant life to die,
With mother's tears and many a sigh.
Those flies that as the doctors say,
With their legs disease convey,
Contaminating milk and food,
To death they should be all pursued.
The bye-laws they were never meant
This healthful duty to prevent.
Do not tell me black is white,
Do not tell me day is night.
In Church street now such work is done,
No cleaner street beneath the sun,
Though some have there no w.c.,
Nor yet a public lavatory.
So what the people there can do,
Is no invention—nothing new,
No matter what you now may say,
My dear Mr. ——
Chun tuith do dheamadh taim ar siul,
Le congnamh an Tiarnah Donoadh
O'Dubhghail.

U. D. C.

Eochail, 9th Feb., 1918.

LOCAL BANKER PROMOTED.

Mr. Walshe, cashier Munster and Leinster Bank, Dungarvan, has been appointed accountant at Lismore branch. During his time in Dungarvan Mr. Walsh was a very popular and courteous official.

Hughes' Studio, Park Terrace, Dungarvan, open every Thursday from 11 o'clock to 6 o'clock.

LOCRAT
above Name in
and Remember
Represents the
ality and the
lue in Flour
To-Day.
anufactured by
Rank, Ltd.
Liverpool.

RVAN URBAN DISTRICT.
ARY DISTRICT OF DUNGARVAN.

CLASSES (IRELAND) ACTS, 1890 to 1908, AND THE
TH (IRELAND) ACTS, 1878 to 1907.

of the above-mentioned Acts, the Dungarvan Urban
ary Authority for the Urban District of Dungarvan,
requisite and propose to take compulsorily under the pro-
tions and quantities of Land, Premises and Here-
der, and which contain by estimation 4 Acres 2 Roods
the purpose of erecting houses thereon for the Work-
the Working Classes Acts, 1890 to 1908, and for the
and such Works and conveniences as may be necess-

E that plans or maps showing the Lands proposed to
the Office of the Executive Sanitary Officer, Town
n and inspected there at all reasonable hours.

CHEDULE.
TIES OF LAND REFERRED TO IN FOREGOING
THE SAID DUNGARVAN URBAN DISTRICT.

Parish of	No. on Map.	Quantities in Statute Measure. A	R	P
Dungarvan.	1	0	1	37
	1a	0	0	17
	2	0	0	36
	3	0	1	4
	4	0	0	24
	4a	0	0	14
	5	0	0	22
	6w	0	3	34
	6x	0	0	36
	6z	0	1	9
	7	0	0	8
	8	0	0	8
	9	0	0	32
	10	0	0	30
	11	0	1	33
	12	0	1	3
	13	0	0	36
	14	0	1	7
	Total	4	2	2

ary, 1918.

PATRICK MULCAHY, Executive Sanitary Officer for the Urban Sanitary District of Dungarvan, Town Hall, Dungarvan.
JOHN F. WILLIAMS, Solicitor for the Urban Sanitary Authority, Dungarvan.

First Grand Display.

Early Spring Fashions.

Exclusive Variety of

Ladies' Coats and Costumes, Robes, Blouses & Underskirts.

Distinctive Millinery Models.

An early visit of inspection invited.

Robertson, Ledlie, Ferguson & Co., Ltd.

WATERFORD.

Special Announcement to Ladies.

Next week our First New Season's Display of

Early Spring Millinery

In all the very Newest Styles and Latest Colors

SPECIAL SHOW OF DRESS AND COSTUME MATERIALS IN ALL NEW SPRING SHADES, IN TWEEDS, CHEVIOTS, GABBERDINES, OLD NAVY SERGES, ETC. WRITE FOR SAMPLES.
YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO INSPECT.

LYNCH BROS.

"The Corner House,"

52 Michael Street, Waterford.

POWER BROS.

New Goods.

Gents' Suitings,

Gents' Hats,

Gents' Caps,

Gents' Collars, Ties, etc,

KEENEST VALUES IN TOWN.

POWER BROS., St. Mary St., Dungarvan.

GOOD NEWS.

Remarkable Value in SUITINGS.

We were fortunate in having secured a choice selection of Woollens purchased some months ago, direct from the Mills, which we are now offering at economical prices.

Suits and Overcoats made to measure on the premises by Expert Cutters with an efficient staff, ensuring complete satisfaction.

Buy Drapery Goods at

MULCAHY'S

as their value is undoubtedly the Best obtainable.

3 & 4 Main St., Dungarvan.

COUNTY WATERFORD COMMITTEE OF AGRICULTURE.

FOOD PRODUCTION, 1918.

The Food Problem is Serious, the Need is Urgent.

Every opportunity for increased production of EARLY POTATOES AND VEGETABLES should be availed of by Farmers, Cottagers and Allotment Holders to tide over the inevitable shortage during the months of May, June, July and August.

Seeds should be ordered IMMEDIATELY as a shortage is threatened. Ground should be prepared at once and Early Potatoes should be planted now. In order to produce VEGETABLES during the above-named Months, all Seeds should be sown during the Month of MARCH.

All particulars re to Sowing, Cultivation, etc., may be had on application to P. HANRAHAN, County Horticultural Instructor, Abbeyside, Dungarvan.

JOHN O'DWYER, Secretary.
County Offices, Dungarvan.
14th February, 1918.

COUNTY WATERFORD COMMITTEE OF AGRICULTURE.

FOOD PRODUCTION LECTURES.

LECTURES on Tillage and Food Production will be delivered at the following Centres by Mr P. O'Keeffe, County Instructor in Agriculture:—

KNOCKANORE—Monday, 18th February.
COOLNASMEAR—Tuesday, 19th February.
CLONEA POWER—Wednesday, 20th February.
ARDMORE—Thursday, 21st February.
PORTLAW—Friday, 22nd February.

JOHN O'DWYER, Secretary.

DRAPERY.

For Up-to-Date Seasonable and Reliable Goods.

Our Prices cannot be beaten.

LENNON'S, Kilmacthomas,

The Leading Drapers, Tailors, Dressmakers, Milliners and Outfitters are always the earliest to show customers the latest patterns and styles.

O'MAHONY BROS.,

Bridge St., Dungarvan,

General Carpenters & Undertakers

All Classes of COFFINS Supplied at the Shortest Notice and at Moderate Prices.

COUNTY WATERFORD FARMERS' ASSOCIATION.

WEST WATERFORD BRANCH.

A Meeting of the above will be held in the COURTHOUSE, LISMORE, on WEDNESDAY (Fair Day), at 12 o'clock. All Members are requested to attend.

R. SHEIL WALSHE, Hon. Sec.

TINNOCK,
COUNTY WATERFORD
(2½ Miles from Youghal).

IMPORTANT AUCTION
Of Valuable
GRAZING AND TILLAGE LANDS, EXCELLENT MILCH STOCK, STORE CATTLE, WEANLINGS, COLTS, 1st-CROP HAY, STRAW, TURNIP, MANGOLDS, POTATOES; DAIRY UTENSILS, MELOTTE SEPARATOR, REAPER AND BINDER, WELL-ASSORTED FARMING IMPLEMENTS, CARTS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, TUB TRAP, ETC.

JOHN CONDON AND SON have been favoured with instructions from Mr. Edmond Dower, TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, ON THE LANDS AT TINNOCK (1 mile from the Metal Bridge), at the Hour of 12 Noon, ON TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 19th, 1918, the Entire of the high-class Farming Stock and Implements as follows:—

LIVE STOCK.

14 choice young Dairy Cows.
14 good 2-year Bullock and Heifers.
13 Weanlings of good shape and colour.
3-year-old Gelding, by Thurles II., unbroken.
3-year Cob Mare by Carrick Hill.
2-year Colt by Couplete.
Strong useful Pony, trained to plough and all work.

FARMING COLLECT—10 Tons of Rye-grass Hay (first cut), 14 Tons of Oaten Straw, about 2 Tons Champion Potatoes, 1 Ton of small Potatoes, 4 Tons of Mangolds. Produce of 3 Acres of Turnips. All the above will be Sold in Lots to suit Purchasers.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS, Etc.—Hornsby Reaper and Binder, only 2 years in use and like new; 3 Ploughs, Zig-Zag Harrow, Spring Harrow, Timber Harrow, Scuffler, Grubber, Combined Pulper and Slicer, Finger Slicer, Galvanised Water Bowl on Wheels, 2 Metal Pig Troughs, 2 Calf Troughs, Long Ladder, 2 Drays and Cribs, 2 Horse Carts, Pony Cart, 3 Sets of Common Tackling, Set of Pony Tackling, Cabbage Cutter, Grindstone. Dairy Utensils, including—Barrel Churn, Melotte Separator (80 gallons), Galvanised Creamers, Scales and Weights, Almost New Tub Trap (by Moloney, Dungarvan), Set of Driving Harness, etc.

FURNITURE includes—Good Mahogany Lounger, Antique Mahogany Sideboard on claw legs, large Mahogany Centre Table, handsome Mahogany Wardrobe, 6 excellent Mahogany Parlour Chairs, Chefferobe, Pictures, Chest of Drawers, Iron Bedstead, Wire Spring and Hair Mattress, Kitchen Table, etc.

Also the GRAZING AND TILLAGE OF 96 ACRES, in Lots as below:—

LOT 1.—8 Fields, containing about 32 Acres, with plentiful Water Supply, for Grazing for 11 Months from date of Sale.

LOT 2.—3 Fields, containing about 20 Acres, for Grazing. Same Term as Lot 1.

LOT 3.—About 7 Acres of Red Ground after Roots, for Tillage—One Crop.

LOT 4.—Remainder of same Field, about 8 Acres in Stubble, for Tillage—One Crop. Purchaser of this Lot will be allowed use the Farmyard Manure, about 50 or 60 Tons, free of cost.

LOT 5.—7 Acres of new Meadow, for First-crop and Aftergrass.

LOT 6.—2 Acres of new Meadow, for First-crop and Aftergrass.

Full particulars at Sale or on application to

JOHN L. KEANE, Esq., Solicitor, Youghal; or to
JOHN CONDON AND SON,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
Youghal.

Established 1869.

BALLYGALLY, LISMORE,
COUNTY WATERFORD.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

MANSION HOUSE, DEMESNE OF ABOUT 130 ACRES, GARDENS, FARM BUILDINGS, LODGE, SALMON FISHING RIGHTS IN THE RIVER BLACKWATER, ALL HELD UNDER FEE FARM GRANT, ALSO THE ENTIRE COLLECTION OF ANTIQUE FURNITURE, OLD SILVER, RARE CHINA AND ARTICLES OF VERTU,
TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION AT AN EARLY DATE.

Full particulars on application to JAMES MURRAY, Solicitor, Lismore (having Carriage of Sale); or BERNARD O'KEEFFE, Auctioneer and Valuer, Lismore and Fermoy.

HEIRS WANTED.

Nicholas Hunt, Deceased, of U.S.A., believed born County Waterford. Next-of-kin will communicate with advantage with Mr. McGrath, Solicitor, 15 Kildare Street, Dublin.

KILLINEEN AND BALLINTLEA.

AUCTION OF GRAZING.

EDMOND KEOHAN AND SON have been instructed by Mr. Thomas Riordan, Executor of Patrick Moran, Deceased, TO LET BY PUBLIC AUCTION, ON THE LANDS, AT KILLINEEN EAST, Near Cushcam Pike, and at BALLINTLEA, Kilrossanty, ON MONDAY, FEBRUARY 18th, 1918, at the hour of 12 o'clock, the Grazing for 11 MONTHS of the following Lands, in two Lots, viz.:—

LOT 1—Part of the Lands of KILLINEEN EAST, containing in or about 52 Acres 2 Roods and 5 Perches.

LOT 2—Part of the Lands of BALLINTLEA, containing about 6 Acres 3 Roods and 4 Perches.

The Term for Grazing shall begin on the date of Letting. Half Cash with 5 per cent. Auction Fees, to be paid on being declared the Purchaser. Balance according to Agreement. The Lands are sound, well watered and fenced.

Further Conditions at Sale. Any particulars required apply to
E. P. WILLIAMS, Esq., LL.D., Solicitor; or to
EDMOND KEOHAN AND SON,
Auctioneers, Dungarvan.

KNOCKROE, COLLIGAN,
DUNGARVAN.

IMPORTANT AUCTION OF TIMBER.

EDMOND KEOHAN AND SON have been instructed TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION AT KNOCKROE WOOD, COLLIGAN, on THURSDAY NEXT, FEBRUARY 21st, at 12 o'clock, about 100 Lots of Larch Poles, suitable for making Drays, Carts, Ladders, Rakes, Gates, Roofing, Masts for Fishing Boats, etc., and about 20 Lots of Larch Tops, very useful for paling.

The Timber to be Sold at this Auction is the best that has yet been offered in the district. Some of the Poles are 40 feet long, and the Lots are laid by the roadway, so that there will be no trouble in removal.

Terms—Cash, with usual Commission.
E. KEOHAN AND SON,
Auctioneers, Dungarvan.

CLONCOSKRAINE, DUNGARVAN.

AUCTION OF TIMBER.

EDMOND KEOHAN AND SON have been instructed by C. Nugent Humble, Esq., D.L., TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, AT CLONCOSKRAINE, DUNGARVAN, ON MONDAY, FEBRUARY 25th, at 12 o'clock, about 70 large Lots of excellent Larch Poles, suitable for Poles, Rails, Palings, Ladders, etc., etc.

This Larch is of Superior Quality, long and straight, and is the best that has been offered for a considerable time.

Terms—Cash, with usual Commission.
E. KEOHAN AND SON,
Auctioneers, Dungarvan.

Seed Potatoes.

We have the following Best Selected Early Varieties in stock.

Epicures,
Beauty of Hebron
Early Rose,
Early Puritans,
Abundance,
Arran Chiefs,
Irish Queens,
British Queens,
Flounders.

Reps. MAURICE FLYNN.

COUNTY WATERFORD FARMERS' ASSOCIATION.

The Committee of above Association will, at their Meeting to be held on Wednesday, 20 February, at Dungarvan, proceed to appoint a suitable person to act as Secretary and Organiser, at a salary of £52 per annum, with Travelling Expenses.

Applicant must satisfy the Committee as to his capability to act as Organiser and Secretary.

Applications to be lodged not later than 12 o'clock noon on above date, and addressed to the Presiding Chairman, Courthouse, Dungarvan.

JOHN KIERSEY,
Acting Secretary.
Courthouse, Waterford.

BALLYHANE, CAPPOQUIN.

DISPERSAL AUCTION OF 120 HORSES, IN-CALF COWS AND HEIFERS, WEANLINGS, SHEEP, PIGS, STRAW, TURNIP AND MANGOLDS.

I HAVE been favoured with instructions from Mr. John Prendergast, Ballyhane, who is giving up Dairy Farming and devoting his time to Tillage and Grazing, TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, ON THE LANDS, ON TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 19th, at the hour of 12 o'clock, his entire young Stock, comprising 24 large-framed Deep Milking Dairy Cows, due to calve February and March (by a Hereford Bull); 5 three-year-old In-calf Heifers, 19 two-and-a-half-year-old Bullocks and Heifers, 4 one-and-a-half-year-old Bullocks and Heifers, 18 Weanling Calves, 1 Black Polled Angus Bull Calf, 10 Ewes heavy in lamb, 36 lambs very forward, 4 Sow, 8 young Pigs, 3 Colts, 2 to 4 years; 1 eight-year-old Horse, quiet and kind; 1 six-year-old Mare, quiet and kind; 1 Danner Separator, 1 Princess Separator, 1 Deering Mower and Reaper, 1 Spring Harrow, 1 Zig-Zag 3-part Harrow, 1 Patent Churn Barrel, 1 Churn Barrel, 1 Spring Dray and Wheels, 2 Pig Troughs (10 divisions), 10 Tons Oaten Straw, 25 Tons Purple Top Swedes in drills, 30 Tons Yellow Globe Mangolds.

Special attention is directed to this sale by the Auctioneer. The Cattle are a choice lot of the best milking strain and in forward condition.

