THE WATERFORD NEWS (WEEKLY) AND "THE EVENING NEWS" (DAILY) Are the Best Advertising Mediums IN THE SOUTH OF IRELAND.

The Waterford News.

THE WATERFORD CHRONICLE AND MUNSTER ADVERTISER—INCORPORATED WITH THIS JOURNAL.

VOL. LV. No. 2,870 | FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1902. | PRICE—ONE PENNY

The Highest Point of excellence ever attained by any beverage is in justice accredited to

KINAHAN'S LL WHISKY.

Its maturity is a feature, each bottle before being tendered for Sale having been kept in bond for at least 8 years.

Kinahan's LL Whisky

AGENTS EVERYWHERE.

BEWLEY AND DRAPER'S SODA WATER IS THE BEST.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO HIS MAJESTY THE KING

ESTABLISHED 1852.

CANTRELL & COCHRANE, LTD., MANUFACTURERS OF TABLE WATERS.

THIRTY-TWO GOLD AND PRIZE MEDALS.

WORKS:—DUBLIN AND BELFAST.

2 FACTS!

KINAHAN'S "ELO" VINTAGE BURGUNDY

Per 2/- Flagon,

is the most fragrant, full, mellow, appetising, and healthy bloodmaking Burgundy before the public.

KINAHAN'S INVALID PORT .. 2/6 Per Bottle

Is the delight of all.

It adds to one's pleasure and happiness.

It is an admirable medicine, giving Health, Strength and Vitality.

AGENTS:

P. M. DOYLE, The Quay, Waterford.

J. RUSSELL, Cappoquin.

FOUNDED 1824.

THE PATRIOTIC ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £1,500,000

LIFE, FIRE, WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION, Fidelity Guarantee and Burglary

Moderate Rates, Absolute Security, Prompt Payment, Large Bonuses.

For Terms apply to—

HEAD OFFICE—9 COLLEGE GREEN, DUBLIN,

Or to any of the Company's Branches or Agencies.

Agents in Waterford—

J. J. MURPHY, W. & L. Railway Terminus.

C. P. REDMOND, WATERFORD NEWS

BERNARD H. O'REILLY, Manager.

ESTABLISHED 1816.

WATERFORD SAVINGS BANK. O'CONNELL STREET.

FUNDS 20th Nov., 1894, £127,464 8s. 1d.

OPEN EVERY MONDAY AND FRIDAY from 11 to Half-past 2 o'Clock.

Rate of Interest allowed—£3 5s. per Cent.

Any person may deposit Money to the extent of £50 in a year, and in addition may re-deposit any one sum withdrawn during the year, until the account reaches £200.

A man, his wife, and children may each have a separate deposit account.

The Strictest Secrecy is observed with regard to Depositors Accounts.

No charge is made for Pass Books.

Sums up to £10 may be withdrawn at any time without notice.

The entire funds are invested in Government Security and the new Savings Bank Act (54 and 55 Vic., Cap. 21) places the Bank under the supervision and control of the Trustee Savings Banks Inspection Committee.

JOHN HARTY, Actuary and Secretary.

Shipping.

Waterford Steamship Company (LIMITED).

INTENDED ORDER OF SAILING—NOVEMBER, 1902.

STEAMERS: DUNBRODY, REGINALD, COMERAGH, LARA, MENAPIA, CREADEN, &c.

NOTICE.—The Waterford Steamship Company (Limited) receive Goods and Live Stock for Shipment on the conditions mentioned in Sailing Lists, &c., to be had at their Offices.

On early Morning Sailing, Cabins of the steamers will be open to receive Passengers arriving by the Night Mail Boats.

WATERFORD AND BRISTOL.

FROM WATERFORD TO BRISTOL.			FROM BRISTOL TO WATERFORD.		
Tuesday, Nov.	4	2 p.m	Saturday, Nov.	1	6 0 p.m
Friday,	7	4 p.m	Wednesday	5	9 0 p.m
Tuesday,	11	3 p.m	Saturday,	8	10 0 p.m
Friday,	14	12 noon	Thursday,	13	8 0 a.m
Tuesday,	18	1 p.m	Saturday,	15	3 0 p.m
Friday,	21	4 p.m	Wednesday,	19	8 0 p.m
Tuesday,	25	2 p.m	Saturday,	22	10 30 p.m
Friday,	28	12 noon	Thursday,	27	3 0 a.m
			Saturday,	29	5 0 p.m

Average Sea Passage 14 to 15 Hours.

Loading Berth—Cumberland Basin, Bristol.

Return Tickets issued at Bristol to Cork per Bristol S. N. Co., are available for return from Dublin without extra charge, or from Waterford or Wexford to Bristol by Waterford Steam Ship Co.'s Steamers on payment of 2s 3d extra.

Return Tickets issued at Bristol to Dublin per Bristol S. N. Co., are available for return from Waterford or Wexford to Bristol by Waterford Steam Ship Co.'s Steamers on payment of 6s. extra, or from Cork on payment of 3s 9d extra.

Return Tickets issued at Waterford or Wexford to Bristol by Waterford Steam Ship Co. are available for return per Bristol S. N. Co. from Bristol to Cork or to Dublin without payment.

Return Tickets are available for two months.

WATERFORD AND LIVERPOOL.

FROM WATERFORD.			FROM LIVERPOOL.		
Sunday, Nov.	2	7 a.m	Monday, Nov.	3	12 noon
Wednesday	5	3 p.m	Wednesday	5	6 0 p.m
Friday,	7	4 p.m	Friday,	7	3 0 p.m
Sunday,	9	7 a.m	Monday,	10	5 0 p.m
Wednesday,	12	1 p.m	We'nesday	12	7 0 p.m
Friday,	14	2 p.m	Friday,	14	9 0 a.m
Sunday,	16	7 a.m	Monday	17	11 0 a.m
Wednesday,	19	2 p.m	Wednesday,	19	12 noon
Friday,	21	3 p.m	Friday	21	3 0 p.m
Sunday,	23	7 a.m	Monday	24	5 0 p.m
Wednesday,	26	1 p.m	Wednesday,	26	7 0 p.m
Friday,	28	2 p.m	Friday,	28	9 0 a.m
Sunday,	30	7 a.m			

The Sunday Vessel Load at North Wharf, Waterford.

Average Sea Passage, 11 to 15 Hours.

FARES—Waterford and Liverpool and Waterford and Wexford and Bristol—Cabin, single, 15s; do do, Children under 12 years of age or servant, travelling with families 10s; do, Return, available for Two Months, optional to return to or from Bristol or Liverpool, 22s 6d; Cabin Return (Children under 12 years), 15s; Deck, single, 7s 6d; do, Children under 12 years, 4s.

N.B.—Dogs not carried from Waterford or Wexford unless accompanied by a license from the Secretary, Board of Agriculture, 4 Whitehall Place, London, S.W.

Loading Berth—Prince's Dock, Liverpool.

Passengers booked through between Waterford and Cheshire Lines Railway Stations and Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway Stations.

Goods and Parcels Booked through between all principal Stations on Great Northern, Great Western, Lancashire, and Yorkshire, London and North Western, London and South Western, Great Central, and Midland Railways to and via Waterford.

WEXFORD AND BRISTOL.

Wexford to Bristol Tuesdays. Bristol to Wexford, Fridays.

WATERFORD AND NEW ROSS.

From New Ross—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 9.15 a.m.

From Waterford—Daily, Sundays excepted, at 2.0 p.m.

WATERFORD AND DUNCANNON.

From Duncannon—Daily, Sundays excepted, at 8.30 a.m.

From Waterford—Daily, Sundays excepted, at 3.45 p.m.

NOTE—The Waterford Steamship Company, Limited, insure all Goods Shipped by these Lines of Steamers at 3s. 6d. per cent. to Traders having Yearly Agreements, and 5s. per cent. to Occasional Shippers, value to be declared at time of shipment. Forms and all information to be had at the offices.

Berths secured and every information given by Agents at WATERFORD—Waterford Steamship Co. (Limited), Head Offices, The Mall. National Telephone No. 15.

LIVERPOOL—Waterford Steamship Company (Limited), 19 Brunswick-street, and Princes Dock. Telephone No. 6973.

BRISTOL—Waterford Steamship Company (Limited), Queen Square—and Cumberland Basin.

WEXFORD—Waterford Steamship Company (Limited), National Telephone No. 19.

NEW ROSS—Waterford Steamship Company's Office.

DUNCANNON—Waterford Steamship Company's Office.

LIMERICK—Lower Shannon Steamship Company's Office, Mount Kennett Quay. National Telephone No. 131.

KILRUSH—Lower Shannon Steamship Company's Office, Quay.

Registered Address for Telegrams—"STEAM" at Waterford, Liverpool, Bristol, Limerick or Wexford.

Clyde Shipping Company, Ltd

OCTOBER and NOVEMBER, 1902.

Regular Steam Communication between WATERFORD and LONDON, PLYMOUTH AND SOUTHAMPTON, NEWHAVEN, DOVER AND SOUTH OF ENGLAND, CORK, DUBLIN, BELFAST AND GLASGOW.

THE New and powerful Screw Steamers ARANMORE, COPELAND, DUNGENESS, EDDYSTONE, FASTNET, GARMOYLE, LIZARD, PLADDA, PORTLAND, RATHLIN, SALTEES, SANDA, SKERRYVORE, TOWARD, TUSKAR, VALENTIA, are intended to sail as under, weather permitting (unless prevented by unforeseen circumstances), with liberty to tow Vessels, and to call at any Port or Ports in any order, in or out of the customary course, to Receive and Discharge Cargo, or for any other purpose whatsoever.

CORK INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION—Open from May till November.

WATERFORD TO GLASGOW.

Every MONDAY (Direct) ... ... 1 p.m.

(via Plymouth):

Wednesday, 1st Oct. 4 p.m. Wednesday, 5th Nov. 4 p.m
Wednesday, 8th " 12 noon Wednesday, 12th " 4 p.m
Wednesday, 15th " 4 p.m. Wednesday, 19th " 4 p.m
Wednesday, 22nd " 12 noon Wednesday, 26th " 4 p.m
Wednesday, 29th " 4 p.m.

GLASGOW TO WATERFORD.

Every MONDAY (Direct) ... 2 p.m

Cal. Rail. to Greenock ... 5.23 p.m

Every THURSDAY (Direct) ... 2 p.m

Cal. Rail. to Greenock ... 5.23 p.m

LONDON (St. Katharine Dock) TO WATERFORD.

Every THURSDAY ... 4 p.m

No transhipment by this route. Orders for collection or delivery of Goods sent to M'NAMARA & Co. (Limited), 12 Carlisle-street, Finsbury; to Clyde Shipping Company, 33 Leadenhall Street, or Clyde Shipping Company, E Warehouse, St. Katharine Dock, will receive prompt attention.

WATERFORD TO DUBLIN.

Every SATURDAY (via Belfast) ... 1 p.m

DUBLIN TO WATERFORD, DIRECT—

Wednesday, 1st Oct. 6 p.m. Wednesday, 5th Nov. 8 p.m
" 8th " 5 p.m " 12th " 6 p.m
" 15th " 6 p.m " 19th " 9 p.m
" 22nd " 8 p.m " 26th " 6 p.m
" 29th " 8 p.m

WATERFORD TO CORK (Direct)

Every THURSDAY ... 1 p.m

CORK TO WATERFORD, DIRECT—

Every FRIDAY ... 6 p.m

WATERFORD TO LONDON.

Every SATURDAY (via Southampton and Rail ... 4 p.m

Every MONDAY (via Glasgow) Cargo only ... 1 p.m

WATERFORD TO BELFAST.

Every SATURDAY (direct) ... 1 p.m

BELFAST TO WATERFORD—VIA DUBLIN.

Every TUESDAY ... 7 p.m

WATERFORD TO PLYMOUTH, direct.

Wednesday, 1st Oct. 4 p.m. Wednesday, 5th Nov. 4 p.m.
" 8th " 12 noon " 12th " 4 p.m.
" 15th " 4 p.m. " 19th " 4 p.m.
" 22nd " 12 noon " 26th " 4 p.m.
" 29th " 4 p.m.

PLYMOUTH TO WATERFORD (direct).

Saturday 4th Oct. 4 p.m. Saturday, 1st Nov. 5 p.m.
" 11th " 12 noon " 8th " 10 a.m.
" 18th " 5 p.m. " 15th " 4 p.m.
" 25th " 12 noon " 22nd " 10 a.m.
" 29th " 4 p.m.

WATERFORD TO SOUTHAMPTON.

Every SATURDAY (direct) ... 4 p.m

SOUTHAMPTON TO WATERFORD.

Every Thursday Afternoon (via Newhaven). Cargo only

WATERFORD TO NEWHAVEN.

Every SATURDAY, via Southampton ... 4 p.m

NEWHAVEN TO WATERFORD.

Every FRIDAY Morning (Cargo only).

WATERFORD TO DOVER.

Every SATURDAY (via Southampton and Newhaven) 4 p.m

DOVER TO WATERFORD.

Every TUESDAY Afternoon (via Southampton), Cargo only.

These Steamers have excellent accommodation for Passengers.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	Cabin.	Return.	Steerage.	Return
Waterford to Glasgow	17s. 6d.	25s.	10s.	15s.
Belfast	17s. 6d.	25s.	10s.	15s.
Cork	8s. 0d.	12s. 6d.	5s.	7s. 6d
Plymouth	20s. 0d.	30s.	10s.	15s. 0d
Southampton	22s. 0d.	—	12s.	—
*London, via Southampton & Rail	32s. 6d.	55s.	15s.	20s
Newhaven	22s. 6d.	—	12s.	—
Dover	22s. 6d.	—	12s.	—
From Dublin	10s. 0d.	—	6s.	—

* Return from London per Thursday's steamer.

Children, above 3 and under 12 years of age, half fare. Return Tickets available for Two Months—Not Transferable.

NOTE.—The Clyde Shipping Company (Limited) can Insure Goods shipped by their lines of Steamers against all Sea Risks. Forms, Rates of Premium, and all information can be had at the Offices.

For Rates of Freight, &c., apply to HENRY J. WARING & Co., Plymouth; JOHN E. HAWKINS, London and South-Western Railway Company, Exeter Buildings, Arthur Street, West, and at the L. & S. W. Railway Receiving Houses throughout London; Clyde Shipping Co., 13, Victoria-street, Belfast; Clyde Shipping Co., Rochester Buildings, 138 Leadenhall Street, London, E.C.; Clyde Shipping Co., Railway Offices, Newhaven; Elizabeth Street (Pier), Dover; 35, Carlton Place, Glasgow; Custom House Buildings, Greenock; 5 Dock Road, Limerick; Town Quay, Southampton; 38, Eden Quay, Dublin; Patrick's Quay, Cork.

CLYDE SHIPPING COMPANY (LIMITED), Custom House Quay, Waterford.

Special forms of Bills of Lading required by the Clyde Shipping Company (Limited) to be had from the Agents.

Telegraphic Address—"CORMORANT," Waterford.

AMERICAN LINE.

UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS.

SOUTHAMPTON—NEW YORK SERVICE.

SOUTHAMPTON TO NEW YORK—SATURDAYS at Noon.

Highest Class of accommodation for Second Cabin and Steerage Passengers.

Third Class Fare at lowest rates. Outfit free.

LIVERPOOL—PHILADELPHIA SERVICE, Every WEDNESDAY.

LIVERPOOL TO PHILADELPHIA.

Calling at Queenstown every Thursday.

Passengers and Goods are landed at Philadelphia on the Wharf of the Pennsylvania Railroad, which has the Shortest and most Direct Route to all places in the Western States.

Apply to Richardson, Spence & Co., Southampton or Liverpool, or to

WATERFORD—Harvey & Son, 12, Gladstone-street; Wells & Holohan, 87, Quay; Ward Bros., 2, Barronstrand-street.

CARRICK-ON-SUIR—Richard Landy.

CLONMEL—P. Nugent, 75, Main-street.

DUNGARVAN—J. Collinan, The Square.

CAPPOQUIN—W. Jones Troy, 31, Allen-street.

GRAIGUE—John Murphy, Grocer.

NEW ROSS—W. Munro; and Patrick Hunt, 15 Quay.

THOMASTOWN—M. Westerman, Church-street.

WEXFORD—W. Timpson, Main-street.

John Hinton, Auctioneer & Merchant.

KILMACTHOMAS—W. O'Donohoe.

ADVERTISING IN THE "NEWS."

In order to facilitate the public in every way we have decided to appoint all our agents for the sale of "The News" agents also for the receipt of advertisements in our present columns. The advertiser can call upon the nearest "News" agent, who will supply advertising forms and accept advertisements for us. All these advertisements must be prepaid. Our agents are:—

WATERFORD—Miss Kelly, Gladstone Street.
Mrs. Shiely, John Street.
Miss Power, Barronstrand Street.
Mr. Hughes, Mayor's Walk.
Mrs. Quilty, John Street.
Miss Hay, Quay.
Mr. Wardell, Quay.
Miss Power, Broad Street.
Mrs. Butler, Peter Street.
Mr. James Power, Ballybricken.
Mrs. Dawson, Quay.
Miss McDonnell, Bridge Street.
Mrs. Power, Colbeck Street.
Mrs. Doherty, Lombard Street.
Mr. P. M. Egan, Quay.
Mr. P. O'Brien, Grange Terrace.
Mr. L. Hutchinson, Morgan Street.
Miss O'Neill, Olaye Street.

KILMACTHOMAS—Mr. T. Christopher.
STRADBALLY—James Hotel.
DUNGARVAN—Mr. B. Keohan, P.O. Main Street.
Miss M. Cummins.
P. Cahill, The Square.
M. Walsh.
TRAMORE—Miss Clancy and Mr. Wardell.
CAPPOQUIN—Mr. W. Jones Troy.
CARRICK-ON-SUIR—Mrs. Johanna Hearn and Mrs. Reidy.
LISMORE—Mrs. Meade.
M. Harnett.
KILMACOW—Mr. J. Farrell.
KILMACOW UPPER—Mrs. Desmond.
KILMACOW LOWER—Mr. Luke Whelan.
PILTOWN—Miss Roche.
KILL—Mrs. Bonayne and P. Cummins.
TALLOW—Daniel Lynch.
NEW ROSS—Mr. J. Rourke, Quay, and M. O'Donoghue.
FERMOY—Eason and Son, Bookstall.
W. O'Connell, Patrick Street.
WATERFORD RAILWAY STATION—Messrs. Eason & Sons, Book Stand.
CLONMEL—W. McE—, 34, O'Connell Street.
CAHIR—Mr. James Gayle, Castle Street.
TIPPERARY—Mrs. Kavanagh.
PORTLAW—Mr. Funcheon.
DUNMORE—N. Murphy.
GLENMORE—Mr. R. Fluskey.
BALLYDUFF (Lismore)—Miss Margaret Cotter.
YOUGHAL—Thomas and Son.
CALLAN—Patrick Joyce.
KILKENNY—Mrs. M. A. Power, Parliament Street.
MULLINAVAT—J. Dolan.
PASSAGE EAST—Mrs. C. Condon.
THOMASTOWN—M. Quinlivan.
MOONCOIN—Mrs. Dunne.
ARTHURSTOWN—J. Murphy.
FETHARD—Mrs. Elms.
CAMPILE—M. J. Kenny.
RAMSGRANGE—James Molloy.
GLASGOW—J. McMurtrie, 11, Bothwell St.
LIVERPOOL—The Liverpool, 33 Depot, 13, Scotland Place.
DUBLIN—Messrs. Chas. Eason & Son, Abbey Street.
J. H. Parker and Co., 43, Dawson Street (Files of "The Waterford News," and "Evening News" can be inspected here).
F. B. O'Keeffe, 1, St. Andrew Street.
Wilson, Hartnell & Co., Commercial Buildings.
LONDON—Clarke, Son, & Platt, 85, Gracechurch Street.
C. Mitchell & Co., Mitchell House, 1, and 2, Snow Hill, Holborn viaduct, E.C.
E. F. White & Son, 33, Fleet Street.
Smith's Advertising Agency, 100, Fleet Street.
T. B. Browne, 163, Queen Victoria Street, E.C.
Henry Sell, 167, and 168, Fleet Street, E.C.
MacDuff & Co., 10, Norfolk Street Strand, W.C.
Fryer's Advertising Offices, 118, Holborn, E.C.
Thomas Coleman & Co., Granville House, Arundel Street, Strand.
Mather & Crowther, 10, 11, and 12, Bridge Street, Ludgate Circus.
J. T. Segrue, 217, Gresham House, Old Broad Street.
Messrs. Street and Co., Corn Hill.

County Borough of Waterford.

THE CORPORATION invite Tenders for £8,000 3½ per Cent. Stock.

For further particulars apply to P. KENT, Esq., Borough Treasurer, The Mall.

By order,

JAMES J. FEELY, Town Clerk.

4th November, 1902.

BARRINGTONS' SOAPS.

BEST AND LAST LONGEST.

PATENTS

A HANDBOOK ON PATENT LAW AND PRACTICE.

Post free, on application to

CRUIKSHANK & FAIRWEATHER, Chartered Patent Agents,

62, ST. VINCENT STREET, GLASGOW.

Hotels.

"THE CROWN HOTEL," MONCK STREET, WEXFORD.

THIS Old Hotel is famous for good, pure Whisky and all other Drinks.

MRS. KELLY, PROPRIETRESS.

Close to the Railway Station.

The Wicklow Hotel and Restaurant 6, 7, and 8, WICKLOW-STREET, (Grafton-street), DUBLIN.

MOST Centrally Situated. Comfortable and Moderate. Dinners ready all day.

RICHARD O'BRIEN, Proprietor.

TEA.

We purchase, at the lowest point of the market, the finest growths from the best Indian and Ceylon Gardens; this enables us always to offer exceptional value, both for liquor and appearance.

Ogilvie & Moore LIMITED,

Warren's Place, CORK.

Marble & Stone Works, MICHAEL STREET, WATERFORD.

P. O'KEEFFE & SONS

Call special attention to their large Stock of Headstones, Tombs & Monuments

Of the Best Material procurable, and chiselled after the most model and graceful designs.

The Proprietors are also prepared to enter into Contracts for every description of Stone and Marble Works. Also a large selection of Celtic Crosses for Cemeteries, &c.

CHIMNEY PIECES REPAIRED AND SET.

In their extensive Premises they can execute any Works entrusted to them at the Shortest Notice, in the best Style, and on the Most Moderate Terms.

Messrs. O'KEEFFE & SONS have taken over the important Limestone Quarries at Strang's Mills, and can supply splendid Stones and Rubble at Moderate Prices.

JAMES POWER,

Builder, Mayor's Walk, Waterford (Workshop and Premises, Newgate-street, near Kelly Brewery), Guarantees to give the Best Finished Work in the City in all Departments of the Building Trade. Shop Fittings and Sanitary Arrangements carried out in the Newest Designs. Plans and Estimates free.

CUNARD LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

FROM LIVERPOOL VIA QUEENSTOWN TO NEW YORK.

Campania .. Sat. Nov. 22 | Etruria ...... Sat. Dec. 13
Umbria .... Sat. Nov. 29 | Saxonia ..... Sat. Dec. 20
Lucania ... Sat. Dec. 6 | Umbria ...... Sat. Dec. 27

TO BOSTON.

Ultonia ... Tues. Nov. 25 | Ivernia ... Tues. Dec. 9
Sylvania ... Tues. Dec. 16.

FARES:—Saloon, from £13; 2nd Cabin, from £8; Third Class, £5 15s. and £6, according to steamer.

10 per cent. reduction Return Tickets Saloon; 5 per cent. 2nd Cabin.

Second and Third Class passengers forwarded free via New York to Philadelphia and Boston, and via Boston to New York and Philadelphia. Third Class also forwarded to Baltimore without extra charge.

"The steadiness of the new Boston ships, *Saxonia* and *Ivernia*, and their freedom from discomfort, are testified to by everyone who travels in them."

Regular line of steamers to Mediterranean ports and Havre.

Passengers booked through to all parts of America and Canada.

THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LTD., Queenstown, and 8 Water-street, Liverpool.

OR THEIR AGENTS—

WARD BROTHERS, 2, Barronstrand-st, Waterford; Harvey & Son, 12 Gladstone Street; Miss M. Cotter, Ballyduff; Michael Foley, Dungarvan; P. Evans, Dungarvan.

Mrs. Kate Begley, Cappoquin; Mr. James Ahearne, Lismore.

RATS, Mice, Moles and Beetles greedily eat HARRISON'S "RELIABLE" RAT POISON. Cats and dogs will not touch it. Vermin dry up and leave NO smell. Price, 1s 2d, 2s 6d; 5s 6d; Postage 3d. G. W. HARRISON, Chemist, Reading. Agents for Waterford—WHITE & SONS, General Merchants, O'Connell Street, or Carrick-on-Suir J. F. O'NEILL, Chemist.

CASH ACCOMMODATION.

THE CITY AND COUNTY LOAN AND DISCOUNT BANK

Makes Advances Daily from £5 Upwards,

IN ANY PART OF IRELAND,

TO FARMERS, SHOPKEEPERS, AND ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, ON APPROVED PERSONAL SECURITY, WITHOUT PUBLICITY.

Terms are given on receipt of Application, and will be found to compare favourably with others.

TO THOSE REQUIRING A TEMPORARY ADVANCE THE ABOVE IS THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE.

FOR TERMS AND PARTICULARS APPLY

O'Connell Street, Waterford.

LOANS LOANS! LOANS!

THE WATERFORD LOAN COMPANY, 8, JOHN STREET, WATERFORD,

Are prepared to treat, with the greatest confidence and secrecy, all applications from £3 UPWARDS, to all persons on their own APPROVED PERSONAL SECURITY in any part of Ireland.

Business carried on in a most straightforward and exact manner.

No connection with any other Loan Offices or so-called Banks in this County

Apply—THE MANAGER, 8, John Street, Waterford.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

HIGGINS' TEA 1/6

Is the pick of the London Markets, purchased for cash and defies Competition.

TRY A LB. SAMPLE AND NOTE RESULTS.

Extraordinary Value, 1s. 3d. per lb. | Extra Good Value 1s. 10d. & 2s. per lb.

Choicest Blends, 2s. 6d. per lb.

J. J. & S. WHISKEY, guaranteed 5½ years old, 21s. per gallon.

BACON—A Speciality, at 4d, 4½d, and 5d per lb. Finest Waterford Cured, at 6d per lb.

NOTE ADDRESS:—

JOHN HIGGINS,

Wholesale Grocer and Provision Merchant

8 and 44, PATRICK-STREET.

PROVISIONS AT 44, PATRICK STREET

It is an Admitted Fact that

H. GRAINGER, WATERFORD,

KEEPS

The Nicest Ladies' Blouses,
The Nicest Ladies' Costume Skirts.
The Nicest Ladies' Underskirts.
The Nicest Ladies' Underclothing.
The Nicest Ladies' Webs.
The Nicest Children's Dresses.
The Nicest Children's Underclothing.

Now is your time for the NEWEST and MOST FASHIONABLE AUTUMN and WINTER BLOUSES. JUST IN.

SEE WINDOWS. SEE WINDOWS.

H. GRAINGER, Barronstrand-street, Waterford.

COUNTY OF WATERFORD.

Dates fixed by the County Council of Waterford for holding of Quarterly Meetings.

DISTRICT COUNCILS.

RURAL DISTRICT.	DAY.	DATE OF 2ND MEETING
Lismore	Friday	24th October, 1902
Waterford No. 1	Saturday	25th do
Carrick No. 2	Monday	27th do
Clonmel No. 2	Tuesday	28th do
Kilmacthomas	Wednesday	29th do
Dungarvan	Thursday	30th do
Youghal No. 2	Friday	31st do

Last day for lodging applications, Saturday, 4th Oct.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Proposals Committee Meeting—Friday, 21st November, 1902.

Last day for lodging applications—Friday, 8th November, 1902.

Quarterly Meeting—Monday, 8th December, 1902.

R. G. PAUL, Secretary to the County Council.

County Secretary's Office, Waterford, 1st September, 1902.

P. COSTEN, BUILDER and CONTRACTOR

67, THE MANOR, WATERFORD.

BUILDING WORK AND CONTRACTS Promptly and Carefully Executed.

ESTIMATES FREE.

Workshops and Premises at Waterside.

MANLY MEN.

WHY suffer the pains and miseries caused by ... Wasting Weakness? Send for my book ...

JAMES HURLEY,

Livery Stables and Posting Establishment,

6, MAIN-STREET, CARRICK-ON-SUIR

HORSES BROKEN TO SINGLE & DOUBLE HARNESS.

IMPORTANT TO MOTHERS.—Every Mother who values the Health and Cleanliness of her Child should use HARRISON'S "RELIABLE" NURSERY POMADE. One application kills all Nits and Vermin, beautifies and strengthens the Hair. In Tins, 4½d and 9d; Postage, 1d. GEO. W. HARRISON, Chemist, Reading. Agents for Waterford—WHITE & SONS, General Merchants, O'Connell Street; for Carrick-on-Suir, J. O'NEILL, Chemist.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY

SHORTEST ROUTE Between England and South of Ireland

Fast and Comfortable New Steamers And Accelerated Service.

CENTRAL CORRIDOR TRAINS.

PADDINGTON dep. 4.30 p.m. (except Sundays) arriving at WATERFORD (weather and circumstances permitting) about 6.5 a.m. following day.

WATERFORD dep. 10.0 p.m. (except Sundays) arriving in LONDON about 1.5 p.m. (Sundays 2-30 p.m.) following day.

Light Refreshments are supplied on the Corridor Boat Trains run between Paddington and New Milford

Cargo can only be received subject to its being shipped in time for the Steamer to be started punctually.

FARES—WATERFORD AND LONDON

SINGLES (available 1 week) 1st Class and Saloon, 46s 6d; 2nd Class and Saloon, 30s 0d; 3rd Class and Fore Cabin, 20s 0d

RETURNS (available for two months) 1st Class & Saloon, 78s, 2nd Class & Saloon 52s, 3rd Class and Fore Cabin ...

Passengers holding Third Class Tickets will be allowed the use of the Saloon of the Steam, on payment of an additional fee of 5s., in either direction.

Further information can be obtained from Mr. A. G. DODD, Railway Terminus, Limerick; Mr. A. W. PEARCE, Adelphi Wharf, Waterford, or from Mr. J. NICHOLLS, District Agent, Adelphi Wharf, Waterford.

J. C. WILKINSON, General Manager. Paddington Terminus.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Fish, Game, Poultry, and Ice Stores, BEAU-STREET, WATERFORD

THE attention of the Gentry, and ... called to this Establishment.

GOODS OF THE CHOICEST QUALITY.

Country orders carefully attended to.

W. STREET, PROPRIETOR.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!—A luxury in hot weather, securely packed for conveyance by rail. Terms on application.

A GUIDE TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION

Specially Written for Students and Parents (which gives all information required by those about to commence the study of Medicine, including expenses, Preliminaries). Can be had on application to the REGISTRAR, CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY MEDICAL SCHOOL, Cecilia-Street, Dublin.

"FORCE"

"THE FOOD THAT IS *ALL* FOOD."

Brain, nerves, and muscles are constantly being worn out. Therefore, brain, nerves, and muscles require constantly to be renewed. To do this in the only effectual and agreeable way, eat "FORCE," which builds up the body by supplying it with the necessary materials in the form of whole-wheat and barley-malt. ... large package. Ask the grocer.

"FIT FOR A KING"

is "delicious "FORCE" ... breakfast, lunch and supper ... body and ... and vigorous ...

WATERFORD HALF A CENTURY AGO.

We take the following interesting paragraphs from our file of Friday, November 12th, 1852:

The Bridge—A good act at last. We are happy to learn that the Bridge Commissioners have at last finally resolved on reducing their present tolls to *one half*. This important change will, we learn, come into operation on the 1st December next. This is the result of "constitutional agitation" combined with a very telling auxiliary, namely, a free bridge at Fiddown! At all events, we are disposed to think that if a dozen bridges were on the river (not nearer than Fiddown) the Commissioners would not have breathed a word concerning the reduction of their tolls, if the *high pressure* of public opinion had not been put upon them. We thank them, however.

Fatal accidents.—As the "Maids" was approaching the Quay, on Wednesday, two men (one coming into and the other coming out of the vessel) struck each other and both fell into the river. A watchman named Patrick Rearden immediately jumped out after them, when he brought in one of the men safely on shore, the other poor fellow, named Power, was, in the meantime, drawn in under the vessel's keel. Rearden, however, dived after him, but to no life t. He was not found till life was extinct. What made the case more melancholy was, his wife, as we are informed, was on her way to the Quay with his breakfast at the time the awful accident occurred. He leaves her and four children to deplore his loss. People cannot be cautioned against jumping in and out of vessels before they are close to the Quay. Immediately under this sad piece of intelligence runs the following:—On yesterday morning, about two o'clock, a young lad whilst securing a boat, opposite Nevin's office, fell into the river and was drowned.

Good news for Waterford—Railway to Tramore—It is certain at last—we shall have the railway to Tramore. Mr. Roberts's valuation has been agreed to by the owners of property on the way; and Mr. Dargan, our good and great countryman, has taken up the line, and promises to have it completed by June or July next. The works, we are told, will be commenced in six or eight weeks from this date. When Mr. Dargan has the line in his possession we do not fear the result. He was in Waterford during the early part of the week. The terminus will be at the Old Castle, Manor. This is cheering news for our city and its operatives.

Failures.—We are sorry to learn that several of our respectable merchants have suffered severely in consequence of some recent failures in London.

Encouragement to Irish manufacture—We understand that the Marquis of Waterford has kindly offered several of his oxen gratuitously to turn the machine of the beet root in this city. We are sorry to learn that the farmers and other people in this county have not shown a proportionate desire to assist the factory as the Noble Marquis. We learn that a gentleman connected with the Excise Department has been sent by Government to superintend the factory and give instructions relative to its management.

In our file of November 5th, 1852, the following appeared:—We have been favoured with a specimen of turnip and beet root, grown on Mr. Strange's farm at Croballý, Tramore; the turnips are very fine, but the beet, we think, would win a prize at many of the cattle shows which we have recently attended.

Apathy.—We regret to learn that Waterford, by her apathy, has lost the National Cattle Show. We thought and were informed that she had succeeded; but the Killarney people were more on the alert, and they have won.

The New Pilot Boat—We have been informed that the new pilot boat for our harbour has proved a failure, notwithstanding that £785 (as we learn) of public money has been *paid* for her. On her "trial," it appears, she refused to go-ahead, after the position of ordinary boats; and, when she came to contest it with the "Joseph," report says that the "Joseph" sailed right around her. This circumstance surpises us very much, as some singularly swift crafts have been built in the same dockyard and by the same hands.

Mr. Beresford Hope, one of the candidates for Dungarvan, has presented his agent, Mr. E. W. Barron, with a magnificent gold inkstand as a mark of respect for his exertions in favour of his election, Mr. Barron having refused (rather unusual with the profession!) to accept any money in lieu of his time and exertions.

The following interesting announcements appeared in the same issue:—

Samuel William, son of John Sherlock, Esq., New Ross, to Elizabeth Jane, eldest daughter of Joseph Higginbotham, Esq., Wexford.

On the 3rd instant, at the Parish, Woolwich, Kent, by the Rev. Richard Ryland, Captain G. Anderson, 15th Regiment, Bengal Army, to Annette Charlotte, youngest daughter of the late Robert Uniacke and Lady Mildred Uniacke, of Woodhouse, County Waterford.

October 17, in St. Peter's Church, Troy, United States, by the Rev. Mr. McDonnell, Mr. William O'Brien, late of Mount Odell, County Waterford, to Miss Anne Carroll, late of Templemore, County Tipperary.

On Sunday last, at John's Hill, after a lingering illness, borne with the most Christian patience and resignation, the Rev. Thomas Kelly, C.C. He is deeply lamented by his family and those friends who had the happiness of his acquaintance. His remains were removed for interment to Castleknock, near Dublin.

On the 9th inst., Mr. Richard Condon, eldest son of the late D. Condon, Esq., Quay.

On Sunday, after a short illness, Mr. Thomas Power, of Blackfriars, Barronstrand-street.

On the 8th inst., at her sister's residence, Quay, Miss Charlotte Westwater.

On this morning, at his residence, Barronstrand-street, Mr. James Butler, at an advanced age.

In Dublin, on Friday last, Robert Fleming, Esq., Solicitor, formerly of this city.

LET'S TALK OF GRAVES Cutlery

THE "ENTERPRISE" PARCEL

51 PIECES FOR 25/-

The old order gives place to the new. The dishevelled, wrinkled woman of yore, to the orderly laundress of to-day.

Why?

Because Sunlight Soap has done away with the wearing work to health and linen.

There is no boiling, no toiling.

Rub Sunlight Soap on the clothes, let them soak, and the dirt drops out in the rinsing.

Sunlight Soap is pure soap & £1000 is offered for any adulterant in its composition.

For general household uses Sunlight Soap has no peer.

Its merit is evidenced by the largest sale in the world.

MADE AT PORT SUNLIGHT, CHESHIRE, BY LEVER BROTHERS, LIMITED

TO CORRESPONDENTS

☞ Correspondents who desire questions answered may rest assured that the Editor will spare no pains to meet their wishes.

P. O'Shea, Dublin—We have revised programme as suggested. An Irish piper has not been heard on the boards of our Theatre for years.

P. Delaney, Dublin—Instructions will be carefully attended to. The WATERFORD NEWS is published on Fridays, and as your letter did not reach us until Saturday, we could not insert advertisement in last issue.

J. C. Hennessy, New York—Much obliged for cutting. Some kind friend previously sent us the sad news.

J W Benson, Ltd, London—Order received with thanks.

Watts & Co, Bonmahon—Your instructions have been attended to.

Charles Dibden, London—We are always gratified to hear from you.

Wideawake—(1) The great Catholic and Nationalist organ last week contained columns cogged from the EVENING NEWS without notice. (2) Of course not; Wm O'Brien would be offended if a word was said against the desertion of Catholic interests by the Irish Party.

Observer, U.I.L.—Quite so. There was a strange absence of Waterford news in the "Freeman" and "Cork Examiner" on Saturday last. Surely you know the reason.

Ratepayer—Don't be so sanguine. The second demand for Sanitary Rate this year is, as you say, 8d in the £, but it is bound to be much higher next year. It is already, as you know, 1s 4d in the £ per annum. We were told when the scheme was first started that it would not exceed 6d in the £.

Surprised—Indeed it is no wonder you would feel surprised. There is not one member of the Corporation who has assisted us fearlessly to fight this question. We hope the burgesses will next January nominate some men who will keep up the agitation.

P. O'Shea, Dublin—There is, as you say, materials for a splendid concert.

Corn Buyer—(1) We have no means of ascertaining how Messrs Hall & Co purpose acting. (2) You are quite right. (3) We have to laugh at your remarks re chairman's action. (4) Possibly he thinks the Gaelic League will forget, and it is but a bit of gallery play so favored by our local legislators.

Housekeeper, Carrick—We are very grateful to you for calling our attention to article in "Leader." We have written to advertiser demanding an explanation.

Sufferer, Manor—We are sorry for you, but can do nothing. The members for your Ward in the Council should be applied to. If silence gives consent, then we suppose your Corporate members are not particularly anxious to know whether the £41,500 spent on the sewerage is well or ill spent. This can only be ascertained by getting the opinion of a genuine expert such as the gentleman we named, Sir Benjamin Baker.

Leaguer, Kill—We regret the fact but cannot help it. If the majority of the members of the League were non-Catholic, we could understand their silence.

Reginald—The Tower was erected by Reginald the Dane in 1003. In 1171 it was held as a fortress by Strongbow, Earl of Pembroke; in 1463 a mint was established there; in 1819 it was re-edified in its original form; it is now the residence of the ex-High Constable, and is kept in repair by the Corporation.

Onlooker—Much obliged for your welcome notes. We now give authentic accounts weekly of the sport afforded by the Waterford, Tipperary, Kilkenny and Mr O'Neill Power's hounds.

Historian—That Smith, the historian, came from the south of Ireland is generally conceded, but we cannot vouch for the exact place of his birth. He followed the calling of an apothecary in either Lismore or Dungarvan. Very many are of belief that he is a native of the city of Waterford. At all events his first book was "The History of Waterford."

J. T. W., Morrisson's Road—(1) The Borough Surveyor previous to Mr Fleming was Mr Robert Ryan, who since acted as engineer to the great waterworks installation at Sydney, N.S.W. We believe Mr Ryan is at present engaged professionally to carry out a waterworks' scheme in Northumberland. (2) Mr Ryan had a first-class expert acting as engineering superintendent of the waterworks, the late Mr Hawksley. We may say the Knockaderry scheme is a great monument to his memory.

Hockeyite, Dungarvan—The Waterford team are very strong this year. Mr Regan, Lismore was one of the best players in the south last year, but he received a bad accident. We are not aware if he has sufficiently recovered to play this year.

Nonconformist—We are pleased you read Mr T M Healy's speech with interest, and we think you should also admit that the Bishop of London put the case for your friends very fairly.

Summer Visitor—Yes; we do not mean to let No 1 District Council think they can evade the duty they owe to the public. The condition of the drain at the Strand road is, as you say, a disgrace to civilisation.

Merchant, Quay—The entrance fee to the Waterford Chamber of Commerce is £25, and the annual subscription is, we understand, £4. As far as we know the Chamber never accomplished anything for the benefit of Waterford. It is almost as unrepresentative as the Harbour Board, and that is saying much.

Catholic—The life annuity is £10. At the present moment you could almost count the Catholic governors on your hand. We would advise you to join, and urge your friends to follow suit. The institution was originally intended by James Fanning for the sole benefit of Catholics. His will, however, was not explicit on the point, and the law courts held that other sects should be admitted.

Protestant, Lower Newtown—As far as we know up to the present a site has not been selected for the amalgamated school.

Harrier—Glad to hear that our chiding has had a good effect, and that the Urbs Intacta boys are in full swing once more.

Inmate—The Holy Ghost Hospital was founded in 1553 by one Peter Walsh. It was erected over the nave and cemetery of the old French Church. It is about fifteen years since the new Hospital was erected at the Cork road.

Curious—The ruins of the Black Friars [illegible] at the rere of Messrs Walter Walsh & [illegible] Strand-street. This church was erected [illegible]

Celt—"Riasg" or "riasc" (reesk) [illegible] marsh, or fen. There are nine townlands in [illegible] and Munster called Riesk and Reisk.

Athlete—You are quite right. [illegible] was a well-known athlete in Waterford [illegible] decade since. He could fly a [illegible] [illegible]

adorns the plaster of Paris cast of that gentleman. The bust is really the e, but the sculptor or clay-modeller—most likely the latter—with a considerably greater amount of talent than the local devotees of "W. O'B," considered it was not complete without a real "spex." They accordingly adorned the inanimate figure in the manner described.

S. T. Grubb, Southport—We quite agree with you as to the wretched old bridge, and cordially wish that you may live to see it free.

J. Butler, Ballymacarbery, Clonmel—"Beauty Spots" sent on as ordered. If you are pleased with the book, kindly oblige by recommending it to your friends.

W. C. F.—Much obliged.

Cyclist, Mullinavat—Friend Darmody is, as you say, again on the warpath and the owners of young colts, stray goats, cocks and hens, geese and other road stragglers may rest assured that the member for the rod-iron village will carefully look after their interests. Mr Darmody has turned the full force of his District Council friends against those who dare to invent motor cars capable of travelling at the rate of a mile a minute. The decree has gone forth, and, possibly, the manufacturers of these infernal machines are looking for lodgings in the nearest workhouse.

S. M. A., Carrick—We have carefully noted contents of letter, and shall withhold comment until receipt of promised letter.

M. O F., New York—Much obliged for striking pictures of Statue of Liberty, the "Flatiron," and Park Row Buildings.

The Cook's Helpmate is Brown & Polson's "Patent" Corn Flour—it is essential to best results in so many delightful dishes. For Soups, Vegetable and Fish Sauces, Milk Puddings, Custards, and Blancmanges, this Corn Flour should especially be the foundation. Added to ordinary flour it improves cakes and pastry.

Brown & Polson's "PATENT" Corn Flour excels in that it adds flavour and food value. Just how useful Corn Flour is in Cookery is shewn in Brown & Polson's new A Cook Book, containing 76 simple recipes for making dinner "nicer." Send 1d. stamp to Brown & Polson, Paisley. This useful booklet will come by return.

HOW TO GUARD AGAINST A SEVERE WINTER

Every day it is becoming more important that people should be very particular about what they eat and drink—most particularly the drink—and it is with this subject we are now going to deal. From the foregoing there is no doubt that the first thing that will strike you is that T. & H. DOOLAN's is the best place to purchase your malt liquors. DOOLAN's are now many years before the public, and it is universally admitted that their wines, whiskies, ale and stout surpass all others, and when the word whiskey is mentioned DOOLAN's name is the first to run in your mind. Call in soon.

TAKES THE CAKE.

A. S. Furlong Takes the Cake for largest variety of Newest and Freshest [illegible] Biscuits, Sweets, and Chocolates, at popular [illegible]

The Most Nutritious. EPPS'S Grateful Comforting COCOA Breakfast Supper

Makes BOOTS and HAR[illegible] Dales [illegible] GOLD MEDAL [illegible]

OUR GAELIC COLUMN.

We give this week a translation into Gaelic of the song, "Come Back to Erin," which was universally sung twenty odd years ago, and which still retains its old-time popularity. The Gaelic version in this instance is by Mr Patrick Hagerty, of Springfield, Mass., and is in the metre of the original, so that it can be sung to the old music.

Fill ċúgainn go h-Éirinn.

Aistriġṫe ó Ṡacs-Béarla go Gaeḋilg, ag Pádraig Ua h-Éigceartaiġ.

Fill ċúgainn go h-Éirinn, mo ṁúirnín, mo ṁúirnín,
Fill, fill arís do d' ṫír-dúṫċais, a stóir;
Fill ċúgainn ṫar ċalaḋ 'san Earraċ, a ġráḋ-ġil,
A's beiḋ lúṫġair i g-Cillairne i d' ċóir.
Baḋ ró-ḃeag ar g-coinne le duḃ'ċan na gréine,
Ag sgaraḋ na néalta an sliaḃ a's ar ṁaiġ,
Baḋ ró-ḃeag ar g-coinne le uaiġneas an Ġeiṁriḋ,
'Nuair ċuaiḋis uainn ṫar sáile go Sasainn an ċráiḋ.

Curfa:
Fill ċúgainn go h-Éirinn, mo ṁúirnín, mo ṁúirnín,
Fill, fill arís do d' ṫír-dúṫċais, a stóir;
Fill ċúgainn ṫar ċalaḋ 'san Earraċ, a ġráḋ-ġil,
A's beiḋ lúṫġair i g-Cillairne i d' ċóir.

Do b' fada bí m' amharc ar seolta na luinge,
(Do beir uaim an péarlan do las suas mo ṡlíġe)—
Ag snaṁ ar na tonnta an maidin geal Samraiḋ,
Mar eala ar ċiúin loċ gan tuirse, gan sgíṫ.
Ṫainig an sgamall do ṡcuab ar mo radharc tú,
Mar ḃrat bí an ceó do ṫuit ar an g-cuan;
Aċt baḋ truime 's baḋ duiḃe an brón i m' ċroiḋe fé,
'Na néalta na h-oiḋċe, 'nuair d'imṫiġ tú uaim.

Curfa:
Fill ċúgainn, ⁊c.

Sior-ṁaiġim ar aingil na d-flaiṫeas, a stóirín,
Díḋeann a's sgíaṫ do ḋéanaḋ dóm' ṡeoid,—
Ar mo ġlúine ag úrnaiġe ċum Ríġ gil na Glóire,
Bíon cúram mo dian ġráḋ i m' aigne beó.
Is minic mo smuainte ag eitealt ṫar taoiḋe,
A's go Sasann' an coṁ-ṫeargar ar long mo ġráḋ;
Ag faire an ġríosaiġ i g-compaċ lae 's oiḋċe,
Ag tnúṫ le go d-filleaḋ mo ċumann gaċ lá.

Curfa:
Fill ċúgainn, ⁊c.

Rest Bringer.

Fels-Naptha soap. Your grocer returns your money in full if you don't find it brings you rest.

It does more: it saves the clothes and makes them cleaner. 2½d a bar.

FELS-NAPTHA [illegible]

FAMOUS [illegible] A. S. Furlong's [illegible] Best Hams, Bacon, Butter and Cheese [illegible]

John O'Keefe, of Kilmacthomas, says of Bell's [illegible]

HOTELS.

Four Courts Hotel,
10, 11 & 12, INNS QUAY,
Adjoining Four Courts.

FIRST-CLASS BEDROOMS FROM 2s. PER NIGHT.
SUITES OF APARTMENTS FOR FAMILIES.
LADIES' COFFEE ROOM,
PRIVATE SITTING ROOMS,
Commercial Room and Large Banquetting Hall for Dinners Meetings, &c.
PING PONG ROOM.
RESTAURANT ATTACHED.
Soup, Fish, Entrees, Joints, Poultry, Sweets From 1 o'clock daily, and on Sundays.
NO ATTENDANCE CHARGED.

Table d'Hote daily from 1 o'clock, and on Sunday at 4 o'clock. Five Courses, 2s

Henry G. Kilbey,
Managing Director.
(Late General Manager Clarence Hotels Company, Limited).
Telephone 1338. Telegrams—"Excel, Dublin."

VICTORIA HOTEL,
COLBECK-STREET, WATERFORD.
RE-MODELLED AND RE-FURNISHED
CENTRALLY AND CONVENIENTLY SITUATED
Within One Minutes' Walk of the COUNTY COURTHOUSE and the LEADING PUBLIC DEPARTMENTS.
Reasonable Tariffs and the Best of Attention may be counted on
WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKIES, ALE, PORTER, AND MINERALS,
All in Excellent Condition from the Best Makers.
Please Note the Address.

TOURISTS, TRAVELLERS, CYCLISTS, BUSINESS MEN, WILL FIND
DOOLEY'S HOTEL
(FAMILY & COMMERCIAL),
COMFORTABLE, CENTRAL, CONVENIENT.
☞ 30, QUAY, WATERFORD.

Support one of Waterford's Oldest Industries, BY USING
BARM BREAD,
Made by MACHINERY. Latest and Best Plant just erected.
Baked in STEAM OVENS, always clean and sweet.
Baked of PATENT FLOURS. Grade above Bakers' Firsts.
Fermented with Pure Malt and Hop Barm.
MANUFACTURED BY US.
Nothing BETTER or PURER can be made.
Bakers of the Celebrated
HOVIS BREAD.
We wish to impress on the Public that NO MARGARINE or GERMAN PRODUCTIONS are used in this Establishment.
D. MacDONALD & CO.
SALE SHOP........................MALL.
BARM FACTORY (Established 1810)
STEAM & MACHINE BAKERY and CONFECTIONERY.............. BRIDGE ST.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.
A remedy has been discovered by Mr Garrett in the herbs grown in the bogs and hills of Ireland, and it has been found the only specific for IMPURE BLOOD, SKIN DISEASE, BONE DISEASE.
Hundreds have been cured of the different forms of diseases arising from above.
Mr Garrett has called this specific "GARRETT'S HERBINE.
GARRETT'S HERBINE is sold by Chemists and stores at 2s 9d, 4s 6d, and 7s 6d per bottle per post 3d, 4d, and 6d respectively, extra.
Waterford Agents:
GEO. WHITE & SONS, Chemists, KING STREET.
ECZEMA—"NOT A SPOT REMAINS."
Mrs Greer, Blessington, Co Wicklow, writes—"You will be pleased to hear that the little boy I sent you a fortnight since is quite well. Not a spot remains. His skin is as fresh as an infant's. It is a wonderful cure, after the poor little fellow suffering so much."
For further testimonials write for Pamphlet, forwarded free to any address by
GARRETT'S HERBINE CO., LTD., 203 UPPER BAGGOT ST., DUBLIN.

Cycle and Axle Works.
THE LARGEST IN DUBLIN.
Steam Power, &c. Cycle Repairs of all kinds executed without delay.
THE TRADE SUPPLIED.
All kinds of Cycle Axles, Cups, Cones, &c., made to pattern.
MOTOR-CAR AXLES Made and Repaired.
Cart, Dray, Van, Crank, and Carriage Axles made and Repaired. Also Fittings for same. Worn Files re-cut equal to new.
GEORGE A. STRONG,
8 and 9, GREEK STREET, (adjoining Police Court), DUBLIN.

IRISH CIVIL SERVICE BUILDING SOCIETY.
Established 1864. Incorporated 1874.
LOANS GRANTED ON THE MOST FAVOURABLE TERMS TO ENABLE PERSONS TO BUILD OR PURCHASE HOUSES OR TO PAY OFF MORTGAGES THEREON.
The Business already done exceeds
£1,680,000
Legal Expenses Fixed and moderate.
Deposits received at the following rates of interest free of Income Tax:—
At Call ... ... 2 per Cent. per Annum
For One or Two Years... 3 „ „
For Three Years ... 3½ „ „
For Prospectus and every information address
ALFRED H. MERCER, Secretary
[illegible] Dublin

SERVANTS' RE[illegible]
At the request of many [illegible] they have arranged [illegible] Registry Office at No 7[illegible] This Office will be open for business on and after August 1st, from 11 to 2 d[illegible] best class Servants recommen[illegible]

According to Kemp's Mercantile [illegible] the number of failures recorded [illegible] ending November [illegible] Bankruptcy Proceedings [illegible]

COLEMAN'S
"WINCARNIS"
Is a Delicious Beverage and Tonic made from Port Wine, Liebig's Extract of Meat, and Extract of Malt.
OVER SIX THOUSAND UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS HAVE BEEN RECEIVED FROM MEDICAL MEN.
THE SOUTH AFRICAN WAR.
Important Testimonial from the Hospital Ship "Maine."
80, Curzon Street, London, W., June 13th, 1900.
Messrs. Coleman & Co., Ltd., Norwich.
The Executive Committee of the American Hospital Ship Fund for South Africa have much pleasure in stating that the "Wincarnis" supplied to the Hospital Ship "Maine" was found to be of great benefit as a tonic for the patients on board, and was used with success by the Surgeons.
"WINCARNIS"
Is sold by all Licensed Chemists, Grocers, and Wine Merchants, in Bottles 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d. each. Ask for Coleman's WINCARNIS, and see that the word WINCARNIS is on the shoulder of the Bottle.
Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of the above:
COLEMAN & CO., Limited,
NORWICH AND LONDON.
Sample bottle free on receipt of three penny stamps to cover postage.

TOOTH-ACHE CURED INSTANTLY BY BUNTER'S NERVINE.
Gives Permanent relief by Painless Constriction of the Nerve in Decayed Teeth, forms a stopping, arrests Decay, saves Extraction, Sleepless Nights prevented, Neuralgic Headaches, and all Nerve Pains removed.
Read the following Testimonial, selected from a number received from THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.
GORDON STABLES, M.D., R.N.
"BUNTER'S NERVINE is an excellent specific for Toothache and Neuralgic ailments, it banishes all pain and saves the tooth. Nothing can be better."
BUNTER'S DENTINE. Is the most Simple and PERMANENT STOPPING FOR DECAYED TEETH. Anyone can easily prepare and place it in the cavity of the Tooth in a soft state, and in a short time it becomes a perfectly hard and white Enamel, forming, as it were, a part of the original substance of the Tooth.
All Chemists 1s. 6d. Post Free by Proprietor,
JOHN KAYE, ST. JOHN'S MADDERMARKET, NORWICH.

Kaye's (Worsdell's) Vegetable Pills. THE BEST FAMILY MEDICINE.
THEY CURE—
INDIGESTION, LIVER COMPLAINT, HEADACHE, RHEUMATISM, DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, NERVOUSNESS, &c.
Of all Chemists and Medicine Vendors. Price 1/1½, 2/9, and 4/6 per Box.
JOHN KAYE, ST. JOHN'S MADDERMARKET, NORWICH.

Pianofortes. Organs. Harmoniums.
F. T. HOWARD & Co
Established 1836—Over Half-a-Century.
Pianofortes by Collard & Collard, Broadwood, Allison, Hopkinson, Chappell, Brewer, and other leading makers, at RARE BARGAINS for Cash or on Time Payment System.
American Organs and Harmoniums at prices never before offered to the public.
Old Instruments taken in exchange as part payment.
Violins, Flutes, Melodions, Concertinas, Auto-Harps, Guitars, Banjos, in great variety.
Violin, Banjo, Guitar, and Zither strings at all prices.
All the latest Music, Songs, Dances, Pieces, at reduced prices; thousands to select from.
THE CHEAPEST HOUSE IN IRELAND.
Address—
F. T. HOWARD & CO, 93, Quay, Waterford.

WATERFORD MANUFACTURE.
No better value in Boots and Shoes than those made in your own City. Prices Moderate. Style and Finish perfect.
HEARNE & CAHILL.
1 Barronstrand Street.

WILLIAM GIBBS.
CARRIAGE AND WAGGON BUILDER.
Every Description of Vans made to Order.
GOVERNESS AND RALLI CARS A SPECIALITY.
CAREFUL AND STRICT ATTENTION GIVEN TO
REPAIRS AND PAINTING.
Old Cars taken in exchange.
LADY LANE, Waterford.

TEAS! TEAS! TEAS!
AT
1/8, 2/-, 2/6 & 2/10 per lb.
It is an undisputed fact that above cannot be beaten in excellence of flavour.
☞ Our 2/ Blend specially recommended for family use.
MURPHY, SUTTON & Co.,
40 & 41, Quay, Waterford.

THE DEATH OF AN INFANT AT PORTLAW.

CORONER'S INQUEST AND POST-MORTEM EXAMINATION.

On Wednesday, in the Courthouse, Portlaw, Mr. E. N. Power, Coroner for East Waterford, held an inquest concerning the death of an infant aged ten weeks, named O'Brien, whose death occurred last Saturday night under circumstances which required investigation.

The infant was the child of Patrick and Hanora O'Brien who belong to the labouring class, and in connection with its decease some rumours of alleged neglect had got abroad. The police accordingly communicated with the Coroner, who directed a post-mortem examination which was carried out on Tuesday by Dr. Walker, of Portlaw, in conjunction with Dr. Stephenson, of Carrick-on-Suir.

A respectable jury, of which Mr. Michael Hickey was foreman, was empanelled.

District Inspector Loundes and Head Constable Doherty watched the proceedings on the part of the police, and Mr. Robert Small, the local inspector for the N.S.P.C.C., was present in the interests of that organisation.

The first witness examined was Hanora O'Brien, the mother of the deceased infant, and she stated that she lived at William-street, Portlaw, and that she was the mother of four children; the baby that died was ten weeks old; it was a small child when born, and appeared healthy; she fed it from a bottle, using cow's milk; on Wednesday, the 12th inst. the child got an attack of diarrhoea, and she sent for Dr. Walker on the following Friday, and he came and prescribed for the child; its death took place on Saturday night.

In reply to the Coroner, the mother said she always did her best for the child.

Patrick O'Brien, father of the child, earning 15s. a week at the creamery, was called and examined. He was asked as to the quantity of milk taken into the house, and he answered that he took one pint and a half for his wife, himself and four children each day.

Questioned upon this point, O'Brien said that he could not obtain milk enough, as it was very scarce.

The nurse who attended Mrs. O'Brien, deposed that she was called in on Thursday at the birth of the child, and that the child was small, but healthy, and that she advised the mother to call in the doctor; he was aware that they had done so.

Dr. Walker, Medical Officer of the District, gave evidence to the effect that the mother of the child came to him on Friday, when he visited the case; he then found the child much emaciated, and prescribed, telling the mother at the same time, to give it some whiskey and milk; the child died late on Saturday night. Assisted by Dr. Stephenson, of Carrick-on-Suir, he made a post-mortem examination. Dr. Walker found the body very thin. The post-mortem showed that the organs were all healthy, and no sign of disease whatever, that the child only weighed four and a half pounds, half its normal weight; the intestines were empty, but there was some little food in the child's stomach.

In reply to the Coroner, Dr. Walker said that the child was well able to take food, and that if properly fed, it would not have been in the emaciated condition presented by the post-mortem examination.

The Coroner—What, in your opinion, was the cause of death?

Dr. Walker—I think that death resulted from mal-nutrition.

Dr. Stephenson corroborated the evidence of Dr. Walker, and

The jury after a few minutes' deliberation found a verdict that death was due to "Natural Causes."

HORSE CLIPPERS.

Clarke's and other makes. Every machine sold guaranteed to give satisfaction by Walter Walsh & Sons, Barronstrand Street.

THE FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS AS ADMINISTERED IN WATERFORD.

IMPORTANT LETTER FROM THE SECRETARY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION.

We understand 132 samples of butter, milk, whiskey, etc., were taken during the past twelve months by the City Inspectors, High Constable Grant, and Sergeant Malone, R.I.C., and forwarded to Sir Charles A. Cameron for analysis, who certified all of them pure and unadulterated. This is very satisfactory and assuring for the citizens, and highly creditable for the local authorities and officials. It is the custom with the Department in Dublin, they sometimes send in an inspector of their own to the different cities and towns, etc., to take samples for analysis for their own information without giving any notice to the local authorities, by way of check on the periodical returns made to the Department. This was done lately in Waterford, and the result, as shown by the following letter, is certainly creditable to everyone concerned, and we believe no other city or town in Ireland could boast of such a record:—

"Department of Agriculture and
"Technical Instruction for Ireland.
"Upper Merrion-street, Dublin,
"13th November, 1902.