Ballyhane is within 2½ miles of Cappoquin on the main road to Dungarvan.

Sale starts punctual at 12 o'clock. Terms—Cash. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

MICHAEL F. WALSH,
Auctioneer and Valuer,
Cappoquin.

IN THE CIVIL BILL COURT OF THE COUNTY OF WATERFORD.

DIVISION OF DUNGARVAN.

In the Matter of the Estate of Thomas Halpan, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the directions of His Honor the County Court Judge of the County of Waterford, that all Persons claiming to be Creditors or otherwise to have any Claims or Demands upon the personal Estate of Thomas Halpan, late of Comeragh, Dungarvan, in the County of Waterford, Police Pensioner, who died on or about the 13th day of July, 1914, are hereby required on or before the 23rd day of March, 1918, to furnish in writing particulars of such Claims or Demands to the undersigned Solicitor for the Administrator of said Deceased.

And Notice is hereby given that in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from any Order made in the matter.

Dated this 14th day of February, 1918.

JOHN F. WILLIAMS,
Solicitor, Dungarvan.

To all whom it may concern.

POWER'S

Pure Jams and Marmalades.

Following are Retail Prices as fixed by the Food Controller:—

	1lb. Pots.	2 lb. Pots.
MIXED FRUIT	9d.	1 4
PLUM	9½d.	1 5
PLUM AND APPLE	9d.	1 4
RASPBERRY	11½d.	1 9
BLACK CURRANT	11½d.	1 9
MARMALADE	11d.	1 8

Lobsters! Winkles! Fish!

WANTED.

WILLIAM CARTER AND CO.,
WHOLESALE FISH MARKET,
BILLINGSGATE, LONDON.

INFINITE Consignments of LOBSTERS, ESCALLOPS, WINKLES, HERRINGS, MACKEREL, CONGER EELS, ROKER-WINGS, and ALL KINDS OF FISH. Senders can depend upon HIGHEST MARKET PRICES for ANY QUANTITY sent. QUICK RETURNS! SALES DAILY. WRITE for LABELS AND PARTICULARS.

BANKERS:
London & South Western Bank, London.
(1753).

Dungarvan Observer.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1918.

Dungarvan Petty Sessions.

SOLDIERS REFUSE TO BE SWORN.

Before Messrs. Wm. Orr, R.M., in the chair; C. Nugent Humble, J. O'Sullivan, J. Greene, J. Queally and T. Flynn.

Drunk.

John Flynn was prosecuted for being drunk and disorderly on the 26th inst. He was most riotous and used very filthy language. He was also charged with the same offence on the 6th and of trying to break into his daughter's house. There was a third charge against the same defendant for a similar offence.

The defendant was convicted and sentenced to one month's imprisonment in each case.

No Lights.

Michael O'Neill was prosecuted for having no light on his cart at 8.45 p.m., lighting-up time being 6.5 p.m.

A fine of 2s. and costs was imposed.

Nicholas Walsh was charged with riding a bicycle without a light.

Fined 2s. and costs.

There were some other cases of "no lights," and nominal penalties were imposed in each case.

Dealer's License.

Mr. E. A. Ryan, solr., made application for Kate Scanlan for a general dealer's license. The license was granted.

Sale of Bread.—Adjourned Case.

In the case where John Christopher was prosecuted by the Crown for the sale of bread that was not 12 hours baked, and the decision on which was adjourned from a previous petty sessions, Mr. Williams, solr., said that their worships would remember that the evidence was that the bread was not for sale to any individual customers, but to dealers.

Chairman—We were left to find our way on that question. The magistrates who adjudicated in that case were Messrs. Humble, Longan and myself. Mr. Longan is absent to-day.

Mr. Williams said that at the hearing of the case he pointed out that offering bread for distribution to retailers was not in contravention to the Order, and the practice prevailed in Cork without having prosecutions issued. If the certificate or other notification was given to the dealer at the time that the bread was not to be sold until it was 12 hours' baked, then no offence was committed. Mr. Christopher stated in his evidence that he had always told retailers that they were liable to a penalty if they sold the bread before it was 12 hours baked. He pointed out that the bread was given to retailers on Saturday night to be sold by them on Sunday. He (Mr. Williams) thought this was a case in which their worships could not impose a penalty.

District Inspector O'Keeffe—I would like to know if in the decision you arrive at now you have the sanction of Mr. Longan. He sat on the case, but he is not here to-day.

Chairman—As there are only two of us here, we consider it better to adjourn the case to this day fortnight.

The case was adjourned accordingly.

The King Against James Fraher.—Witnesses Refusal to be Sworn.

This was a charge against James Fraher, of assisting soldiers to desert.

Mr. E. A. Ryan, solr., for defendant, and District Inspector O'Keeffe prosecuted.

District Inspector O'Keeffe produced the order from the competent military authority to prosecute, and said that the case was brought against defendant under the Defence of the Realm Regulations, 42 a.a., and this Regulation showed that any person assisting a deserter or absentee from the army was guilty of an offence under the Act. He submitted that the evidence would show the magistrates that the accused in taking away the uniforms of the two men and providing plain clothes for them, and aiding them in deserting from the army had thereby committed an offence.

Private Conroy, one of the military witnesses, was then called. He proceeded to the witness box, but when the Clerk of the Petty Sessions offered him the Testament he refused to take it.

District Inspector O'Keeffe—What course do their worships propose to pursue now?

Chairman—We had best commit him, I suppose.

District Inspector O'Keeffe said that there was another point to be considered. The difficulty arose from the fact of these two men being in military custody, and they should consider what they should do before taking any action.

He here asked the corporal in charge if the two soldiers were in military custody and the corporal answered in the affirmative.

District O'Keeffe (to the bench)—You cannot take the men out of military custody.

The corporal in charge further stated, in reply to Mr. O'Keeffe, that the two soldiers were at present under detention by the military. He had got them in charge to have them appear at Petty Sessions and was supposed to take them back to the barracks.

Chairman—The men here with arms are an indication of that. Fraher is on bail to appear for all adjournments.

District Inspector O'Keeffe (to Private Conroy)—Will you take the oath? Private Conroy—No.

District Inspector O'Keeffe—I don't want to have my statement as to these men being in military custody have anything to do with what action you might think fit to take.

Chairman—The person in charge is bound to take them back.

Private O'Brien, the other military witness, was here asked if he would take the oath, but he also refused to do so.

At this point there was applause in the court.

Chairman (who had not heard the latter's refusal)—What about Private O'Brien?

District Inspector O'Keeffe—He, too, has refused to be sworn. I would now ask you to adjourn the case for a fortnight in order to see what action the court would be empowered to take.

The Chairman said that they would adjourn the case to the 9th March.

Mr. Ryan—These are the Crown witnesses in military custody, and as far as I am concerned rather than have the case hanging over I would just as soon have it heard and decided.

District Inspector O'Keeffe—I am sorry I cannot assist you in that respect.

Mr. Ryan—"You may bring a horse to the water, but you cannot make him drink," and I think the same would apply in this case. "You may bring a soldier to the witness box, but you cannot make him swear."

The case was adjourned to the 9th March, James Fraher being allowed out on bail.

The soldiers, Privates Conroy and O'Brien, were removed from the court under armed military escort.

A GRIEVANCE.

To the Editor of the "Dungarvan Observer."

Dear Sir—I would respectfully beg to suggest to some person or persons to bring before one of the meetings of the Urban Council or Board of Guardians the long-standing grievance of the shopkeepers and merchants of Youghal against the G.S. and W. Railway Company for not getting telephone connection between the town and railway station. Twice this week I sent out my horse for goods. I was expecting they were there. My horse and man had to come in actually idle. Would be glad to see Mr. R. Carey, our respected chairman, call a special meeting of the shareholders with a view of asking them to bring this matter before the next general meeting of the shareholders in Dublin.—Yours faithfully,

Shopkeeper.

Youghal, 12th February, 1918.

Dungarvan Observer.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1918.

Dungarvan Petty Sessions.

SOLDIERS REFUSE TO BE SWORN.

Before Messrs. Wm. Orr, R.M., in the chair; C. Nugent Humble, J. O'Sullivan, J. Greene, J. Quesily and T. Flynn:

Drunk.

John Flynn was prosecuted for being drunk and disorderly on the 26th inst. He was most riotous and used very filthy language. He was also charged with the same offence on the 6th and of trying to break into his daughter's house. There was a third charge against the same defendant for a similar offence.

The defendant was convicted and sentenced to one month's imprisonment in each case.

No Lights.

Michael O'Neill was prosecuted for having no light on his cart at 8.45 p.m., lighting-up time being 6.5 p.m.

A fine of 2s. and costs was imposed.

Nicholas Walsh was charged with riding a bicycle without a light.

Fined 2s. and costs.

There were some other cases of "no lights," and nominal penalties were imposed in each case.

Dealer's License.

Mr. E. A. Ryan, solr., made application for Kate Scanlan for a general dealer's license. The license was granted.

Sale of Bread.—Adjourned Case.

In the case where John Christopher was prosecuted by the Crown for the sale of bread that was not 12 hours baked, and the decision on which was adjourned from a previous petty sessions, Mr. Williams, solr., said that their worships would remember that the evidence was that the bread was not for sale to any individual customers, but to dealers.

Chairman—We were left to find our way on that question. The magistrates who adjudicated in that case were Messrs. Humble, Lougan and myself. Mr. Lougan is absent to-day.

Mr. Williams said that at the hearing of the case he pointed out that offering bread for distribution to retailers was not in contravention to the Order, and the practice prevailed in Cork without having prosecutions issued. If the certificate or other notification was given to the dealer at the time that the bread was not to be sold until it was 12 hours' baked, then no offence was committed. Mr. Christopher stated in his evidence that he had always told retailers that they were liable to a penalty if they sold the bread before it was 12 hours baked. He pointed out that the bread was given to retailers on Saturday night to be sold by them on Sunday. He (Mr. Williams) thought this was a case in which their worships could not impose a penalty.

District Inspector O'Keeffe—I would like to know if in the decision you arrive at now you have the sanction of Mr. Lougan. He sat on the case, but he is not here to-day.

Chairman—As there are only two of us here, we consider it better to adjourn the case to this day fortnight.

The case was adjourned accordingly.

The King Against James Fraher.—Witnesses' Refusal to be Sworn.

This was a charge against James Fraher of assisting soldiers to desert.

Mr. E. A. Ryan, solr., for defendant, and District Inspector O'Keeffe prosecuted.

District Inspector O'Keeffe produced the order from the competent military authority to prosecute, and said that the case was brought against defendant under the Defence of the Realm Regulations, 42 a.a., and this Regulation showed that any person assisting a deserter or absentee from the army was guilty of an offence under the Act. He submitted that the evidence would show the magistrates that the accused in taking away the uniforms of the two men and providing plain clothes for them, and aiding them in deserting from the army had thereby committed an offence.

Private Conroy, one of the military witnesses, was then called. He proceeded to the witness box, but when the Clerk of the Petty Sessions offered him the Testament he refused to take it.

District Inspector O'Keeffe—What course do their worships propose to pursue now?

Chairman—We had best commit him, I suppose.

District Inspector O'Keeffe said that there was another point to be considered. The difficulty arose from the fact of these two men being in military custody, and they should consider what they should do before taking any action.

He here asked the corporal in charge if the two soldiers were in military custody and the corporal answered in the affirmative.

District O'Keeffe (to the bench)—You cannot take the men out of military custody.

The corporal in charge further stated, in reply to Mr. O'Keeffe, that the two soldiers were at present under detention by the military. He had got them in charge to have them appear at Petty Sessions and was supposed to take them back to the barracks.

Chairman—The men here with arms are an indication of that. Fraher is on bail to appear for all adjournments.

District Inspector O'Keeffe (to Private Conroy)—Will you take the oath? Private Conroy—No.

District Inspector O'Keeffe—I don't want to have my statement as to these men being in military custody have anything to do with what action you might think fit to take.

Chairman—The person in charge is bound to take them back.

Private O'Brien, the other military witness, was here asked if he would take the oath, but he also refused to do so.

At this point there was applause in the court.

Chairman (who had not heard the latter's refusal)—What about Private O'Brien?

District Inspector O'Keeffe—He, too, has refused to be sworn. I would now ask you to adjourn the case for a fortnight in order to see what action the court would be empowered to take.

The Chairman said that they would adjourn the case to the 9th March.

Mr. Ryan—These are the Crown witnesses in military custody, and as far as I am concerned rather than have the case hanging over I would just as soon have it heard and decided.

District Inspector O'Keeffe—I am sorry I cannot assist you in that respect.

Mr. Ryan—"You may bring a horse to the water, but you cannot make him drink," and I think the same would apply in this case. "You may bring a soldier to the witness box, but you cannot make him swear."

The case was adjourned to the 9th March, James Fraher being allowed out on bail.

The soldiers, Privates Conroy and O'Brien, were removed from the court under armed military escort.

A GRIEVANCE.

To the Editor of the "Dungarvan Observer."

Dear Sir—I would respectfully beg to suggest to some person or persons to bring before one of the meetings of the Urban Council or Board of Guardians the long-standing grievance of the shopkeepers and merchants of Youghal against the G.S. and W. Railway Company for not getting telephone connection between the town and railway station. Twice this week I sent out my horse for goods. I was expecting they were there. My horse and man had to come in actually idle. Would be glad to see Mr. R. Carey, our respected chairman, call a special meeting of the shareholders with a view of asking them to bring this matter before the next general meeting of the shareholders in Dublin.—Yours faithfully,

Shopkeeper.

Youghal, 12th February, 1918.

MARRIAGES.

McGRATH—CONDON—On the 7th February, at the Parish Church, Clashmore, by the Rev. Wm. Ormonde, Adm., David, youngest son of Mr. James McGrath, Knockaneris, Clashmore, to Mary (May), youngest daughter of Mr. John Condon, Knockaneris.

KEANE—BARRON—At Grange Parish Church, on 12th February, 1918, by Rev. J. M. O'Shea, C.C., Ballinameela, John, son of Michael Keane, Duffcarrick, Ardmore, to Mary, eldest daughter of Patrick Barron, Clarkstown, Ardmore.

WALSH—TOBIN—February 7th, 1918, at St. Patrick's R.C. Church, Waterford, by the Rev. Nicholas Walsh, P.P., St. Patrick's (uncle of the bridegroom), assisted by the Rev. P. Cusack, P.P., Powerstown, Clonmel, Nicholas, youngest son of the late James Walsh, Lisleagh, Ballinamult, to Mary Catherine, elder daughter of the late J. Tobin, Jamestown, Clonmel.

DENNEHY—WHITE—At the Parish Church, Dungarvan, on Tuesday, 12th February, 1918, by the Rev. M. Walshe, C.C., Gunner M. Dennehy, R.G.A., to Bridget Mary (Bridie) White, second daughter of Mr. Wm. White, South Terrace, Dungarvan. Miss Mary Franklin was bridesmaid and Mr. Wm. White was best man.

KIELY—WALSH—February 7th, 1918, by the Rev. T. Moran, P.P., Four-Mile-Water, John Kiely, Lisleagh, Ballinamult, to Mary Walsh, Barrachipane, Ballymacarbry. Miss M. Walsh (sister of the bride) was bridesmaid, and Mr. L. Kiely, Dungarvan, was best man.

Local Happenings.

NEW BANKS FOR KILMACTHOMAS.

Mr. John Hearne, builder, Waterford, has secured the contracts for building new banks for the Ulster Banking Co. and the National Bank in Kilmacthomas. The Provincial Bank has also opened a permanent branch there. It would not be surprising if the Bank of Ireland, Munster and Leinster Bank, Belfast Bank, Hibernian Bank and Northern Bank Co. followed suit, and then Kilmacthomas would be the most Banked-up place in Ireland. It is evident we are entering a most progressive age when big banking concerns are so eager to open new branches and capture trade. It is also apparent that these great commercial combines fear not any danger under an Irish Republic, Colonial Home Rule or any other form of freedom that we must surely get. New Banks are being opened in large numbers all over the country. A few days ago we read an announcement of a branch of one of our leading Banks being opened at a place where to our knowledge there was only a crossroad and a public-house a few years ago, but then a wealthy rural population abounded. As Banking Companies are controlled by our ablest and far-seeing men, we may conclude they have a clear view of the future, and under a free constitution they know that Ireland would be a most prosperous land, and they are making preparations to develop its financial resources.