"Sale of Food and Drugs Acts.

"Sir,—With reference to previous correspondence on the subject of the measures to be adopted with a view of preventing fraudulent transactions in margarine, I have to state for the information of your local authority that the Department, in virtue of the powers vested in them under Section 2 of the Acts of 1899, recently instructed an officer to proceed to the County Borough of Waterford for the purpose of obtaining samples of butter for analysis. Specimens were, in accordance with these directions, procured and duly submitted to the Public Analyst for the County Borough, from whom certificates have now been received to the effect that the entire number of samples proved on analysis to be pure.

"I am, your obedient servant,
"T. P. GILL, Secretary.

"Patrick Higgins, Esq.,
"Executive Sanitary Officer,
"Town Hall, Waterford."

SMOKERS, READ!

OGG BROTHERS,
PAISLEY-ROAD TOLL, GLASGOW, S.W.

Have secured a BANKRUPT STOCK of HIGH CLASS BRIAR PIPES, and are selling them out at the ridiculous price of Three for One Shilling; postage, 1½d. extra. Worth 6d., 9d., and 1s. each; in about 20 different shapes. Call or write at once. OGG BROTHERS, Paisley Road Toll, Glasgow, S.W. Mention "Waterford News."

HOW TO FREE THE BRIDGE.

P. M. Doyle has adopted New Scheme making it easy to cross the Bridge. Particulars in a few days in this paper. Citizens will the scheme the easiest and best for all concerned.

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.

For superb selection of Electro-Plated Cruet Stands, Jugs, Flower and Fern Pots, Biscuit Boxes, etc., of chaste design and superior workmanship—all high-class goods of the most reliable quality—see our windows and show rooms.
Walter Walsh & Sons, Barronstrand Street.

BASKETS! BASKETS! BASKETS!
Fancy, Ornamental, Useful, All Sorts of Baskets, now on view at Coonan and Co's. Fancy Department, Barronstrand Street.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
By purchasing A. S. Furlong's Trovatolo Blend at 1s 11d per lb, 3lb parcel 5s 3d. It is the best value in Teas by long chalks in South of Ireland. 77, Quay.

Economise and save money by buying your Groceries at Kavanagh's, 9, Merchants' Quay. Teas of the finest blend and quality.

J. and K. Walsh's Extra Special Whisky, 7 years old, [illegible] per gallon, [illegible] cannot be excelled. 11 Great George's-street.

[illegible] Plain and Fancy Bread [illegible] Bakeries, 11 High-street, Waterford.

WATERFORD RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

(No. 2, COUNTY KILKENNY.

QUARTERLY MEETING.

DIRECT LABOUR AND MOTOR CARS.

A quarterly meeting of this Council was held in the Courthouse, Kilmacow, on Wednesday, at 12 o'clock. Mr. Patrick Grant, J.P., chairman, presided, and the other members present were:—Messrs. Samuel Morris, J.P., Jas. Farrell, Wm. Rockett, John Dunphy, Richard Dunphy, E. Donovan, Richard Roche, E. Cuddihy, James Power, Matthew Darmody, E. Smith, E. Bowe, J. Healy.

The following officials were in attendance, as usual:—Messrs. Patrick Kennedy, Assistant Clerk Waterford Union; A. M. Burden, County Surveyor; Wm. Bowers, Assistant Surveyor.

DIRECT LABOUR AND MOTOR CARS.

The Clerk (Mr. Kennedy) said before the Council would take into consideration the proposals of the County Surveyor, he wished to state, that a circular had been received from the County Council in connection with the subject of direct labour on roads, a copy of which had been sent to each member of the District Council.

The circular was then read. It stated that before taking action in the matter, the County Council would be glad to have the opinion of the District Council as to direct labour on the roads within its jurisdiction.

Mr. Bowe said it was only that morning he had received a copy of the circular.

Mr. Samuel Morris stated that the matter had been under the consideration of the County Council, and before taking any action with regard to it, they thought it better to have the opinion of the District Councils.

Mr. John Dunphy said as far as steam rolling and direct labour went, he would separate them. He would leave direct labour an open question, but as far as steam rolling was concerned it would not benefit anyone. He believed that steam rolling was introduced for no other object in the world but the convenience of motor cars.

Mr. Rockett—To kill the people (laughter).

Mr. John Dunphy—To kill the people, as Mr. Rockett said, and it is not so long ago since we had an instance of what motors do. He then alluded to the accident which took place recently at Granny Bridge, when a man was knocked down by a motor car and sustained serious injuries. The drivers, he added, did not care a twopenny ticket who were before them.

Chairman—The people behind were safe (laughter).

Mr. Dunphy continuing, said on these grounds he would be opposed to the steam rolling system. He pointed out that for the last half year, in the No. 2 District, they had been paying one shilling to the pound as poor rate, and in the days of the Grand Jury the rate never exceeded 9½d. or 10d. in the pound.

Mr. Bowe—But house valuation is reduced.

Mr. Murphy—Let that be so, but the calls on the rates in the No. 2 District are very heavy, and it is our duty, as far as in our power, to keep down rates. I move, Mr. Chairman, that we request the County Council not to introduce steam rolling, and, I would also move that direct labour be left an open question.

Mr. Darmody said that Mr. Dunphy had left very little for him to say on the subject of steam rolling. He (Mr. Darmody) spoke on this matter before, and the newspapers commented on his remarks. One said it was a pity he wasn't there when the railways were started, to stop them. He entirely agreed with Mr. Dunphy that steam rolling was introduced for the purpose of making a bowling green for motor cars, and the moment they did that the breeding of horses was done away with. They could not put a good horse on the road as long as these motor gentlemen were coming along with green windows in their eyes in a cloud of dust (laughter), and who did not care whether a poor man was over the ditch or not. He would suggest that gentlemen driving motor cars should pay a small license and exhibit a number whereby they could be known if they caused an accident to occur through their own negligence.

Chairman—The police would know them—(laughter).

Mr. J. Dunphy—A great deal they care about the police; they have the law on their side—(laughter).

Mr. Darmody said he would like to see all Irish gentlemen enjoying themselves and taking part in the "Sports of Kings." Gentlemen might consider motor driving a splendid pastime, but he thought it was only a sport for those who were afraid to drive horses. He would not speak so hard against motor cars, only he thought that they were putting men and beasts in danger of their lives.

After some further discussion, the following resolution, proposed by Mr. John Dunphy, seconded by Mr. Darmody, was passed unanimously—That as the direct labour suggested is not available to a sufficient extent, the Council do not recommend any change in the present system of maintaining roads in this district, and they entirely disapprove of the use of steam rollers for this purpose. The Council are of opinion that motor cars should be prevented from driving at such a high rate of speed as at present, and that these cars should be licensed and numbered.

Mr. J. Dunphy—They can ride over the people; they have the law on their side.

Mr. Bowe—I am informed that there is no law for them in this country.

Mr. J. Dunphy—No law.

Chairman—We will make a law for them now.

The matter then dropped.

COUNTY SURVEYOR'S REPORT.

To the District Council of Waterford No. 2 County Surveyor's Report for Quarter ending 30th September, 1902:—

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen—I have to report that the roads and other works in your district are in general, in fair order. The contracts, as usual, have been very backward in cleaning up the roads and trimming sides, etc., and also in having the material prepared for measurement at the proper time. This delay causes great inconvenience, and is also bad for the roads, as the material is thus spread late. I propose in the next quarter stopping payments in some of the worst cases. I shall also take legal proceedings against some contractors where their neglect of carelessness has been excessive. There are a considerable number of roads where the hedges are projecting into the roadway, and these will require to be put back or cut down. The occupiers of the lands are bound to do this, and the contractors must see it done. There is sometimes considerable trouble in this matter and I would ask the District Councillors to assist me and the contractors in having this important work done.

A. M. BURDEN.

Mr. James Farrell—No doubt it is important.

Several Members—Very important.

Mr. J. Dunphy—Is it necessary that this Council should pass a resolution?

Clerk—You can approve of the suggestion of the County Surveyor.

Mr. J. Dunphy—Well, I will move with pleasure that the report be approved of.

Mr. J. Farrell seconded the motion which was passed unanimously.

Mr. J. Dunphy—The County Surveyor must get a free hand.

Chairman—It is important to have the stones out in time.

SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS.

On the proposition of Mr. John Dunphy, seconded by Mr. Wm. Rockett, an order was made that in future the members of the District Council be supplied with a schedule of payments by the County Council at quarterly meetings.

THE WELL AT PORTNASCULLY.

On the motion of Mr. Richard Dunphy, seconded by Mr. John Dunphy, it was decided to have the protecting wall near the stream and well at Portnascully repaired at a cost not to exceed £5.

On the application of the same Councillor the Council consented to the making of a gullet, or water table at the schoolhouse at Luffany, cost not to exceed £'.

Tenders for the above works will be considered at the adjourned meeting of the Council on Saturday, 29th inst.

RAILWAY GUARANTEE.

A letter was read from the Local Government Board stating that an inquiry would be held at Clonmel on Friday by Mr. J. W. Drury for the purpose of adjusting and apportioning the guarantee connected with the Waterford, Dungarvan and Lismore Railway.

The Clerk said this was in connection with the Barony of Kilculliheen, which was formerly included in the County Waterford. A sum of £7,000 had been refunded which would be apportioned as the adjusting auditor might recommend.

THE BRIDGE QUESTION.

Mr. Samuel Morris said as the representative of the District Council on the County Council he thought it was well to come there that day and have a consultation with them about the free bridge question, as he did not like to act altogether on his own initiative. They were all aware of what had been done in Waterford, and he thought it was not necessary for him now to go into the matter. The resolution passed at the County Council agreeing to taxation was defective, as it limited the amount the county was to pay to £600. It appeared now they had no power to fix any certain sum, as the amount of taxation for each county would be settled by the Lord Lieutenant, acting on the advice of experts. From what had taken place recently in Waterford on the subject, it would be necessary for the promoters of the free bridge scheme to go to the County Council again and ask them to pass a resolution the same as the city of Waterford, just signifying their willingness to be taxed in respect of the proposed free bridge. He then referred to the benefits that would arise from having a free bridge, and the hardship it was for people at present to be paying toll over the existing old bridge.

The Chairman and Mr. John Dunphy also spoke strongly in favour of the free bridge project. [illegible]

The following resolution was passed unanimously on the proposition of Mr. Darmody, seconded by Mr. John Dunphy—That we request Messrs. Phelan, Morris, and our Chairman to ask the County Council to pass a resolution giving their consent to co-operate towards the contribution of this county towards a free bridge at their next meeting.

On the proposition of Mr. John Dunphy, seconded by Mr. James Farrell, it was decided to ask Mr. P. A. Murphy, solicitor, Waterford, to represent the District Council at the Commission of inquiry when it sits again.

The Council shortly afterwards adjourned.

DUNGARVAN RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

TUESDAY.

At the meeting of the above body, the members present were:—Messrs. William Stack, J.P.; P. Flynn, R. Power, T. Spratt, P. McCarthy (Ring), P. McCarthy (Ballyduff), J. O'Keeffe, D. Dunford, J. Cliffe, M. Morrissey, R. Bagge, B. Moloney.

BALLINACOURTY WATER SCHEME.

Mr. Beary engineer, applied for £4 4s, balance of account, for Ballinacourty water scheme. Mr. Stokes' contract was now completed, with the exception of a few trifling matters. He suggested that the sum of £30 be paid Mr. Stokes, and that £2 14s. be retained until the box at the Baranawy-Bridge was set right, and a few screws put in the fountain at Ballinclouper.

The suggestion of Mr. Beary was ordered to be carried out.

AN UNTENANTED COTTAGE.

Mr. Edmond McGrath sent in a claim for 12s. for railing up and providing boarding to protect an untenanted cottage at Geash. The work was ordered to be done by Mr. Barr.

Mr. Moloney thought this was rather a high figure for nailing up a few boards. That cottage could be let long ago if the Council saw their way to pay the rates for it.

Mr P McCarthy (Ring)—It would be cheaper to let the glass be broken.

Mr. P. McCarthy, J.P.—He wants to pay this man in the same proportion as he is paid himself.

Chairman—He could not do it, probably, only better.

Mr. O'Keeffe—If the place is let to-day to a tenant he will charge 10s. for taking these boards down.

Payment was ordered.

SUB-SANITARY OFFICER.

A sum of 10s per week was ordered to be paid to Mr. McCann for discharging the duty of sub-sanitary officer during the illness of Mr. Thomas Dee, R.O. The Local Government Board to-day sanctioned the arrangement.

DISINFECTING CHAMBER.

The Local Government Board wrote requesting to be informed what class of disinfecting chamber the Council referred to when requesting information recently as to a portable chamber.

Assistant Clerk—They had one in Tipperary. I wrote there for particulars, but got no reply. It was Dr. Browne recommended it, but it was only to be used as a temporary arrangement until they took steps to get a permanent one. Dr. Browne did not think it would be suitable for this union.

After some further discussion it was stated that if the disinfecting chamber were provided at a cost of £300 there should be a special man placed in charge which would cost about £500 a year, so the Council postponed the project for the present.

Mr. Moloney—Is it compulsory on us to get it?

Chairman—No.

Mr. O'Keeffe—It is no good. I have seen cholera morbis and yellow fever, and there was no disinfecting chamber. It is very easy for Dr. Browne to talk, but he has no rates to pay.

DR. BROWNE'S REPORT.

Dr. Browne recommended dairy and cow shed inspection. That the sanitary sub-officer should report where manure heaps or stagnant pools were close to dwelling houses. Provision should also be made for a better water supply at Knockboy.

Mr. O'Keeffe—I move that this be adjourned for a hundred years.

Mr. McCarthy—It would mean the appointment of another inspector. The milk is nearly all sent now to the creameries.

The Assistant Clerk said that a new pump was ordered for Knockboy.

ALTERNATIVE SITES FOR COTTAGES.

The Local Government Board approved of the alternative site at Garryduff.

The Local Government Board also wrote requesting the enlarged maps and plans to be lodged.

The Assistant Clerk said that in any of the former schemes this was not required until the decision of the Privy Council was known.

Mr. Rae, engineer, said he was at work at the maps, so that they would be lodged as soon as possible.

LAW COSTS

Mr. Williams, solicitor, wrote for cheque for £100, to meet expenses of witnesses to be examined before the Privy Council.

Mr. Spratt—Why should we pass this £100 for these cottages? Would it not be better abandon them and go on with the scheme?

Mr. McCarthy (Ring)—In case we win, who will pay the costs?

Assistant Clerk—That is a question I would not undertake to answer. Mr. Williams will give you credit in his account for this £100. He may not have to spend the entire sum. You have entered a defence.

Chairman—I suppose we must go on now.

Mr. Dunford—If he doesn't spend it you will get it back.

Mr. McCarthy, J.P.—I suppose you will be beaten if you don't go before the Privy Council. You must have your solicitor there.

Assistant Clerk—You have entered a defence and you cannot get out of it.

Mr. Cliffe—Mr. Williams is not going to wrong us.

Mr. O'Keeffe—We all know that, but your back charge will be very small (laughter).

WELL AT GEOSH.

Mr. Barr wrote to say that the estimate for protecting the well at Geosh would be £4 17s. 6d.

Mr. O'Keeffe said his well also wanted protection.

Tenders were ordered to be invited for the work.

THE WATER SUPPLY AT AGLISH.

Mr. Barr reported that Mr. Hallahan had made a communication with the water system at Aglish. Mr. Hallahan gave the benefit of the supply to the public, and made the connection himself.

Mr. O'Keeffe said that some of the people in Ballyduff were paying £4 a year to the supply. He didn't know what would be fair to charge Mr. Hallahan.

Mr. Moloney said that Mr. Hallahan was using the supply for six years, and not two, as was stated by the engineer. Four or five families in the village were getting the benefit of Mr. Hallahan's supply. Everyone, in fact was free to use this water. If they charged for it it would be cut off and then a fountain would have to be provided for the village.

Chairman—Do you mean to tell us that it is used by the public?

Mr. Moloney—Yes.

Mr. P. Flynn—It is good enough for a man to get water and pay for it.

Mr. Moloney—I didn't come here to do a job for Mr. Hallahan. I only want to do what is fair, but if you charge for the supply it will be cut off, and then you will have to erect a fountain.

Mr. McCarthy, J.P.—They won't cost so much. I am sure Mr. Hallahan will be very glad to pay.

Chairman—Suppose he pays £2.

Mr. O'Keeffe—That would be fair.

Mr. Moloney—I didn't care you put £10 on him, but if he cuts off the water the public will suffer, inconvenience and the ratepayers put to the expense of erecting a fountain.

The sum of £2 a year was fixed as water rent.

WATERFORD FREE BRIDGE.

Mr. Williams, solicitor, wrote stating that he attended at Waterford on the Bridge question, as requested by the Council, but the inquiry was adjourned.

TENDERS.

The tenders of Mr. Thomas Carroll, Knock, was accepted at £3 9s. for the repairs of a cottage at Clonea, on the motion of Mr. Roger Power.

The tender of Mr. Corcoran for the repairs of several cottages was rejected through an informality, the figure in the tender being £9 instead of £19. Advertisements were again ordered to be issued inviting tenders for the work.

AN ALTERNATIVE SITE.

Mr. Butler, upon whose land a site was marked for a cottage, applied to have an alternative site fixed. He would meet any man who came on the land with his pike if it was sought to build the cottage on the present site (laughter).

Mr. McCarthy—That's a threatening letter.

Butler appeared before the Board, and the guardians intimated that they would be quite willing to have the site altered if the man took the necessary steps and paid the expenses.

After some discussion, the matter was allowed to stand, as the change could not be legally made.—Cor.

TABLE CUTLERY.

We have an overstock of above of medium quality, suitable for every-day use, which we will offer for sale during the next fortnight at prices that must ensure clearance. Housekeepers will find it to their advantage to give a call and see for themselves the value offered.
Walter Walsh & Sons, Barronstrand Street.

DUNGARVAN BOARD OF GUARDIANS TUESDAY.

At the usual weekly meeting of the above body, the members in attendance were:—Messrs. Denis Ryan (in the chair), M O'Keeffe, T. Spratt, Roger Power, E. O'Shea, Thomas Power, P. McCarthy, W. Stack, B. Moloney, J. Bagge, M. Moloney.

AN ACCUSATION.

A girl named Bridget Power made a statement to the effect that a certain shopkeeper in town, a married man, was the father of her child.

The Chairman said that some steps should be taken to make those people responsible. They are a tax on the private ratepayers.

The communication was referred to Mr. Williams.

THE SPECIAL TREATMENT OF EPILEPTICS.

A communication was received from the Local Government Board on the proposal to erect a sanatorium for the special treatment of epileptic cases.

Mr. O'Shea said that in reply to the resolution of the Belfast Board of Guardians some time ago, the guardians had approved of the principle of establishing such an institution.

Chairman—It would be cheaper for the ratepayers.

Mr. O'Shea—And the patients would be better treated.

Chairman—Yes, that is the principal thing.

The Local Government Board was referred to the reply of the guardians to the Belfast Board.

LADY INSPECTOR OF BOARDED-OUT CHILDREN.

The Local Government Board intimated that a Miss Fitzgerald had been appointed lady inspector of boarded-out pauper children.

Chairman—It would be well to ask if this lady was a Catholic.

Mr. O'Shea—It would be well, as the children to be looked after here are all Catholic.

THE APPLICATION OF MRS. ARMSTRONG

Mrs. Ellen Armstrong's letter, applying for an increase of 1s. per sack on flour supplied since the passing of the late Budget, increasing the duty on flour, and giving as a reason that other Boards had complied with similar applications on the part of their contractors, was, after some discussion, unanimously rejected.

Mr. O'Keeffe observed that there would be no use in entering into contracts if they could be broken in this way.

Mr. Power said there was a similar complaint on the part of Sergeant McCarthy, one time he was bread contractor, and the Board could do nothing.

A COMPLAINT.

Mr. O'Connell complained that having worked a certain time there he was not paid for the amount of work done. The difference in accounts were a day and a half, and the amount 7s. 6d.

Mr. O'Shea suggested that the difference be divided.

Mr. O'Connell said he had done £5 worth of work for the sum of £2 6s. 3d.

Mr. O'Keeffe—I would be for discharging the gate-keeper if this man were allowed to come in here without his time being properly kept.

Chairman—There is a difference between this man's time and that of the porter.

Mr. Moloney—I say the porter should be exonerated from that. Why was not the work let by contract, and all this would be avoided.

The Chairman said that he thought the best plan was to adopt Mr. O'Shea's suggestion, and divide the amount of the difference, allowing Mr. O'Connell 3s. 9d. of the 7s. 6d. claimed.

Mr. O'Connell said he would be satisfied.

The Master said that would satisfy him. He should say the work done by O'Connell was done well.

The matter then dropped.

APPLICATION TO SEND PATIENT FOR SPECIAL TREATMENT

Mrs. McDonnell appeared before the Board with a view of having her boy, now in hospital, sent to Cork or Dublin for special treatment.

Mr. Power said that Mrs. McDonnell had a not from Dr. Sanford, Cork, in reference to the boy's eyes.

he matter was referred to Dr. Hackett, who subsequently stated that the lad was suffering from granulated eye lids. He was improving and would get well, but it would take some time. He was receiving the same treatment there as he would in Cork. It was not a case for operation. If there was a necessity later on he would send the boy to Cork, but at present his eyes were improving.

This concluded the business.—Cor.

COURSING.

CLONMEL AND KILSHEELAN MEETING

This always popular gathering came off Tuesday in splendid weather, and sport was, taken all round, of an excellent character. The venue, as most good coursers know, is situated within about a hundred yards of the Kilsheelan Railway Station, and is most convenient both for owners and spectators. The attendance was large, better almost than that of last season's opening day, and everything passed off in good style. Owing to what I must describe as the unsportsmanlike and regrettable action of some of the landlords in the district, barbed wire fencing was unpleasantly in evidence, and it is hardly necessary to explain the effects of such restrictions. The result, at all events, was that owners of really tip-top greyhounds declared off, and who could blame them? However, some promising youngsters had their initial trials, and did right well, all things considered. The general arrangements were admirably carried out, thanks to the energy and experience of Mr. T. Foley, the Hon. Sec., Mr. O'Donnell, the President, and a first-class committee. The concluding courses, as usual, took place in the Castle Yard. Details:—

The SUIR STAKES for 16 all-ages, the bona fide property of members. First, £10, second, £4; third and fourth, £1 10s. each.

Mr. J. Dillon's Fair Hill against Mr. Walter Walshe's Cool Customer.

Mr. D. D. Moloney's Hoffman House against Mr. M. Feehan's Mountain Den.

Mr. J. J. Quinlan's Belle against Mr. Jas. Butler's Black Sand.

Mr. D. D. Moloney's Hillside House against Mr. Dillon's Red Radical.

Mr. P. J. O'Donnell's Drummond Light agst Mr. T. Foley's Fair Girl.

Mr. W. O'Connell's Wayside Lass against Mr. W. E. Kelly's Dunroe.

Mr. P. K. Phelan's Pleasant Moments agt. Mr. P. J. O'Donnell's Crusade.

Mr. W. P. Quinn's Welcome Friend against Mr. R. F. Phelan's Princess Cronje.

RESULT.

Mr. D. D. Moloney's Hoffman House and Mr. P. J. O'Donnell's Wild Crusader divided stakes.

GURTEEN STAKES, for 11 dogs, who never won more than two courses in any stakes. First £8; second, £3, and third, £1 10s.

Mr. W. E. Kelly's Lady Ida against Mr. James Butler's Lady Whiteside.

Mr. Fitzpatrick's Fair Stepper against Mr. W. Walshe's Cuckoo Lass.

Mr. T. J. Widger's Rainstorm II. against Mr. T. Stokes' Clogheen Boy.

Mr. D. G. Spiner's Dandy Dick against Mr. P. Stokes' N.S. Flash.

Mr. James Dillon's Rouge Royal against Mr. D. D. Moloney's Ligindoey Love.

Mr. W. P. Quinn's ns Ganguela, a bye.

RESULT.

Mr. J. Butler's Lady Whiteside, Mr. T. J. Widger's Rainstorm II., and Mr. W. P. Quinlan's Gangpela divided stakes.

CASTLE YARD STAKES for 8 puppies. First, £7; second, £3.

Mr. J. O'Donnell's Lynaune Boy against Mr. James Dillon's Can't Go Ill.

Mr. D. D. Moloney's ns Hoodman Hall (late Unsightly) against Mr. M. Funcheon's Oh Dear Me.

Mr. J. M. Murphy's ns Major Maginty agst. Mr. J. Fleming's Friendship.

Mr. J. J. Quinlan's Quick against Mr. P. Walshe's ns Perfection II.

RESULT.

Mr. M. Funcheon's Oh Dear Me and Mr. J. Fleming's Friendship divided stakes.

HORSE CLOTHING.
See our stock of Horse Sheets, Rollers, Loin Covers, and Driving Rugs.
Walter Walsh & Sons, Barronstrand Street.

Not one headache in a puncheon of the whiskey sold by John Kavanagh, 9, Merchants Quay, Waterford. "The thing is right."

The best way of spending the long winter evenings is by reading the latest novels, which can be obtained from Poole's Library, 134, Quay, Waterford.

For Guinness' Extra Stout (brown label), Bass' Ale, in bottle, and on draught, in sparkling condition, try J. and K. Walsh.

"JUST IN TIME"
By A. J. ELSLEY,
Great Royal Academy Exhibitor.

AN ENTIRELY New Departure IN Reproductive Art BY THE NEW CHROMOGRAVURE PROCESS
Equal in effect to a £5 5s. 0d. ETCHING
And entirely different to anything previously offered.

THE PICTURE OF THE SEASON!!
THOUSANDS OF COPIES to be GIVEN AWAY during CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR'S WEEKS.

The First "Picture Ticket" will be given out during the Week ending SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15th, and One Ticket each following week until FIVE has been given out. These Five Tickets will be taken in exchange for a copy of this Beautiful Picture during Christmas or New Year's Week
At any of our Branches.
REMEMBER FIRST TICKET Week ending Saturday, Nov 15
And BE IN TIME.

"Just in Time"
By A. J. ELSLEY.
NOW BEING EXHIBITED in the windows of our Branch Establishments.
Not an "Almanack" or Colored Picture, but a Choice Reproduction in Chromogravure, equal in effect to a Costly Etching.
BE IN TIME
As our Pictures touch your sympathy and love of art so our value appeals to your pockets. We keep aloft the flag of cheapness and quality, and We Challenge the World to come out and take our Trade, built up by Twenty-Five Years Honest Dealing and Solid Steady Value.

"JUST IN TIME"
By A. J. ELSLEY.
AN ENTIRELY NEW DEPARTURE.
REMEMBER FIRST TICKET Week ending Saturday, Nov 15
And BE IN TIME.

Our 2/- Pure Indian Tea
CHALLENGES ALL! NOTHING LIKE IT.
THE FIRST FAVOURITE of the PUBLIC for over 20 years and now used by HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS DAILY, and acknowledged the BEST VALUE IN THE COUNTRY.
ONE POUND OF THIS TEA will go as far as Two POUNDS of most TEAS, and with a Present or Bonus worth Sixpence given with each pound, will cost you only 1s. 6d. per pound.

Our 2/- Pure Indian Tea
HAS BEEN FIRST FAVOURITE with the PUBLIC for many years, and is the Daily Beverage and Restorative of
TEEMING MILLIONS
THROUGHOUT THE NORTH OF ENGLAND, SCOTLAND AND IRELAND.

THE "SPECIAL" INDIAN 2/2
We give the Biggest Shillingsworth in Ireland.

BISCUITS—Lunch, Tea, Butter, Mixed, Ginger Snaps, Arrowroot, &c. ... 3d. per lb
Other kinds, great variety ... 4d per lb
FRUIT CAKES (Loaves) marvellous value, from 5½d. each
FINE CURRANTS ... 2d. & 3d per lb
RAISINS ... 4½d & 6d per lb
SWEETS—Best makes, Guaranteed Pure and Wholesome 3d. per lb
JAMS—2lb. Jars Genuine Jam ... 5½d. each
2lb Jars Jno Gray's Strawberry 9½d each
2lb. Jars " Raspberry 9½d. each
2lb. Jars " Black Currant 9½d. each
2lb. Jars " Plum 7d. each
MARMALADE—2lb. Jars Jno. Gray's 6½d. each
Scotch Marmalade, 2lb. Jars 6d. each
Good Pale Soap One Penny per pound
This Line Defies all Competitors.
VERY BEST TALLOW PALE SOAP—only 2½d. per lb.
MATCHES ... 1d. per dozen boxes
BEST WAX CANDLES ... 10d. per 3 lb. packet
All kinds of Drapery given in exchange for our Tea Checks at the rate of 6d. for each 1 lb Check at KILKENNY SCOTCH HOUSE, HIGH STREET, And Boots and Shoes at GLASGOW HOUSE, WATERFORD.

London and Newcastle TEA COMPANY.
LOCAL BRANCHES:
Waterford .. 4, Broad St. | Carlow .. 4, Castle St
Kilkenny .. 35, High St. | New Ross .. 8, Charles St

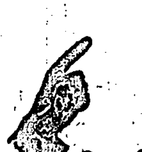
WILLIAM HARDY,
Practical Plumber and Gasfitter,
35, O'CONNELL-ST., WATERFORD,
Having opened the above, is prepared to execute
ALL classes of Sanitary Arrangements by Competent Workmen under his own personal supervision.
Hot Water Heating a Speciality.
Town and Country Orders promptly attended to.
TERMS MODERATE.

STEPHEN FLYNN
Begs to inform his friends and the public that,
WITH THE EXPERIENCED ASSISTANCE OF HIS BROTHERS,
HE INTENDS
Carrying on the Extensive Business of his lamented father as
GENERAL HOUSEPAINTERS AND DECORATORS,
and respectfully solicits a continuance of the kind patronage accorded to his late father.
89, Manor Street.

MONEY TO LEND
At 45, Ballybricken, Waterford.
CASH liberally advanced to any amount on Diamonds, Gold and Silver Watches, Jewellery, Silver Plate, Pianos, Cycles, Plated Ware, Furniture, Guns, Harness, and every description of property.
Cash forwarded on receipt of property per Registered or Parcels Post.
Private Office Attached.
ALSO AT
WEST GATE and 29, GLADSTONE STREET, CLONMEL.
DANIEL SHEEDY, Proprietor.
STRICTEST SECRECY OBSERVED.