DUNGARVAN MAN PROMOTED.

Mr. Denis Fuge, son of Mr. James Fuge, Mary street, Dungarvan, has been appointed Manager of the Rathgar Branch of the Munster and Leinster Bank. Prior to his promotion Mr. Fuge was attached to the Dame street (Dublin) Branch of the Bank. His numerous friends in these parts will be glad to hear of his well-deserved promotion.

DUNGARVAN WOMAN HONOURED BY THE KING.

At an investiture at Buckingham Palace on last Saturday, Mrs. Healy, Kiladangan, Dungarvan, was the recipient at the hands of the King of the Albert Medal awarded to her son, Sergeant Michael Healy. The award was made for a gallant action which unfortunately was the cause of Sergeant Healy's death. While on active service in France a live bomb fell into the trench in which he was stationed. With great presence of mind, perceiving the danger in which he and his comrades were placed, he seized the bomb with the intention of throwing it from the trench. It exploded in his hands and the plucky sergeant thereby lost his life. His timely action, however, was the means of saving the life of his officer and three of his fellow-soldiers. This gallant deed was reported to headquarters and the Albert Medal was postumously awarded to Sergeant Healy. Speaking of the interview to a Press representative, Mrs. Healy said that the King was very nice to speak to, and from the first she felt quite at ease. He spoke to her in a homely fashion, sympathising with her in the great loss she had sustained, and congratulating her on having had such a brave son. He also referred to the food question, and hoped she did not have to stand in queues. Sergeant Healy had previously won the D.C.M. and the Military Medal with clasp.

CINDERELLA DANCE IN THE TOWN HALL.

Under the auspices of the local branch of Cuman Na mBan, a very pretty Cinderella dance was held in the Town Hall, Dungarvan, on Tuesday night. The ladies in charge were most energetic, but their endeavours were well repaid by the success which attended their undertaking. For a very reasonable tariff some hours of splendid amusement was gained by those who patronised the Cinderella, and a good many patrons were there, too, upwards of seventy couples, who fully entered into the spirit of the enjoyment that the dance afforded. All went with a merry swing, and, in short, was a credit to the members of Cuman Na mBan, who at the outset were responsible for the initiation of the idea. Messrs. E. Phelan and J. Lawlor filled the capacities of M.C.'s most efficiently.

LAND AND LABOUR.

A meeting of the Land and Labour Association will be held after Mass at Fahy, Kilmacthomas, on next Sunday. Prominent speakers will deliver addresses.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

The Waterford County Committee of Agriculture have a few Premiums for Bulls and Boars to be allocated. For all particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN O'DWYER, Secretary.

County Committee of Agriculture,
County Offices, Dungarvan.

COMING EVENTS.

Aglish Races—May 9th.
Dungarvan Show—July 18th.

LATEST MARKETS.

Pigs, 140s. per cwt.; flour, 26s. per ten stone; oats, 26s. per barrel; Indian meal, 19s. to 21s. per sack; pollard, 19s. per cwt.; bran, 19s. per cwt.; oatmeal, 4s. 6d. to 5s. per stone; tailings, 22s. per cwt.; oil cake, 28s. per cwt.; cotton cake, 26s. per cwt; linseed meal, 30s. per cwt.; flaxseed, 5s. per stone; butter, 1s. 10½d. per lb.; coal, 60s. per ton.

TOOTHACHE TROUBLE.

Mr. Lovitch, of Cork, the great Teeth Specialist, is relieving the Pain of the whole countryside of Dungarvan who suffer from bad teeth as his wonderful Painless Extractions can at once and for ever all further pain. Extractions from 1s. Attendance every Tuesday and Wednesday at Coghlan's Hotel, The Square, Dungarvan.

DUNGARVAN POST OFFICE.

We are asked to state that the Dungarvan Post Office will in future be closed from 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Hitherto it was closed each day from 12.30 to 2.30 p.m., and the change is made to convenience the rural population.

AUCTIONS OF TIMBER AT KNOCKROE, COLLIGAN, AND CLONCOSKRAINE.

On Thursday next E. Keohan and Son will sell a splendid lot of larch at Knockroe Wood. The timber is of excellent quality and suitable for all purposes. Some of the poles at this sale are 40 feet long, and is the best that has ever been offered for competition in the district. See advertisement in this issue. On Monday, 25th inst., an auction of excellent larch poles takes place at Cloncoskraine, near Dungarvan.

LOCAL WEDDINGS.

On Tuesday in Grange Parish Church a pretty wedding took place, the contracting parties being Miss Mary Barron, daughter of Mr. Patrick Barron, Clarkstown, and Mr. John Keane, of Duffcarrick, Ardmore. The bride, who was suitably attired, was given away by her father, the bridesmaid being her sister, Miss Norah Barron. The bridegroom was assisted by Master Ducey (nephew). After a sumptuous dejeuner at the bride's home the happy pair motored to Youghal en route for Cork and Dublin, where the honeymoon is being spent. Both the bride and bridegroom are most popular members of respected Ardmore families, and we wish them many years of wedded bliss.

A pretty wedding took place at St. Patrick's R.C. Church, Waterford, on Thursday, 7th inst., when Nicholas Walsh, youngest son of the late James Walsh, Lisleagh, Ballinamult, was united in the bonds of matrimony with Miss Mary K. Tobin, elder daughter of the late Mr. J. Tobin, Jamestown, Clonmel. Miss J. Tobin (sister of the bride) was bridesmaid, while Mr. J. J. Walsh, Munster and Leinster Bank, Dublin (brother of bridegroom) acted as best man. The wedding party were hospitably entertained at the residence of the Rev. N. Walsh, P.P., after which the happy pair left for Cork amidst the numerous congratulations and good wishes of their friends.

SALES BY HAYES AND CO.

On Wednesday, February 20th (fair day), Hayes and Co., auctioneers, will sell at the Courthouse, Dungarvan, two nice farms of prime land at Knockatemore for Mr. Ed. Morrissey; the grazing of Crobally for Mr. D. Mansfield and 49 acres of grazing at Garranbane for Mr. J. Morrissey. They will also sell on the fair morning 25 well-bred in-calf heifers for Mrs. Kennedy, Lacken Lodge.

GRANGE COURSING CLUB.

On Sunday last an 18-Dog Stake was run off before a large crowd. The various courses were well contested, and in the final Mr. M. Guiry's Youghal Bridge beat Miss Power's Optical Delusion. Full report in next issue.

SALE AT BALLYHANE.

On Tuesday next Mr. M. F. Walsh will hold a great dispersal sale at Ballyhane, Cappoquin, for Mr. J. Prendergast of horses, in-calf cows, heifers, young cattle, sheep, pigs, etc. See advertisement.

LABOURERS' MEETING.

ADDRESS BY MR. CATHAL O'SHANNON.

A general meeting of the labourers of the town and district was held in the Town Hall, Dungarvan, on Wednesday night. There was a very large attendance. Mr. T. McCarthy, president of the local branch of the Irish Transport Workers' Union, occupied the chair.

Mr. McCarthy said that he had great pleasure in introducing to his fellow-workers Mr. Cathal O'Shannon, the organiser for the Irish Workers' Union. Mr. O'Shannon would make an appeal to them to-night to join the Union which he represented, and he hoped that appeal would not be made in vain. As an organiser Mr. O'Shannon was second to none in Ireland, and quite recently headed the deputation of the Irish Transport Union to the Russian deputation at London. He would now call on him to address them.

Mr. O'Shannon, who was received with an outburst of cheering, first spoke to the meeting a few sentences in Irish. Continuing in English he said that he was not going to inflict a speech in Irish upon them, although he would very much like to speak in that language. The reason was that pointed out by the deputation referred to by their chairman—that people were in the world who thought there was no Irish race because the population of Ireland spoke English. The chairman made an error in stating that he had come to them to organise a branch of the Irish Transport Union, because when he came to Dungarvan he found that a branch had already been established. They also worked with the Irish Labour Union that a certain interpretation, a certain reading into the history of their common country—Ireland. That reading they owed to one of the greatest men that this or any other working class had produced. That man was James Connolly (cheers). That reading was that there was once a time when the Irish people were much happier than they are to-day. The reason why they were so was because the wealth of Ireland was then better distributed than it is at the present time. Under the old Irish Gaelic system there was a certain prosperity. There were no very rich or no very poor people. There was a general level of prosperity, which was accountable for the happiness that then existed in Ireland. The struggle between the Irish and the English or British Government was not merely a struggle of a political nature. It was one also of what is called an economic or industrial nature. From the first day the Norman set foot in Ireland the struggle had been for the possession of the land, and the Irish people were driven, as Cromwell himself said, to "Hell or to Connaught." With the result that through the many centuries the Irish people had to settle on the hillsides and on the worst lands of their own country. The descendants of the plunderer got all the rich lands of Ireland, but the soldiers of Cromwell and their descendants were also in their turn deprived of this land. The sons of the men who fought against Ireland at the battle of the Boyne and Derry and outside Limerick—their turn came in time—and they were driven out of the land just as were the people that had been expelled by their forefathers. The whole thing resulted in the setting up of the landlord class, and under the heels of the landlord the Irish were ground down and kept out of their own. The struggle in Ireland then became a struggle between what is called the lower and upper classes, and the landlords' side was always represented by a foreign order of conquerors (applause). The Irish people beat landlordism, and the means adopted was the Land League, but only to face another kind of landlordism, and the fight of Ireland as claimed by the Irish Transport Union for the possession of the material wealth of Ireland was still in progress. The Land League was a combination of those who worked on the land. They all knew the proverb of the bundle of sticks. One stick could be broken quite easily, but if a number were tied together it would be impossible to break them. So it is with a Union. One man by himself can do very little to better his conditions, but if a body of men join together and form themselves into a Union, the task is made quite easy. The organisation which he represented was called the Irish Transport Workers' Union, because it embodied in its membership men who were engaged in the work of transport—carriers, dockers and such like. If the carriers in any town ceased work in the morning nothing could go on in that town. From time to time grievances arose that were just between the employer and his employer, and it was in such cases that the advantages of the Union were realised. The officials of the Union in such cases went before that employer and talked things over with him in a sensible and reasonable way. If a working man went up to his employer in the morning as an individual and asked for an increase of wages the employer would probably show him the door, but if an official of the Union went to that same employer with the sanction of all the workers to back him up the employer would probably feel more inclined to show him a chair (laughter and applause). He (Mr. O'Shannon) had years of experience and understood the condition of the working man. In many parts of the country he had often seen stables for horses that were better furnished and better kept than were the habitations of some workers. The horse had a better bed than many of them. The reason for this was obvious, when it was considered that if a horse died the owner would have to pay £40 or £50 for another horse, but if a labourer or a worker died his employer had not to expend that amount to fill his place. He got another man for nothing (applause). The same argument applied in the case of a piece of machinery. Unless this was kept well oiled and well looked after it would refuse to do its work, but they all knew that there were innumerable instances in which the worker, the man power, was not given the attention that his existence demanded. At the present day the workingman's position was subject to many hardships. Provisions and all the necessaries of life had increased to double the price they were before the war, and it was regrettable that the salary paid to the workingman had not been increased accordingly. Where a few years ago a worker received 15s. or £1 per week he should, in order to be able to meet the conditions existing to-day, be paid, at least, 30s. or £2 per week. Again, he impressed upon them the advantage of discussing matters in a homely and reasonable fashion with the employers. This the Irish Transport Union did for the benefit of its members, and both employer as well as employee was beginning to realise that the methods adopted by the Union were to both their interests. Referring to the question of strikes, the speaker said that there arose occasions on which strikes were a necessity from the workers' point of view. Strikes, though, he added, were only resorted to when every other means of settling a dispute had failed and when the employees were up against a stubborn employer, who was not willing to sit down and discuss the question at issue. Just as war was resorted to as an extreme means of settling the nation's disputes, so also extreme cases arose in which the workers had to issue a declaration of war. Nations would do much better and would save many horrors to their peoples by coming together and readjusting their affairs on diplomatic lines. The Irish Transport Union did not countenance strikes. Where such were inevitable they always allowed the workers to determine their own line of action, and even then they never neglected to point out the hardships, privations and sufferings that a strike carried in its train. He wished to emphasise the fact that the Union invariably did all in its power to avoid a strike. Taking the case of the City of Cork, where the Union had a membership of over 6,000 people. If a dozen men went on strike in that city it meant the lock-out for those thousands. This showed them clearly the necessity for adopting every measure towards an amicable settlement of their disputes, as an amicable settlement was the first endeavour of the Transport Union. To the workers and to the employers of Dungarvan he would like to say one thing, and that was that they would find in the Union represented by him a spirit of reason and friendliness and a wish that each section should work in harmony with the other. In other countries they were far ahead of them here in Ireland. Through long weary years of struggling they had recognised the necessity for unity. They were fast arriving at that state in Ireland, too, a state in which they would better the condition of the working classes, and, in fact, better the condition of all concerned. Every section of workers should unite together. Shop assistants and clerks in towns should join the organisations that are in existence to guard their interests at the present day. Now in the Transport Union they had got the teachers of Ireland as members, so that the brains of the country as well as the bone and muscle would be brought into play in bettering their conditions generally (applause). The County Waterford unfortunately was not the best county for organisation, but he should certainly say that Dungarvan, of the towns in the County Waterford, was far ahead of the others in this regard (cheers). For this reason the chief branch of the organisation in the county would be established at Dungarvan. There was such a thing, of course, as capital in the world, but let them ask themselves what use capital served if it had not the blood and bone of the worker behind it. He pictured to them the platform on which he stood as holding a pile of gold sovereigns, yet all that money could not itself turn the handle of the least significant bit of machinery (applause). It required the man power to make it serviceable to the capitalist. In his concluding remarks the speaker once more referred to the late James Connolly, who had done so much for the upliftment of the workers. He advised every workingman to spend a shilling on either of the two books written by James Connolly. One was entitled "Labour and Irish History" and showed the important part labour played in the making of Irish history. The other was a sequel to the first. It was called the "Reconquest of Ireland," and in its pages the champion of the worker showed how labour would once more fill her leading role in winning back for Ireland her rights of freedom and liberty (loud applause). He exhorted all those who had not yet done so to become members of the Transport Union without further delay. By doing so they would be helping themselves, their families, their fellow-workers and their country. There was wealth enough in Ireland to-day to bring material comfort to the homes of even the lowliest if that wealth were only properly divided. And if the working man and woman took his and her place in the ranks of the army of labour they would be going a long way in the direction of future prosperity, happiness and comfort for all (prolonged applause).

Mr. Brennock, U.D.C., congratulated the workers on their great meeting and Mr. O'Shannon on his able lecture. He maintained the labourer was not paid sufficient to enable him to maintain him the way he deserved. The Master of the Dungarvan Union had stated it cost 7s. a week to maintain a pauper, and that meant that a worker with a wife and six children would cost 56s. a week to feed as paupers. He referred to the great increases recently in the cost of foodstuffs, and the labourer was entitled to an increase to meet them. He advised all to carefully follow the advice of the lecturer.

Mr. Morrissey proposed, and Mr. Thomas Veale seconded a vote of thanks to Mr. O'Shannon which was supported by Mr. L. Veale, hon. sec.

The vote having carried, Mr. O'Shannon returned thanks, and said they were aiming at the maxim they learned in the Catechism: "The labourer was worthy of his hire."

FOR SALE.

Two Splendid Bulls—(1) Yearling and (2) coming 2 years old, by the Purebred Shorthorn Bull, Fitzwilliam Florist, who won First Prize at Waterford and Dungarvan Shows, and out of large-framed, Dual-bred Dairy Cows of excellent milking strain. Apply to Patrick Kirwan, Drumlohan, Stradbally.

FOR SALE.

Fat Sow and 5 Fat Pigs; also 12 large Store Pigs, 3 four-year-old Donkeys (untrained), Circular Saw Spindle; also 5 Acres of Stubble Land suitable for a Crop of Potatoes from people in Mount Stuart district. Offers for the foregoing will be received up to February 4th next by Simon O'Brien, Ballintaylor.

POISON NOTICE.

Take Notice that the lands of Ballymacmague, in my possession, are poisoned from this date. All trespassers will be prosecuted.

JOHN J. MORRISSEY.

8th February, 1918.

Sales by Hayes & Co.

GRAZING LANDS AT GARRANBANE.

HAYES AND CO. have been instructed by Mr. James Morrissey, Garranbane, TO LET BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on the 20th FEBRUARY NEXT (Fair Day), at the COURTHOUSE, DUNGARVAN, at 1.30 o'clock, 49 Acres of his Prime Grazing Lands for a Term of 11 Months. These Lands will be Let subject to the Tillage Order.

Terms and Conditions at Sale. 5 per cent. Commission.

HAYES AND CO.,
Auctioneers, Dungarvan.

SALE OF IN-CALF HEIFERS.

HAYES AND CO. have been instructed by Mrs. K. Kennedy, Lacken Lodge, Dungarvan, TO SELL AT THE MEAT MARKET, DUNGARVAN, FEBRUARY 20th (Fair Day) at 9 a.m., 25 Well-bred In-calf Heifers.

Terms—Cash. 5 per cent. Commission.

HAYES AND CO.,
Auctioneers, Dungarvan.

KNOCKATEMORE, ABBEYSIDE,
(Half a Mile from Dungarvan).

HIGHLY IMPORTANT AND ATTRACTIVE SALE OF TWO SPLENDID ACCOMMODATION HOLDINGS OF THE PRIMEST LAND WITH COTTAGE RESIDENCE THEREON.

HAYES AND CO. have been favoured with instructions from Mr. Edmond Morrissey, Knockatemore, TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at the COURTHOUSE, DUNGARVAN, ON WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 20th, 1918 (Fair Day at Dungarvan), at 12 o'clock (noon), his Interest in the Two Splendid Holdings described below.

LOT 1—All that and those parts of the Lands of KNOCKATEMORE, containing 10a. 2r. 4p. or thereabouts with substantially built Cottage Residence thereon, held subject to a Yearly Rent of £11 9s., payable to C. Nugent Humble, Esq., J.P., D.L.

LOT 2—All that and those parts of the Lands of KNOCKATEMORE, containing 10a. 2r., Statute Measure or thereabouts, held subject to a Yearly Rent of £11 9s., also payable to C. Nugent Humble, Esq., J.P., D.L.

Both Holdings are laid out in Ancient Pasture, are in excellent heart, and are divided into fields of convenient size, splendidly fenced and sheltered. No. 1 has a natural water supply. No. 2 is equipped with the town water supply. The Holdings may be sold in One or Two Lots.

The Holdings described above present a rare opportunity to persons desirous of investing in Land well and favourably known to all as first-class Land of the Primest Fattening Quality.

Inspection is specially invited.

Conditions read at Sale. 5 per cent. Commission.

Full particulars can be had from

JOHN F. WILLIAMS, Esq., Solicitor, Dungarvan, having Carriage of Sale; or

HAYES AND CO.,
Auctioneers, Dungarvan.

CROBALLY, OLD PARISH.

IMPORTANT AUCTION OF THE GRAZING AND TILLAGE OF THE PRIME FATTENING LANDS OF CROBALLY.

HAYES AND CO. have been favoured with instructions from Mr. David Mansfield, TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, AT THE COURTHOUSE, DUNGARVAN, ON WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 20th, 1918 (Fair Day) at 1 o'clock, the following Lots of Prime Grazing and Tillage for Terms of 11 Months:

LOT 1—The Grazing of part of the Lands of CROBALLY UPPER, (known as CORRON), containing 32 Acres.

LOT 2—The right to till 6 Acres of the Lands of CROBALLY UPPER, also known as CORRON.

LOT 3—The Grazing of part of the Lands of CROBALLY UPPER, containing 17 Acres.

LOT 4—The Grazing of part of the Lands of CROBALLY UPPER, containing 33 Acres.

LOT 5—The Grazing of part of the Lands of CROBALLY UPPER, containing 16 Acres.

LOT 6—The Grazing of part of the Lands of CROBALLY UPPER, containing 53 Acres.

The Lands described above are all in Ancient Pasture of excellent heart, are well fenced, sheltered and watered.

Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Commission. Conditions read at Sale.

Further particulars can be had from

JOHN F. WILLIAMS, Esq., Solicitor, Dungarvan (having Carriage of Sale), or

HAYES AND CO.,
Auctioneers, Dungarvan.

VILLIERSTOWN, AGLISH.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE OF PRIME GRAZING AND TILLAGE LANDS, MILCH COWS, SPRINGING CATTLE.

HAYES AND CO. have been instructed by Mrs. Mary O'Keeffe, Villierstown, TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION ON THE LANDS, ON MONDAY, FEBRUARY 18th NEXT, at 1 o'clock,

10 Acres Prime Grazing Land at Villierstown, in one or two Lots.

4 Acres highly manured Potato Ground (for tillage purposes).

The Lands are of the primest quality, well sheltered, fenced and watered.

Immediately after the Sale of the Lands the following stock, etc., WILL BE SOLD:—

2 Choice Young Cows (to calve March and April), 2 Yearling Cattle (in forward condition), Water Barrell, Wheels, etc.

Conditions read at Sale. 5 per cent. Commission.

HAYES AND CO.,
Auctioneers, Dungarvan.

Waterford Farmers' Association.

COWTESTING.

A Lecture on Cowtesting will be given in the COURTHOUSE, Dungarvan, on Wednesday next (Fair Day), at 1.30 o'clock.

All are invited to attend.

JOHN KIELY TESTIMONIAL.

The following Subscriptions are gratefully acknowledged:—

	£	s	d
James Kiely, Lisleagh ...	2	0	0
John Keane, Ballinagulkee ...	2	0	0
Edmond Walshe, Farnane ...	2	0	0
Thos. Hally, Ballinamult ...	2	0	0
Ed. O'Brien, Grange ...	1	0	0
Chas. Lynn, Dungarvan ...	1	0	0
James White, Cnattery ...	1	0	0
Patrick Power, Castlequarter ...	1	0	0
R. McGrath, Ballinacourty ...	1	0	0
E. Kiely, Shandon ...	1	0	0

10s. each—Jas. Lynch, Ballylemon; Thos. Kiely, Lyrattin; John Power, Glenkoran; Patk. Kiely, Vickerstown; Mrs. C. Crean, Ring; Tobin, do.; W. Foley, Cappoquin.

5s each—L. Kiely, Dungarvan; John E. Tobin, do.

2s.—J. Stranane, Brick.

Further subscriptions will be duly acknowledged in the Press and received by any member of the Committee or by President—JEREMIAH FOLEY, J.P., Co.C., Ballyaneen, Kilmacthomas.

Treasurer—THOMAS O'CONNORS, Raha, Kilmacthomas.

Hon. Sec.—JOHN LENNON, Draper, Kilmacthomas.

3 Wonder Bargains at Hearne's SALE

WATERFORD.

1.—A Big Delivery of Men's and Ladies' Best Serges and Tweeds bought nearly 3 years ago and now only delivered, will be cleared cheap at once.

2.—A Magnificent Lot of Best old Second hand Furniture of every kind reduced to absurdly low prices.

3.—A huge delivery of Best Boots and Shoes secured at less than half prices—all now opened up and marked off. These were made for foreign firms and could not be shipped.

COUNTY WATERFORD.

SCARTORE KNOWN AS BAYVIEW, DUNGARVAN.

IMPORTANT AUCTION OF VALUABLE GRAZING AND TILLAGE FARM WITH DESIRABLE RESIDENCE AND OUT-OFFICES,

Held in Fee-Simple.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, ON WEDNESDAY, 27th FEBRUARY, 1918, AT THE COURTHOUSE, DUNGARVAN, By Directions of John Hunt, Esq.,

The Residential Holding BAYVIEW, otherwise SCARTORE, Dungarvan, containing 36a. 1r. 2p., Statute Measure, of Prime Grazing and Tillage Land, together with the handsome Residence and Out-buildings thereon, held in FEE-SIMPLE subject to an Annuity of £63, payable to the Irish Land Commission. Poor Law Valuation on Land, £80 10s.; Poor Law Valuation on Buildings, £23 10s.

The Lands are well known for their excellent fattening properties, they are well sheltered, fenced and watered, and can be entered by two roads.

The opportunity of acquiring such an excellent property within two miles of the important seaport town of Dungarvan, in which are held Monthly Fairs (which are one of the best in Ireland) and Weekly Markets, with suitable railway facilities is seldom met with, and worthy of the attention of parties desirous of securing a delightful Residence and Farm attached.

The Residence standing well back from the road, is a stone built, Two-storied Slated House, and is in thorough repair and perfect sanitary condition. It is approached by Avenue and commands unrivalled views of Dungarvan Bay.

It contains Entrance Hall, Dining, Drawing and Breakfast Rooms, Six Family Bedrooms, Two Servants' Rooms, Two Attics, Kitchen with Modern Range, Pantries, Storeroom and Two w.c.'s. Pleasure and Kitchen Gardens at back.

The large enclosed yard contains Coach house, Stabling for Six Horses (4 loose boxes, 2 stalls) with Hay Loft overhead, Large Barn, Cow Houses, Dairy, Fowl Houses and Cottage. They are all stone-built and slated and in good repair.

Immediate possession of the Residence, Out-offices and about 5 Acres will be given to the purchaser. The remainder of the land is at present let for grazing and tillage up to 29th December next, at the expiration of which clear possession will be given.

For further particulars apply to

EDWARD P. WILLIAMS, Esq., LL.D., Solicitor, Dungarvan (having Carriage of Sale); or to

JOHN D. PALMER,
Auctioneer and Valuer,
Catherine Street, Waterford.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

GLENVILLE, WATERFORD.

ATTRACTIVE AUCTION OF SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ETC.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, ON WEDNESDAY, 20th FEBRUARY, 1918, at 11.30 o'clock, at GLENVILLE, WATERFORD, by directions of the Executors of the late Sir William G. Davis Goff, Bart.

JOHN D. PALMER,
Auctioneer and Valuer,
Catherine Street, Waterford.

ULSTER BANK, LIMITED, Kilmacthomas.

The above Bank have secured Premises in Kilmacthomas for the purpose of establishing a PERMANENT BRANCH there as soon as possible. In the meantime the agency hitherto attended on Thursdays and Fair Days from Waterford will be attended

DAILY.

Waterford, 4th February, 1918.

Provincial Bank of Ireland, Ltd. Kilmacthomas.

The Office of this Bank will be Opened Daily.

Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

4th February, 1918.

BALLYDUFF (WEST WATERFORD) BRANCH LAND AND LABOUR ASSOCIATION.

A large meeting of the above was held on Sunday 10th inst. Some thirty members were present.

A resolution was unanimously passed regarding wages and reduction in lieu of keep, which the Agricultural Wages Board are to fix after the 17th inst., the sums agreed on have been forwarded to the Board.

The meeting found it necessary to take steps to assist the local constabulary, who are using every step possible to see that the Food Controller's prices are not outstepped, Sergt. Lawtor, and the men in his charge being most energetic in trying to get a prosecution, but still in some cases the law is broken. The following is a copy of the resolution:—"This meeting pledge themselves that if charged beyond the Food Controller's prices for any necessaries they or their messengers will give such information as will lead to a prosecution."—Communicated.

HAY WANTED—We require all classes of Hay unsuitable for Military. Procure Permits and write us stating what quantity. We can send our Baling Machines and take delivery nearest station. Will pay cash on account when bargain made.—Wm. McEvoy, Ltd., Mountmellick.

TO BE LET, Offices in Church street, Dungarvan. Apply to this Office.

APPRENTICE wanted to Plumbing Business. Apply Wm. Power, Mary street, Dungarvan.

WILLIAM POWER, Draper, Dungarvan, is offering the Best Value in Overcoats, Men's and Boys' Suits, and all descriptions of Boots and Shoes from the leading Irish Makers. Flannels and Woollens a Speciality. In order to make room for a big delivery of Spring Goods all the present Stock must be disposed of at very Reduced Prices.

HAVE A HEART! and tell those unlucky sufferers from Skin Trouble that EAZALL (American Herbal Ointment) will cure those unsightly abrasions, burns, pimples and sores which are so common in springtime. If you're wise you will also say that the genuine article is to be had in Dungarvan at The Drug Stores Ltd., 19 St. Mary street.

PUTTIE LEGGINGS—Khaki, 2s. 6d., 3s., 3s. 6d., 4s. per pair, post free. I pay Highest Market Prices for Hides, Skins and Hair.—W. Fowkes, Saddler, Youghal.

FOR SALE—10 Tons of Mangolds. Apply to John J. Morrissey, Hotel, Square, Dungarvan.

WANTED—Two respectable Farm Labourers, married men preferred, accustomed to all Farm Work; good wages given, with House, Land and Firing Free. Apply to C. Nugent Humble, Cloncoskraine, Dungarvan.

FOR SALE—Pony Phaeton (4 wheels); can be seen at Meade's Coach Factory, Dungarvan.

SEED WHEAT for Sale—White Stand-up, Spring Wheat. Apply to Patrick Daniel, Shandon, Dungarvan.

FOR SALE—40 Tons of Mangolds. Apply to "D," "Observer" Office. 20-gallon Lister Cream Separator in first-class working order, equal to new. Will be sold reasonably; also Churning Barrel, Water Barrel and Frame (130 gallons).

WANTED in or near Dungarvan, Comfortable Board Residence (Gentleman).

BAKER'S APPRENTICE—Wanted a Strong Healthy Boy, 18 to 19 years of age. Apply this Office.

Thanksgiving to Our Lord in Blessed Sacrament, the Golden Ave and Novena to Little Flower for great favour received on promise of publication.—Grateful Mother.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

SALE OF VALUABLE FEE-SIMPLE FARM WITH FIRST-CLASS SLATED RESIDENCE THEREON.

LYNCH AND LYNCH have been instructed by Mr. Thomas Tobin, TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at an early date, his valuable Farm at GARRANTURTON, KILMACTHOMAS, held in Fee-simple, and containing 51 Acres, Statute or thereabouts. The Annuity, payable to the Irish Land Commission, is £18.

There is a substantial Slated Residence on the Farm.

Full particulars in next issue.

E. A. RYAN, Esq., Solicitor (having Carriage of Sale);

LYNCH AND LYNCH,
Auctioneers, Dungarvan.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

SALE OF VALUABLE COMPACT FARM IN FEE-SIMPLE WITH SLATED DWELLING HOUSE AND OUT-OFFICES AT BALLINAMONA, OLD PARISH.

PATRICK RYAN has been instructed by Mr. Declan Foley, TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, ON THE LANDS, ON FRIDAY, 8th MARCH, 1918, at 1 o'clock, his Valuable Compact Farm, containing about 20 Acres, Statute Measure or thereabouts, held in Fee-simple, subject to an Annuity of £11 2s. 8d., payable to the Irish Land Commission. Poor Law Valuation, £14 5s.

There is a good Slated Dwelling-house containing Kitchen, Sitting-room and two Bedrooms, on the Lands, as also suitable Slated Out-offices.

The Lands are all in Grass, are well watered and fenced, and are at present let for Grazing purposes. The Grazing Term will expire on the 1st April next.

For further particulars apply to

J. F. WILLIAMS, Esq., Solicitor (having Carriage of Sale); or to

PATRICK RYAN,
Auctioneer and Valuer,
Dungarvan.

SNUGBORO', TALLOW.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT AUCTION OF IN-CALF COWS AND YOUNG STOCK. ALSO 50 ACRES GRAZING.