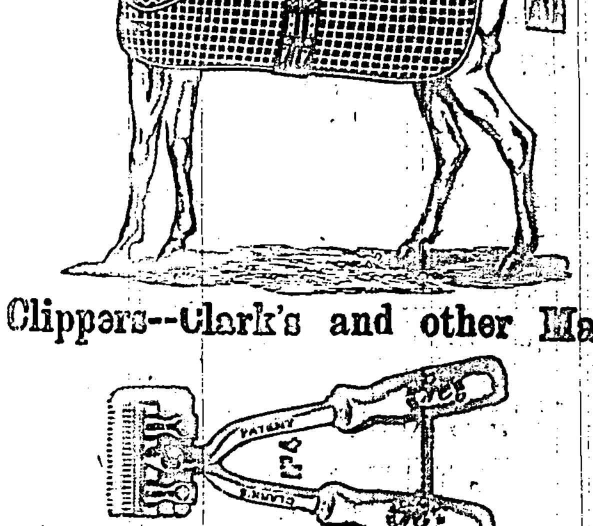
UPRIGHT GRAND
Piano
of handsome design, in Burr Walnut; Marqueterie Panel, Sconce, Complete Iron Frame, Brass Pin Plate, Full Compass, Full Trichord, Check Action, &c. Finest workmanship throughout, guaranteed 25 years. Yours for 10s. 6d. per month, Carriage Paid any address for first instalment. Catalogue post free, naming paper.
LONDON & LIVERPOOL PIANOFORTE CO.
Local Office:
30, LEITRIM STREET, CORK.

New Turkish Cigarette.
SPECIAL QUALITY!
EXTRA LARGE SIZE.
OVAL SHAPE.
REGINALDO.
PRICE 8d. Ounce.
Gold Tipped, 10d. Ounce
SAMPLES FREE.
SOLE AGENT—
P. M. DOYLE, 79, Quay, Waterford.



TROVATOLO! (I HAVE FOUND IT) WHAT IS IT?
It is the name assigned by A. S. FURLONG to his Superior Blend of Tea at 1/11 per lb. 3 lb. Parcel 5/3.
The Public have found it to be far better Value than any TEAS offered at pence higher in Waterford and throughout the South of Ireland.
Save Money by using ... "Trovatolo Blend,"
TO BE HAD ONLY FROM
A. S. FURLONG,
77, QUAY, WATERFORD.

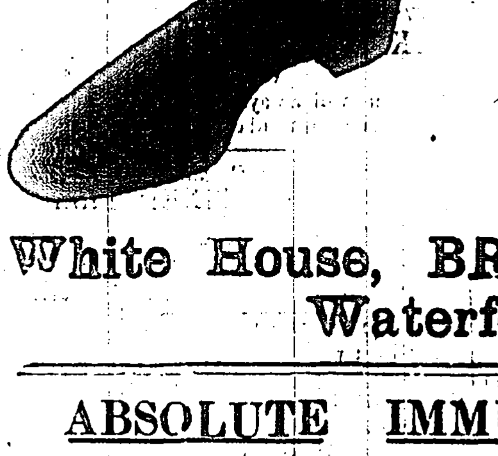
SADDLERY AND HORSE SHEETS.



Horse Clippers—Clark's and other Makers.

IN GREAT VARIETY AT
WALTER WALSH & SONS
BARRONSTRAND STREET.

NEW DRAPERY HOUSE.
OUR HOSIERY DEPARTMENT
Is now in full swing under the capable management of a First Class Dublin Man.
We hold one of the Largest Stocks of White Dress Shirts and Collars in Munster.
P. F. LYNCH & CO.,
Gents' Outfitters, WATERFORD.



FOR MEN'S, WOMEN'S and BOYS' PEGGED BOOTS for present Season
At Popular Prices
GO TO
BOYD'S
White House, BROAD STREET, Waterford.

ABSOLUTE IMMUNITY FROM TYPHOID!!
(And all other water-borne diseases)
CAN BE SECURED
BY USING PASTEUR FILTERS.
Sole Agents: P. D. BOURKE & Co.,
WILLIAM-STREET, LIMERICK.

AUCTIONEERING NOTICE.
EDMOND KEOHAN,
Auctioneer and Commission Agent,
17, MAIN-ST., DUNGARVAN.
Auctions conducted in any part of the Country. Quick Settlement of Accounts.

Abbey Loan and Discount Bank
ADVANCES made from £5 Upwards in any part of Ireland to Householders, Shopkeepers, and Farmers on their own Security. [illegible] Easy Repayments. [illegible]
110, MIDDLE ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN.

XMAS CARDS.
Coonan and Co's new Xmas stock arriving daily. See our selection of [illegible]. Now is the time for foreign [illegible].

SNORING IN CATTLE [illegible]
LINGULINE.
W [illegible] Troublesome [illegible] and Jaws, Cough, [illegible] in all kinds of Cattle [illegible] Sold in bottles [illegible] None genuine [illegible] Manufacturer [illegible]
J. J. BRO[illegible]
[illegible]

GRAND CHRISTMAS FAIR!

Commencing MONDAY, November 24.

RETURN OF BUYERS FROM THE MARKETS.

Unrivalled Selection of

USEFUL AND PRETTY PRESENTS

In all Departments.

EARLY INSPECTION ADVISABLE TO PREVENT DISAPPOINTMENT.

Robertson, Ledlie, Ferguson & Co, Ltd,

WATERFORD.

PURCHASED AT A BIG DISCOUNT.

45 Dozen

CARDIGAN JACKETS

From 1s. 9d. to 6s. 11d. each.

EXCEPTIONAL VALUE.

DEEVY & CO.

Hearne & Co, Ltd.

Have this week secured a large portion of

THE BIG SALVAGE STOCK

OF

OLNEY & AMSDEN,

FALCON-ST., LONDON.

They will make an announcement relative to same in a few weeks' time.

PREPAID ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements not Prepaid are Charged Double, with a minimum price of One Shilling per advertisement.

In replying to advertisements it must be understood that replies may not be personally received by the Editor, but must, in all cases be sent to the letter or nom de plume used by advertisers.

ACIDINE (Registered) is prepared from a prescription of the late Dr. O'Farrel, and is excellent for the immediate relief of cough, hoarseness, and difficulty of breathing. In 1s. Bottles, H Bell, Chemist.

BUILDING Ground to Let; cheap; Ballytruckle; site for 20 cottages. Apply M. Molloy, House Agent, Manor.

A COTTAGE Duplex Lamp gives the light of 25 Candles, fitted with fancy globe. Exceptional value. 3s. 6d. each at H. Bell's, Quay, Waterford.

A NOVELTY.—Amulets are choicely Perfumed Pendants for Watch Guards, Chatelaines, &c. 6d. each at Bell's Waterford Drug Hall.

BILLPOSTING on Protected Stations. Price and Stations on application to C. P. Redmond & Co., Waterford.

BOOTMAKING—Wanted two First-class Stitch Men. Permanency, if found suitable. Enniscorthy Co-Operative Agricultural Society

COLLECTOR-SALESMAN—Wanted for the Sewing Machine Trade; salary and commission on sales and collections; speedy promotion to energetic and successful man. Apply personally, or by letter, with three references, to The Singer Manufacturing Co., 3, Broad-street, Waterford.

CHOCOLATE-coated Cascara Tablets are most useful where a mild laxative and tonic are indicated. Sold only in Sixpenny Bottles by George White and Sons.

DON'T Cough! Use White's Pectoral Cough Balsam. Cures Coughs, Hoarseness, and Sore Throat. Bottles 1s and 1s 9d each, from G. White and Sons, King-street.

DON'T be fined because you have not got a Lamp, when you can buy one from W. F. Peare at from 2s. 6d. each. Best Acetylene Lamps stocked.

FOR SALE at W. F. Peare's, Henrietta-street, a few Bicycles at greatly reduced prices. Call and see them.

FORCE—The New Food for Brain Workers and Athletes. Sold by George White and Sons, King-street, in 7½d packets. Pleasant to take, and quickly digested.

FURNISHED bedroom and sittingroom at 55, Manor. Terms moderate.

GREY Hair is instantly turned into a permanent Brown or Black by using G. White and Sons' Hair Dye. Perfectly Harmless. 2s per box

GANGERS and Men wanted for Rosslare Railway Works. Apply Manager, Waterford Section, R. McAlpine & Sons, Waterford.

HAND Delivery Van for sale; cheap. Apply Boyd's, Broad-street.

MRS. CONNINGTON gives Lessons in Music and Singing at her own or pupil's residence. For terms, apply at No. 20. O'Connell-street.

NO More Rats—Can be caught in thousands; no poison used; worth pounds; used by thousands. Post free for 13 stamps, from John Holden, D.C., Mullinahone.

INDIGESTION and Biliousness are soon relieved by a dose of White's Stomach and Liver Pills. Sold in Shilling Bottles by G. White and Sons.

PROTECTED STATIONS for Bill Posting. Redmond & Co., Waterford.

ROYAL ROSE (a New Brand of Refined Petroleum Oil) 8d. per gallon; delivered in sound tins, or 7d. per gallon, by the cask. H. Bell, Oil Merchant, Waterford.

SITUATION Wanted, by a respectable, sober man; understands care of horses, cattle &c, or any respectable position of trust; satisfactory references. Apply E. D, this office.

TO LET — Commodious 10-Room Dwelling House, 31, William-street, Waterford, in thorough repair; newly painted and papered throughout; bath-room, &c. Apply to H. E. Benner, Tramore.

TRAMORE—3, Bellevue Terrace; most comfortable Dwelling House, Bathroom, &c. Apply H E Benner.

TO LET, the premises, No. 57, High-street, lately occupied by T. Griffin, Fishmonger, fitted within the last six months at considerable expense. Apply Flynn and Young.

WE are having the long evenings again, so when you do not know what to do, come down to W. F. Peare's and buy a Set of Ping Pong. Prices from 2s. 6d. to Guineas.

ZYONDA is a pure cream Toilet Soap, suitable for the most delicate skin. Sold only by H. Bell, Chemist, Waterford.

WANTED—A Respectable Lad as Apprentice to the Hardware Business; outdoor; remuneration will increase according to merit. Andrew O'Neill, 5 Barronstrand street, Waterford

WHY Suffer from Corns, when they can be painlessly removed by a few applications of G. White and Sons' Corn and Wart Eradicator? Bottles 6d and 1s.

£5 "How to Make Money." Everyone should write for above Pamphlet, showing how large profits may be made, without hazardous risk or speculation, and how by successful investment £20 may return £5 weekly profit. Larger or smaller amounts in proportion. Hundreds of testimonials. Howard Marshall and Co., 104, Leadenhall street, London E.C.

Carrick-on-Suir Union.

THE GUARDIANS of this Union will, at their Meeting on SATURDAY, the 29th NOVEMBER Inst., Proceed to Elect

TWO WARDSMAIDS

For the Workhouse,

AT A SALARY OF £10 PER ANNUM

To each, with Rations, and an

ANNUAL ALLOWANCE OF £1

For an Outfit.

Handbills on application.

J. MULLINS,
Clerk of Union.

15th November, 1902.

Kilkenny Agricultural Society.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all Accounts due to the Society must be paid by the 1st December, and all persons having any claims against the Society should send in particulars of such claims by said date.

M. H. MURPHY, Hon. Sec.
Kilkenny.

CHEAPEST MUSIC BOOK in the World. SONGS FOR THE MILLION. [illegible]

HOUSE TO LET [illegible]

OPENING

OF A

New Italian and General Provision WAREHOUSE

AT

36, *QUAY, WATERFORD.*

JOHN HIGGINS,

8 and 44, PATRICK STREET, WATERFORD,

Begs to announce that he will open his New Branch Establishment at above address

On Saturday, 29th Nov., 1902,

Fully stocked with all classes of Goods suitable for a High-Class Grocery and Provision Trade.

NO FINER TEAS than those which he offers can be procured in Ireland, being the result of his ability to PAY PROMPT CASH on the London Markets. The prices are as follows —

Best Blend, 2/8 per lb.
Special Blend, 2/6 per lb.
Good Family Tea, 2/- per lb.
Also Good Qualities at 1/8, 1/6, etc.

The Public are respectfully invited to inspect his carefully selected Stock of

LIMERICK BACON and HAMS,
CHEDDAR and GORGONZOLA CHEESE, &c,
TINNED and BOTTLED FRUITS, &c.
BEST AMERICAN APPLES, VALENCIA ORANGES, MALAGA LEMONS, ALMERIA GRAPES, &c.

All Wholesale Business will in future be conducted at this Address, and business communications should be addressed.

JOHN HIGGINS,

36, QUAY, WATERFORD.

FARMERS INSURED

AGAINST LIABILITY FOR ACCIDENTS TO WORKMEN (UNDER WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ACT.)

Employers' Insurance Company

Farm Buildings, Cattle, And Farm Produce Insured against Fire and Lightning.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

(LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD),

Office. 42, Quay, Waterford *Agent: JAMES WHITTY*

TO THE PUBLIC.

The Waterford Gas Co. are prepared to undertake the maintenance and upkeep of all your Incandescent Lights, providing Mantles and Chimneys at the small charge of from 3/- to 2/- per year, according to number.

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

And you will always have an efficient and brilliant light without personal trouble.

Slot Meters with Cooking Stoves and two Incandescent Lights FIXED FREE to approved customers.

GAS HEATING STOVES } For all purposes FIXED FREE.

GAS GEYZERS. For Warm Baths. Sufficient water for a Warm Bath ready in 10 minutes.

GAS ENGINES,
GAS COOKERS,
GAS HEATERS,
GAS IRONS,
GAS FIRES
GAS FITTINGS and

All other Gas Appliances supplied at makers' prices and fixed ready for use.

Full particulars apply

MANAGER, Gas Offices.

THEATRE ROYAL, WATERFORD.

On TUESDAY, 25th NOVEMBER

Mr. PATRICK O'SHEA,

The distinguished Irish Tenor Vocalist, will give a

GRAND CONCERT!

Mr. O'Shea will be assisted by the following distinguished Artistes:—

Miss MAY O'KELLY, Cork,
Formerly of the Benson Co.

Mr. JOSEPH SHEEHAN (Baritone),
Carl Rosa and Moody-Manners Opera Companies.

Miss OLIVE BARRY [illegible]

Miss EVA RYAN [illegible]

[illegible]

WATERFORD

INSTRUMENTAL SOCIETY

INSTRUMENTAL AND VOCAL

CONCERT!

WILL BE HELD IN

LARGE ROOM, CITY HALL,

On Monday, 24th November, 1902.

Full Orchestra of 50 PERFORMERS

Vocalists.—Miss Garraway, Miss Garvey, Miss Ethel Garraway, Mr. Joseph A. Walsh, Feis Medalist, 1902.

Prices of Admission—Reserved Seats, 2s; Body of Hall and Gallery, 1s; Back of Hall, 6d

Booking at Howard's, Quay.

Doors open at 7-30; commence at 8; carriages, 10-30.

T. A. LONGMIRE, Hon. Sec

GRAND CONCERT

OF

IRISH MUSIC!

BY

MR. PATRICK DELANEY

AND W. F. COPE,

Assisted by

Miss NORA CLANCY and Mr. JOHN MURRAY,

TOWN HALL, WATERFORD,

FRIDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 5th,

At 8-15 p.m.

Under the distinguished patronage of The Mayor, &c.

Tickets at Poole's Library.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND.

COMPETITION FOR DESIGNS

IRISH SECONDARY TEACHERS DRAWING CERTIFICATES.

THE Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland offer for competition amongst students in Irish Schools of Art and Art Classes, [illegible] Students who at present hold [illegible] four prizes valued £12 10s., £10, £7 10s., and £5 for the four best designs [illegible]

[illegible]

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

Another Consignment has just been delivered of the latest productions in

Costumes, Blouses, Mantles,
Fur Necklets, Jackets,
Caracul Capes, Muffs,
Trimmed Felt Hats,
Feathers, Wings, etc.,

AND ARE NOW SHOWING AT

CARROLL & Co's

47, Quay, Waterford

A HORSE! A HORSE!
SHAKESPEARE.

To every horse upon this earth
Death cometh soon or late.
After MACAULAY.

INSURE YOUR HORSES,

STALLIONS AND FOALING MARES

AGAINST

ACCIDENT, DISEASE AND FOALING.

JAMES WHITTY, 42, QUAY, WATERFORD.

Telegrams—"Smith," Waterford. Telephone 53

W. J. SMITH & CO.,

BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS.

Finest Quality Fancy and Plain Bread supplied daily by our Vans, City and Suburbs.

SWISS AND VIENNA BREADS.

Sole Agent for "CYTOS" Brown Bread.

FIRST-CLASS RESTAURANT

For Refreshments, Luncheons, and Afternoon Teas.

HIGH-CLASS CONFECTIONERY. Wedding, Christening, and Reception Cakes ornamented in best style.

French and Swiss Chocolates and Fancy Sweets, Cosaques, Novelties, &c., in great variety.

CAKES OF ALL KINDS AND PASTRY GOODS ALWAYS FRESH.

Orders by Post or Telephone receive prompt attention.

George's-Street, Waterford.

HARVEY & SON,

12, Gladstone Street, Waterford.

HOUSE AND LAND AGENTS,

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENTS.

COMMERCIAL UNION INSURANCE CO.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.

FRIENDS PROVIDENT INSTITUTION.

TO BE LET.

"Glenbower House," Woodstown, with walled-in Garden and 20 Acres of Land.

House and Shop, No. 30, Michael St.

No. 7, Bellevue Terrace [illegible]

[illegible] Dunmore East. [illegible]

Premises may be seen [illegible]

No. 11, South Parade, [illegible] and Garden, [illegible]

Furnished or Unfurnished, No 4, Tivoli Terrace, Tramore.

Cash Received on Deposit at 3 per cent., repayable (practically) on demand.

Advances made to a limited extent on security [illegible]

[illegible]

MRS. HOGAN, [illegible] begs to give notice to the public that [illegible]

[illegible]

JOHN STREET HOTEL, [illegible]

[illegible]

FORTHCOMING AUCTIONS BY THOMAS WALSH & SON.

Important and Attractive Sale of

Chippendale and Sheraton Furniture,

Including inlaid sideboard, corner cupboard, tall boys, plate buckets, grandfather's clock, card tables, china cabinets, chippendale chairs and tables, oak chest, carved oak sideboard, early 17th century, French coin cabinet, Buhl table; collection of Waterford cut glass, magnificent cut glass chandaliers, Sheffield plated candelabras, soup tureens, salvers, coasters, entree dishes, muffiniers. &c. About 300 ozs. solid silver, oil paintings, colour engravings and other objects of interest to collectors

To be Sold by Auction, on THURSDAY, 27th NOVEMBER, 1902, and following day, at 12 o'clock, at our Salerooms, The Mall, Waterford, a Valuable Collection of Antique Furniture, &c. On view day previous to Sale.

Descriptive catalogues are now ready, and can be had from

THOMAS WALSH & SON,
Auctioneers, &c.,
The Mall, Waterford.

SALES BY JOHN MURPHY

1, Hollywood Gardens, Passage Road.

Household Furniture.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT of Important Auction of SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Excellent Cottage Piano, Contents of Drawing and Dining Rooms, 4 Bedrooms, Kitchen, &c., at Hollywood Gardens, on WEDNESDAY, 3rd DECEMBER, 1902, by direction of Mr. J. A. DONNELL, who is leaving Waterford.

Sale at 12 noon.

JOHN MURPHY,
Auctioneer, Waterford.

STORE CATTLE.

FINAL AUCTION FOR THIS YEAR IN 63, PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN,

Thursday, December 4.

Entries close November 29.

GANLY, SONS & CO.

HORSES.

NEXT AUCTION,

Thursday, December 11.

Catalogues ready December 7.

GANLY, SONS & CO.

Auctioneers and Cattle Salesmen,
Ussher's Quay, Dublin.

WHITE'S

New Process Self-Raising Flour, for quickly making Wholesome Home-made Bread, Scones, Pastry and Cakes.

Directions for use on each Bag.

Price 2/4 per stone, or 2d. per pound

also

WHITE'S Self-Raising Wheatmeal, for making

BROWN BREAD and SCONES, at same price.

The Brown Meal Scones supplied at THE ORIENTAL CAFE, 90 QUAY, Are made from this Flour.

HENRY WHITE & CO.,
50 & 51, Quay, and 90 & 91, Quay, Waterford.

BORN.

M'CULLAGH—November 19, at Richmond terrace, Wexford, the wife of J. Charlie M'Cullagh, of a daughter.

KENNEDY—November 18, at Youghal, the wife of Michael Kennedy, wine merchant, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

HUGHES and BOLTON—November 18, at Killinick Church, by the Ven. the Archdeacon of Ferns, assisted by the Rev. [illegible] Frederick, eldest son of [illegible] Barntown House, to Annie [illegible] younger daughter of William Bolton [illegible] Wexford.

DIED.

CULLEN—November [illegible]

[illegible]

DIOCESE OF WATERFORD AND LISMORE.

CLERICAL CHANGES.

His Lordship, the Bishop of Waterford, has made the following appointments:—

Rev. James Coghlan, C.C., Lismore, to be Adm. Ballyduff.

Rev. Richard J. Casey, C.C., Dungarvan, to be C.C. Lismore.

Rev. Michael Walshe, C.C., Tallow, to be C.C. Dungarvan.

Rev. John Murphy, Chaplain, Good Shepherd Convent, Waterford, to be C.C., Tallow.

Rev. Thomas O'Donoghue, Carrickbeg, to be Chaplain, Good Shepherd Convent, Waterford.

TIPPERARY HOUNDS.

(Special to the "Waterford News.")

It is not often that the Master of the Tips. encounters moderate sport on two successive days days, yet such was Mr. Burke's luck, or ill luck would, perhaps, be the proper term, on Thursday, November 13th and Saturday, the 15th. On the former date the fixture originally stood down for Clerihan village, but Mrs. Church, of Knockeevan, which is just at the back of the village, requested that it be changed to her place, which was done, and she refreshed all comers—and they were many—and as a matter of fact gave a splendid hunt breakfast, which came in very handy for those who had "welted the flure" at a subscription dance the preceding night in Clonmel. The rain which had been threatening during the early morning, began to descend pretty copiously about the trysting hour, and having drawn the Knockeevan coverts blank, we went on to Donegal, at one time the champion covert of Tipperary, or mayhap, I might extend the area considerably, as I remember in one season fifteen good hunts having started from it. There was no fox there this time, nor yet in Whitelands, some two or three miles further on, and as it kept on raining the whole time, the whole field but five or six went home. When hounds were on their way back, to save a blank day, Mr. Burke drew Coleman, found a fox there at once, and had a very lively 22 minutes with him through Killerk, Clonacody and Lakefield, into Grove Wood.

Saturday, November 15, Mockler's Hill.—Foxes went to ground without leaving. Meldrum it was ditto, at Price's Gorse, and a short and unsatisfactory run from Dunphy's Furze was the only item of the day.

Monday, November 17, Marlfield.—A large field and a miserably cold day. Markham's Rock, a great an dimpregnable fortress of the fox tribe at Marlfield, was first drawn, and as usual it held foxes that gyrated round for some time and finished up by going to ground. Markham's Rock never can be stopped properly, and foxes always go to ground there. Mr. Burke trotted on then to Kenilworth, where the find and departure were alike immediate, and a nailing 23 minutes the result. Crossing the road, the pilot went through Roxboro', passing at the back of Mrs. Boyle's house, and into Knocklofty, where, after some rattling about the demesne, he went to ground. Prendergast's Glen failed to respond when a call was made there, and the rest of the evening was spent bustling foxes about in Woodrooffe demesne, but failed to drive any of them into the open.

SLIEVENAMON.

OUR CHANGEABLE CLIMATE.

The cold weather in our English Winter continually alternates with spells of mild, almost warm, days. There is only one rule of clothing for such trying changes, and that is to wear pure wool and wool only, ensuring comfort and protecting from chill.

Everyone likes to know what he is buying, and Dr. Jaeger's Co., Ltd., never fail to tell the truth. They give an absolute guarantee of purity with all their goods. This mode of doing business is worth the attention of all honest people who desire to buy honest goods, and goods which are world-famous for their health-preserving qualities, and their durability. The Jaeger Catalogue includes every article of Clothing and Bedding for Men, Women and Children of all ages. Robertson, Ledlie, Ferguson & Co. are the Agents in this district, and they will be pleased to afford every opportunity to make a personal inspection of these splendid goods. Robertson, Ledlie, Ferguson and Co. will be pleased to supply, FREE, the Jaeger Illustrated Catalogue, and the highly interesting volume by Dr. Jaeger, "Health Culture" (201 pp.).

WATERFORD MARKETS—This Day.

Supplied by Mr John Hurley, Market Superintendent.

BUTTER.

	Number.	Price
Saturday	112	[illegible]
Monday	0	—
Tuesday	4	—
Wednesday	28	[illegible]
Thursday	33	[illegible]
Friday	0	—

No corresponding week last year, 103; price [illegible]

Hay, per ton, New	[illegible]
Inferior do	[illegible]
Oaten Straw, New	[illegible]
Wheaten Straw	[illegible]
Wheaten Sheaf	[illegible]
Turnips	[illegible]
Mangolds	[illegible]
Carrots	[illegible]
Potatoes	[illegible]

PIGS.

Messrs Henry Denny and Sons report

For Stores	[illegible]
For Stonebies	[illegible]
For Prime Stores	[illegible]
For Overweights	[illegible]
For Unfinished	[illegible]

[illegible]

The Waterford News

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1902.

UNEQUALLED CIRCULATION

WEST WATERFORD EDITION

MR. JOHN REDMOND'S DUBLIN SPEECH.

Our City Member paid a visit to Dublin on Wednesday last, the first to Ireland since his return from the States, and the welcome which he received was cordial and enthusiastic in the extreme. On his arrival at Kingstown several addresses were presented to him, and it is interesting to note that the very first official greeting was read by Mr. Michael A. Manning, now Town Clerk of the Kingstown Commissioners, and formerly one of Mr. John Redmond's ablest political lieutenants and supporters. The event of the visit, from a National point of view, was the important speech delivered by the Member for Waterford from the League Rooms in O'Connell-street in the presence of thousands of interested and enthusiastic hearers. As was eminently befitting the occasion, Mr. Redmond prefaced his eloquent speech by reference to the Irish mission to America and the great importance of that work, as to which there is no man in these countri s at present so well able to judge. "No words of mine," he said, "could adequately convey to you my sense of the importance of that work. Up to the present the Irish race throughout the world had not come together as they had in Ireland, but from this day forward I can promise you, in the name of your exiled brethren in the free Republic of America, that they will stand at your back in that country just so long, and no longer, than you oppose a determined and courageous front to Ireland's enemies at home." With regard to our sea-divided brethren, that one sentence of Mr. Redmond's puts the case in a nutshell. Unity and courage amongst Irishmen at home means support of the most practical character from Irishmen the wide world over We can assure our readers and friends in the States and other over-sea Irish Nationalists that there is no danger of another serious split in our ranks. Ireland is solid to-day on the main principles of the National policy, and although there may be, and perhaps are, differences of opinion upon matters of policy and procedure, there is not the slightest prospect of a cleavage within the Parliamentary Party as long as Mr. Redmond, ably backed up by his most important colleagues, is at the head of affairs. Of course no Party having to deal with such an assembly as the British House of Commons can be accounted immaculate. We are in thorough accord with yesterdays "Daily Independent" where it says that "there is nothing sacrosanct about the present party any more than about its predecessors. Members go wrong, leaders go astray, and the constituencies pass judgment upon them in the exercise of common right. We should be sorry to employ the epithet recently used by Mr. Wm. O'Brien, and to describe any section of the party as 'undesirables.' Yet, we agree with the constantly reiterated proposition of that gentleman that it is the people who are sovereign, and not the representatives, and that it is the right and the duty of the people to correct, as well as to encourage, their members." Dealing with his responsibility for the action of the Irish Party during his absence in America, an insulting suggestion which, as we expected, he would indignantly repudiate, and he justified his statement by reading the resolution passed by the Irish Party in the City Hall, Dublin, early last month. It is well to give the substance of that resolution here, for it completely sustained Mr. Redmond's statements at Wednesday night's meeting on this particular point. The resolution was in the following words:— "That the Irish Party attend in strength at the opening of Parliament, and avail themselves of the motion for taking the full time of the House, or motions for the adjournment of the House or otherwise, to denounce the Coercion regime, and to oppose any attempt to revive Mr Wyndham's derelict Land Bill, after which they shall return to Ireland for the purpose of carrying on the campaign against Coercion, and shall take part in no other business of the House of Commons, pending the return of Mr Redmond from America." Mr Redmond thus assumed with characteristic candour the direct responsibility for that policy which was deliberately adopted by the Party as a whole. Dealing with the attitude of his colleagues and himself on the Education Bill, Mr. Redmond was no less explicit and his defence, if defence be needed, was an able, and from the Party's point of view reasonable one. He denied emphatically that the Bill was imperilled for one single moment by the action of the Irish Party. He says it is practically passed, and although we do not see eye to eye with him as to that, yet we are sure that his fuller knowledge of the subject and the inner working of the Party affairs, enable him to lead his colleagues to the conclusion which they all, with one exception, came to as regards the measure. The matter is of such vital interest that we will let Mr Redmond speak for himself. He says:—"The Bill is to-day practically passed through the House of Commons, with majorities which have ranged from 100 to 176, and the suggestion that, under those circumstances, I should ask the Irish members, who spent seven long months in Parliament this year, to make the additional sacrifice of going back there now for the sake of taking part in the few remaining divisions to swell the bloated majority of the Government from 150 to 200, is a suggestion which does not commend itself to my sense of duty to Ireland or to my intelligence as an ordinary politician. Now, I say this, because I want to lead up to a very serious word of warning addressed to the country. We all know that when the present party was elected there were some men in different parts of Ireland who were not pleased at the may things went. The magnificent unity of the people and the Parliamentary Party kept them in silence. But it seems to me now that, under the guise of a desire to safeguard Catholic interests, these men think they see an opportunity to come out from their lairs and to attack the unity of the Party. Fellow-countrymen, for these two years I have not opened my lips about these men, because I trusted to time, which beats all these things, to smooth their ruffled feelings, and I looked forward to the coming of the day when they would come into the fold which had already embraced practically the whole people of Ireland. But to-day, I say deliberately, there is an attempt on foot to disrupt the Irish Party, and to break up the organisation, and no matter how insignificant the men are who are making that attempt, I feel I would be wanting in my duty if I did not warn the country of the conspiracy that is on foot. Thank God, those men are practically powerless. For the most part, I think I may say, with perhaps one doubtful exception, they are all men who either never belonged to the Party from the start, or who have since the Party was formed fallen under the ban of their own [illegible], and have been called upon to resign their seats." Any comment on our part upon this portion of Mr Redmond's speech would be superfluous, further than to [illegible] spoken declaration [illegible] from the policy indicated [illegible] of warning by so [illegible].

District Inspector [illegible]

LOCAL AND DISTRICT GOSSIP.

FUTURE OF IRELAND.