M. F. WALSH has received instructions from Mrs. Lynch, Snugboro' (who is reducing her Dairy Stock), TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, ON THE PREMISES, ON TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 26th NEXT, at 12.30 o'clock,

12 Young Dairy Cows (due to calve in March and April).
15 Two-year-old Heifers and Bullocks.
12 Weanling Calves.

Also 50 Acres of Prime Grazing Land in One or Two Lots for 11 Months from date of Sale.

Farming Implements, etc.

The above Lands are well fenced, sheltered and watered and considered the best in the district. The Cattle are a choice lot and in good condition.

Terms—Cash. 5 per cent. Commission.

M. F. WALSH, Auctioneer, Cappoquin.

Supremacy in Dungarvan.

Time has at last proved the actual value of the great accomplishments of the LEADING EYESIGHT SPECIALIST, MR. CLARKE, of DUBLIN, and to him must be attributed the relief and preventions of manifold sufferings, resulting from NEGLECTED EYESIGHT COMPLAINTS. His exclusive and unequalled methods, combined with his most up-to-date Scientifically Constructed Appliances, place him FOREMOST in the rank as an Eyesight Specialist, and it may be admitted that there can be no mistake that he is unbeatable in prescribing for Eyesight Accommodation, the Eyesight being an extremely delicate faculty, great caution must be employed in the obtainment of competent treatment, and no one can feel doubtful as to their entire safety in the hands of such a highly Skilled and unmistakable Optician as Mr. Clarke. The unmistakable variety of cases submitted to him, in the course of his extensive practice, have made him so reliably experienced that no matter how intricate the complaint, Mr. Clarke can effectively prove the wonders of his great gift by making the patient instantly feel the benefit of his methods. By the aid of a SCIENTIFIC DEVICE he is capable of detecting in a moment a defect of the sight. He exposes the terrible dangers involved in the neglect of a complaint, and shows how BLINDNESS may ensue, or other APPALLING DISEASES, be contracted by disregarding a defect of the sight. He lays special stress upon the fact that many think their eyesight perfect who not actually needs attention, and thus lay themselves open to disastrous consequences. It therefore behoves all to run no risks, but to seek immediate examination from Mr. Clarke, the Premier Eyesight Specialist, who in order to demonstrate his capabilities is giving a PERFECT EYESIGHT TEST, and his HIGHLY-ESTEEMED ADVICE ENTIRELY FREE OF ANY CHARGE, and he advises you to grasp this opportunity while it lasts, and come to him at any of the following branches:—

CALLAN—Central Hotel—Tuesday, February 19th, March 19th.
KILKENNY—Ramalow's, Patrick street—Wednesday, February 20th, March 20th.
CARLOW—Mrs. Reddy's Temperance Hotel—Thursday, February 21st, March 21st.
DUNGARVAN—Mr. Coghlan's, The Square—Friday, February 22nd, March 22nd.
WATERFORD—Mrs. Bishop's, 48 Michael street—10 a.m. to 4 p.m., February 23rd, March 23rd.

The Specialist visits invalids by appointment.

SHROVETIDE.

Thomas W. Cooke,

Main Street, Dungarvan and Lismore,

Has a large stock of Engagement, Wedding, and Keeper Rings in 9ct. and 18ct. Gold.

A large variety of articles suitable for Wedding Presents, both Electro-Plate and Solid Silver, also Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, etc., etc.

T. W. COOKE, Dungarvan and Lismore.

For Ireland's Sake.

We gladly draw attention to "Tillage Week," as we believe that more Tillage not only lessens the prospect of food shortage NOW but will lead to prosperity in the future.

NOLAN'S MEDICAL HALL,

Main Street, Dungarvan.

Important Notice to Poultry Rearers.

I will attend on every Tuesday at Market Square, Dungarvan, throughout the year. I will pay the following prices for Poultry—

Chickens 7s. to 12s. pair, according to quality.
Old Hens 5s. to 8s. pair, according to quality.

I shall require large numbers Ducks, Geese and Turkeys.

It is most important to Poultry Rearers to support this Market if they want to obtain proper Market Prices. Amount no object. Can do with any quantity.

I will pay the prices given below for Bags, Iron, Old Metal, Tailors' Clippings, Zinc, Brass, Lead, Hides and Skins, Old Rags and Old Clothes of all classes from 2s. to 5s. a stone. According to quality. Tailors Clippings, 14s. a stone.

Dressmaker's Clippings, 10s. a stone, must be all cloth.

Brass, 6d. to 8d. per lb. Lead, 20s. to 24s. per cwt. Pewter, 10d. to 1s 3d per lb. according to quality. Old Iron and Metal from 2s 6d to 4s a cwt. according to quality and class. Old Feather Beds from 3d to 1s 6d per lb. Hides and Skins according to Government Control Price.

Dry Bones, 6d. to 9d. per stone; Guano Bags, 2d. to 3d. each. I will attend personally at 11 o'clock every Tuesday, at Market Square, Dungarvan, and will pay above Prices, and it will pay sellers of above to support this Market if they want proper value.

PATRICK KIRBY,

Poulterer, etc., Carrick-on-Suir.

Important Notice to Farmers about Plough Parts

Our advice to Farmers is to secure their requirements as early as possible on account of the uncertainty of shipping.

We have a full range of parts for the following Ploughs. Genuine Parts made by the Manufacturers of each Plough—

Sellars,	Roberts,
Pierce's,	Cooke's,
Ransome's,	Stan,
Howard's.	Dowdle's

Agents—

Reps. of Maurice Flynn,

Dungarvan

Telegrams—"Reps. Flynn." Telephone No 6.

Poultry, Eggs, Rabbits, etc.

I AM PAYING THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICES EVERY DAY OF THE WEEK FOR POULTRY, EGGS, RABBITS, ETC., AT MRS. K. T. CURRAN'S STORES, 81 O'CONNELL STREET.

BERNARD DEE,

Poultry, Egg, and Licensed General Dealer,
LICENSED TO BUY RAGS, METAL, OLD IRON, BAGS, ETC.
Dungarvan.

SOMETHING NEW IN SEPARATORS.

At last we have succeeded in importing direct from America a big consignment of Lily Separators built by the International Harvester Co. (Makers of the Celebrated McCormick Binders). The Lily is a remarkably easy-running Separator, and is a model of simplicity, and has less wearing parts than any other known Separator. It will produce an increase of at least one pound of butter for each cow per week, and will pay for itself in a very short time. It speaks well for the Separator to state that the Manufacturers are prepared to give one month's FREE TRIAL before payment. Sole Agents:
HARPUR BROTHERS, 48 QUAY, WATERFORD.

LIME & MORTAR.

FOR SALE—Best White Lime & Screened Mortar in any quantity and at Moderate Prices.

Apply,
The Farmers Supply Co.,
Cross Bridge Street, Dungarvan.

Good Trapped Rabbits 1s. 5d. to 1s. 7d.

Wanted Any Quantity

Turkeys, Geese and Poultry

of all descriptions.

Highest Prices Paid every day of the week.

SHEEHAN & CO.

Poultry Merchants, Dungarvan.

Tobacco & Cigar Warehouse.

If you are a smoker, smoke only the **best Tobacco or Cigars** you can buy which can be had at:—

DUNNE'S,

Sole Agent for Dungarvan and District, for the Celebrated Roll, Plug, Fancy Tobacco and Snuffs Manufactured by:—

WILLIAM CLARKE & SONS,
Imperial Tobacco Co.

Irish-Grown Tobacco and Cigarettes a Speciality.

Large assortments of Barling, Kapp & Peterson Loewe and G.B.D. Pipes always in Stock. Special value in Havana Cigars.

Cucarda 4d. each, 4 for 1s.

Special Terms to Wholesale Buyers.

PLEASE NOTE ADDRESS:

James Dunne,
41 Grattan Square, & 60 Main-St., DUNGARVAN.

Rexall Winter Remedies.

Cold Tablets.
Cherry Bark Cough Syrup and Bronchial Lozenges.
Pleasant and Effective.

Nolan's Medical Hall,
Main Street, Dungarvan.

Skin Troubles Vanish

AT THE HEALING TOUCH OF ZIMSOL.

Experience proves this ointment to be singularly good for all kinds of Skin Trouble as the Grand Irish Remedy.

It affords instant relief and speedy cure of these serious ailments—Eczema, Ringworm, Pimples, Skin Irritations as well as every day troubles, such as Cuts, Wounds, Sores, Bruises, Chapped Hands, Burns, etc.

Try it and you will not be disappointed. Of all Chemists, 1s. or direct post free from the Manufacturers, J. Gibson and Co., Fleet Lane, Dublin.

GIBSOL

Heals where it touches

PROVISIONS.

IF YOU WANT THE BEST MARKET PRICE FOR EGGS, BEST VALUE IN DENNY'S PIGS HEADS, SMOKED AND GREEN BACON AND CODFISH, CALL AT M. GRANT'S,
6 ST. MARY STREET.

P. Molloy & Sons

Monumental Sculptors,

CALLAN, CO. KILKENNY, AND DUNGARVAN, CO. WATERFORD.

CELTIC CROSSES

A SPECIALITY.

The Finest Specimens of these Crosses in Ireland, England, Wales, and New Zealand have been executed by P. Molloy & Sons. Moderate Prices. Designs and Estimates Free.

Plumbing, Sanitary Work and Electric Bells.

Artesian Wells, Pumps and Hydraulic Rams.

Note Address—

WM. POWER,

Plumber and Gasfitter,
St. Mary Street, Dungarvan.

HIGH-CLASS GROCERIES—For Grocery Goods of best quality at a Moderate Price try M. Dee's, General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

DELICIOUS TEAS—Teas of Good Flavour and Strength, Indian, Ceylon and China Teas at M. Dee's, General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

COFFEE—Fresh Ground Coffees from Roasted Berries, Camp Coffee, Café de Paris, Dandelion Coffee and all Brands of Cocoa at M. Dee's, General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

SUGARS—Demerara, Crushed, Crystals, Granulated, Castor and Lump Sugars at lowest Market Prices at M. Dee's, General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

OLD WINES—Ports, Sherries, Clarets, Raspberry to Ginger Wines, Champagne, all of best brands, at M. Dee's, General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

OLD IRISH WHISKIES—Our Speciality. Whiskies are already famous, and have a distinctive characteristic of their own.—M. Dee's, General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

SWEETS—Rice, Sago, Tapioca, Vermicelli, Macaroni, Valencia Raisins, Currants, Spices, Apples, Oranges, Onions and Figs at M. Dee's, General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

IRONMONGERY—Bar Iron, Fullered Horse Shoe Iron, Round Iron, Galvanized Iron, Steel, Metal Pots, Cart Boxes, Meta Grates, Fencing Wire, Barbed Wire, Wire Netting, Buckets, Tin Ware, Enamelled Ware and all Household Requisites at M. Dee's, General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

TIMBER—Spruce Deals, Battens, Scantlings, Boards, Floorings, Sheetings, Skirting, Sash Stuff, Panel Mouldings, Slate Laths, Ceiling Laths, at M. Dee's General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

SLATES—Best Welsh Slates, Portmadoc Slates, Building Bricks, Earthenware Pipes, Roof and Flooring Tiles, Portland Cement, Roofing Felt, Rain Water Goods at M. Dee's, General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

PAINTS—Dry Paints, Paints in Oils Red and White Leads, Varnishes, Distempers, Wall Papers, Plaster of Paris, Pumice Stone, Whiting, at M. Dee's, General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

OILS—Petroleum, Boiled Oil, Raw Linseed Oil, Colza, Machine Oils, Special Separator Oil, Castor Turpentine, Finseh, Neatsfoot Oils, Gladiator and Vacuum Engine Oil, at M. Dees, General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

ROPES—Binder Twine, Hemp Twine, Cotton Twine, Manilla Ropes, Jute Cow Ties at M. Dee's, General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

MACHINERY—Binders, Mowers, Reapers, Corn Drills, Ploughs, Disc Drills, Disc Harrows, Spring Tooth Harrows, Horse Hoes and Cream Separators at M. Dee's, General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

AGRICULTURAL SEEDS — High Class Seeds, Imported Italian Rye Grass, Perennial Rye Grass, Cloverd, Natural Grasses, Vetches, Furze Seed, Special Cabbage Seeds, Mangold and Turnip Seeds, Carrots, Vegetable and Flower Seeds in great variety at M. Dees, General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

FERTILIZERS—Raw Peruvian Guano, Special Manures, Bone Manures, Superphosphates, Skaline, Basic Slag, Mangold Manure, Turnip Manure, Sulphate of Ammonia, Nitrate of Soda, Sulphate of Copper and Salt Crystals, Spraying Powder, at M. Dees, General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

OUR TERMS—We offer very favourable terms for Cash. Regular Patrons and few Customers receive Special Attention. Inquiries and orders by post receive Quick Response guaranteed.—M. Dee, General Supply Stores, 32 Grattan Square, Dungarvan.

Special Notice.

The following Cattle Food Stuffs:

Linseed Cake,
Linseed Cake Meal,
Cotton Cake,
Cotton Cake Meal,
Special Feeding Meal,
Dairy Cake Meal,
Palm Nut Meal,
Crushed Flax Seed.

Always in stock and in good condition at

M. DEE'S,
General Supply Stores,
Grattan Square and O'Connell Street,
Dungarvan.

Have you realised that by Visiting

Mrs. Scanlan's,

Fruit and Grocery Store,
56, Main Street, Dungarvan,

You will find everything that a Housekeeper may require.

Choice Fruits in season. Fancy Cakes. High Class Biscuits, Chocolate, Sweets, Jams, Jellies, at Table Delicacies, best makers only.

Denny's High-Class Pork Sausages, Pork Steaks, Puddings, Breakfast Bacon and Hams fully branded, Cannot Goods a speciality.

Farmers Butter, Newly Laid Eggs, Margarine etc., etc.

My Groceries and Teas cannot be excelled. All Goods selected with the greatest care and in the Quality only "The Best."

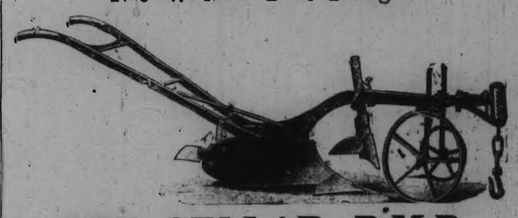
Serious Warning.

We regret to state that there is a very grave shortage of all kinds of Seeds for the coming season. We would ask all our friends to book their orders at once, as we fear it will be almost impossible to accept orders next spring.

HARPUR BROS,
Seedsmen, WATERFORD.

Telephone 36.

The World's Best Plough.



THE SELLAR B.M.P.

New Improved Light Model.

Since the Opening of the County Implement Depot in 1908 by Mr. M. Moloney who introduced this New Model B.M.P. 800 have been sold in the surrounding districts which testifies the popularity and superiority of this famous Plough. Numerous imitations are on the market. Intending Purchasers should beware of them and have only the Genuine Sellar B.M.P.

Over 100 are now on show, single and 2-sod. Also Corn Crushers, Root Cutters, Disc, Peg, Tooth, Spring and Chain Harrows at

MOLONEY'S, Agricultural Engineers, Dungarvan.

The Tillage Wanted.

The Department have issued an order requiring extra quantity of tillage from holders of 200 arable acres and upwards making a total of 20 per cent. over the amount tilled in 1916 on these holdings.

The holder of a farm of less than 200 arable acres is required to till 5 per cent. more than last year being a total of 15 per cent. more than in 1916.

"Reasonable Effort" this year will not be enough. The full percentage will be strictly required from everybody.

Moreover so urgent has become the need for more food that the Department appeal both to the occupiers of the larger holdings and to all others, down to the smallest cultivators to till as much as possible **over the amount actually required by the Tillage Order.**

To accomplish this great task not a day should be lost. The plough should be kept going every fine hour. Bad weather may be ahead.

Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction, Dublin, February, 1918.

13 K.A.A.

WHEN

Colts and Horses show—Dry, Hard Coats, Poor Condition, and generally in Low Spirits—

They Have Worms and need looking after.

Give them something that will remove Worms, at the same time bring them up to the Good Condition standard and fill them with health, strength, and vigour.