We have every reason to believe that developments of the highest importance on the Land Question may be expected in the very near future. The King is taking a personal interest in the Question and "One Who Knows" writes to us saying—"His Majesty insists that the Land Question in Ireland shall be settled on lines satisfactory alike to landlord and tenant." "The Exchequer," the King holds, "can well afford to purchase the contentment of Ireland." We sincerely hope that the information will turn out in accordance with our belief as with the Land Question finally settled, the future of Ireland need not be feared.

PICTURE OF IRELAND.

Sir Henry Johnson who is visiting Ireland to describe our country for the "Daily Graphic" has just given the following pen and ink sketch for the paper:— "The leading features in the scenery of Ireland are the heather, bracken, and gorse-covered mountains, with their gleaming streaks and precipices of bare rock; the black bogs covering the whitened skeletons of trees, and themselves partially covered by tussocks of yellow sedges, patches of emerald velvet moss, and bunches of rose-pink heather—bogs on which grey and white geese are always grazing; villages of one-storied, yellow-thatched, whitewashed houses, above which the Gothic steeple of Roman Catholic church towers a hundred or two feet skywards; blue lochs and blue ribbons of rivers; mud-coloured and dark-green canals; innumerable gaunt ruined mills; two beautiful cities, Dublin and Cork, the one with look of Venice and the other with a touch of Naples; many grey towns with muddy streets and well-furnished shops; much mud, indeed, everywhere, in town and country, and but few really good roads; the hawthorn more prominent than the shamrock; the gull and the lapwing everywhere; and the handsomest, pleasantest, and healthiest people in the British Islands."

THE TRADESMEN'S COINAGE OF WATERFORD.

In our last issue we quoted an extract from the "Journal" of the Waterford and South-East of Ireland Archæological Society, relating to "The Tradesmen's Coinage of Waterford in the Seventeenth Century." The local circulation of the coin of that period created a large amount of considerable interest, and we read further in the very interesting article referred to—By ye Mayor and Councell of Waterford. Forasmuch as it appears unto vs that there is not a competent number of pence within this citty for managing exchange between party and party by reason whereof divers forraigners and other persons have by their owne authority and for their private gaine and advantage made and rendered generall pence and halfe pence in the citty to ye greate preiudice and damage of ye same: Wee therefore in full Councell assembled on mature deliberate consideration of ye premisses and for preventing ye like inconveniency for ye future have ordered a reasonable quantity of pence to be now stamped and made current in the citty which said pence wee doe humbly publish and proclaime to be good and current pence and that any person or persons may receive ye said pence without any damage or loss whatsoever. And in case any person or persons shall hereafter have any quantity of ye said pence in his or their hands hereafter by him or them received they may at anytime repaire to ye sheriff receiver of ye said citty for ye time being who is hereby required and ordered to exchange ye same by giving ye like value in sterling money. For which exchange ye said sheriff receiver shall be allowed in his account (above and before all other things) out of citty revenue. And it is expected that all good citizens and freemen will receive ye said pence without any scruple or diffidence. Given at ye Councell Chambre this 17th of March, 1667. Tho. Exton, Mayor, Tho. Eyres and William Hurst, Sheriffs.

THE NUNNERY OF KILCULLIHEEN.

The Rev. W. P. Burke is the author of an extremely interesting and learned history of this nunnery, which it is almost a pity to spoil by a few quotations, but we cannot resist the temptation to give his introduction and his closing paragraph. In the former, the reverend and learned author says:—We will suppose a thoughtful stranger coming into the port of Waterford sometime in the fourteenth century—a gentleman in the train of Richard II. From the heights of Dunmore and Crook the fort of the Knights Hospitallers frowned upon him. Farther in his eye would fall on many a keep told of conquered fields held by the tenure of the strong hand. As he neared his destination, the city itself stood out, its high walls close to the water's edge, its massive gates suspicious of the wayfarer, its towers defiant of the native race who from the hills around sullenly regarded them. While our stranger noted these evidences of force and conquest the tolling of bells called his attention to the opposite side. There he observed amid the opening woods a graceful church and belfry with halls and cloisters. The fields about were in a high state of cultivation; there was arable land and pasture, hedgerows carefully kept, pleasant orchards and copses for winter fuel. The contrast to the scenes he had just beheld was striking in the extreme, for here everything betokened prayer, labour and peace.

EVICTED.

The writer describes that the lands of the Nunnery of Kilculliheen—"lay along the river front from Dunkitt for a distance of three miles; its dependents and tenants were numbered by the hundred, while the patronage exercised by the Abbess was extensive—the appointment of no fewer than ten parish priests being vested in her. Accordingly the dominant families, De Courcys, Le Poers, and Butlers, figure largely in the series of Abbesses, and, as happened in other cases, the dignity probably came in time to be regarded as a family perquisite. We are not surprised to learn that among the first to obey the mandate of King Henry VIII., dissolving religious houses, were the Abbess and community of Kilculliheen. On 2nd April, 1540, Katherine Mothing, on behalf of self and convent, surrendered the the house with all its possessions to the Royal Commissioners. To those who peaceably relinquished their rights, and throwing off the religious garb returned to the world, the Commissioners were empowered to grant suitable pensions, chargeable, of course, on their own property."

"GREAT GIFT OF A PALAVER."

We read that a mere leasehold interest did not content the Corporation of Waterford, who had obtained that class of tenure over the confiscated house and lands of Kilculliheen. In 1583 they petitioned Queen Elizabeth for a full grant, setting forth their loyalty, services and sufferings. One Thomas Wyse, a man with a great gift of palaver (as his letters in the State Paper Office will show) was sent over to urge the suit, and at length on 20 November, 1586, the mayor, sheriffs, citizens, and commonalty received a grant of Kilculliheen and all its estates "in common soccage" at a rent of £59. When the city liberties were restored by Charles I. 1627, "the scite, ambit, circuit, and precinct" of the house, its lands, mills, fisheries, tithes, and advowsons were set forth at great length, the only limitation being "the bake house, furnace and granary of the said late monastery or religious house which are always reserved and excepted to us, our heirs and successors." The buildings seem to have been carefully looked after.

A SAD REFLECTION.

Father Burke concludes—The nunnery of Kilculliheen has long passed away. Of its building not a stone is left upon a stone; a solitary name "Abbeylands" witnesses to its site and our local historians have not bestowed upon it even the tribute of a paragraph. There is perhaps a fitness that having lived for nigh four hundred years its tranquil life, it should now rest in calm oblivion. Still we citizens of Waterford who have to thank the nuns of Kilculliheen for much that we have, should not be unmindful of them and their career upon the earth." Father Burke might have added that a railway line runs through old Kilculliheen.

WATERFORD WILLS.

Another article of great interest contributed at what have been an immense amount of research is that which relates to old Waterford Wills from the year 1769 to 1775. We select at random some of the names of the testators—Sir John Alcock; Michael Barron, dyer; Charles Bolton; Edward Brown, merchant; Benjamin Budd, Esq.; John Carroll, merchant; Francis Penrose C. Cherry, merchant; Rev Philip Chevenix; Brabazon Christian, Esq.; Richard Christmas, Esq.; Henry Coghlan; Andrew Dobbyn, gentleman; John Farrell, merchant; Andrew Fitzgerald, merchant; Ignatius Fleming, goldsmith; Richard Grant, gentleman; Thomas Griffin, tobacconist; Thomas Hill, merchant; Joseph Ivie, gentleman; Isaac Jacob; Thomas Jones iron merchant; William Kearney, tanner; William Keating merchant; John Kelly, tanner; Francis Lumbard; William Maddock, watchmaker; Alderman William Morgan; Benjamin Morris, Esq. [illegible]; Francis Murphy, shipmaster; Simon Newport, merchant; Alderman William Paul; Richard [illegible], merchant; William Phelan, merchant; Edward Power, merchant; James Roche, merchant; James fitzPaul Sherlock, merchant; Samuel Smith, Esq; Sydenham Snow, Esq.; Samuel Stewart, gentleman; Alderman Robert fitzPeter Strang; Richard Strange, merchant; Henry Tandy, merchant; John Usher; Richard Wadding, gentleman; Nicholas fitzJames Walshe, merchant; Anne Wardell, spinster; Richard Weekes, chandler; Jonathan Whitby, gentleman; Nicholas White, gentleman, and Thomas Wyse, Esq.

CALLAN BRANCH.

The Directors of the Munster and Leinster Bank have decided to open a branch at Callan and with that object in view have secured temporary offices which will be used until the erection of a suitable building. The new branch office will be opened by the first of the New Year.

VITAL STATISTICS.

According to the Registrar General's returns the death rate in the City of Waterford for the week ending Nov. 15th was equal to 27.[illegible] per 1,000 per annum of the population. In other Irish cities and towns the death rate was—Clonmel, [illegible]; Cork, 17.[illegible]; Kilkenny, [illegible]; Limerick, [illegible]; Wexford, [illegible]; Dublin, [illegible].

THE PARNELL MEMORIAL.

[illegible] the week before last, Mr. [illegible] had a consultation with Mr. [illegible] the sculptor of the [illegible] Charles Stewart Parnell, which [illegible] while Mr. St. Gaudens and his assistant have been working for the past two years.

THE DESIGN.

The monument will be a pyramid of 40 or 50 feet in height, composed of green Connemara marble with a colossal statue of Parnell at the base in front, in the act of speaking by a table, over which is thrown a large Irish flag. The pyramid is to represent Ireland. The four sides will represent "Hibernia," "Justice," "Peace" and "Progress." Around the base of the pyramid the names of the thirty-two counties will be inserted. The figures are to be in bronze and will be cast by Mr. John Mitchell, of Jersey City Heights, N. J., maker of all bronze work in the Library of Congress. The cost of the monument will be 50,000 dollars.

THE SCULPTOR.

The sculptor, Mr. St. Gaudens, is a native of Dublin, Ireland, who early in life came Newark, N. J., where he and his father engraved precious stones for the leading jewellers in the manufacturing line. The story told of his turning away from gem work to sculpture is that Monsignor Doane, of Newark, put an order in St. Gauden's way for an Episcopal ring that was presented to Archbishop Bayley, and that the Archbishop, on meeting the young man, advised him to study sculpture. Mr. St. Gaudens, is the sculptor of eighteen equestrian statutes of American Presidents and Generals, and also of the Admiral Farragut memorial in the Madison Square, New York, and of several notable high altars in American and foreign cathedrals. He has studios in New York, Paris and London, and just before the erection of the Parnell memorial he will open a studio in Dublin.

LETTER FROM MR. S. T. GRUBBE.

We had the pleasure of receiving this week from our old and respected friend, Mr. Samuel Thomas Grubbe, "The Poor Man's Friend," a letter from which we are privileged to give the following interesting reference to the free bridge agitation of half a century ago:—"I was very glad to see an account of the free bridge meeting held over 50 years ago. I got up the meeting assisted by some friends connected with the trade of Waterford. The free bridge agitation cost me over £120. The present old bridge has long been a disgrace to Waterford and a serious injury to the trade of the city and to the adjoining counties—it would not be tolerated in England 12 months. I believe I am the only person alive that attended that meeting, for which I thank God. I am sure you will do all in your power to obtain a free bridge for the Urbs Intacta and that I may live to see a free bridge over our splendid river. With best wishes for my numerous friends in Waterford and in the adjoining counties."

CATHOLIC YOUNG MEN'S SOCIETY.

A general meeting in connection with the Literary and Dramatic Class, was held on last Tuesday evening, 18th inst at 8.30 p.m. Mr. Joseph Wall presiding. The following business was transacted—Rev. T. F. Furlong was unanimously re-elected president, Messrs. Richard Phelan and Christopher Dunne, were elected as vice-presidents. The following gentlemen were elected to form a committee—Messrs. Joseph Wall, John Wall, Martin Flanagan, Patrick Hogan, and Patrick Smith. Mr. Bernard Roche was appointed hon. sec. A programme was then arranged for Tuesday evening, 25th November and a vote of thanks was passed to the chairman for presiding after which the meeting adjourned.

O'CONNELL'S PORTRAIT.

At Messrs Christie's this week, a portrait of Daniel O'Connell, "with short curling brown hair, in dark blue coat and white cravat," the property of the granddaughter of the Liberator, in whose family it has remained to the present time, was brought to the hammer. It is scarcely necessary to remind our readers that what is admittedly the finest portrait of O'Connell extant is that which occupies the place of honour in the Council Chamber of the Waterford City Hall, and which was placed there during the Mayoralty and mainly through the exertions of the late Alderman C. Redmond, during whose year of office it was unveiled.

THE LANDOWNER'S AND CONVENTION.

The result of the poll of the landowners of Ireland, of 500 acres and upwards, on the question of the proposed Land Conference has resulted in a large majority of votes in favour of a Conference. Voting papers were sent out to about 4,000 landowners, and the result is as follows—

For a Conference ... 1128
Against ... 578

THE LANDLORD'S CONVENTION.

The committee appointed to take the poll of the landlords of Ireland having been dissolved, a new committee consisting of the Earl of Dunraven (chairman), Earl of Meath, Earl of Mayo, Viscount Powerscourt, Lord Castletown of Upper Ossory, Sir Algernon Coote, Bart; Colonel Nugent Everard, D.L.; Colonel Hutcheson Poe, D.L.; Lindsey Talbot-Crosbie Esq., D.L.; George Taaffe, Esq., D.L.; William Daly, Esq., D.L.; and Captain Shawe-Taylor, has been formed, and it is understood that this number will be further increased within the next few days by some 16 of the most influential landowners in Ireland. This committee has been formed for the purpose of arranging for the constituting of a conference. A communication has been addressed to the secretary of the Landowners' Convention asking the Executive Committee to co-operate with this committee in arranging the details of the conference.

LIMERICK HARBOUR BOARD.

In Limerick the ballot for the election of five Harbour Commissioners to represent the importers and exporters was held recently at the Chamber of Commerce. It resulted as follows—Mr. John Hayes 67 votes; Mr. F. C. Cleeve 65; Mr J. H. Roche 64; Mr. J. F. Power 61; Mr. William Holliday 56, and Mr. R. Twyford 11. The first named five gentlemen were declared elected. The nomination of five gentlemen to represent the harbour ratepayers took place on same day with the result that the following were also elected without opposition—Sir Thomas Cleeve, Mr. John N. Russell, Mr. James Quin, Mr. William L. Stokes, and Mr. J. Ellis Goodbody. The Corporation will not elect their representatives—five with the Mayor ex officio—until the 23rd of January. We shall see later on how the Waterford Harbour Board is constituted.

COUNTY WATERFORD MEN'S ASSOCIATION.

The following advertisement is taken from the "Irish American Advocate"—Grand Annual Ball of the County Waterford Men's Association to be held at the West Side Lyceum, 52nd Street and Broadway, Saturday evening, November 15. Music by Prof. Hartigan. Tickets, admitting gentleman and lady, 50 cents. Extra lady, 25 cents. Officers—William Duggan, President; John Heelan, Vice-President; Thomas Ryan, Financial Secretary; John Lyons, Recording Secretary; Michael Norris, Treasurer; John O'Brien, Sergeant-at-Arms; Trustees: John Moylan, Michael Broderick, Denis Lyons. Arrangement Committee—James Brown, Edward Moloney, John O'Neil, John Murphy, Edward Hartry, John Donovan, John Sweeney Floor Manager, Thomas B. Hughes; Assistant Floor Manager, Michael J. Cleary; Reception Committee John Donovan, Chairman.

THE DISPENSARY AMALGAMATION QUESTION.

As we anticipated from the beginning the Local Government Board have put their foot down upon the proposed amalgamation of the Kilmackovogue and Ullid Dispensary Districts in the No. 2 Rural District of the Waterford Union with one doctor to discharge the duties over the wide area embraced in the suggestion. We opposed it from the first in the interests of the poor, and, we think, we may add, in the interests of the poor who live there. We know that the members of the District Council, who have tried so hard to obtain this amalgamation were actuated by motives, but they have shown themselves entirely wanting in relation to the requirements of the immense district that they sought to be provided for by one medical gentleman. The Local Government Board think so, at all events, and nothing now remains but to appoint a dispensary doctor to fill the vacancy and give up the controversy.

150 YEARS AT DUNGARVAN.

As a fishing station, Dungarvan has sadly deteriorated during recent years. Some time since we quoted Ryland's History to show that in the early part of the nineteenth century fully 1,500 people had a prosperous living in the Old Borough, the result of the [illegible] fishing. The following extract from Smith's History discloses how the industry thrived off the Dungarvan coast 150 years ago:—Vessels of above 100 tons have been loaded at the upper quay here, and have had water sufficient. To this place belongs about fifty large coasting boats, which also fish in the proper seasons, some of which are of forty tons burden. They are most of them excellent sea-boats, and as some of them are generally in the offing fishing, strangers cannot miss of pilots both in here, and for any other adjacent harbour. As E.N.E. and a W.S.W. moon makes high water here on the full and change days, the ordinary tides flow about thirteen or fourteen feet.

EXPERT AT FISHING.

The opening sentences in the following extract from the same work also refer to Dungarvan—About sixty or seventy years ago, this place was frequented by a considerable number of fishing vessels not only from many parts of this kingdom, but also from England, the owners whereof made a very considerable profit by this valuable branch of trade. It abounds with a good number of the largest boats in this kingdom, useful both for the fishing and the coasting trade. They generally carry five or six men, though many more may fish in some of them. Our fishers are reckoned very expert in their way, some of whom, by their going to fish at Newfoundland, have made themselves remarkable for their dexterity there, although that place is frequented by numbers of the ablest and most expert fishers in Europe. I have already remarked, that the City of Waterford has the greatest share of the Newfoundland trade of any place in this kingdom.

"IRELAND'S OWN."

The first number of the new Irish weekly which will appear on November 25th promises to be an unprecedented success. The orders received from newsagents from all parts of Ireland have far exceeded the anticipations of the proprietors. We are assured that the journal will more than realise the expectations of the public who have shewn such interest in it.

STIMULUS TO TRADE.

The "Automobile Club Journal" writes the following pars which we quote with pleasure:— It is scarcely necessary to point out what a great stimulus would, undoubtedly, be given to the motor industry in this kingdom if the Gordon-Bennett Race were held in Ireland. Foreigners have always said that when once the class of Englishmen whose greatest delight is to run hard to hounds realises the intense joys which are attached to the driving of a fast motor, large numbers of them will take up motor racing.

DRIVER IN MOST DANGER.

Up till now very few Englishmen have seen or know anything of a motor race, but those who have driven fast cars have been quick to realise that the racing of big cars is a sport which calls forth all the best qualities of a sportsman. A quick and unerring judgment, a steady nerve, a condition of both mind and body to stand long and uninterrupted mental and physical fatigue are indispensable, and the knowledge that will bring about dire disaster to the driver only adds that element of risk which has made hunting, big game shooting, and such sports beloved to the heart of the average Englishman. If the Gordon-Bennett Race were held in Ireland, no doubt great enthusiasm would be raised in the Press, and the majority of the sportsmen in the kingdom would make their way to Ireland to witness the event. [illegible]

WHAT IRELAND WOULD GAIN.

Those who have witness the big races on the Continent, and, at the same time, know the enthusiastic nature of the Irish people, can very easily foresee what would take place if the Gordon-Bennett race were run in Ireland. It may probably be taken for grant d, in the first place, that every automobilist in England, Scotland, and Ireland would go and see the race. Doubtless the A.C.G.B.I. would find it necessary to charter a special steamer for the conveyance of its members, the members of the affiliated clubs, and their friends. Supposing that the start of the race were to take place within a short distance of Dublin, that city would doubtless be fuller of visitors than it is even for the Horse Show. Since £2000 were left at one hotel and £1000 at a other hotel on the occasion of the small race meeting at Bexhill last spring, it can be no exaggeration to estimate that £20,000 would be left in Ireland in connection with the Gordon-Bennett race, for in addition to the visitors from England and Scotland large numbers would come from Germany, Austria, France, and the United States.

PROBABLE PROGRAMME.

The start would probably take place at 3 o'clock in the morning. Every jaunting car in Dublin would be requisitioned to take the visitors from the city to the start. Long cars, farm carts, ass carts, would be bringing people to the scene of the contest from all parts of the country. If it were suggested to the Dublin jarvey that he should follow the example of the Parisian cabman by illuminating his vehicle with Chinese lanterns, no doubt he and many thousand Irish cyclists would adopt the suggestion. Naturally every endeavour would be made to arrange that the race should take place on one of the big holy-days. About midnight, therefore, there might be seen on the roads leading from Dublin to the road selected for the race a long procession of vehicles of every sort and description, lighted by every description of illumination, bearing automobilists of many nations, and Irish men and women of all classes, keen with the anticipation of the big event, and driven by Irish drivers exchanging amongst themselves the chaff which the handle with such unequalled skill and charm.

A FAMOUS DRIVER.

In the last issue of the "Journal" it was announced that Count Zborowski had been added to the Sub-Committee deputed to report the possibility of finding a suitable route for the Gordon-Bennett Race in Ireland. Count Zborowski has for years been very well known in hunting circles in the Midlands of England, in Ireland, and in other countries. Like many hunting men, he has realised that the racing of the automobiles is perhaps the grandest sport which has ever been attempted. He drove his 40 h.p. Mercedes in the Paris-Vienna Race, and his was the first of the big cars to arrive at the Prater at Vienna. He also drove in the Ardennes Circuit, and is now looking forward with great keeness to the forthcoming racing season.

ACETYLENE GAS.

We understand that Mr W. J. Cordner, cycle agent, the Quay, and Barronstrand-street, will shortly be in a position to successfully demonstrate the advantages of acetylene gas, especially for the lighting of country houses. The plant he intends to introduce is automatic in all its parts, and requires no attention whatever, except when re-charging. According to a description of the latest patent, it would appear that when a charge is exhausted the electric bell rings until the attendant or some other person near at hand attends and re-charges. This gas, which promises to supersede electricity for domestic lighting, is said to be cheaper than gas or any other illuminant. Mr. Cordner will doubtless give full particulars to the public in a short time.

THE LIFEBOAT INSTITUTION.

The Committee of Management of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution announce in our advertising columns this evening that they have appointed Lieutenant Percival Edward Maclean, R.N.R., Chief Officer in the service of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, as Inspector of Lifeboats for the Irish Districts in succession to the late Lieutenant Hubert W. Pullan, R.N.R., deceased. The late Mr. Pullan who, by the way, died suddenly while exercising the crew of the Drogheda boat about a year ago, was very popular with all hands connected with the Institution, and from all we can hear of his successor, he will be found just as good a seaman and as helpful an Inspector as could be found anywhere. It is a new departure on the part of the R.N.L.I. to draw upon Naval Reservists from the Merchant Service for their officers, and in Ireland, at all events, it is a very popular, if long delayed move, in the right direction.

SOUTH WEXFORD.

The roads in the extreme south of the county are in a desperately bad condition at present, some of them being more characteristic of Klondyke than the prosperous baronies of Forth and Bargy. Attention was strongly directed to this matter at the last meeting of the Wexford District Council. Mr. Charles H. Peacocke, J.P., who called attention to a previous resolution directing the County Surveyor to at once take action regarding these roads, and that action should be to open negotiations with the railway company's contractors, stipulating that they should, within one week, proceed to put these roads that were dangerous in a proper state of repair, and, failing that, that law proceedings should be taken against them. As a matter of business, I beg leave to ask what action has been taken on this resolution to remedy the condition of the roads, or are they still in a dangerous state?

WATERFORD MARKETS.

GENERAL REMARKS.—During the past week matters have been very quiet in our local markets.

BUTTER.—169 firkins came to the market during the past week, as compared with 103 in the corresponding week of last year. Prices ranged from 100s. per cwt. to 104s.

HAY AND STRAW.—There was a large supply of hay, but straw was rather scarce and dearer. Prices for hay 55s to 75s per ton; inferior, 40s to 55s; oaten straw, 35s. 6d to 41s 6d; wheaten sheaf, 60s to 70s.

ROOT CROPS.—Supplies good and demand fair. Quotations are—Turnips, 18s to 16s per ton; mangolds, 18s to 14s. Potatoes 3½d to 4d per stone wholesale.

GRAIN.—The supplies are gradually decreasing, although the volume in business in oats cannot yet be actually described as small, as many barrels are still coming in. Prices—Oats: 9s 2d per barrel; making barley, nominal, 14s to 14s 6d; grinding, 9s to 10s.

Tell your Grocer:

"I want my money back," if you don't like Fels-Naptha soap; and you'll get it instantly.

Why should we pay him to do that, unless you are going to like the soap?

2½d. a bar.

FELS-NAPTHA 39 Wilson Street London EC.

LISMORE UNION.

Mr. James O'Brien, J.P., presiding, and the following were in attendance—Messrs. Alex. Heskin, R. W. Collender, P. F. Walsh, J. Forrest, M. McGrath, P. O'Gorman, J. Brackett, Wm. Power, Pat Clancy, J. Devine, John Greene, J. Kenneally, J. Walsh Ballinamult; A. W. B. Power, Dr. Russell, M. Purcell, Jas. Flynn, J. Daly, M. Cuffe, D. Collins, James Fuge, Thomas Keily, John O'Gorman, Thos. Murphy, M. Murray, James O'Brien, Ballyin; James O'Brien, Cappoquin; J. McGrath, Jas. Dunne, James Willoughby, and Pat Murray.

CO-OPTION OF NEW MEMBERS.

The first business was the co-option of four members of the Council, and this created an unusual amount of excitement and bustle in the Council room. There was a brisk and lively debate as to the methods of election, for some of the Councillors were for taking each singly while more advocated in globo, but as it was pointed out that Mr. Michael Ducey had not signed his declaration through a mistake, he was unanimously elected, and for the remaining three vacancies on the Council, Messrs. Wm. Whelan, Camphire; Cornelius Higgins, Ballyduff; Redmond O'Brien, Tallow; Philip Cunningham and Richard Tobin were proposed and seconded, when the voting resulted as follows—Redmond O'Brien, 20; William Whelan, 20; R Tobin, 18; Philip Cunningham, 16; and C Higgins, 15; therefore, the first three were declared elected, and they immediately came into the Council room and took their seats.

The other business of the Council was of a routine kind, and the consideration of a few small contracts.

THE GUARDIANS MEETING.

Mr. Patrick O'Gorman in the chair, and the members whose names are given above were also present.

Mr. Maurice Healy having read the minutes

The Chairman said their first duty was to elect a Master for the House, and he called upon the Clerk to read the applications sent in for this position. The candidates applying were—Messrs. George A. McDonald, Tallow, Richard Purcell, Lismore; James Condon, schoolmaster of the Dungarvan Union; Patk O'Shea, Main-street, Lismore; and Thomas O'Donnell, Lismore. Messrs. Condon, O'Shea and McDonald furnished references of an exceptionally good kind from eminent priests and laymen, all of which were read out for the Guardians by the Clerk, which occupied a considerable time in getting through, after which a poll was taken, when there voted for Mr. George A. McDonald—Messrs. J. Brackett, M. Ducey, J Dunne, Jas. O'Brien, Cappoquin; R. W. Collender, P. Clancy, Michael McGrath, D. Collins, Thos. Murray, John Greene, M. Cuffe, J. C. O'Brien, J.P.; J. Daly, John McGrath, J. Willoughby, Redmond O'Brien, Alex. Heskin, P. J. Walsh, J.P., M.C.C.; and the Chairman—19.

For Mr. P. O'Shea—Messrs. James O'Brien, Ballyin; J. O'Gorman, John Devine, Wm. Whelan, J. Kenneally, Thos. Keily, James Forrest, Dr. Russell, A. W. B. Power—10.

For Mr. Richard Purcell—Messrs. James Fuge, John Walsh, Ballinamult; Michael Purcell and M. Murray—4.

For Mr. O'Donnell—Messrs. W. Power and James Flynn—2.

The Chairman said it was now his pleasing duty to declare Mr. George A. McDonald duly elected for the position of Master by a clear majority, and from what he (the Chairman) knew of that young gentleman he felt assured that he would perform the duties of the responsible and onerous position to which he had been just elected with credit to himself and satisfaction to the Guardians and the poor.

Mr. McDonald then came in and thanked the Guardians for electing him that day to the Mastership; he would endeavour to do his duty.

UNION ACCOUNTS.

The auditor will visit the Union on the 1st December for the purpose of auditing the accounts.

THE VACANCY FOR RELIEVING OFFICER FOR TALLOW AND BALLYDUFF.

Mr. P. F. Walsh, J.P., in accordance with notice of motion previously handed in a fortnight ago, moved that the post of relieving officer for Tallow and Ballyduff be abolished, and that the districts be split up into that of Tallow and Knockanore and Ballyduff, with a separate relieving officer for the two places. Mr. Walsh explained at great length the want of an relieving officer for Tallow, as the poor of that town and district had suffered much in the past owing to not having an relieving officer just to hand when his services were sorely and urgently needed.

Mr. James Willoughby also spoke on this necessity for the poor of Tallow, and seconded the motion, which was supported by Messrs. James Forrest, Michael McGrath, the Chairman and others.

Mr. James Brackett could not agree with the proposition, as the whole cry of the country was against new officers, and he (Mr. Brackett) was of the opinion that one man could do the duty now as well as ever, even when the population of the district was much larger than it is at the present time.

Mr. Thomas Keily said that he knew a time when Mr. Forrisson was the relieving officer, and he had a big district to go through, but yet he performed his duty with efficiency and satisfaction to all the people, and he thought one officer would do now.

Mr. Thomas Murphy would not oppose this motion if the Local Government Board sanctioned it, and that it did not mean additional rates on the people. Would the Local Government Board allow them to cut down the salary.

It was intimated by the Chairman that the combined salaries of the two officers would not exceed what the one is getting now for discharging this work.

On a poll the voting was for the motion—Messrs. Fuge, Tobin, Ducey, W. Power, J. O'Brien, J. O'Gorman, J. Walsh, J. Devine, J. Dunne, J. O'Brien, P. Clancy, M. McGrath, M. Purcell, M. Murray, W. Whelan, D. Collins, J. Flynn, Thos. Murphy, J. Greene, J. Forrest, Dr. Russell, J. C. O'Brien, P. O'Gorman, John McGrath, J Willoughby, R O'Brien A. Heskin, and P. F. Walsh—28.

Against—Messrs. J. Brackett, J. Kenneally, A. W. B. Power, and J. Daly—4.

Mr. Collender and Mr. Thomas Keily did not vote, and Mr. Michael Cuffe was absent when the division was taken.

Mr. Collender handed in notice of motion to reconsider the question on the next Board day, so the question is not finally settled yet.

The meeting shortly afterwards adjourned.

BILLIARDS.

CATHOLIC YOUNG MEN'S SOCIETY BILLIARD HANDICAP, 1902.