You will find Farrahan's Famous Worm and Condition Powder, to be a master remedy.

Tried and proven. Used by hundreds of farmers.

1s. 9d. Per post free to any address.

HANRAHAN, Ph.C.,
Farmers Chemist, TALLOW.

N.B.—Orders sent out in rotation as received.—A.H.H.

SEXTON & CO.,

are now paying the **Highest Market Prices** for all classes of **Wool**, also **Top Prices for all classes of Hides and Skins, Feathers** of all kinds, **also Cow and Horse Hair bought.**

Carriage paid on all parcels of 5-cwt. weight upwards.

NOTE THE ADDRESS

O'Connell Street, Dungarvan

I SHAVE WITHOUT KNOWING IT.

The most modern invention of recent years is The Rapid Safety Razor; it is a marvel simplicity, ease and comfort, will not affect the most tender skin. Post Free complete with three Blades and Holder for stropping, 1s. 9d., and it is equal, if not very much superior, to any 21s. Razor on the Market. Sole Agents:

HARPUR BROS., 48 QUAY, WATERFORD.

T. FLYNN & SON,

FAMILY BUTCHERS,
SQUARE, DUNGARVAN

A CONSTANT SUPPLY OF BEST BEEF AND MUTTON kept all the year round.
Also LAMB AND VEAL when in Season.

One Quality only. The Best

IMPORTANT NOTICE:—WE PAY THE HIGHEST PRICES FOR ALL CLASSES OF HIDES AND SKINS.

A Trial Solicited.

Note Address:—

Corner of Main Street and Square.

SPLENDID VALUE IN LADIES' AND GENTS' SHOWERPROOF, WATERPROOF AND WARM COATS.

BEAUTIFUL TWEEDS, SERGES, ETC., AT LOWEST PRICES.

COSTUMES MADE TO ORDER ON THE PREMISES.

BOOTS! BOOTS!
ALL KIND OF BOOTS OF THE BEST QUALITY. REPAIRS NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

BOUSHEL'S, Kilmacthomas.

UNDERTAKING.

I BEG TO INFORM THE GENERAL PUBLIC THAT I AM NOW CARRYING ON THE BUSINESS OF GENERAL UNDERTAKER. ALL ORDERS ENTRUSTED TO ME WILL RECEIVE MOST CAREFUL ATTENTION.

MICHAEL FOLEY, Proprietor.
MORRISSEY'S HOTEL, Cappoquin.

DUNGARVAN OBSERVER—Printed and published at the Offices, Bridge street, Dungarvan, by James A. Lynch, to whom all cheques and money orders should be made payable. Every Friday. Price 1½d.

s Warning.

that there is a very grave shortage
for the coming season. We would
to book their orders at once, as we
ost impossible to accept orders next
spring.

PUR BROS,
edsmen, WATERFORD.

orld's Best Plough.

ELLAR B.M.P.
Improved Light Model.
nty Implement Depot in 1908 by Mr. M. Moloney
odel B.M.P. 800 have been sold in the surround-
the popularity and superiority of this famous Plough
the market. Intending Purchasers should beware
ave only the Genuine Sellar B.M.P.
e, single and 2-sod. Also Corn Crushers, Root
g, Tooth, Spring and Chain Harrows at
EY'S, Agricultural Engineers, Dungarvan.

llage Wanted.

ve issued an order requiring extra quantity
of 200 arable acres and upwards making a
the amount tilled in 1916 on these holdings.

of less than 200 arable acres is required to
last year being a total of 15 per cent. more

this year will not be enough. The full
y required from everybody

urgent has become the need for more food
epartment appeal both to the occupiers of
holdings and to all others, down to the
ltivators to till as much as possible **over**
nt actually required by the Tillage

great task not a day should be lost. The
ing every fine hour Bad weather may be

culture and Technical
in, Februacy, 1918.

K.A.A.

A SHAVE WITHOUT KNOWING IT.

The most modern invention of recent years is The Rapid Safety Razor; it is a marvel simplicity, ease and comfort, will not affect the most tender skin. Post Free complete with three Blades and Holder for stropping, 1s. 9d., and it is equal, if not very much superior, to any 2/6. Razor on the Market. Sole Agents:
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Also LAMB AND VEAL when in Season.

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MR. LOVITCH.

DENTISTRY.

The Square, Dungarvan.

Special Notice.

Mr. B. LOVITCH

OF CORK (Teeth Specialist),

Begs to inform the Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, and inhabitants generally of Dungarvan and district that he is now visiting the town regularly every

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY

and hopes to be favoured with a continuance of the flattering patronage already bestowed on him since opening a branch of his business here. The following brief statement of facts as regards his Professional Ability may be thoroughly relied on, as the numerous Testimonials he holds will show. The success which Mr. Lovitch has attained (though comparatively a young man) is due to the fact that he has made Dentistry the study of his life, and by not employing nor entrusting his work to any mechanic, his patient can therefore depend on the Perfect Fit and Natural Appearance of the Teeth he supplies because he takes the Mould of the mouth and knows where to give ease and comfort in the wearing of the Teeth. He has already supplied some Beautiful Sets to Ladies and Gentlemen in Dungarvan, and their friends have been highly pleased, and which for price and quality could not be excelled by any Dentist in the City. In selecting Dungarvan and District as one of his principal Branches he intends to devote the most of his time and attention to his clients here—and if the Stream of Success he has attained continues to flow in his favour it will lead to His making Dungarvan Head Quarters.

The Prices are arranged to suit everyone.

Sets from Two Guineas. Extractions, 1s. Painless Extractions, 2s.
Fillings from 5s.
Gold Plates, Crown Bar and Bridgework a Speciality.

Attendance Every Tuesday and Wednesday at

COGHLAN'S HOTEL,
The Square, DUNGARVAN.

From 11 a.m. to 7 p.m.

Head Office—8 Grand Parade, Cork.

Winter Troubles and Their Treatment.

A good practice is not to wait for Coughs, Colds, and Chest Affections to develop, but to ward them off by a well-timed course of strengthening Food. MALTED COD LIVER OIL is a certain preventative of these troubles.

In this preparation the benefit is derived from the fattening and lung tonic properties of the COD LIVER OIL together with the digestive assistance derived from FRESH MALT.

After a severe cold Malted Cod Liver Oil acts as a rapid pick-me-up, is invaluable in wasting diseases and in cases of Nasal or Bronchial Catarrh.

Weakly children need help to take away the danger of winter colds. Give them this help in the form of Malted Cod Liver Oil.

It makes babies thrive, children grow, and adults strong. Is simple, pleasant to take, and effective. In 1 lb. and 2 lb. Jars, Obtainable at

The Pharmacy, Ltd., Bridge Street Dungarvan.
The Dispensing and Veterinary Chemists.

Motor Cars for Hire.

All Cars 10d. per mile. Mileage counts from time car leaves Garage.

Experienced Drivers. No Disappointment.

Large stock of Cycle Tyres (all sizes) made by Dunlop Rubber Co., Ltd.

			Cover.	Tube.
Dunlop Magnum	..	...	15s.	6s. 3d.
do. Roadster	...	...	11s. 9d.	5s. 3d.
Warwick „	...	...	9s. 3d.	4s.
Cambridge „	...	...	8s. 6d.	4s.
Edinburgh „	...	...	7s 6d.	3s 6d.
Pericles „	...	...	6s.	3s

Beaded Edge Covers, 3d extra.

Repairs of every description promptly executed by experienced workmen. Moderate Charges.

Any make of Car thoroughly overhauled, painted, etc.

JAMES O'KEEFFE.
Motor and Cycle Agent, CAPPOQUIN.

Save Money by Furnishing at MOLONEY'S New Furniture Stores,

The Up-to-Date Furnishers.

Bigger Stocks.
Better Variety.
Smaller Prices.
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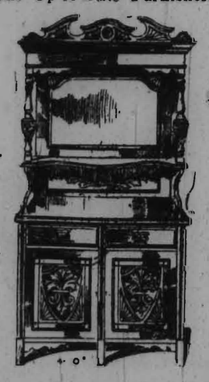


Bedsteads and Bedding.
Wall Papers of every description.
Send for New Pattern Books.

Everything in Furniture Good and Cheap.

MOLONEY'S New Furniture Warehouse,
SQUARE, DUNGARVAN.

Youghal No. 2 Rural Council.

The adjourned quarterly meeting was held in the Courthouse, Clashmore (Co. Waterford), on Friday. Mr. J. Flavin, J.P., chairman, presided. Also present—Messrs. M. Hynes, V.C.; M. O'Brien, J.P.; T. Walsh, J. Mernin, P. Coughlan, M. Fitzgerald, P. Fitzgerald, M. Keane. Mr. M. Hassett, deputy surveyor, was also in attendance.

The following was the schedule of works to be tendered for and the result:—

To keep in repair for 3 years, from 1st April, 1918, the road from Connery's Cross at Grallagh to Connery's Bridge at Aughnacurraveel; townlands of Aughnacurraveel and Grallagh. About 491 perches. 50 cubic yards of quarried or field stone at £20 9s. 2d. per annum. One tender, £20 9s., Michael Dee, accepted.

Same, the road from Connery's Cross, Grallagh to Dungarvan district boundary at Grallagh. About 423 perches. 45 cubic yards of quarried or field stone at £17 12s. 6d. per annum. No tender received.

Same, the road from Tallow to Youghal, between the north and south boundaries of Co. Cork; in the townland of Ballynatray Commons. About 102 perches. 20 cubic yards of quarried or field stone at £6 7s. 6d. per annum. One tender, James Cashman, £6 7s. Accepted.

Same, the road from Dungarvan to Youghal, between the crossroads at Lackenagreany and the crossroads at Ballinamultina. About 1,163 perches. 200 cubic yards of stone at £57 9s. per annum. No tender received.

Same, the road from Cappoquin to Clashmore, between the district boundary at Curradarra and the crossroads at Ballinamultina. About 735 perches. 200 cubic yards of stone at £68 7s. 6d per annum. No tender received.

Same, the road from Dungarvan to Ardmore, between the streets of Ardmore and Mrs. Power's house. About 339 perches. 60 cubic yards of stone at £23 9s. 6d. per annum. No tender received.

Same, the road from Dungarvan to Youghal, between the cross at Curragh and the post office pillar box at Doocey's Cross. About 766 perches. 130 cubic yards of stone at £45 10s. per annum. No tender received.

Same, the road from Dungarvan to Ardmore, between the district boundary, Glenwilliam, and the Holy Well at Curragh. About 1,144 perches. 200 cubic yards of stone at £70 per annum. No tender received.

Same, the streets of Ardmore. About 868 perches. 100 cubic yards of stone at £51 per annum. No tender received.

Same, the road from Lismore to Youghal; between Newport Bridge and Glendine finger post. About 643 perches. 80 cubic yards of stone at £32 3s. per annum. One tender, £31 10s., James Cashman. Accepted.

Mr. O'Brien called attention to the quantity of wreckage picked up at Ardmore Strand. The poor people of the place who went to the trouble of bringing it high and dry had horses and carts to carry it to Youghal, but they were overlooked and the work given to the Youghal capitalists and their motor lorries. Had the poor people been employed they could have done it without destroying the roads as the lorries had done. He thought it was the duty of the council to move in the matter.

The Chairman said they were a great injury to the roads.

Mr. O'Brien said they ought send a resolution to the County Council on the matter.

Mr. Mernin—Is all the stuff moved into Youghal yet?

Mr. Coughlan—It won't be ended for 100 years.

Mr. O'Brien said it was a shame to ignore the poor people after they going to the risk and trouble of salving the stuff.

Mr. Hynes—The men getting it have enough. Is there to be any compensation for the injury done to the roads?

Mr. Hassett—The thing is to prove extraordinary traffic.

The Chairman said if there was extraordinary traffic carrying corn it would be a benefit to the district, but this traffic was no benefit and they ought to go and ascertain those responsible.

Mr. Fitzgerald—We can prove they are taking six tons in each waggon.

Mr. Keane—7½ tons in one.

Mr. Fitzgerald said they kept to one track, with the result that the road was cut down 12 inches.

Mr. Keane said they had very good roads previously, but they were spoiled now.

Mr. Hynes said the road from the well to the bridge had been completely pulverised—one might as well be going through a bog.

Mr. Keane said there were 110 barrels on the road at Ballyquin yet.

Mr. Mernin—They should throw it back into the tide again (laughter).

Mr. O'Brien said the Chairman ought bring it before the County Council.

Mr. Fitzgerald said the council ought go as far as they could in the matter.

The Chairman said they couldn't object to local traffic or the carrying of corn by Messrs. Farrell and Fleming, but under the circumstances it was the duty of the council to seek compensation for the damage caused by the extraordinary traffic. The council could apply to Messrs. Farrell and Fleming and let those gents ascertain who was responsible.

Ultimately Mr. O'Brien proposed that they ask the County Council to take the necessary steps in connection with the damage done to the roads.

This was seconded by Mr. Keane and passed unanimously.

Mr. O'Brien proposed also that they call on the Customs Authorities to employ horses and carts for the future so as to prevent any further injury to roads.

This was seconded by Mr. Keane and passed unanimously.

The council then took up the ordinary business.

Dr. T. Foley, Ardmore, reported that the Ardmore and Curragh pumps were out of order and should be repaired.

Mr. Hynes said they were continually out of order.

Mr. Coughlan suggested that Mr. Fitzgerald, being a bachelor, had plenty of time to examine them (laughter).

Chairman—Order, order.

The matter was referred to the engineer.

The L.G.B. wrote:—"Sir—With reference to the minutes of proceedings of Youghal No. 2 Rural District Council on the 18th inst., I am directed by the L.G.B. to return herewith, as requested, the letter alleged to have been written by a man named Martin Crotty, and to state that the document should be carefully preserved by you and returned to this department later those interested therein shall have had an opportunity of inspecting it at your office.—Yours, M. O'Sullivan."

It was decided to write to Mrs. Crotty, inviting her to come in and examine the letter.

The following resolution was received from the Waterford No. 1 Rural Council—"That we enter our most emphatic protest against the action of the Irish bacon curers in urging the Food Controller to prohibit the export of all live pigs from this country, and thus do away with all competition and acquiring a monopoly for themselves, altogether ignoring the views and claims of those who rear and feed the pigs and fatten them."

After a short discussion the resolution was marked "Noted."

In accordance with notice, Mr. Fitzgerald moved that the council take into consideration the question of increasing the salary of the clerk of the council.

Mr. Fitzgerald said they were all aware of the good qualities of their present clerk. Although the country salaries were being increased very much. He didn't propose a big advance, and even if he did he thought their clerk entitled to it. If he were speaking 24 hours he could not say enough about their clerk. He thought it their duty to grant him at least an increase of £15. They were lucky in having such an official, second to none in Ireland. That was his opinion, and he was sure it was theirs.

Mr. Hynes seconded. From what he knew of their clerk he could endorse everything said by Mr. Fitzgerald about him. He (Mr. Hynes) had spoken to several members of the council and all agreed that he was entitled to the increase. If that matter were postponed for 20 years the clerk would never ask for it.

The Chairman said he had very great pleasure in declaring that proposition passed unanimously. Their clerk was fully entitled to any compliment they could pay him. The council was quite safe in his hands, and during their term of office there had never been a surcharge.

The Vice-chairman said he had great pleasure in proposing that they tender their cordial congratulations to the electors of South Armagh on having so victoriously returned Mr. Donnelly, the selected of the Nationalist interest, as their representative, and also that they once again express their renewed confidence in the policy of the Irish Parliamentary Party under the leadership of Mr. John Redmond.

Mr. O'Brien, in seconding the proposition, said they were all heartily delighted that that occasion had arisen for congratulating the sturdy Nationalists of the North, who showed the stuff they were made of on the first possible opportunity. They could draw many safe conclusions from the result of the Armagh election, but there was one which he would specify now, and that was that Sinn Fein was not going to sweep Ireland from North to South and from East to West, as some of those enthusiasts were so fond of prophesying. That election ought have the wholesome effect of restoring some commonsense to many an honest Irishman who had been stampeded by the silly ideas of Sinn Fein.