The following games of the second round have been played off:—

E. Moore (225) beat W. Lonergan (150) by 45.
J. Browne (165) beat J. Flynn (180) by 8.
E. McNamara (225) beat R. Fitzpatrick (150) by 11.
T. Hawe (115) beat J. Maher (180) by 80.
J. Knox (130) beat M. Kennedy (150) by 30.
S Veale (200) beat C. O'Mahony (200) by 3.
J Larkin (180) beat J. Dolan (150) by 42.
T. Power (200) beat M. Ahearne (225) by 39.
S Dempsey (150) beat G Gilligan (200) by 67.
M Gallagher (150) beat P Hardiman (150) by 65.
A Crane (150) beat R Phelan (200) by 58.
T Hannick (115) beat W Fitzpatrick (180) by 1.
To be played—D Cleary (225) v. Wm. Quealy (150).

The draw for the third round resulted as follows:—

J Larkin (180) v E McNamara (225).
J Browne (165) v A Crane (150).
T Hannick (115) v J Knox (130).
S Dempsey (150) v T Hawe (115).
S Veale (200) v M Gallagher (150).
T Power (200) v Wm Quealy (150) or D Cleary (225)

P.S.—E. Moore's departure for the Metropolis prevents him from taking further part in the handicap.

National & Literary Club.

ANNUAL BILLIARD HANDICAP—"250 UP."

Great interest is being manifested in this year's Billiard Handicap at the National and Literary Club, the draw of which resulted as follows:—

R. Charlton	heap. 130	C. O'Mahoney	heap. sch.
T. Dempsey	,, 10	S. Ryan	,, 40
W. J. MacCormack	heap. sch.	P. Walsh	,, 80
		J. Coffey	,, 30
Dan Young	,, 20	A. Hodkinson	owes 20
P. McGrath	,, 80	C. Hogan	,, 40
E. Burris	,, 120	J. O'Brien	owes 100
J. Ahern	,, 50	J. J. O'Keeffe	sch.
S. Cotter	,, 80	P. Cuffe	,, 2
P. Egan	,, 130	P. Lawless	,, 70
R. O Meredith	,, 40	M. E. Young	,, 70
J. Hickey	,, 80	L. Doyle	sch.
R. Downey	,, 80	H. Moloney	,, 50
P. Dooley	,, 30	P. O'Connor	owes 20
T. Griffin	owes 20	J. Collins	,, 120
N. Parle	,, 20	W. G. Drinan	,, 40
H. O McNally	,, 40		

During the week the undermentioned eight matches have been carried off, and without exception they proved very exciting [illegible]

[illegible]
Ryan (40) beat Dempsey [illegible]
MacCormack [illegible]
Coffey (30) beat D Young [illegible]
Hogan (40) beat Burris [illegible]
Cotter (80) beat O'Keeffe [illegible]
Griffin (owes 20) beat O'Connor (owes 20).
Parle (20) beat Collins (120).

KILMACTHOMAS BOARD OF GUARDIANS.

TUESDAY.

The weekly meeting of this Board was held on above day. Mr. Michael Byrne, Vice-Chairman, presided, and the other members present were:—Miss Annie Power; Messrs. John Kiersey, J.P.; Thomas Murphy, C.C.; Laurence Power, Michael Power, Adramone; William Walsh, James Coffey, T. J. Dempsey, James Walshe, Maurice Foley, James Torpey, Michael Lenihan.

The following officials were in attendance—Messrs. Thomas F. Walshe, Clerk of the Union; Patrick Morrissey, Assistant do.; T. Power, Master of the House; and Relieving Officers Thomas Power and John Coffey.

SISTER M. AGNES—MATRON OF THE WORKHOUSE.

The following letter was read:—

Convent of Our Lady of Mercy,
Kilmacthomas, Co. Waterford,
November 17th, 1902.

Dear Mr. Walshe—Kindly inform the Guardians that Sister M. Agnes (matron) requires a month's leave, her medical adviser (Dr. Shanahan) having recommended same, his certificate accompanies this. Sister M. Stanislaus will do duty for her in the meantime.

Yours sincerely,
SISTER M. ALOYSIUS.

Dr. Shanahan certified that Sister Mary Agnes is suffering from great debility, and will, in my opinion, be unfit to resume duty for at least one month.

The leave applied for was granted, and Sister Stanislaus was appointed substitute.

BOARDED-OUT CHILDREN—LADY INSPECTOR.

The Local Government Board wrote intimating that they had appointed Miss A. Fitzgerald Kenny, as Lady Inspector of Boarded Out Pauper Children in Ireland.

The letter was marked "read."

REMUNERATION.

The Local Government Board wrote sanctioning the payment of £6 6s. to Dr. O'Byrne for his services as temporary substitute for Dr. Shanahan, Medical Officer of the Workhouse, and of Kilmacthomas Dispensary.

PROPOSED SANATORIUM FOR SANE EPILEPTICS.

Clerk—There is rather a long communication from Belfast in connection with the proposed sanatorium for san epileptics. It was before the Board several times and always marked "read." I suppose there is no necessity for reading it again.

Several Guardians—No.

A SAFE.

Clerk—You are aware that there is no iron safe here for the keeping of any records. We have a lot of important documents in connection with the Labourers' Acts, thrown inside. There is no protection whatever for them nor for any money we may have in the shape of petty cash; there is no place to keep it; it is a matter for the Guardians to consider whether they get an iron safe.

After some discussion the Clerk was directed to obtain quotations for a safe and submit them at next meeting.

THE MASTER'S REPORT—THE POTATOES.

The Master reported to the effect that all the potatoes grown on the farm were consumed, and it would be necessary for the Board to procure a further supply. There was about 8 cwt. of potatoes consumed in the week, and he suggested that the Board would advertise for a supply for three or four months. He thought that would be the better way.

It was then agreed to advertise for a three months' supply of potatoes.

Mr. D. Gleeson, Chairman, here entered the Board room.

This concluded the business of the Board and the weekly meeting of

THE DISTRICT COUNCIL

was then held, Mr. John Kiersey, J.P., Chairman, presiding.

PARTICULARS REQUESTED.

The Local Government Board wrote requesting to be furnished with particulars respecting the proposed payment of £1 13s. to Mr. Wm. Shanahan, collector of rents of labourer's cottages, for expenses incurred by him in connection with the prosecution of four tenants of cottages.

It was decided to send the Local Government Board a copy of the accounts furnished by Mr. Shanahan.

PROPOSED CHANGE OF SITE OF A HALF ACRE.

The Local Government Board wrote in relation to the proposed change of position of the additional allotment which the Council had been authorised to acquire on the land of Mrs. Hanora Dee, and requested to be furnished with the written consents of the persons interested to the taking of the new allotment, a map showing the original and alternative allotment and a certificate from the Council's engineer as to the suitability of the latter.

Ordered to send a copy of the letter to Mrs. Dee.

A LABOURER AND HIS PLOT.

The following was read:—

Bonmahon, Co. Waterford,
17th November, 190 .

Dear Sir—In accordance with instructions received from your Board on Tuesday last, I visited the plot on Mr. Bower's farm, with the view of measuring the quarry supposed to be included in the additional plot. I beg most respectfully to inform your Board that the labourer most premptorily declined to allow me to measure said quarry, and stated he was determined to dispute his legal rights in a Court of Justice. In this case I await your instructions as to what I am to do.

I am, etc.,
PATRICK POWER.

It was ordered that Mr. Power be directed to measure the plot again as ordered.

REJECTED TENDERS.

The following letter was read:—

Stradbally, Nov. 14th, 1902.

Sir—Will you be kind enough to let me know were my tenders accepted on last Tuesday, or on what conditions were they rejected, as other tenders were rejected at a lower figure.

Yours, etc.,
T. J. RILEY.

Marked "read."

"SPUDS" IN THE COTTAGE.

The Chairman said there was a matter which he wanted to bring under the notice of the Council in reference to a labourer's cottage at Lissahane. The farmer on whose land the cottage was, put a labourer of his own in it, and paid the rent for him. He (Chairman) now understood the occupier did not live in it and that the farmer was storing potatoes on the floor of the cottage, and he did not think that was a thing which the Council should allow. He thought they ought to get a tenant for the cottage.

After some discussion the following order was made on the proposition of the Chairman, seconded by Mr. Byrne—That John Moore, occupier of the labourer's cottage at Lissahane, be served with notice to discontinue the practice.

The road contracts having been accepted, The Council adjourned.

Sir William Arrol and Co., the Glasgow engineers, who were consulted in the matter of building a free bridge over the Suir from Bilberry Rock, have contracted to make a huge extension of Guinness' Brewery, which will be 150 feet in height and will cover an immense area. Many thousands of tons of steel will be used in its construction.

This week while excavations were being made in connection with the [illegible]

THIS DAY'S RACING

MANCHESTER MEETING.

CASTLE IRWELL HANDICAP.

(Specially Wired to the "Waterford News.")

ELLESMERE HANDICAP of 150 Sovs.—Six Furlongs.

Valenza (W. Lane) ... 1
Arizona II. (J. Plant) ... 2
Most Excellent (W. Halsey) ... 3

Also ran—Pandale (Dixon), La Uruguaya (Miller), Paramatta (H. Aylin), Jam Jar (Warne), Simon Glover (Trigg), Poppits (Dillon), Unsightly (C. Loates), St. Hilarions (Griggs), Proxime (Platt), Longy (Hardy).

Betting—7 to 2 against Valenza, 6 to 1 Parramatta, 8 to 1 Most Excellent and Arizona II., 10 to 1 Simon Glover and Poppits, 100 to 8 others.

Won by two lengths; a length between second and third.

ORDSALL NURSERY of 103 Sovs.—Five Furlongs.

Rose Coon (W. Lane) ... 1
Consolida (C. Trigg) ... 2
Sneer (W. Griggs) ... 3

Also ran—Bobaire (Bray), Rushlight (Walkington), Brass Bottle (H. Aylin), Gyppo (Templeman), Master Frillion (G. McCall), Levens Hall (Plant), Suculent filly (Wheatley), X.Y.Z. (Watts), Ravel (Crickmere), Ever Merry filly (Blackburn), Neptuna (L. Blackburn).

Betting—9 to 2 against Rose Coon, 5 to 1 Levens Hall, 6 to 1 X.Y.Z., 10 to 1 Consolida, Master Trillion and Sneer, 100 to 8 others.

Won by a length; same dividing second and third.

(Winner trained privately.)

FRIDAY PLATE of 103 Sovs.—One Mile.

Walter Scott (C. Trigg) ... 1
Warning (J. Childs) ... 2
Paladin (W. Halsey) ... 3

Also ran—Battlement (M. Cannon), Gallia (Hardy), Jack Hinton (Finlay), Masquerade (Watts), Anthracite (Caley), Handy Man (G. McCall), Royal Divorce (Lane), Marcotint (Fagan), Ringburn (Walkington), Craigmount (Dillon), Soubrette (Miller), Rixton (C Loates).

Betting—11 to 4 against Royal Divorce, 6 to 1 Walter Scott, 7 to 1 Marcotint and Craigmount, 8 to 1 Warning, Masquerade, and Paladin, 100 to 8 others.

Won by three quarters of a length; same between second and third.

(Winner trained by owner, at Malton.)

CASTLE IRWELL HANDICAP of 1,000 Sovs. One Mile.

Bachelor's Button (N. Higgs) ... 1
Loch Leven (W. Griggs) ... 2
Rayleigh (J. Knott) ... 3

Also ran—Royal Lancer (Lane), O'Donovan Rossa (Dillon), Game Chick (Watts), Mormon (Gaffney), Squire Jack (Miller), Aggressor (Trigg), Cherokee (Wheatley), Young Neville (Halsey).

Betting—6 to 4 against Royal Lancer, 6 to 1 O'Donovan Rossa and Aggressor, 7 to 1 Rayleigh, 10 to 1 Game Chick, 100 to 8 Bachelor's Button, and Cherokee, 100 to 7 others.

EGLINTON NURSERY HANDICAP of 300 Sovs.—Five Furlongs.

Master Osmunda (J. Plant) ... 1
Country Boy (P. Purkiss) ... 2
St. Gerald (B. Dillon) ... 3

Betting—10 to 1 against winner.

RACING RESULTS.

Owing to the number of persons calling to this office for results, we are compelled, from this [illegible], to charge One Shilling per result. [illegible] no circumstances otherwise will information be given.

LONDON BETTING.

THIS DAY.

(By Special Wire.)

MANCHESTER HANDICAP.

3 to 1 agst. Maori Chieftain (t.)
6 to 1 — Scullion (t.)
13 to 2 — St. Aldegonde (t.)
7 to 1 — St. Maclou (t.)
10 to 1 — Syneros (t. and o.)
10 to 1 — Cliftonhall (t. and o.)
14 to 1 — Rightful (t.)
14 to 1 — First Principal (t.)

MANCHESTER HANDICAP.

THE NOVEMBER HANDICAP.

(Specially Wired to the "Waterford News.")

The following are the probables:—

St. Maclou, 4 yrs, 9st 4lb ... M. Cannon
Volodyovski, 4 yrs, 8st 11lb ... J. H. Martin
First Principal, 5 yrs, 8st 10lb ... W. Halsey
Syneros, 4 yrs, 7st 12lb ... F. Finlay
Mannlicher, 4 yrs, 7st 10lb ... F. W. Hardy
Scullion, 4 yrs, 7st 6lb ... W. Lane
Grey Tick, 6 yrs, 7st 2lb ... B. Dillon
St. Aldegonde, 4 yrs, 7st 2lb ... J. E. Watts
Maori Chieftain, 3 yrs, 7st 1lb ... T. L. Miller
Rightful, 3 yrs, 6st 13lb ... J. Plant
Shaun Dhuv, 4 yrs, 6st 13lb ... P. Purkiss
Cliftonhall, 3 yrs, 6st 12lb ... E. Wheatley
Lady St. George, 4 yrs, 6st 10lb ... C. Trigg
Coal Sack, 3 yrs, 6st 6lb ... W. Griggs

I fancy

SYNEROS.*

For the minor events I select:—
Worsley Nursery—Chouette.
Final Plate—Osbech.

The Munster Hockey League.

WATERFORD V. LIMERICK.

Limerick, Thursday.

At Limerick to-day, the Waterford Hockey Club met last year's champions, and after a magnificent game, which was witnessed by a large number of spectators, the home combination won by the narrow margin of one goal for Limerick to nil Waterford. The performance of the Waterford team is extremely creditable, considering that this was the first match played since the League was re-organised. The following are those who represent Waterford Hockey Club:—Goal, Neill; full backs, H. Ridgway, Newtown; halves, Rev. C. Davis, Rev. W. Torrens and Jackson (captain); forwards, Smellie, Hifferman, Robinson (centre), Long, and Smithwhite.

RAILWAY COLLISION IN ENGLAND

SEVERAL PASSENGERS INJURED.

At Brentwood, Essex, yesterday, on the Great Eastern Railway, an empty train ran into a stationary Ipswich train which was heavily laden with passengers, numbers of whom were thrown from their seats and injured. One gentleman was taken to hospital.

FATAL FIRES IN LONDON.

An elderly woman and two children lost their lives in fires which occurred in London on Wednesday night.

ALLEGED POLICE CORRUPTION IN MANCHESTER.

[illegible]

SPORTING, CYCLING AND ATHLETIC NOTES.

THE SWIFT COMPANY.

Mr. Andrew Percy, so well known in the South of Ireland, has just been appointed Irish manager for the Swift Cycle Company, the second most successful concern in Great Britain last year. One of the first machines I ever rode was a Special Club, and for years nothing else almost could be sold in this quarter of Ireland. These machines were made by the Coventry Machinists Company, a concern that was floated some years since as the Swift Company. I have every reason to believe that Mr. Percy will do well in Ireland this year for his new employers.

THE FIRST RACE.

The following appears in the "Irish Cyclist":—"It would be interesting to know when the first bicycle race took place in Ireland. Mr. H. Hewitt Griffin states that racing took place in Dublin in 1870, and that he himself witnessed races in 1871, and took part in races in Ulster in 1873." I fancy Mr. R. E. Brennan, Dungarvan, related not so long since the history of a race in which he took part long before the first date mentioned in the above par.

THE KILLSHEELAN MEETING.

Despite a piercing wind which almost cut one to the quick, an enormous crowd patronised the coursing meeting at Kilsheelan on Tuesday, the number including a fair proportion of ladies who kept with the field, and were interested spectators until the very last. It is years since I saw so many at a coursing fixture, and I regret to say that the extreme youthful element present proved an unmitigated nuisance during the day. The moment a course was started they commenced to run at top speed, yelling all the time, with the inevitable result that hares were put up in all directions and escaped without being coursed.

THE CONSEQUENCE.

Because of this unruly conduct, we did not succeeded in getting once down the card by three o'clock, when the order was given to the Castle Yard, where eighteen trapped hares were kept, in case the stakes could not be decided in the open. Even with these it was found impossible to complete the card ere darkness appeared, the result being divisions in all three stakes. The trapped hares ran very badly, and, generally speaking, afforded but poor tests.

MOW THEY RAN.

In the majority of cases it was difficult for the "News" special, or for any reporter to accurately describe the courses, and not one paper published even attempted to do so. The crowd rushed in, so that a glimpse of the course was just as much as one could get in the majority of instances, until we reached the Castle Yard.

THE JUDGING.

The judging of Mr. Twanley was not free from cavil, and in one course particularly, that of Pleasant Moments and Wild Crusader, very many experts were not in favour of the decision. As I saw the course Pleasant Moments led about half a length from slips, and appeared to just hold that advantage as the pair disappeared into some gorse, where the first turn was taken. When they appeared in view again, Pleasant Moments rushed by and in a long trial appeared to gain all the working points. It was certainly hard lines on Mr. R. F. Phelan, as First Crusader ran brilliantly in subsequent courses, and eventually divided the stakes. In my opinion, Mr. Twanley allows too much for the run up and turn, and he gave a couple of decisions, when, because of wretched slipping, "no course" would perhaps have been a more judicious ruling.

THE SLIPPING.

There is no hiding the fact that there were many complaints as to the slipping. In the course with Dunroe, Wild Crusader ran unsighted for 100 yards, and it was then an exceptionally fine performance that gained him the verdict. In the slipping also Mr. Wm. Fitzpatrick's Fair Stepper appeared to suffer when she was beaten by Lady Whiteside.

MEMBERS' STAKES.

Mr. Hearne, of Dublin, owner of Bushey Belle, was present to see his dogs Hoffman House and Hillside House run in the nomination of his brother-in-law, Mr. Dan Moloney. Hoffman House is a very fast mover, and fully deserved his place in the final with Wild Crusader. It would have been a rare betting course if the two had run off for the prize. Mr. Quinn's Welcome Friend had very bad luck, as after beating Princess Cronje, pointless, he got a bad slip in the course against Wild Crusader.

GUERTEEN STAKES.

Messrs. Wm. Fitzpatrick, T. J. Widger, D G. Spencer, and W. P. Quinn represented Waterford interests in this event, and in the division took two out of the three shares. Lady Whiteside ran very fast; Fair Stepper was unlucky, as already stated; Rainstorm II., after almost succumbing in the first course, because of bad slipping, showed great grit when pitted against Dandy Dick. In running a bye with a puppy the property of Mr. Vincent Reidy, Mr. Quinn's Ganguela was sharply beaten. However, in his next course, Ganguela ran with great dash and beat Legendary Lore almost pointless, a demon hare racing the pair to a standstill, and escaping handsomely.

CASTLE YARD STAKES.

In this event Oh Dear Me created a great surprise by bowling Hoodman Hall in the second round, as the son of Ugly was deemed a dead snip for this event.

FAIR GIRL.

The Clonmel Brigade thought Mr. T. Foley had a rare good 'un in Fair Girl and freely supported their opinion. They were sadly disappointed, as Drummond Light easily bowled over the good thing.

A PROMISING PURCHASE.

Mr. Vincent Reidy's puppy referred to above, was purchased at the Barnicon Sales for ten guineas, and promises to turn out cheap at the price. He is eighteen months old, and is as fine a dog as one could wish to see.

LADY WHITESIDE v. RAINSTORM II.

After the divide in the Guerteen Stakes the owners and partisans of these greyhounds had some discussion, the upshot of which was that a match for £10 a side was at once decided upon. The money was posted on the spot, Lady Whiteside is fastest of the pair, but Rainstorm II. is unquestionably the better worker at close quarters. Much will depend on the hare.

PLEASANT MOMENTS.

All good sportsmen will regret to hear that Mr. R. F. Phelan's game bitch broke one of her toes badly in the bout with Wild Crusader. Pleasant Moments has recently had a litter of really beautiful pups.

AT IT AGAIN.

A notice from the report of Wednesday's meeting of the Waterford No. 2 District Council that friend Dennedy is still "down" on motor cars. This body considered in putting a resolution passed limiting the rate of speed at which motor cars may be driven through the area within the jurisdiction of the Council. The ground for this decision is that the cars [illegible] young and [illegible] horses, and that the reduction of speed to [illegible] miles per hour would [illegible] this danger. [illegible] trust that County and District Councils and other public boards will not rush to conclusions that would, perhaps, prevent the new industry being started and people from other parts patronising Ireland as a tourist resort.

ANOTHER REASON.

Just now there is another and a more important reason why resolutions of the Dammodical type should be avoided. I give the following, which explains itself:—"Now that Ireland is being looked forward to as the centre of the Great International Race, it behoves every one of us to use our best endeavours to carry it through. It appears a special Act of Parliament is necessary if the race is to be run in Ireland, and we don't think there ought to be much trouble on this point if the Irish members of Parliament are approached properly, and pointed out the great advantages to be derived; for instance, the enormous number of tourists which would be attracted to our shores, the starting of motor industries, and the possibilities of the motor car being more extensively used for tourist traffic, all of which would mean money, which we are badly in need of."

AND SOME MORE.

The "Irish Wheelman" speaks in almost similar terms, thus—"The holding of the International Motor Car Race in Ireland would make an enormous difference in many ways in the development of this country, for it would probably result in having motoring taken up extensively. It would extend our tourist traffic enormously, it would have the effect of encouraging the building and equipping of motor cars in the country itself, while in the outlying parts that are inaccessible to railway communication it would prove of great advantage. We can hardly imagine that in any part there would be opposition to the passing of such a measure as is proposed, while we can vouch for the fact that it would have the heartiest sympathy of a vast number of the people in the country." I may add that it was Mr. John Dunphy who moved the resolution, which was seconded by Mr. Darmody, and passed; but it was the latter who gave rise to the discussion which so terminated.

MOTOR STORIES.

For the information of Mr. Darmody and his friends, I reproduce the following paragraph from Monday's "Evening News":—"Two amusing stories are current in motoring circles this week. In one, related by the "Field," it is recorded that on the approach of a motor car the passengers on a coach insisted that their vehicle should be stopped and a man stationed at each horse's head. This was done, and the car passed without the supposed nervous steeds paying the slightest attention to it. But a few yards further on they shied at some turf on the road, and the coach was nearly upset. The other story relates to a dinner of a farmers' club at which Earl Manvers arrived late. His excuse was that he did not possess a motor car, and was therefore dependent upon an uncertain train service. A few minutes later Sir Charles Welby arrived and explained, amid laughter, that he was late because his motor car had broken down.

CORDNER'S.

During a visit this week to Mr. W. J. Cordner's cycle works and show-rooms in this city, one of my representatives was supplied with some items of information of an interesting character. Mr. Cordner says that cycling has been indulged in very freely during the past month, although the state of many of the city streets scarcely lend themselves to the pastime. Indeed it is quite clear that the cycle is no longer to be considered a fair-weather friend, in proof of which Mr. Cordner was able to state that quite recently he has had orders for an Imperial Rover—a machine costing £22; a Rudge-Whitworth Special, costing £16 15s., and a Rover, at £10 10s., together with several second-hand machines. I believe that Mr. Cordner will adopt a much more go-ahead policy for next season, particulars of which he promises to supply in due course.

KILMACOW v. LAMOGUE.

The Kilmacow Football team travelled to Kilkenny on Sunday to meet the Lamogue F.C. in the third round for the County Championship. The match (which was referred by Mr. McCarthy, T.C.) was one of the best contested seen in "Ye Faire Citie" for many years, ending in a draw, the score at the finish standing 1 goal 3 points each. The Kilmacow captain lodged an objection, alleging that the ball was out of play at the time Lamogue scored the last point. The members of the team also complain bitterly of the one-sided character of the referee's conduct during the match. To the members of the old football team, the fact of the match ending in a draw, was a pleasant surprise, as the youngsters have had very little practice indeed, and the return match between the teams will be awaited with intense interest, as there is little doubt the winners will represent the county in the All Ireland Finals.

FELL.

Whilst galloping at Lambourn on Tuesday, with others of Hallick's team, Lady Massey fell after going a mile, her rider, a youth named Kelly, receiving a severe shaking.

GOOD GALLOPS.

St. Maclou, who is undergoing an excellent preparation in view of his important engagement in the Manchester November Handicap, was at Newmarket, on Tuesday, sent a good pace gallop of a mile and a half, Kinbrace leading him the first six furlongs, and De Lacy accompanying him the last six furlongs. Volodyovski, also engaged in this race, was given a striding gallop of a mile and a half on the tan, Game Chick accompanying him the first mile of the journey.

MR. J. WIDGER'S HORSES.

At Chelmsford Hunt Meeting on Tuesday, Mr. Joseph Widger's Hop the Twig finished second in the Maiden Hurdle Race. Lough Allagh held a like position in the Essex Steeplechase. Orpington was placed third in the Selling Steeplechase. R. Morgan had the mounts.

ARRIVED AT NEWMARKET.

Allen, a successful American trainer, will have charge of Messrs. Keene's horses next year. He has already arrived at Newmarket, bringing with him a score of horses. He made his first acquaintance with an English racecourse at Derby last week.

POWERFUL STABLE.

Fallon should have an exceptionally powerful stable next year. Ypsilanti, the now two-year-olds Uninsured, Hackler's Pride, and Lady Drake are a nice batch to go on with, and there are heaps of lesser lights in the stable, all capable of winning races.

WORTH FOLLOWING.

Mr. H. S. Sidney, Mr. G. S. Davies, Mr. R Gore, Mr. W. P. Cullen, Hallick, Fitton, McGibbon, Coulthwaite, and Rooney are a few trainers who generally have their jumpers round up early in the season, and their charges are generally worth following.

TAKEN KINDLY.

Le Blizon has taken kindly to hurdle jumping.

VACCINATION OF HOUNDS.

In reference to the vaccination of hounds against distemper, Mr. J. R. Howell, who was for nineteen years late master of the Tivyside Foxhounds, writes to the "Field" as follows:—"I had the honour of becoming master of the Tivyside Foxhounds in 1881, and, finding that the puppies died from distemper more than I cared for, I took to vaccination, and from that time on to the end of my nineteen years' mastership I hardly lost a puppy. Our local doctor, who vaccinated for me, can testify to this, and all I can say is, whereas they used to die, thereafter they lived. Mr. Jno. Powell, Surgeon, Newcastle Emlyn, will probably make this statement. It may have been lucky, as they have been [illegible] vaccination; anyway, that I have used it since."

[illegible] wealthy merchant of Paris, Augieres, on a 60 h.p. Mors, practically identical with that of Fournier, covered the mile in 46 secs., a speed of over 70 miles an hour. That would give 28 3-5 secs for the kilometre; but, curiously enough, when Augieres made an attack on this record, which it was his special object to secure, he only succeeded in tying with Fournier's 28, 2-5 secs. Fournier's attempt to beat his previous mile record of 44 2-5 secs. gave a time of 46 4-5 secs. In another run he followed close on another car, and the timekeeper, not having been warned, did not take his time. But it is calculated that he did 45 3-5 secs., which would give the kilometre in 28 2-5 secs., a speed of seventy miles an hour.

TO-MORROW'S RACE.

The Manchester November Handicap is usually a very bad race for the talent. Carabine last year had friends, but Lexicon, Proclamation, Ivor, and Golden Drop were "dead outsiders." Perhaps the horse that, in connection with the Handicap, took most money out of the Ring, was Telescope, in 1896. Several bookmakers over him delayed settlement till the flowers began to bloom in spring.

IN WORK.

Ambush II. has been doing good work on the flat an dover fences at his training quarters, Eyrefield Lodge, Curragh, and in all likelyhood will cross to England shortly. His Majesty has purchased Mayo's Pride to add Ambush II. in his work. The son of Bend Bataile is pretty sure—health continued—to fight afresh in the Grand National.

TO FOLLOW.

Horses that seemed good to follow last year were Volodyovski, Game Chick, Lavengro, Duke of Westminster, Csardas, Master Willie, St. Adegonde, Revenue, and Osboch. But fate has so willed matters that not one of them has won a race, so far, this season. Which only shows the diference between expectation and realisation.

CHEAP PURCHASE.

Hackler's Pride, the winner of the Chesterfield Nursery, value 1,000 sovs., at Derby on Thursday, was bred by Mr. P. Quinlan, and as a yearling was purchased at the Horse Show sales by Mr. W. Rankin at 75 guineas. She did not win a race for this gentleman, who disposed of to her present owner for 750 guineas. Needless to say she is another feather in the cap of Hackler.

GOOD BEGINNING.

Denis Shanahan, the Straw Hall trainer, has made an auspicious commencement as an owner of greyhounds, he winning the Drogheda Cup at Monasterevan Meeting with Plumber II. on Wednesday last.

DEAR CARDS.

In South Africa one shilling is paid for race cards, but they provide a very stoutly bound book, the first pages of which give results at the last meeting, and each race is faced with a blank page for memoranda.

NO DOUBT.

J. W. Frith, the sporting journalist, has commenced his career well as stakeholder by clearly giving in announcements the full amount owners will be liable for in connection with races at the next Phœnix Park Club meeting. No doubt Mr. Frith will receive plenty of work in his new capacity, as a more capable official it would not be possible to appoint.

IRISH WINNERS.

Herodiams, a winner for Mr. John Widger at Newport, was bred by Mr. John Reese, and is half-sister, by Carnage, to The Jew, and started favourite at 2 to 1, as did Bushford Lass at the same price, while 6 to 1 was obtainable in respect of Charlie.

BIG PROFIT.

Wisp, sold this season for 950 guineas, was originally purchased by Mr. J. J. Parkinson for 45 guineas.

BILLIARDS.

During my recent visit to Belfast I had a game of billiards with Duncan, the Irish champion. To look at he is a very unimpressive player, but still he gets there all the time. Duncan is small, thick-set, and of middle age. He is a very careful player, does not trouble much with the spot, and shows best form at the top of the table.

"Matchmaker" at billiards writes from Clonmel, asking my opinion as to the best billiard table on which an important game for money might be decided. I unquestionably reply the table at the Grand Hotel, Tramore. It is A 1 in every respect.

BRIDGE-TOLLS.

A correspondent writes:—At a bridge where tolls are levied on all vehicles and pedestrians, a Scotchman sought to "do" the toll-keeper by dismounting and carrying the bicycle on his back. He thus considered himself to be a foot passenger and tendered the half-penny demanded of such travellers. But the toll-keeper was not to be "had" in this way. "Twopence, please," said he. "What for," was the reply, "am I not a foot passenger?" "No" came the reply, "you are a cart." This reminds me of the story of the Scotch volunteer on his way to parade. Arriving at a toll gate he proceeded to walk through, but the keeper demanded the half-penny toll. "But I'm a volunteer," he said. "M'be, but you are not in uniform," replied the toll-keeper. "Well, mon, just wait a minute, and I'll put it on," and with that he dived into his portmanteau and changed then and there into the uniform of his corps. Thus, was another half-penny saved.

During the lessorship of Waterford Bridge by a Welsh firm, a man came to the toll-keeper at the Kilkenny side and held out a half-penny. "A penny, please," said the collector. "Why?" the pedestrian asked. "A half-penny for yourself and the same for the buddle." The man smiled, opened the bundle, took out a suit of oil skins, put them on, and then extended a half-penny, which the toll-keeper had no option but accept.

A FIRST APPEARANCE.

M. A. Allen, the American trainer who is to take charge of the horses of Messrs Keene at Newmarket, made his first appearance on an English racecourse at Derby on Friday. He has brought with him to Newmarket some very promising young horses, who have got through the sea voyage splendidly. Allen finds that the stable accommodation at Melton House, Exning, Newmarket, is insufficient for the horses he will have charge of, and he is in treaty for Lord Rosebery's Primrose Cottage establishment.

NOT DISGRACED.

King's Courier, in all probability, finished his racing career on Saturday and will next season begin stud duties at Lord Ellesmere's farm just outside Newmarket. His lordship's first idea in the purchase of the son of Kingston was that he should succeed rare old Hampton at Stetchworth, and although he would have been glad to see the horse win one or other of his last two engagements, the horse cannot be held disgraced by any means either in the Derby or Liverpool Cup.

NEWPORT MEETING.

At Newport, on Friday, Saturday II. ran fourth and last in the High Sheriff's Hurdle Race. Rainstorm finished third in the Tredegar Hurdle Race.

Kilgrogan and Castleblake credited Messrs. Widger with the Caerleon Steeplechase and Rupert's Steeplechase respectively. W. Morgan rode both.

Orpington was unplaced to School Bell in the Licensed Victuallers' Steeplechase.

FEMALE CHAMPION!

Thirty miles in the hour, beating the former lady's record by six miles, 1,320 yards. Such is the latest achievement of Miss Mabel Foster, the lady champion cyclist of England. Of course, the best form of training by

motor is responsible for the huge mileage accomplished as compared with 30 years ago. En route Miss Foster beat the five miles (9 mins. 39 3-5 secs.), ten miles (19 mins. 9 2-5 secs.), twenty miles (38 mins. 43 1-5 secs.), and thirty miles' records (58 mins. 6 1-5 secs.), all of which times constitute fresh records for lady riders.

THE WATERFORD HOUNDS.

The following appears in the "Irish Times":—Sir,—It gave me satisfaction to read in the "Irish Times" the frank letter of "An Irish Sportsman" respecting the use of Lord Waterford's name in his former letter. He is in error, however, when he writes of Lord Waterford's Hounds—his Lordship has no hounds When hunting was revived three years ago in County Waterford many of the gentry, farmers and citizens of Waterford were most anxious that the young Marquis should hunt the country in which his father and great uncle showed such splendid sport. However, after mature deliberation, Lord Waterford decided to decline the mastership, and contented himself with placing his coverts at the disposal of the hunt and giving it generous pecuniary support. Much as I regretted his decision at the time I still more regret to say that now I believe it to have been a wise one.—Yours, etc.,

AN IRISH SPORTING TENANT.

WATERFORD FOXHOUNDS—MEETS FOR NOVEMBER.

Saturday, 22nd ..... Kilmacthomas
Tuesday, 25th ..... Ballyglan
Friday, 28th ..... Grouse Lodge
At 11 o'Clock.

NEW ROSS HOUNDS—MEETS FOR NOVEMBER.

Monday, 24th ..... Listerlin
Thursday, 27th ..... Tory Hill
At 11 o'Clock.

TIPPERARY FOXHOUNDS—MEETS FOR NOVEMBER.

Saturday, 22nd ..... Fethard
Monday, 24th ..... Rathronan Cross
At 11 o'Clock.

WATERFORD HOCKEY CLUB.

SENIOR LEAGUE FIXTURES.

FIRST ROUND.

November 27 v. Limerick Post Office; away.
December 10 v. Cork; home.
December 20 v. Limerick P.Y.M.A.; home.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

SHOULD MEN MARRY?

To the Editor of the "News."

Dear Sir—A Carrick friend has asked me to address you a letter on this all-important question. I at once proceed by saying emphatically—Man Should Marry,—and let me give a reason why. I have two brothers, aged 35 and 30. The younger married five years ago, and is now one of the happiest of men. He is attentive to his work, comes home every Saturday afternoon, and having put on his best suit, takes his wife for a stroll, and to see what amusement there is going. He rarely goes out at night, except to take his wife to the theatre. Take the elder brother's case. He remains out late every night, comes home very often half seas over; gets up next day peevish and with no heart for work. On Saturday nights I sit weary waiting for him coming. Sometimes he rolls home about 4 a.m. from his club. Next day he drags himself out of bed at noon; never goes to church; eats no breakfast, rushes off to the club again; remains there all day and comes home saturated with alcohol once more. How, I abominate those workmen's clubs that are kept open all night.

ANXIOUS SISTER.

Dublin, November 13th, 1902.

Dear Sir—Being a mere man, and a widower to boot, I think I ought to have something to say on the subject. Apart from the ethical side of the question, and viewing the question from the purely social point of view, I would say "Yes," but with one or two qualifications. If I had my way in framing the laws regulating the marriage mart, I would fix a limit of age, under which no man could enter the bonds of wedlock under a certain age, and should make that limit 30 years for men and, say, 25 for women. This would prevent too early marriages, when a man before his position in life is assured takes upon himself responsibilities which, no matter how helpful his wife may be, are bound to fetter his ambition and retard his progress. I have known more than one such case of the kind. Yes, Mr. Editor, men should marry, and by fulfilling their solemn obligations to their wives, their homes, and society generally like men, they will be spending a happier and a better life, than when almost wholly unconnected with these ties. But on the other hand, there are some men who should never dare to take upon themselves the duties of married life. I refer to the idler, the spendthrift, and the drunkard, whose act in dragging others to misery and degradation and unhappiness along with himself, would be criminal, indeed. Trusting that I have not occupied too much of your valuable space.

I am, etc.,

A WIDOWER.

Dear Mr. Editor—If we were to judge all men by the laws laid down in the previous letters to you on the above subject, we should have at once to come to the conclusion that in Waterford it is an absolute necessity for a man to marry in order to keep himself sober; for both your correspondents dwell heavily on the subject of drink and drinking clubs. I am only a young girl of "something over twenty," but my girl friends who have married are not so sure that the marriage state has done for their husbands all that could have been desired in this direction. In fact, some of them go so far as to say that if a census of the habitues of publichouses and clubs were taken mighty the preponderance would be on the side of the benedicts. However, Mr. Editor, don't suppose for a moment that I don't wish men to marry, but I really don't think your correspondents have taken the brightest view of this matter. Much as I am against excessive drinking, I still cling to the opinion that a man is no worse off—nor his family either—for an odd "half-one" or his more plebian "pint of beer." Yes, Mr. Editor, I think men should marry, and, as much as "Widower" objects, they should marry young. "Widower" claims that men should not marry until they attain a fixed and certain social position in life. I beg to assert the opposite, and suggest that many a man's position—aye, and his health, too—would be vastly better if he had sown a little less of the wild oats, and become a respected and respectable married citizen before it was almost too late for any girl to look at him. In conclusion, let me remind you that Mr. Schwab, the manager of the Carnegie Steel Trust, admits that much of his success in life was due to the fact that he was married at twenty-two, and that his wife shared in the building of his fortune. Mr. Schwab's salary, it might be well to mention, is £200,000 a year. Think of it, "Widower"—£4,000 a week!!!

Thanking you in anticipation.

Yours, etc.,

"ON THE LOOK OUT."

Ferrybank, Nov. 17th, 1902.

MOTORS FOR CORPORATION WORK.

To the Editor of the "News."

Sir—Alderman Laird, Chairman of the Hull Tramways Committee, is reported to have said yesterday at Hull that he hoped motors would soon be used to take firemen to the scene of conflagration, that another improvement to be expected was the use of motor traction for ploughing, and that where the horse had been employed by the tramway the chance had been suggested to all May I venture to add, on behalf of the Council Cyclists' Defence Protection of Kindness to Animals, that the substitution of motors in cases of horse traction would be a means of eliminating the strain, suffering and weariness which are at present the daily lot of so many horses.

Yours obediently,

J. LAWRENCE,
Hon. Secretary.

Westow Vicarage, York, Nov. 18th, 1902.

Walter Walsh & Sons

HAVE IN STOCK

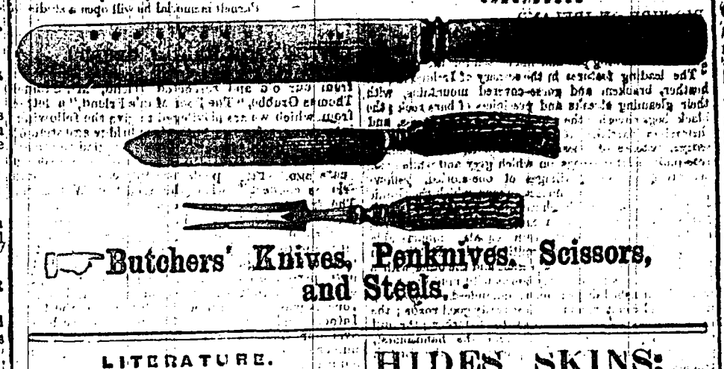
A LARGE SELECTION

OF

Joseph Rodgers & Sons'

CELEBRATED

TABLE CUTLERY.



Butchers' Knives, Penknives, Scissors, and Steels.

LITERATURE.

"NEW IRELAND REVIEW."

In the opening pages of the November number, Rev. T. A. Finlay gives a highly interesting description of how home industries are encouraged and worked in Vorarlberg, the most westerly province of the Austro-Hungarian Empire. "The income derived from agriculture, cattle, and timber would," Father Finlay says, "of itself be insufficient for the large family of the Vorarlberg farmer." The farms are of small extent, the average would not exceed eight or ten acres of arable land; a man who possesses thirty or forty acres is regarded as a personage of wealth and standing. In the factories some of the children find employment. The wages in these factories are kept down by the constant influx of Italian workmen, to whom two francs a day is a rich guerdon for ten and a half hours. But more important than the wage earnings in the factory are the earnings of the manufacture in the farmer's home, by himself and his children. The chief industry in the locality is linen embroidery. The work is executed by two machines which cost about £100. These machines can be readily obtained, as the manufacturers are satisfied with the security offered by the well-known honesty of these peasants, and are content to accept payment by small instalments." Father Finlay graphically describes a visit to one of these home industries, where a girl of fifteen and a boy a year younger were able to earn six to seven francs a day by the manipulation of these machines. The boy did the chief work; the machine, a marvel of ingenuity, was thoroughly understood by him, and he had only three months' training in the Technical School in Dornbirn. "C. E." contributes a paper entitled "Judge Webb on Shakespeare," and he sums up his criticism in these terse words:—"If these learned judges deal with evidence in their courts as they do in discussing matters of literature, heaven help the poor suitors!" Charles Monro is very sceptical as to "The Prospects of the Irish Language Revival." In the concluding passages of his paper the following appear:—"Does anyone seriously anticipate there will ever be widely spread such a knowledge of Gaelic as was possessed by John O'Donovan, or is now possessed by Dr. Hyde? There is a letter of the former, in which he says that he knows English six times as well as he does Irish; and with regard to Dr. Hyde—with the utmost respect for his remarkable proficiency in Gaelic, and with all deference to Mr George Moore—I do suppose he would be the first to admit that his knowledge of English is very much the greater. What is the object, assuming it to be possible, of keeping up in general use two languages for intercourse among the same people, where one of them is much better known than the other?" No doubt the question will be fully dealt with by Father O'Leary, Dr. Hickey, or some other great authority on the Language Revival Movement in the next issue of the "Review." In "Views and Reviews" we note a very long reference to an extremely old book, "The American Invasion," by F. H. McKenzie, who, in a most remarkable manner, shows how the enterprising and alert Yankee has, during the last decade, ousted the British manufacturer in almost every branch of industry, and the main reason he gives for this startling change are briefly summarised—"What we must complain about is our bad legislation, our neglected education, our indifference and excessive optimism. Education is a factor which counts for much. The American workman on the whole is much better educated than his English rival. In England we do not know what technical education is as carried on in America. The same man with the same tools turns out less here than in America. In America it takes the work of six or seven men for a year to turn out a locomotive; in England it takes fifteen. If our workmen are slow, the masters are often enough right behind the times."

"Holly Leaves." Published at 172 Strand, London.—We have been sent an advance copy of this superb issue, which is the Christmas Number of the "Illustrated Sporting and Dramatic News." We would very strongly advise our readers to lose no time in ordering a copy, as the journal will be published on Saturday, the 21st inst., and the price is only One Shilling. The coloured supplement is fine and is an exact reproduction of the Historical Painting by R. Caton Woodville, entitled, "All That was Left of Them," and deals graphically with one of the most stirring incidents of the late Boer War. Whether from a literary or pictorial point of view, "Holly Leaves" will be hard to beat this Christmas.

"The Housewife's Magazine," published by John McMurtrie, 31 Bothwell-street, Glasgow, a first-class monthly magazine, sold at One Penny (post free 2d.), has now reached its third number. The promise given of first-rate literary fare in its initial number has been amply fulfilled, and it is gratifying to be able to say that it commands the ready sale, which the enterprise of the publisher so richly deserves. The contents are exceedingly diversified, and include a beautiful photo of Princess Louis of Battenberg; complete short stories; hints on the latest fashions; useful advice in connection with cookery and household matters, etc., etc. The magazine is most artistically illustrated by means of fine process engraving blocks, and altogether it is one of the best publications of its kind now on the market. Free suits of gloves and other prizes are offered monthly.

"In view of the great interest aroused by the present state of Ireland, the conductors of the "Daily Graphic" invited Sir Harry Johnston to visit that country and to receive, for a series of contributions to that journal, all kinds of facts, particulars, and of the observations of their opinion. He was [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

THE EDUCATION BILL.

DR. STARKIE'S UTTERANCES PRONOUNCED "UNJUST AND UNTRUE."

HIGHLY IMPORTANT RESOLUTION.

THE "FREEMAN'S JOURNAL" AND THE EDUCATION BILL.

A STRONG APPEAL TO CATHOLIC SHAREHOLDERS.

At a meting of the Clerical Managers of Schools, held at the Cathedral, Waterford, on Monday, November 17th, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:—

"We, the Clerical Managers of schools in East Waterford, protest against the statements made a short time ago by Dr. Starkie, in his Belfast address, as unjust and untrue, in so far as they may be supposed to apply to our body. The priests of East Waterford (and the same thing, we believe, holds true of the priests of the country generally) have provided three-fourths of all the school buildings, without having received as much as a penny from State sources for the purpose. They have, moreover, provided a third at least of the cost of most of the remaining schools, besides maintaining them ever since their erection. That they have not only provided the buildings, but have, moreover, taken an unceasing and warm personal interest in the education given there, is abundantly proved by the fact which Dr. Starkie, by calling for the official Report Books, can learn for himself, namely, that they visit their schools and supervise and direct the work of the teachers every week, from the beginning to the end of the year. It is difficult to account for the Resident Commissioner's address, unless we are to suppose that he wishes to pave the way for a radical change in the system. At all events we feel that we have a clear right to ask that he shall prove his grievious charges, or withdraw them.

"P. F. Canon Flynn, P.P., V.F., Parish of Trinity Without; M. Canon Flynn, P.P., Crooke and Killea; P. Canon Coffey, P.P., Tramore; E. Mooney, P.P., Carrickbeg; J. Hearn, P.P., Portlaw; Paul Power, P.P., Clonea and Rathgormack; Wm. Browne, P.P., Dunhill and Fenor; Wm. B. O'Donnell, P.P., St. Patrick's; Patrick Fitzgerald, Adm., St. John's."

At a meeting of the clergy of the Waterford Deanery, held at the Cathedral, Waterford, on Monday, November 17th, the following resolution, proposed by the Rev. Paul Power, P.P., Mothel, and seconded by the Very Rev. Father Skelly, O.P., was unanimously adopted:—

"That the attitude of the 'Freeman's Journal' on the Education Bill, at present being discussed in Parliament, and on other well-known subjects, calls for the immediate attention of its Catholic shareholders, and we strongly appeal to them to take such steps as will compel the responsible conductors of that journal to respect and uphold Catholic interests and Catholic principles."

P. F. CANON FLYNN, P.P., V.F., Chairman.

T. F. FURLONG, Adm., Secretary.

THE IRISH PARTY AND THE ENGLISH EDUCATION BILL.

Dungarvan, Tuesday.

At a meeting of the priests of West Waterford, held here recently—Very Rev. Canon Power, P.P., V.F., presiding—a resolution was unanimously passed expressing surprise and pain at the abstention of the Irish members from Parliament during the debates on the English Education Bill, and calling on them to attend in their places and vote for the Bill, in which the spiritual interests of Irish Catholic children resident in England were so largely at stake. The resolution was forwarded to Messrs. J. E. Redmond, M.P.; P. J. Power, J.P., and J. J. O'Shea, M.P., the city and county representatives.

The following reply has been received from Mr. J. J. O'Shea, M.P. for West Waterford:—

"Carrick-on-Suir, Nov. 15, 1902.

"Dear Rev. Sir,—I am obliged to you for sending me a copy of the resolution passed unanimously at the meeting of the priests of West Waterford, held in Dungarvan on the 12th inst.

"I need hardly say that such a resolution, coming from so authoritative and influential a source, carries very great weight with me. As you are, no doubt, aware, the course of the Irish Party, of which I am a pledge-bound member, with reference to all English business coming before the House of Commons during the current sesson up to the present, has been determined at a general meeting of the Party. Whether that course ought to be altered is a question which I think the Party ought to consider as soon as possible.—Yours faithfully,

"J. J. O'SHEE.

"Rev. F. C. Prendergast, C. C., Dungarvan."

At a meeting of the clergy of East Waterford, held at the Cathedral, Waterford, on Monday, November 17th, the following resolution, proposed by Rev. W. O'Donnell, P.P., St. Patrick's, Waterford, and seconded by Rev. Thomas Power, C.C., Ballybricken, was carried unanimously:—

"We have observed with painful surprise the attitude adopted by the Irish Parliamentary Party towards the English Education Bill. Whilst we feel as keenly as they can the harsh treatment dealt out to our country by the present Government, we must, at the same time, declare that any policy which sacrifices spiritual for political interests is in itself immoral; and, moreover, if persevered in, is certain to end in the ruin and dishonour of the National cause. Now that Mr. J. Redmond has returned home, we, his constituents for the most part, desire to give expression to our earnest and confident hope that he and the party over whom he presides, will return to the House of Commons without delay and devote their energies to defeating the enemies of the Bill, so as to secure in full measure, for tens of thousands of children of our race and faith, that greatest of blessings, a thoroughly sound Catholic education.

"P. F. CANON FLYNN, P.P., V.F., Chairman.

"T. F. FURLONG, Adm., Secretary."

At a meeting of the clergy of the Deaneries of Clonmel and Carrick-on-Suir, held at SS. Peter and Paul's Church, Clonmel, on Thursday, 13th inst., the Very Rev. Dean McDonnell, P.P., V.G., in the chair, the following resolution, proposed by Very Rev. Canon Flavin, P.P., St. Mary's Clonmel, and seconded by the Rev. Richard Mockler, P.P., Ballylooby, passed unanimously:—"We regard it as of vital importance to the faith of thousands of Catholics, that the Irish Parliamentary Party should support the English Education Bill, at present under discussion in Parliament. Now that the Chairman of the Irish Party has returned from America, we hope that the policy of abstention hitherto pursued on this question will be changed into one of active support so as to prevent the enemies of the Bill from forcing on the Government alterations adverse to the religious interests of the children of thousands of Irish Catholic parents. This education question being essentially a religious question, belongs to a plane high above politics, and not even the lamentable Coercion policy of the Government and the imprisonment and attempted degradation of the leaders of the people can be properly pleaded as a justification for a policy involving dire danger to the Faith of Catholic children.

"(Rev.) JOHN EVERARD, C.C., "Secretary.

"November 13th, 1902.

The above was forwarded to the House of Commons to Messrs. John Redmond, Chairman of the Irish Parliamentary Party; T. T. Condon, M.P. for East Tipperary; John Cullinan, M.P. for Mid Tipperary, and P. J. Power, M.P. for East Waterford.

THE BISHOP OF LONDON SPEAKS OUT.

At a recent meeting ... Church Defence Union, the Bishop of London ... [illegible]

... ward with horror to the prospect of an entirely secular education; and here let him say that they had with them in this feeling the majority of the people of this country. The third point was that they believed that there was no such thing as a satisfactory teaching of religion unless you were teaching a denominational religion. It was right that, none the less, the clergy became managers of board schools. That was true. He was himself a manager of board schools. But though the clergy respected the teachers of board schools, they did not cease to believe that undenominational education was a rotten system. Nor did they think it was right that a managers' meeting they should be unable to inquire as to the religious belief of a teacher. And to sum up, they believed the only satisfactory system of education, of religious education, was to bring children up in the belief of their parents. They were prepared to offer that bargain that Nonconformists' children should be taught by Nonconformists, if children of Churchmen might be taught by Churchmen. He had searched the Bill, and had considered the objections of Nonconformists—whom he knew to be as anxious as himself for religious education in its widest sense—and honestly he could not see the force of their objections. Churchmen had paid rates for thirty-two years for a system of religious education in which they did not believe; and the amount they asked back for Church schools was by comparison small in proportion to the whole amount paid by Churchmen for education."

CHRONICITY DOES NOT PREVENT THE CURE OF DEAFNESS.

The summing up of the first half of this year's work at the Drouet Institute for the Deaf shows some remarkable results from the treatment of apparently hopeless cases of defective hearing and of diseases of the ears. Radical cures are described at the ages of 65, 75 and even 86, and in cases where deafness had persisted, despite all previous treatment, for 10, 20, and even 40 years. The names and addresses of these cases can be obtained from "The Journal for the Deaf," which devotes its last issue to a full description of the treatment of deafness by local application—the Drouet methods. A free copy of this publication (with "Supplement," describing upwards of 40 cases cured during the past month) can be obtained by addressing the Secretary, Drouet Institute, 72, Regent's Park-road, London, N.W. With the "Journal" is also enclosed a Report Form, by means of which any sufferer can obtain advice free by correspondence and for applying the treatment at home.

WATERFORD BOARD OF GUARDIANS.

WEDNESDAY.

THE DISPENSARY AMALGAMATION QUESTION.

THE CHARGES AGAINST DR. CUTLER.

The weekly meeting of this Board was held on above day. Mr. David Hyland, T.C., Chairman, presided. Also present—Messrs. Robert Walsh, P. Colfer, James Power, Maurice Power, R. C. Carew (Capt.), Michael Kirwan, John J. Rogers, Michael Reardon, Ballyshoneen; Maurice Quinlan, H. D. Fisher, H. L. Ward, Stephen Farrell, M. Kennedy, Stonehouse; Michael Wyse, G. I. Mackesy (Dr.), James Murphy, Thomas Nolan, Robert Walsh, and M. Colfer.

Mr. John Mackey, Clerk of the Union, read the minutes, correspondence, etc.

THE PROPOSED AMALGAMATION OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS IN KILKENNY.

The Clerk read the following letter:—

Local Government Board, Dublin,
18th November, 1902.

Sir—The Local Government Board desire to state they have had under consideration the resolution of the Guardians proposing to amalgamate the Kilmackevogue and Ullid Dispensary Districts. In reference thereto the Local Government Board have to point out that the two Dispensary Districts, if confirmed, would have an area of 57,286 acres, and a population of 9,663 (according to the census of 1901). The Local Government Board are of an opinion that the duties of a Dispensary District of so large an area and population would prove too heavy for one Medical Officer to discharge for any prolonged period with efficiency and with reasonable promptness, and that consequently the sick poor would not obtain from the Medical Officer due care and attention. The Board feel, therefore, unable to sanction the proposed amalgamation, and request that the Guardians will be so good as again to take the necessary steps to fill up the vacancy in the post of Medical Officer of the Kilmackevogue District. It appears to the Local Government Board that both Dispensary Districts would be more compact and easily worked if the electoral divisions of Rathpatrick, Kilcolumb were transferred from Kilmackevogue Dispensary to Dr. Coghlan's charge in exchange for the electoral divisions of Ullid and Rossinan. The latter divisions are within easy distance of Mullinavat, where the Medical Officer of the Kilmackevogue District formerly resided. The Board learn from their Medical Inspector, Dr. Brown, that he is not aware of any objection to this re-arrangement, and if the Guardians concur in the matter, a formal resolution should be adopted by them, approving, under Section 6 of the Act, 14 and 15 Vic., cap. 68, of the formation of the electoral divisions of Ballincrea, Fanogue, Kilbeacon, Kilbride, Killaspy, Kilmackevogue, Rossinan and Ullid into the Kilmackevogue Dispensary District, and the electoral divisions of Aglish, Dunkitt, Kilcolumb, Kilcullibeen, Pollrone, Portnascully, and Rathpatrick, into the Ullid Dispensary District, of such other names as the Guardians may select.

The Kilmackevogue Dispensary District, when thus reconstituted, will be more compact than at present, the distance to be travelled by the Medical Officer will be shorter, and will, therefore, entail much less expense, and the Board believe that if wide publicity of the vacancy be given by advertisement in the Dublin, Cork, and Waterford Newspapers, suitable candidates will be found at the existing rate of remuneration, namely, £120 a year as Dispensary Medical Officer, and £20 a year as Medical Officer of Health.

I am, etc.,

A. R. BARLAS,
Assistant Secretary.

The Clerk having read the letter,

Mr. Fisher said—That settles that.

Mr. Kirwan asked if that letter was definite, or did it admit of any appeal?

The Clerk said that that was a matter requiring some consideration; he thought not.

Mr. Fisher proposed that the recommendation of the Local Government Board be adopted as to the re-construction of these dispensary districts.

Mr. Wyse—I second that, and——

The Clerk—Will you excuse me, Mr. Chairmen and gentlemen, if I mention the fact that there is going on at present, I presume, a very important meeting of the No. 2 Rural District at Kilmacow, so that there is no Guardian now present representing the Kilkenny side of the Union. Might I therefore suggest a postponement of the matter until this day week, an arrangement which can do no harm.

It was then moved and seconded that the further consideration of the question be deferred, and the motion passed without dissent.

Mr. Reardon said that he remembered when he was formerly a member of the Board the late Mr. Bloomfield frequently brought up the question of re-adjustment of the two Dispensary Districts, both for the convenience of the poor and the doctors themselves, and he was not supported. Now it appeared it would have to be done.

The matter stands adjourned.

THE CASE OF DR. CUTLER.

The following reply to a request for an explanation as to certain charges of professional negligence made against Dr. Cutler at a former meeting of the Board, by Capt. R. C. Carew, were replied to by letter in the following terms by the Dispensary Medical Officer:—

5 Lady Lane, Waterford,
18th November, 1902.

Dear Sir—In reply to query No. 1, in your letter of the 14th, as to why I refused to attend a patient at Ballinamona, said to be suffering from severe internal hemorrhage—when summoned on Sunday, the 9th, at 8.45, I beg to say that I was not summoned to attend immediately. I distinctly asked the patient's husband if he wanted me out at once, and his reply was, that he would send me word if she did not improve. He said the medicine I gave her was all out, and that she was fairly well on Saturday (the day before), and if I would renew the medicine, which I did, and that he would send for me later on, if required. How could a man come into town at 8 a.m. on an "Urgent" medical call and leave it till 8.45, if really urgent?

As to Query 2—What I stated to the husband was, "If I went out now, I should bring exactly the same medicines as I give you now." It is not a fact that I performed an important operation, or removed an immature foetus. When I examined the patient, I found all already discharged tumour. It would be impossible to define its nature without microscopic examination by a pathologist, and my belief is that it was not the result of fecundation ... [illegible] ... Query No. 3—Why I [illegible] the patient's ... [illegible]

... that it would be very hard on me to take cars out there every other day, perhaps for months.

Query 4.—I think the answer to this is already conveyed in the previous answers, except that I never heard of any other doctor being requisitioned until it appeared in the public Press; nor did I ever hear of anyone sending for a priest, until I did so myself. I do not remember using the harsh expression to anyone connected with the case from beginning to end, or treating them otherwise. The patient herself thanked me very warmly at the close of the case, and it was with the greatest surprise I read these charges in the public Press of the city after Wednesday's meeting.

I am, your obedient Servant,
P. CUTLER.

To J. Mackey, Clerk of the Union.

Dr. Cutler's reply having been read as above,

Capt. Carew rose to speak.

Mr. Fisher suggested that before that gentleman said anything, Dr. Cutler, who was near at hand, should be present.

Capt. Carew thought not; at least not until the Board had discussed the matter, and it was carried out to the point of a verbal explanation by Dr. Cutler.

Mr. Fisher said that generally when a charge was made against a man in public, it was necessary to have him present to answer that charge.

Capt. Carew said that he intended at once to comment upon Dr. Cutler's letter, and he would proceed to do so.

Mr. Fisher then proposed that Dr. Cutler should come into the Board-room, and listen to what was to be said about his case.

Dr. Mackesy said that that was only fair.

Capt. Carew said he hoped that no gentleman at the Board meant to convey that he was going to say anything which he could not prove.

Mr. Fisher—I did not intend to insinuate that, but I think when a man is to be charged he ought to hear his accuser, and defend himself accordingly.

Mr. Reardon—We don't want a "Star Chamber" here.