Mr. M. Fitzgerald supported the proposition.

Mr. Coughlan said they were all with the Party still.

The Chairman said as representing the people of that district, they were all glad that the occasion had arisen for congratulating the people of South Armagh and of again renewing their confidence in the Irish Party, who had as yet done nothing to forfeit it.

The proposition was passed unanimously.

Larceny of a Soldier's Rifle.

GEORGE LENNON ADMITTED TO BAIL.

In the King's Bench Division on Friday last, before Mr. Justice Pim and Mr. Justice Gordon, in the case of the King v. George Lennon, Mr. Swayne (instructed by Mr. J. F. Williams) applied for an order admitting George Lennon to bail. His client was returned for trial on the 28th January by the Dungarvan magistrates on the charge of the larceny of a soldier's rifle. The circumstances connected with the stealing of the rifle, as detailed in the depositions, appeared to be these: A Corporal Brown stayed with a relative in Dungarvan and brought his rifle with him. Certain individuals arrived at the house where the rifle had been left, about one o'clock in the morning, disguised, and they removed the rifle. The only evidence whatever that George Lennon had anything whatever to do with the matter was contained in the deposition of one of the witnesses, who would not go farther than to say that he thought that one of the individuals who entered the house was George Lennon, but he would not swear it. Lennon was only sixteen years of age, and there was an affidavit from his mother that he was studying for the mercantile marine service; that he had nothing to do with the transaction; that he was in the house for the whole of that night; and that he was a delicate boy.

Mr. St. L. Devitt (instructed by Mr. H. R. Tweedy, Crown Solicitor, Waterford), said he appeared for the Attorney-General, and he had no objection to allowing the boy off on reasonable bail.

Mr. Swayne said the boy's father had been lessee of the Dungarvan Gas Works. The father had died, and the widow had been carrying on the business. Apparently they were people of very good position, and they were quite prepared to give any reasonable bail. There was no evidence on which a jury would convict.

The court made an order admitting the boy to bail.

YOUGHAL PETTY SESSIONS.

Before Messrs. B. R. Purdon, R.M., and Major W. F. Coleman.

Mr. Thos. Farrell, Managing Director of Messrs. R. Farrell, Ltd., charged a young fellow named O'Brien, an employee of theirs, with appropriating 1 cwt. weight of timber blocks to his own use. Mr. J. L. Keane prosecuted.

Evidence having been given,

Mr. Keane said the amount involved was infinitesimal, but the case was brought in the interests of the public in general.

Defendant was let out under the Probation of Offenders Act, giving bail himself in £10 and one surety of £10, to come up for sentence when called.

In the adjourned case of Mr. Thos. Farrell, J.P., against John Sullivan for taking away a shoeing flag (Mr. M. P. Nolan, solicitor, for the defendant) the bench refused informations.

YOUNG AGE PENSIONS FOR IRELAND.

A SPLENDID SUGGESTION.

The following circular is being issued by S. Mackenzie Kennedy, Killarney:—

In view of the many men being killed at the front and the very high death rate amongst children at home, it is urged that an Emergency Measure be passed immediately to give 5s. a week to every child born in poor circumstances, to boys till they reach the age of 14 years, and the girls for life; to enable families to move at once into better houses, and to obtain better milk and food. This would stimulate local trade and reduce the expenses of workhouses, hospitals, prisons and lunatic asylums, and all poor rates to such an extent as to be a great saving to the taxpayers, and would enable sensible girls to marry where they would otherwise not dare do so, and to bring up healthy and happy children to become stalwart citizens and parents in their turn, besides relieving untold pain and suffering, and being an inestimable benefit to the state.

The fact of a married man becoming automatically poorer at the birth of each child constitutes a cruel wrong to all children, and until each child has 5s. a week in its own individual right, as an infant citizen, suffering, disease and poverty can never be abolished.

Hughes' Studio, Pump Terrace, Dungarvan, open every Thursday from 11 o'clock to 6 o'clock.

OPENING of a NEW FANCY

Drapery Warehouse.

MISS M. GOUGH

Desires to intimate to her friends that she intends to OPEN in the course of a few weeks

A FANCY WAREHOUSE
at 39 Lower Main Street, DUNGARVAN,
(Opposite the Priory).

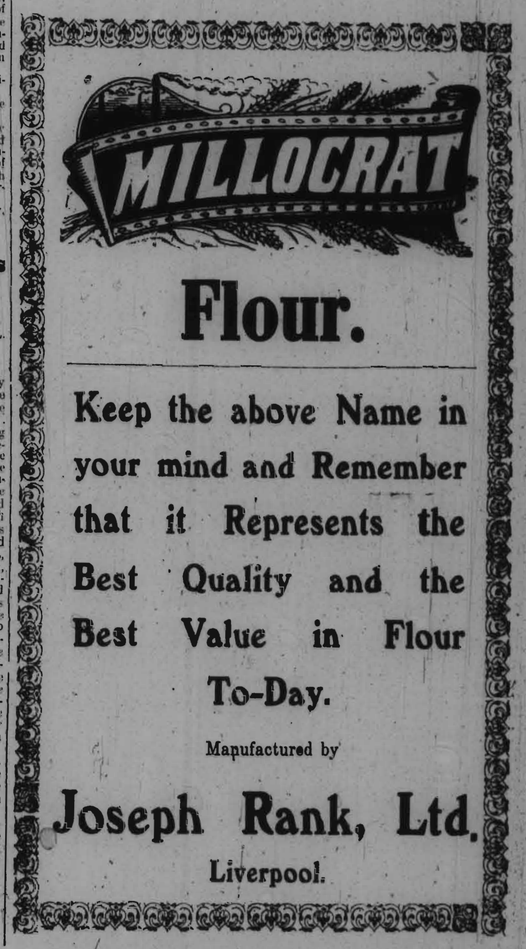
With a long and varied experience in this branch of the business she hopes to give perfect satisfaction to all her clients.

Stock will comprise:

Ladies' Mantles and Costumes, Blouses, Underclothing, etc., also Gents' Hosiery, Shirts, Collars, Ties, etc.

Note Address:

M. GOUGH,
"The White House,"
39 Main Street, DUNGARVAN.



Flour.

Keep the above Name in your mind and Remember that it Represents the Best Quality and the Best Value in Flour To-Day.

Mapufactured by

Joseph Rank, Ltd.
Liverpool.

DUNGARVAN URBAN DISTRICT.

URBAN SANITARY DISTRICT OF DUNGARVAN.

HOUSING OF THE WORKING CLASSES (IRELAND) ACTS, 1890 to 1908, AND THE PUBLIC HEALTH (IRELAND ACTS, 1878 to 1907.

PURSUANT to the provisions of the above-mentioned Acts, the Dungarvan Urban District Council, being the Sanitary Authority for the Urban District of Dungarvan, hereby GIVE NOTICE that they require and propose to take compulsorily under the provisions of the said Acts the denominations and quantities of Land, Premises and Hereditaments in the Schedule hereunder, and which contain by estimation 4 Acres 2 Roods and 2 Perches, Statute Measure, for the purpose of erecting houses thereon for the Working Classes under the Housing of the Working Classes Acts, 1890 to 1908, and for the purpose of making Roads, Drains and such Works and conveniences as may be necessary in connection therewith.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that plans or maps showing the Lands proposed to be acquired have been deposited at the Office of the Executive Sanitary Officer, Town Hall, Dungarvan, and may be seen and inspected there at all reasonable hours.

SCHEDULE.

DENOMINATIONS AND QUANTITIES OF LAND REFERRED TO IN FOREGOING NOTICE, ALL SITUATE IN THE SAID DUNGARVAN URBAN DISTRICT.

Denominations.		No. on Map.	Quantities in Statute Measure. A	R	P
	Parish of				
Part of Cross Strand St.	Dungarvan.	1	0	1	37
Part of Cross Strand St.	„	1A	0	0	17
Part of Cross Strand St.	„	2	0	0	36
Part of Bohereenatra	„	3	0	1	4
Part of Bohereenatra	„	4	0	0	23½
Part of Bohereenatra	„	4a	0	0	14
Part of Bohereenatra and New Chapel Street	„	5	0	0	22
Part of Bohereenatra	„	5w	0	3	5½
Part of Bohereenatra	„	5z	0	0	30½
Part of Bohereenatra	„	5a	0	1	9
Part of Bohereenatra and New Chapel Street	„	7	0	0	8
Part of Nicholas Street	„	8	0	0	6
Part of 2nd Lower Cross Street and part of Nicholas St.	„	9	0	0	32½
Part of Nicholas St. and Part of 2nd Lower Cross St.	„	10	0	0	30
Part of Old Chapel Lane, 2nd Lower Cross Street	„	11	0	1	3
Part of Scrammah's Lane and St. David Street	„	12	0	1	3
Part of Sexton Street (Abbeyside)	„	13	0	0	36
Part of Barsfield Street (Abbeyside)	„	14	0	1	7
		Total	4	2	2

Dated this 1st day of February, 1918.

Signed, PATRICK MULCAHY, Executive Sanitary Officer for the Urban Sanitary District of Dungarvan, Town Hall, Dungarvan.
JOHN F. WILLIAMS, Solicitor for the Urban Sanitary Authority, Dungarvan.

Diocese of Waterford and Lismore.

LENTEN PASTORAL, 1918.

TO THE CLERGY AND LAITY OF THE DIOCESE OF WATERFORD AND LISMORE.

Very Rev. and Rev. Fathers and Dearly-Beloved Brethren—At no period of the year do the relations existing between man and God appeal to us more forcibly than during the Holy Season of Lent, upon which we are about to enter. The mysteries which we commemorate, giving proof of love "greater than which no man hath," unfold to us the noblest attributes of God. No doubt the impress left upon creation enables us to recognise the existence of an all-powerful and all-wise Being, according to the words of St. Paul, "For the invisible things of Him from the creation of the world are clearly seen, being understood by the things that are made: His Eternal Power also and Divinity (Rom. I. 19,20). But a knowledge of such a kind would not satisfy Him. The creative love, which urged Him to share His happiness with creatures, impelled Him also to manifest Himself by the priceless gift of Faith. He would not have us learn merely from nature of nature's God, but by supernatural revelation would make Himself known to us as the loving Father whose Providence "disposes all things sweetly"—He would show the end for which His Love created us—what He has done that the design of that love might be accomplished, and the means which He has provided to secure that end. He wishes us to know Him intimately and thus love Him—to spend our lives for Him "in Whom we live and move and are"—that the days we spend in this world should be a loving service, not merely of the creature towards the Creator, but of the child towards a loving Father. Many difficulties beset our path—many obstacles have to be removed—our own frail nature would strive to allure us and induce us to bestow our affections upon created things, which would degrade and enslave us. But He, who tells us that "He has loved us with an everlasting love"—who, though the mother forgets the child of her womb, will not forget us—has compassion upon us and provides us with means, whereby not only can the difficulties be overcome and the obstacles removed, but can establish between us and Almighty God a union of knowledge and love, which will last for time and eternity. To one of these means—Prayer—we would direct your attention, touching not only on its necessity, but on its efficacy in establishing that intercourse between man and God, which is essential to preserve the life of the soul.

What, then, is Prayer? As far as we are concerned, it is the elevation of the soul to God, by which we adore Him, praise Him, and beg His blessing. On His part it is an act of supreme condescension, by which He admits us, as it were, into the audience chamber, where the King of Kings receives the homage and love of his subjects—forgetting the unworthiness of those whom He receives, actuated by one desire—that we may be encouraged to trust and to confide in Him, and lay before Him our many wants. In prayer, in that silent communication with God, the various faculties of the soul are exercised—the understanding by which we think of Him, the memory by which we recall what He has taught us of Himself, and the will by which we lavish upon Him the affections of our hearts, as upon the object which alone is worthy of them. In prayer, though on earth, our conversation is in Heaven—sinners though we be, we are permitted to join in the canticle of the Angels and Saints, who proclaim "To Him that sitteth on the throne, and to the Lamb, benediction and honour and glory and power for ever and ever (Apos. I—13). And again, "Now to the King of ages, immortal and invisible, the only God, be honour and glory for ever and ever. Amen" (I Tim. I.17).

That prayer is not merely a privilege, but also a strict duty is evident if we consider the end for which God has created us—we have been placed on this earth to know and love and serve God, that after a few years we may love and enjoy Him for ever in Heaven. He is the object towards which our whole being tends. We must think of Him. He must enter into our thoughts, which is secured by prayer. Nay, more, the very faculties with which He has endowed us proclaim the necessity of prayer. The intellect seeks what is true; the will desires what is perfect and good—namely, God. And further an argument which must appeal most forcibly to us, may be found in our own helplessness. "Every best gift and every perfect gift is from above, coming down from the Father of Lights" (St. Jas. I. 17). Everything that we have comes from Him—without Him we can do nothing. "And which of you by taking thought can add to his stature one cubit?" (St. Mark VI. 29). "As the birds of the air and the fishes of the sea depend upon Him, and are provided for by Him, as regards their daily needs, so does man. This absolute dependence holds true also as regards the spiritual life. Our Divine Lord tells us "As the branch cannot bear fruit of itself unless it abide in the vine, neither can you unless you abide in Me. For without Me you can do nothing." (St. John XV. 4). And this doctrine He taught throughout His public life "Watch ye and pray that ye enter not into temptation." St. Matt. 26.41.

Considering the necessity of preserving the supernatural life, must we not realise how the difficulty is enhanced, when we consider our own weakness. "The spirit indeed is willing, but the flesh is weak." Experience provides us with convincing—perhaps humiliating—proof of the necessity of prayer. Which of us has not realised with St. Paul, "that there is another law in our members fighting against the law of our mind—captivating us in the law of Sin?" If we have trusted ourselves when tempted—was it not a question of trusting a broken reed, which failed to support us? No wonder then that it is the universal teaching of Divines, that prayer is absolutely necessary for us. This truth St. Alphonsus declares when he says, "If you pray your salvation is secured. If you neglect praper, your perdition is inevitable." He who does not pray is like the warrior without arms—the bird without wings. St. John Chrysostom goes so far as to say, that he who does not pray has no life in him—he has ceased to breathe.

Side by side with the doctrine of the necessity of prayer, we have this consoling assurance, that we have in prayer a most effectual and infallible means to secure grace. The difficulties may be great—the passions strong—at times a storm of passion may seem to threaten us with destruction—we may with St. Paul be forced to exclaim "Unhappy man that I am, who shall deliver me from the body of this death." Rom. VII. 24. Yet like him, we can console ourselves with this reply—"The Grace of God by Jesus Christ Our Lord"—which is to be obtained through prayer.

Let us recall the teaching of Our Divine Lord on this point—let us examine a few incidents in His public ministry, which prove the power of prayer. "Ask and it shall be given to you, seek and you shall find, knock and it shall be opened to you. For everyone that asketh receiveth, and he that seeketh findeth, and to him that knocketh it shall be opened. Or what man is there among you, of whom if his son shall ask bread, will he reach him a stone? Or if he ask a fish will he reach him a serpent? If you then being evil, know how to give good gifts to your children, how much more will your Father, Who is in Heaven give good things that ask Him? (St. Matt. VII. 7.8.9.

And if we accompany our Divine Lord to the Last Supper table, we find Him proclaiming that same consoling doctrine. The occasion was a sad one—the last meeting before His Passion. His heart though crushed with sorrow was full of affection for those, whom He had loved in the world and loved to the end. He realised that the world which had hated Him, would hate them also. A clear picture of the difficulties and trials which would be theirs came before Him. He would make provision for their future, and remind them of the means, which they should employ in the hour of danger, assuring them of victory. "Amen, Amen, I say to you. If you ask the Father anything in my name, He will give it to you" (St. John XVI. 23).

And not only by word, but by deed He propounded this doctrine of the power of prayer. From the beginning of His public career, even to its close, the appeal of prayer found Him kind and sympathetic. In answer to His Mother's prayer, He worked His first miracle by changing water into wine, and from the pulpit of the Cross He has proclaimed to the world that God has provided His children—the weak as well as the strong—the sinner as well as the saint—with an infallible means of securing grace. "Lord remember me when Thou shalt come into Thy Kingdom" was the prayer of the dying thief—and Jesus said to him, "Amen, I say to thee, this day thou shalt be with me in Paradise."

We have thought it advisable to bring before you the Catholic doctrine of prayer—to remind you of that affectionate intercourse, which it can establish between the Creator and the humblest and weakest of His creatures—that while of ourselves we are powerless to overcome the attacks which are being constantly made against the Christian soldier, yet we have the certainty of Faith, that if we seek His help in our needs and difficulties, in our trials and temptations, we shall have that answer to prayer, at the time, and in the manner, which God sees best for us. "Seek ye first the Kingdom of God and His justice, and all these things shall be added unto you." (St. Matt. VI. 33).

These short reflections on prayer, always useful, should claim our attention, just now, in a very special manner. Nations supposed to be Christian would seem to ignore God. They will not recognise these loving relations, which He has established, nor will they admit the absolute dependence of all created things upon the Creator. For practical purposes with them His existence does not count. In the administration of public affairs, a policy is sometimes adopted, which is purely pagan—in no way influenced by the saving precepts of the Sermon on the Mount. In a word, the spirit of the age seems bent on dethroning God, and defying humanity. As a result, nations as well as individuals are bringing upon themselves the punishment of unbelief—a spirit of unrest exists, which in the near future threatens destruction.

For us, Dear Brethren, if we realise that Faith is the substance of things to be hoped for, the evidence of things, that appear not (Heb. XI. 1)—if we strive to live by Faith—we shall be just in God's sight. If we place ourselves in His care, and seek from Him light and strength, we need not fear. If we place the interests of our friends and country in His keeping, we need have no anxiety as regards the future. The pages of Irish History give proof of this fact, that in the hour of greatest trial and in moments of distressing anxiety and uncertainty, because Irish Faith trusted Him and sought His help He always proved Himself a Father and a Friend.

There is one form of prayer which we would especially recommend—that which centres around the Tabernacle, and establishes such a close friendship between us and our hidden God. In a short time we hope to see established in every parish of the diocese "The Forty Hours' Adoration," which must bring with it untold blessings. But we need not any public ceremony to practise devotion to the Blessed Sacrament, and to lead a life of prayer—a "life hidden with Christ in God." In the Churches of our city, towns and country districts, we have verified in the most touching manner, those words of our Divine Lord, "Behold I am with you all days even to the consummation of the world." (St. Matt. 28.20). He has kept this promise cost what it might. Despoiled of all external majesty, He leads the life of a prisoner, bound by the chains of His own love. He submits to be treated with indifference, ingratitude, irreverence, so that it may be said with truth, what St. John complained of as regards the Jews: "There hath stood One in the midst of you whom you know not." "He was in the world and the world was made by Him, and the world knew Him not." And yet He does not complain, but in the humble tabernacle anxiously awaits our visits, that He may hear our prayers, and bestow His favours upon us. On our altars He lives amongst His sheep, anxious to become acquainted with their many wants and miseries. "Come to me all you that labour and are burdened, and I will refresh you." There is no tale of misery, which will not receive Him a sympathetic hearing—no sorrow so great, no burden so heavy as not to be sweetened and made light by His grace. There is no temptation so strong, no passion so fierce, as not to be overcome at the sound of His voice, Who said "Peace be still—and the wind ceased and there was made a great calm" (St. Mark. IV. 39). In a word, there is no phase of human sorrow or misery, which will not receive sympathy and help from Him. Nay, more, if we wish to rise from sin, to whom can we appeal with more confidence, than to Him Who did not turn a deaf ear to the cry of the blind beggar—"Lord that I may see," or of the leper ostracised from friends and home—Lord, if Thou wilt, Thou canst make me clean." "And Jesus, stretching forth His hand, touched him, saying: I will be thou made clean. And forthwith his leprosy was cleansed" (St. Matt. 8. 2 and 3). "It is certain," says St. Alphonsus, "that of all the pious practices, next to the Holy Communion there is none more agreeable to God, or more profitable to us than to make frequent visits to Jesus Christ dwelling in our tabernacles. We often can obtain more grace in devoutly spending a quarter of an hour before the Blessed Sacrament, than in all the other pious devotions we could perform during the whole day."

Be careful, then, to practise this beautiful form of prayer. Let no day pass without paying Our Divine Lord a visit—and when you cannot come to the Church, unite in spirit with Him in His lonely life. He is your Friend, your Counsellor—your mainstay in life, your hope at death. As you kneel before Him, treat Him with childlike simplicity—confiding to His loving Heart the secrets of your own. Pray for yourselves, your friends, your enemies—do not forget the interests of that land, which we all claim as our own—Ask Him to guide the deliberations of those, who have come together to seek some solution of a question, so intimately connected with our welfare. Ask Him, the Prince of Peace, to put an end to war. In fine, pray Him to enable us to be always mindful of our obligations towards Him, and to rest content in the assurance, that, in the future, as in the past, if we seek from Him that help, which He is so ready to give, His loving Providence will dispose all things sweetly and securely for us.

The following regulations will hold during Lent:—

(1) Meat may be used at dinner on all days except Ash Wednesday and Fridays.

(2) Ash Wednesday and Good Friday are to be regarded as ordinary Fridays in Lent.

(3) Those exempt from the law of Fasting can take at pleasure what is allowed at dinner to those bound to fast.

In view of the relaxation of the more severe discipline of the Church, we renew the appeal made last year with very happy results, that the Faithful should during Lent devote themselves to works of piety—assisting, if possible, at daily Mass and at the evening Devotion; refraining from taking part in or promoting anything, which would not be in keeping with the spirit of the season, and by abstaining from attending places of amusement.

May the Peace of Our Lord Jesus Christ be with you.

Faithfully yours in Christ,

✠ BERNARD HACKETT,
Bishop of Waterford and Lismore.

Bishop's House, Waterford.
February 9th, 1918.

LAMENT OF A HEART-BROKEN HOME CIRCLE.

IN MEMORIAM OF MARY KIELY, Ballybanogue, Kilmacthomas, who departed this life on Tuesday, January 22nd, 1918. R.I.P.

"Borne on that ebbing tide which has no flow—
Her stilled frame's at rest in Modeligo."

We're gathered round the hearth, Mary,
Our hearts with sorrow tied;
For heavy be the cross we bear,
Since you, poor Mary, died.
O would fond hearts' deep aching sighs,
Or bitter tears now shed,
Might tear those bands of dreamless sleep
That wraps you with the dead.

Kind waking thoughts swell our hearts,
Time past reveals its chain:
We see you in your youthful prime—
Sweet memories how they pain!
Time and again remembrance,
With feelings sad review,
Your angel form of purest core,
Reflect death's chilling hue.

The sweetness of your manners, love,
Through life's brief shifting scene,
Illumed a modest sublime soul,
And virtuous mind between.
Kind words, kind thoughts, were yours, Mary,
In smile of smiles and tears:
O warm and loving was your heart—
Light of past happy years.

At night we wander back again,
Mid bright hours passed away;
We clasped you then, the cream of health—
Seems now twere yesterday!
A shadd'ring sceptre blinds our gaze,
And dreamland fades from view;
With sightless eyes and lifeless lips,
In death we last saw you.

Your simple, gentle charming ways,
And tender-natured heart,
Unstrung the strings of warmest love
Of friends within our chart.
Yea, often down the stream of time
In quiet thoughts will awake,
Sad memories, heart-broken sighs,
Restrained once for your sake!

Your eyes shone like the sunlight shed
On wavelets as they roll;
And pure as orbs of baby-blue—
Your purity of soul.
Why should we seek to kindle light,
When all around is gloom?
Why should we raise a phantom, dear,
Above your silent tomb?

Death's terrors were all cast aside,
For you were reconciled:
Thrice beauteous lying in snow-white robes,
Grand virgin, stainless child.
Away! away! ye earthward thoughts!
Our darling opes her eyes.
She dwells with saints and angels now,
Above eternal skies.

Fare well! farewell! farewell, Mary!
God's will be done aye!
We part but once, we'll meet again,
Where grey hours are unknown!
The future years loom dark ashore,
Since your soul's homeward flight:
We miss the happy, hopeful smile—
This home-nest's beacon light.

By her sorrowing brother, J. C. K.

COURT CLEARED IN ENNIS.

PRISONERS TAKE "FRENCH LEAVE."

During extraordinary scenes in Ennis on Friday, when a large number of prisoners were charged with cattle driving and intimidation, the magistrates ordered the court to be cleared. The prisoners also left and could not be found.

Twenty-three young men were brought from Limerick jail to answer charges of cattle driving and intimidation, and Dr. MacClancy, of the Co. Infirmary, Ennis, was directed by telegram to meet the train, it being understood that some of the prisoners were hunger-striking. A military motor lorry with police and a military armoured car also met the train.

About 30 cars, many of which bore tricolour flags, with horsemen gave the prisoners an enthusiastic reception at the station. Six of the prisoners were on the verge of collapse, and were removed to the infirmary, and the others were conveyed on the lorry, from which Republican flags floated, to the Courthouse, and they cheered and sang as they passed.

Messrs. McElroy, R.M., and P. J. Kelly, R.M., conducted the proceedings in the Courthouse. The police stated that two of the accused told the men at the saw mills to clear out, and that they would not allow Irish timber to be supplied to the British Government. This evoked a tremendous outburst of cheering, whereupon the Chairman ordered the court to be cleared.

This led to redoubled cheering, and one of the accused said the prisoners would also leave the court. A scene of great tumult ensued, and the prisoners proceeded to leave the court amid tremendous excitement, in the course of which Const. Cooke, who was holding one of the prisoners, was struck on the head. He immediately let the man free and arrested his assailant, but the latter made good his escape.

All the prisoners left the court except one, who was on bail. Commander Brennan blew his whistle, and called upon all the Volunteers to leave the court, and all left the court, amid cheers of "Up the Cattle Drivers," "The Land for the People," and "To Hell—I with England." The accused marched through the streets, and for a considerable time parties paraded the town with Republican flags.

Orders were then issued for the re-arrest of the prisoners and later a large force of police, under County Inspector Gelston and District Inspector Moore, and military with fixed bayonets, marched to the premises of Mrs. McNamara, O'Connell street, where a search was made, without success, for the missing men. "The court proceedings," the correspondent adds, "were adjourned for a week."

SAVE YOUR HORSES.

The Hartford Improved Pole Carriel is one of the best patents that have been taken out for a number of years. It takes the entire weight from the horse's neck and improves the draft. Can be easily fitted to any make of Mower or Binder in a few seconds; price £1 15s. Free Trial on application to the Sole Agents:

HARPUR BROTHERS, IRONMONGERS, WATERFORD.

Kilmacthomas Guardians.

Mr. G. Crotty in the chair. Also present—Miss G. Poer O'Shee, Messrs. P. Cullinan, J.P.; P. Cunningham and N. Hayes.

Sympathy.

Mr. John Kiely, Ballinabanogue, wrote thanking the members of the board for their kind resolution of sympathy on the recent death of his daughter.

Thanks.

Sister M. Aloysius, on her own behalf and that of the other Sisters in the hospital, wrote to thank the guardians for the recent increase in lieu of rations granted to them. They were also very grateful for all the past and present kindnesses of the board.

Special Treatment.

On the recommendation of Dr. Foley, it was ordered to send Julia Pwer to the City and County Infirmary for special treatment

Milk.

The following was handed in by Miss O'Shee—"That the L.G.B. be asked whether under the Treasury Grant for milk for mothers and children under five years of age, it can be arranged to provide them with dried milk where, owing to distance or other causes, new milk cannot be obtained daily."

Mr. Hayes—They cannot get milk because the farmers will not give it to them.

Miss O'Shee—If that was the case they would inform me of it quickly enough. If they have a complaint to make they are not slow to do so.

Mr. Hayes—I know myself that some of the farmers have plenty of milk, but they keep it for themselves.

Miss O'Shee—I suppose as in everything else they are some case of that amongst the farmers, but I happen to know that generally they would only be too willing to give it if they had it. They have not got the milk themselves.

The proposal of Miss O'Shee was unanimously adopted.

Sanction Again Demanded.

At the last meeting of the board the Clerk was directed to telegraph to the Local Government Board asking them to forward the immediate sanction of Dr. Purcell as medical officer to the Bonnabon dispensary district. He informed the meeting that since then he had received no reply on the matter, and he would like directions from them to wire them again.

It was ordered that the Clerk wire to the Local Government Board and point out to them the length of time Dr. Purcell has been doing temporary duty in the district and ask them to forward their immediate sanction.

Master's Report.

The Master reported that he had sold the three pigs he had on hands for £39 17s., and had lodged the amount with the treasurer. He had bought three store pigs for £15 10s. Approved.

State of the House.

Number admitted during the week, 49; number discharged, 25; number remaining on Saturday night, 114. Cost of provisions consumed, £45 7s. 9d.; corresponding period last year the amount was £54 10s. 1d. for 120 persons.

Arising out of the master's report, the Master informed the meeting that the price received for the pigs had been cut down by 5s. per pig for bruises caused by the pigs being beaten.

After consideration of the matter the guardians decided that even if the pigs had been somewhat bruised the price by which each was cut down was too great, and the clerk was ordered to write to the purchaser to that effect.

Contracts.

The Clerk was directed to issue advertisements for the yearly and half-yearly supplies to the union, tenders to be considered at the meeting of the guardians to be held three weeks from now.

Dungarvan Urban Council.

The usual finance meeting of the Urban Council was held on Monday night. Mr. P. Sexton, J.P., Chairman, presided. Also present—Messrs. J. Walsh, M. Byrne, T. Power and J. Curran.

Pay Sheet.

The total on the pay sheet amounted to £14 3s. 4½d. Of this £11 was expended on the streets, 4s. on the town's improvement, 2s. sanitary, and £2 17s. 4d. on the artisans' dwellings.

Estimate Running Short.

The Clerk informed the meeting that the estimate for the streets was nearly exhausted. The estimate was £508 13s. 7d.

Mr. Walsh—I think we are paying about £18 per week for the streets at present.

Mr. Power—By what amount will we exceed the estimate?

The Clerk said that would all depend on the borough surveyor.

Chairman—How are we situated as regards the stone-breaking?

Mr. McGrath—We have only what has to be crushed opposite Mr. Crotty's. There is about two days' work in the quarry for a stone-breaker by hand.

Clerk—You will have to cut down expenses as the estimate is nearly exhausted.

Letting of the Town Hall.

The Clerk said that at the last meeting of the board there was an application before them for the use of the Town Hall for the purpose of showing cinematograph films. It had been the custom of the council not to give the hall for those purposes during Lent, and I thought it would be well to keep up that practice.

Chairman—At the time the application came before us I was unaware of the fact that Lent was coming on so soon.

Clerk—There was no date mentioned when you granted the application.

Mr. Power—We will stick to the old rule. It is a very good one.

The Clerk sent a telegram to the applicant informing him that the hall was not granted for any amusements during Lent.

Lavatory at the Quay.

Mr. Power called attention to the bad state of the lavatory on the quay, and asked Mr. McGrath if anything had lately been done with regard to the repairs necessary. This had been brought up at the meetings of the council on several previous occasions, and it was a very important matter and should be attended to at once.

Mr. McGrath said that nothing had been done as no order had been made by the council on the subject.

Mr. Power—Something should be done immediately.

The matter was referred to Mr. McGrath.

Hall Porter.

The Clerk submitted the draft advertisement and forms re the appointment of hall porter in room of Mr. Walter Burke, but as the meeting was a finance one the matter could not be discussed.

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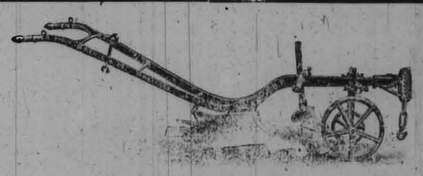

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HOW MUCH DID YOU GET?

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