Dr. Cutler was then invited to the Board-room, and

Capt. Carew at once proceeded to reply to and criticise, with a considerable amount of feeling at times, Dr. Cutler's reply. He said he looked upon this case as an exceedingly serious one, and requiring the deepest consideration. The Guardians were all there to safeguard the interests of the poor, and particularly of the sick poor. The ratepayers, through their representatives appointed certain officers to attend to those sick and poor people, and the duty was one associated with many arduous duties, and the men engaged in it did the noblest kind of work, and put forward their best energies in the cause of humanity, the best that men could put into any work. He instanced the case of that heroic doctor on the north coast of Ireland, who, when typhoid raged in the isles that came within his sphere of duty, actually laid down his life in the discharge of that duty. And that noble medical practitioner was not without many noble colleagues in this part of Ireland. With regard to this case, he (Capt. Carew) assured the Board that since he had obtained the privilege to do so, he had issued only two requisitions for the especial attendance of a Dispensary Medical Officer in his district. The case which the Board was considering was the second one, and the narrative of the facts were, he thought, familiar to the Board. First of all Dr. Cutler had been asked to explain why he had refused to attend a patient suffering from a certain complaint when summoned to do so in the usual way. Dr. Cutler in his reply stated that he did not definitely refuse, inasmuch as the husband of the patient had not insisted on this doing so. Now he (Capt. Carew) made Dr. Cutler a present of a statement of that kind, and the difference between his statements and those of the husband of the poor woman who had suffered so much. When a distracted husband went to a doctor at between eight and nine o'clock in the morning, telling him that his wife was seriously ill, did that husband expect the doctor to tell him it was not necessary to see the patient until some time later? He (Capt. Carew) happened to know that the husband of this poor woman was simply distracted when he went to Dr. Cutler. It was a notorious fact in the district that the poor woman was sinking. Think of that. The priest was sent for, so bad was her condition. And what sort of a reception did the husband get from Dr. Cutler when he went to that gentleman? He was asked: "What do you come here for; where am I going to get money for a car?" And every difficulty was thrown in the poor husband's way, and he went home in despair. But being satisfied that his wife was sinking he went somewhere else to look for relief for her, and to see if he could not get another doctor, which he did, but the other doctor's name need not be mentioned for the present—a doctor who had a higher conception of his duty than Dr. Cutler appeared to have had. That doctor said he could not deal with the case on account of its having been attended to by Dr. Cutler. At all events his (Capt. Carew's) information was that when the husband went into town to summon the priest he also called upon Dr. Cutler, and the latter told him "I will go out and share the car." With regard to the medical question he (Capt. Carew) regarded that, as far as the present inquiry was concerned, as a matter of no importance. When the man went to the doctor the woman was practically bleeding to death. Without at all professing to any knowledge of surgical matters, he ventured to say that any man who had lived to the age of forty years, and who knew anything at all, would admit that in a case of hemorrhage the application of ice, which could be had from any of the city fish dealers for a couple of pence, would have been most effective. But, according to his information, it was never once mentioned or even suggested by Dr. Cutler. As to the answer to Query No. 3, it seemed to him that when an officer was paid to carry out certain duties, it was not for that officer to turn on unfortunate patients and make remarks of the kind that were made to the husband in this case. If the statement that he (Dr. Cutler) could not afford to pay for a car meant anything, it meant, surely, that the husband of the patient must pay for it, or otherwise that the doctor could not come out to see the woman at all. In any case it was a serious observation for a medical man to make in relation to an urgent call to a patient in the condition in which this poor woman admittedly was. Speaking with great warmth, Capt. Carew said that that was not the way in which to treat the sick poor of the district, and if it were tolerated, it would constitute a terror to poor people to go to a Dispensary Doctor under any circumstances. When this poor woman's husband went to Dr. Cutler he states that he was covered with abuse, and, furthermore, when that woman was bleeding to death, her four young children were around her, helpless, while the husband was searching Waterford for a medical officer, and Dr. Cutler, whose duty it was to come there and attend the case did not come out until he (Capt. Carew) was informed that the priest was coming, and with whom the doctor said he would share the price of the car, and after another doctor had been called in.

Dr. Cutler—I was never told that, and knew nothing about it until I saw it in the public Press.

Capt. Carew—You can explain your position after, and I will postpone any resolution of mine until after you have done so.

Mr. Murphy, at the conclusion of Capt. Carew's statement, said that there was a great deal of credit due to that gentleman for having brought the case forward, for he was of opinion that any medical officer appointed should be more vigilant and careful, because they were the doctors of the poor, and no one, except the Guardians, would have to pay them. But now that the poor woman referred to, was recovered, he would ask Capt. Carew not to press the case forward.

Mr. Wyse—But surely Capt. Carew is perfectly right. I am friendly disposed towards Dr. Cutler, but there have been so many charges against him, he should not be higgling about the price of cars. And I say it was very proper for Capt. Carew to bring the matter forward, though, of course, we don't want to injure Dr. Cutler and his family. But it is time to put an end to this thing. There is a gentleman in the room at present who made a somewhat similiar charge against Dr. Cutler not so long ago. The present case must be a very bad one, for I don't believe that Capt. Carew would go out of his way to injure any one.

Dr. Mackesy said it appeared to him that Capt. Carew had made his statements entirely from hearsay evidence, and that the circumstances had been grossly exaggerated, and he did not see why Dr. Cutler's word was not as good as Capt. Carew's or anyone else's. Why was not the woman's husband brought there, and asked to make his own statement? Why should hearsay evidence be admissible at that Board. He most emphatically objected to Capt. Carew dictating to any medical man as to applying ice for hemorrhage, for instance, and he maintained that there were other remedies quite as efficient as ice, under such circumstances. Therefore, he thought it was a most unwarrantable and unjustifiable thing for Capt. Carew to do. Dr. Mackesy strongly complained of a charge being made in public behind a man's back, and giving it a week's start in the public Press, for it strengthened the prosecution and weakened the defence. He proposed that anyone about to make a charge against an official that the Clerk should get the name of the officer and the nature of the charge, so that he might communicate with him.

Mr. Fisher agreed with Dr. Mackesy, and spoke strongly in defence of Dr. Cutler, denying that any surgical operation had been performed.

Dr. Cutler was invited to come before the Board and make a statement, which he did. He said that he examined the woman most carefully when he was first called in to see her, and he came to the conclusion that she was not in a state of pregnancy, but that she had come to her change of life. At any rate he asked her could she not send in for some medicine to me, and she replied that she had no one to send. Fortunately, he usually carried some emergency drugs, and he gave her what exactly suited her case to prevent hemorrhage. There was no call for ice; such a thing was never placed at his disposal for ordinary country cases, and very often ice could not be procured in town. At all events, he supplied her with these drugs; there was not much hemorrhage, or not any more than would come on ladies at a certain time of life. There was no more medicine given to her from that Friday until the husband came to him on the Sunday morning following, and the first thing he said to the man was, "Mr. Carew is a very severe and an exact man, and his brother once reported me for dereliction of duty, so be very particular." The husband conversed with him for more than twenty minutes, and he did not appear to be at all in the distracted state that Capt. Carew described. He came in to attend eight o'clock Mass, and he told him (Dr. Cutler) that his wife felt so well on the Saturday that she was able to be up part of the day. As far as his recollection bore him out there was no unseemly language or conduct on the occasion, and he never knew until he saw it stated in the public Press that the services of another medical man had been requisitioned, or the priest summoned. He regarded the case as one which would go on intermittently for some time. The tumour had been expelled by nature, and not taken away by any operation.

Dr. Mackesy—Was it by the aid of the medicine which you gave her that it was expelled?

Dr. Cutler—I have no doubt.

Dr. Mackesy—And did you send out a bottle unlabelled?—The first medicine I gave her was in tabaloids; I thought the same medicine should be repeated, and I gave the bottle to the husband, with instructions and telling him if he wanted me to send for me. As to previous charges I am twenty-five years in the service of the Board, and I think I am safe in saying that I have the most laborious and onerous duties than in any district in Ireland. I spend twenty hours per week in the Waterford Dispensary, and four in the one across the water. I mentioned to this man that I had only been in bed four hours, and if he had told me straight that he wished me out I would have gone.

Mr. Kirwan—What about the car incident?

Dr. Cutler—I told him that this case might last for months, and that I would have perhaps take a car and go out several times. I walk five miles every day, and if I paid for cars every time I couldn't live—(hear, hear). All I said when I heard the priest was going out, was that I would half the car.

Dr. Mackesy—Which was a very natural thing to do.

Dr. Cutler said with reference to a previous complaint made against him, the cause might have happened to anyone; I failed to attend a case through absolute forgetfulness and stress of work. I am out day and night, and hardly ever at home, and if I fail sometimes, perhaps, through want of discretion, but mainly through great and overbearing work. It is not the will which fails, for I try to do things as well as possible, though I am heavily handicapped by the duties imposed upon me. Four out of the five city wards are in my district, and if I did fall in this case, I submit it was not really so bad as the Captain suggests. Dr. Cutler having concluded his statements,

Capt. Carew moved that he be "most severely censured," and Mr Colfer seconded the motion.

A discussion arose as to whether a sworn investigation shoudl be held or whether the doctor should be "most severely" censured, or only "censured," and after some give and take conversation, it was finally decided to pass the following resolution:—

That in view of all the circumstances of the case, the Board hereby censures Dr. Cutler for his conduct in this case, and expresses the hope that it will be a warning to him to act more considerately to the poor who appeal to him for professional assistance.

In this connection the following resolution was passed on the motion of Dr. Mackesy, seconded by Capt. Carew, stress having been previously laid upon the injustice of springing charges against officials in their absence,

That in future before any charge against any official of this Union is published by the public Press a statement of the charge be communicated to the official concerned, as to the time at which it would be formally brought forward.

This terminated the matter.

LETTER FROM ALDERMAN WHITTLE.

The following letter was read by the Clerk:

37 Manor-street, Waterford,
November 17th, 1902.

Dear Mr. Mackey—I beg to acknowledge with thanks yours of the 14th inst., together with copy of the vote of condolence passed by your Board, on the death of my late, deeply lamented father. Please convey to the members of the Board my sincere thanks for their generous sympathy to myself and the other members of the family in this our sad bereavement. Allow me also to thank you very much for your own personal expression of sympathy.

I am, dear Mr. Mackey,
Yours faithfully,
THOMAS WHITTLE (Ald.)

To John Mackey, Esq., Clerk of the Union.

HAVE YOU A BAD LEG

With Wounds that discharge or otherwise ... [illegible]

Read the following:

Kilmurry,
Johnstown Bridge,
Calfield, Co. Kildare,
Ireland.

Dear Sir—
Please send me a Box of your Grasshopper Ointment at once, the one I had is out. It is a miraculous cure—indeed I never saw the likes of it. Please don't delay.

Yours,
JAMES KERRIGAN.

HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE.

We learn from the "Clonmel Chronicle" that a sum of £36,000 has been sanctioned by the War Office for the purpose of providing additional accommodation at Clonmel for the Royal Field Artillery Depot. The ground for the intended new buildings has already been procured, adjoining the existing barracks, and the contract for the works, which will probably be divided, will shortly be taken so as to proceed with the building as soon as possible. The additional accommodation for the 18th Royal Irish Depot will afterwards be undertaken.

The Munster Winter Assizes will be opened in Cork on Tuesday, December 2nd, by the Hon. Mr. Justice Barton.

The rates in Limerick, supposed to be the worst managed city in Ireland, are 11s. 3d. The Corporation there have no property. In Waterford our rates are 9s. 4d., although we have property value £10,000 a year.

Two sons of Mr. P. F. Cullen, of the Curragh, were out with a gun on Tuesday fowling. When crossing a ditch one of the boys passed the gun to the other. The trigger caught on a ... and the charge went off, entering the body of Herbert Cullen and lodging in the vicinity of the heart, killing him instantaneously.

At the Carrick-on-Suir Butter Market on Tuesday, 71 firkins were disposed of at prices ranging from 84s. to 100s. per cwt. The buyers present were—Messrs. E. Courtenay and Son; Messrs. H. Ridgway and Son, and Mr. Thomas Flynn.

The fish supply of our city markets at present is very fair, and Messrs. Flynn and Young, of Conduit-street, inform us that as the weather is at present very suitable, trawling is going on in the harbour with a remunerative result, and good takes of sole and plaice are coming in. This is a very welcome result, because the herring fishery that was expected to be so prolific, has turned out a disappointment. As to the supply of "the natives," very little are coming in from the South Eastern beds, and the price is as high as 1s. 6d. per dozen, retail. The current prices for fresh fish are—Sole, 1s. 6d.; turbot, 1s. 6d.; plaice, 6d. per lb.; whiting 3d. each; hake, 6d. per lb.; cut cod fish, 4d. The game supplies are rather moderate, and the prices, per brace, are good for to-day—Snipe, 1s. 8d.; golden plover, 1s. 8d.; partridge, 2s. 6d.; woodcock, 5s.; wild duck ... [illegible]

We have received from Mr. Percy Fitzgerald, M.A., F.S.A., the following letter, which we commend to the perusal of all who admire the works of Charles Dickens:—"Dear Sir—The Dickens Fellowship is now firmly established. But in order to further the good purpose for which we were organised, we wish to reach as many Dickens' lovers as we can. I venture, therefore, to appeal to you for a small space in your valuable columns for this letter. The aims and objects of the Fellowship are clearly set forth in a pamphlet we have just issued, entitled 'Charles Dickens, the Story of his Life and Writings.' It is sold at a penny, and can, I think, be got at at all newsagents and railway bookstalls, or it would be sent direct for 1½d. by the Hon. Secretary, Dickens Fellowship, 8 Whitefriars street, London."

Mr. Morgan Fitzmaurice, after a long and honourable record as Harbour Master of Limerick Port, was superannuated on Monday, his retiring allowance being fixed at £170 a year. He will be succeeded in the office of Harbour Master by his nephew, Mr. John Fitzmaurice, master of the ss. Shannon. The commencing salary is fixed at £150 a year, with house and uniform. The other candidate proposed for the position was Alderman Joyce, M.P. for the City of Limerick, whose profession is that of a pilot. Fitzmaurice received 9 votes, and Joyce only 2!

Messrs. C. P. Redmond and Co. have just published a beautiful illuminated Temperance Text Card, in colours and gold, and we confidently recommend its adoption by the Clergy of the Diocese, the Managers of Schools, etc., and all interested in the temperance movement. The wording is as follows:—

"Oh! that men should put an enemy into their mouths to steal away their brains."

Drunkenness expels reason, drowns the memory, defaces beauty, diminishes strength, inflames the blood; causes internal, external, and incurable wounds; is a witch to the senses, a devil to the soul, a thief to the purse; the beggar's companion, a wife's woe, and children's sorrow; makes a strong man weak and a wise man a fool. He is worse than a beast, and is a self-murderer who drinks to others' good health and robs himself of his own."

The poor "Freeman" has lighted on evil days since it commenced to adore at William O'Brien's political shrine. Cardinal Logue addresses the paper no longer on Catholic or Irish affairs, and after Archbishop Walsh read Friday's article, he sent the following:—"To the Editor of the 'Freeman's Journal.' Archbishop's House, Dublin, 14th November, 1902. Dear Sir—I regret to have to ask you to allow me to say that, in view of all the circumstances of the case, I cannot but regard the publication of the article on the Law of Conspiracy which I have read in the 'Freeman's Journal' of this morning as simply deplorable.—William J. Walsh, Archbishop of Dublin."

The "Irish Times" says, re Archbishop Walsh's epoch-marking letter to the "Freeman's Journal" of last Saturday. "In a single sentence only six lines long Dr. Walsh has blown to the four winds the elaborate tissue of misrepresentations by which our contemporary attempted to cloak and obscure the real meaning of the Tallow verdict. In view of the close relations which are known to obtain between the Archbishop and the 'Freeman's Journal' the significance of his statement that he regards the publication of the article in question as 'simply deplorable' will escape no one's attention. It means that, as Bishop Clancy denounced Davittism in the country districts, so Archbishop Walsh has condemned O'Brienism in the towns."

And again, "The more sensible readers of the 'Freeman's Journal,' whose faith in the wisdom and justice of its opinions must have already suffered some pretty severe shocks, will have that faith entirely destroyed when they see in its own columns that so unimpeachable a Nationalist as Archbishop Walsh is compelled to stigmatize one of its ex cathedra pronouncements as 'simply deplorable.'"

The "Freeman's Journal" makes a silly effort to excuse itself to Archbishop Walsh for its attack upon Chief Baron Pallas in connection with the Tallow case. The following is from the "Freeman's Journal"—The Archbishop, for whose opinion we, in common with all Irishmen, have always entertained the deepest respect, consider that, "in view of all the circumstances of the case," the publication of our article was "simply deplorable.' The principles laid down by the Chief Baron, and their possible future effect on popular combination, are of wider importance than the circumstances of the particular case in which they were applied. Those principles no newspaper which believes in and supports the Irish popular movement could possibly ignore; and comment on them seemed to us not only necessary but inevitable. The application of those dicta, however, to the circumstances of the particular case before the Court we not merely did not consider, but were specially careful to exclude from consideration.

The following is another example of Princes-street logic—That notice has never since been withdrawn. The conclusion of a civil trial is no bar whatever to a criminal trial. In a case pending at this moment a civil trial was a preliminary to a criminal prosecution. If, in the Studdert case, the criminal prosecution had been instituted, and was still pending when the civil action concluded, it cannot be supposed that the criminal prosecution would have been dropped, or that the newspapers would have been permitted, on the strength of the civil verdict, to prejudice a pending criminal trial. We see no reason why Waterford Nationalists should be treated less considerately than Clare Unionists.

Of course, the "Freeman" omits the cardinal fact that criminal proceedings were not attempted vainly in the Studdert case before the civil action commenced. The "Freeman's Journal" makes a case to suit itself, but we imagine even William O'Brien would not ask the public to believe that George Wyndham would be guilty of an act so degrading as to again try the Tallow traversers on the criminal charge.

In the House of Commons on Monday, Mr. Tully asked the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant whether his attention had been directed to the charge of the Lord Chief Baron in the case of O'Keeffe v. Walsh and others, of Tallow, in which certain officials were alleged to have been guilty of a breach of public trust, and if he would state what proceedings he proposed to institute against the officials so referred to.

Then the following took place—Mr. Wyndham: I have read the newspaper report of this important judgment. I respectfully decline to debate the course pursued by the Executive more than three years ago. Mr. Tully asked why they were not treated the same as the Mullingar Board of Guardians, and prosecuted for breach of public trust. No answer was given

Aluminium broughams have been introduced in Paris, and are said to be twenty-five per cent. lighter than those composed of wood. As yet we have not heard of aluminium motor cars, but the metal seems peculiarly suitable for them. We shall soon see miniature armoured trains dashing about our high roads.

Mr. William O'Brien makes an attack on the Mayo Agricultural and Technical Committee and on some Mayo priests in a letter just published. Mr. O'Brien, in the course of the communication thus refers to the action of the Irish Party regarding the Education Bill—It will not be, I think, difficult for the Irish Party to defend the wisdom and the necessity for their policy whenever any body of more account than Count Moore and his factionist newspaper organ may consider that any defence is needed. Whatever may be the practical effects of the English Education Bill upon the voluntary schools (and it is a subject on which ecclesiastical as well as lay opinion is painfully divided) nothing can be more certain than that the action of the Irish Party never for an hour imperilled the passing of that Bill, while their policy has secured for Ireland at the hands of the Government advantages of which the full extent will only be appreciated hereafter, but which place a great settlement of the Irish land question almost beyond the domain of danger.

SILVER CHURN BUTTER COLOURING

IS INVALUABLE IN THE DAIRY.

"SILVER CHURN" BUTTER COLOURING—[illegible]

"SILVER CHURN" CHEESE RENNET—[illegible]

"SILVER CHURN" BUTTER POWDER—[illegible]

"SILVER CHURN" ANNATTO or CHEESE COLOURING—[illegible] In stone bottles 6d, 1s, 2s, 5s, 8s and 14s each. To be obtained from all Chemists and Grocers. Wholesale only from

OLDFIELD, PATTINSON & Co., Manchester.

He is the man who is held responsible by the country for the desertion of the Irish poor in England—estimated by Mr. Davitt in a letter in the last issue of the "Irish World" at 1,400,000—and the Catholics of Ireland want to know the reason why. It surely is no answer to talk vaguely about a future Land Bill, instead of letting us know why the Irish Party ran away from Parliament when the interests of the little children of Irish birth and extraction in Britain needed looking after by the only Catholic Party in the House.

The daily papers of Monday publish the correspondence which has taken place between Mr. John J. Horgan, hon. secretary of the Catholic Shareholders' Committee, Great Southern and Western Railway, and Mr. F. B. Ormsby, secretary to the Company. The first letter is from Mr. Horgan to Mr. Ormsby, and contains the resolution passed by the Shareholders' Committee at Tallow, on the 27th October, as follows:—"That as the Chairman of the Great Southern and Wetern Railway Co. stated that the list read out by Mr. Sweetman at the last meeting of the Company in August was inaccurate, this committee request the directors to supply them with a list of their officials having a salary of £100 and upwards, giving their names, religious denominations, and salaries."

In answer to this letter, Mr. Ormsby said—"I am directed by my board to state in reply that they cannot consent to give a return of the salaries paid to their officials, as such information (in accordance with the usual practice of public companies) is considered confidential. I am to add that the board have no information as to the religious beliefs of their employes, as no question is asked on this subject upon admission to the Company's service or subsequently."

Then there were two other letters in the shape of question and answer. Mr. Horgan's was the first, and he asked—"As your board has no information as to the religious belief of its employes, I would be obliged if you could ascertain from your chairman what foundation he had for challenging the allegations made by Mr. Sweetman at the last half-yearly meeting."

The Secretary's reply was terse. It stated—"I have nothing to add to my letter of the 1st inst., on the subject of the religious beliefs of the Great Southern and Western employes, and fail to see any inconsistency between it and the Chairman's statement."

Speaking of the controversy as to the exclusion of Catholics from positions of importance in the Great Southern and Western Railway, the "Evening Herald" of Monday, says:—Unless something is done at once to remove the impression which is now firmly stamped upon the public mind, the directors of the Great Southern and Western Railway will continue to lie under the hateful aspersion of being men who adopt a policy of proscription towards such of their employes as are the co-religionists of the great majority of the people of Leinster, Munster, and Connaught, from whom the bulk of the company's revenue is derived.

The following letter appeared in Tuesday's "Daily Independent," and in justice to Mr. Ormsby we think it only right to reproduce it. Dear Sir—In your issue of to-day you give what purports to be a correct copy of letters which passed between Mr. John J. Horgan, of Cork, and myself. I beg to say that what has been furnished to you is not a full copy of the letters that passed, but only extracts from them. The mutilated form in which my letter of the 14th inst. appears gives to it a tone of abruptness and discourtesy which the original did not, and was never intended to contain.—Yours faithfully, Fras. B. Ormsby.

The Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland have intimated to us that they have received within the last week or two several reports to the effect that Slag of a very inferior quality, described as Basic Slag, has recently been imported in considerable quantities into Ireland. Farmers intending to purchase genuine Basic Slag should, therefore, be on their guard, and should not fail to take advantage of the provisions of the Fertilisers and Feeding Stuffs Act. The Department send us a leaflet containing full information as to the procedure under this Act. Copies of this leaflet can be had on application to the "Secretary, Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland, Upper Merrion-street, Dublin."

In connection with our letter of the 14th inst. to the Local Government Board on the subject of the nuisance at the Strand road, Tramore, we have received a reply from that body to the effect that the matter will be duly considered.

On Sunday in presence of a large and devout congregation a fortnight's Retreat for both branches of the Confraternity of the Sacred Heart (the first week for women and second week for men) was opened in St. John's Church, of which the beloved and energetic Administrator is the Rev. P. Fitzgerald. The beautiful and impressive ceremonies associated with the occasion began at a quarter past seven o'clock, when the Holy Rosary was recited, after which the Rev. Father Gleeson, S.J., who in the conduct of the Retreat will be assisted by the Rev. Father Phelan, S.J., ascended the pulpit and preached a most eloquent and practical sermon on the Word of God, which was listened throughout with wrapt attention. The devotions concluded with Solemn Benediction of the Most Adorable Sacrament, the usual beautiful hymns being rendered in a highly creditable manner by the choir, under the skilled direction of Mr. Fallon, the talented organist of the church. During the Retreat there will be Mass every morning at seven o'clock, followed by instructions, and in the evening the devotions, including sermon and Benediction, will commence at 7.30.

SKERRY'S CIVIL SERVICE COLLEGE,

76 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin.

Recent Remarkable Results.

[illegible]

It is always with great pleasure that we record the proceedings of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution, knowing as we do a good deal of the splendid work it is doing around our coasts. Mr. Charles Dibdin, the Secretary, having read the minutes of the previous meeting, the silver medal of the Institution, accompanied by a copy of the vote inscribed on vellum (framed), was awarded to Mr. Thomas Dodd, coxswain of the Holylake Lifeboat, in recognition of his gallantry in saving life, more particularly for his services during the gale of the 17th October, when the lifeboat saved the crew of nine men from the stranded barquentine Matador, of Riga; the boat had only returned to her station eight hours previously, after having been afloat on service continuously for about fourteen hours. Rewards amounting to £1,256 were granted for services rendered by the lifeboats of the Institution during the past month, in which period they saved 74 lives. The assistance of several shore-boats in saving life was also recognised by pecuniary rewards from the Institution.

Twelve years ago the Editor of the "Limerick Leader" was tried and found guilty by two Removable Magistrates, of an offence under Balfour's Coercion regime, and sentenced to nine months' imprisonment. This week history repeats itself, and a savage Government again reaps the reward of its vindictiveness by sentencing Mr. Buckley, the proprietor and publisher, to practically ten months' imprisonment with hard labour.

Commenting on this sentence in his own paper, Mr. Buckley says—We have committed no offence that any Government outside the British Empire would condemn us for; we have advised our people to be true to themselves, to shun that which would bring them within the clutches of a merciless law; our policy is not crime or intimidation, but an appeal to the instincts of Irishmen to be true to the cause, true to themselves, and true to their country. For this we are prosecuted by an English Star Chamber established at Dublin Castle.

"I regret having to report that the numbers are still keeping on the increase, as we have 628 patients on the register this morning." This is an extract of the monthly report to the Governors, read by Dr. O'Neill on Wednesday at the meeting of the Limerick District Lunatic Asylum. Month after month, Dr. O'Neill, one of the most experienced practitioners of his kind in Ireland, has the same melancholy tale to tell, as also, indeed, has Dr. Oakshott, the Resident Medical Superintendent of the Waterford Asylum, to which inmates are received from the county and city. So great and so persistent is the increase of lunatic patients that a project for the construction of increased and necessary accommodation at a cost of £17,000 has been found absolutely desirable.

The death of another centenarian, this time at Mitchelstown, is mentioned. An article appeared in a contemporary some months ago dealing with persons who lived in three centuries—a tall order, but nevertheless true. Strange to say, these people all came from the neighbourhood of the Galtees, and the Cork and Limerick side of the Mitchelstown Union.

One of the persons then mentioned was Mary O'Dea, and this venerable old lady gave up the ghost on Saturday. She sustained her faculties to the end, her last moments on this earth being spent in the presence of her children and grand-children and a large circle of acquaintances.

An Irish correspondent of the "Westminster Gazette" writes to the effect that it was not Lord Dudley, but his private secretary, Lord Plunkett, whose hat was appropriated and consumed by an elephant at the Dublin "Zoo" the other day. As if to add insult to injury, too, it was while his lordship was in the act of picking up a bun to present to him that the ungrateful animal committed the outrage—to the huge delight, it must be added, of the Lord Lieutenant, and the other bystanders.

Who would not be beautiful? This is from the London dailies:—

SECRETS OF BEAUTY.—Gives a guarantee cure for wrinkles, shows how to obtain a perfect skin, roseleaf cheeks, ruby lips, shell-pink nails, and lily-white hands; free on receipt of stamped addressed envelope.—Address, etc.

Now, if a penny stamp could do all this, surely sixpence would make a fair, fat, and forty female a coral-skinned venus. Sixpence worth of beauty would rival a creation of one of the old masters.

It has been decided at a meeting of prominent yachtsmen, held at the Golden Cross Hotel, Charing-cross, to found a marine motor association, the principal object of which will be to promote motor-launch racing. A strong committee was appointed to draw up rules to govern racing of that kind, and another meeting will be held in the course of the next few days to complete arrangements for next season.

Mr. Michael Heany has joined the ever-increasing crowd of advertisers who make known their business developments in the "News." In this issue he announces that his new victualling establishment will be opened on Saturday, the 22nd inst., at No. 7 Patrick-street, for the sale of beef, mutton, pork, and other meats connected with the trade. He has made a good beginning by advertising largely, and we are sure that his enterprise in this respect will attract many customers, as it has done in many other local lines of business.

The Rev. F. F. Taylor, Seddenham, via Manchester, writes:—"I like Dr. Tibbles' Vi-Cocoa very much, and have used it every day. I believe it is all you represent it to be. It is far away to be preferred to tea, coffee, and other cocoas." The proprietors of Vi-Cocoa are still sending out thousands of dainty samples, tins of Vi-Cocoa, daily, free, 60, Bunhill Row, London, E.C., and we should, on the strength of this letter alone, advise our readers to drop a postcard to their address.

FUNERAL OF MISS M. FREYNE.

On Sunday last were laid to rest in the family burial place at Glenmore the earthly remains of Miss Margaret Freyne ... [illegible]

NOTES AND NOTIONS.

DUNGARVAN.

The abstention of the Irish members from the recent debates in the House of Commons on the English Education Bill has caused widespread dissatisfaction not only amongst the Catholic clergy, but amongst the interested laity, who fear that the spiritual interests of the Catholic children of Irish parents resident in England will suffer. On the 12th inst, a meeting of the priests of West Waterford was held here, and a resolution was forwarded to Messrs. John E. Redmond, M.P.; J. J. O'Shee, M.P., and P. J. Power, M.P., calling their attention to this fact. I sent you Mr. O'Shee's reply on Tuesday, in which he points out that in his opinion the time has come for calling a meeting of the party to decide future action in view of the feeling on this question now being evidenced throughout the country.

On Wednesday the reply of the chairman of the Irish party was received as follows:—

"16, Wynstay Gardens, Kensington, London,
"November 17, 1902.

"Rev. Francis O Prendergast, The Presbytery,
"Dungarvan.

"Dear Rev. Sir,—I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 13th inst., with copy of a resolution passed at a meeting of the priests of West Waterford on the 12th inst, with reference to the English Education Bill. I need scarcely say this resolution will have my most careful consideration.—Very truly yours,

"J. E. REDMOND."

Now, if action is to be taken it should be taken immediately. Mr. O'Shee, M.P., suggests that a meeting of the party ought be called to decide on future action with regard to this Education Bill. Should there be any delay about this, great injury will result to the party in the country. If they are willing to face the issue, then there should be no divided responsibility. A meeting should be immediately called and the question there and then decided, so that their attitude on the question should be placed beyond doubt.

(Of course our readers will understand that these are our correspondent's own ideas.—Ed. W.N.)

Another bill was presented to the Urban District Council on Monday last by E. P. Williams, LL.D., for the amount of the decree had against them by Mrs. Quinlan, Bridge-st., for injury through their negligence in leaving part of the street in such a condition as to cause that lady personal injury.

The Chairman and Mr. James Dunne waited on Dr. Williams to ask for time, but as a cheque for the amount was formerly sent, and as there were no funds to meet it, Dr. Williams now asked the members who waited on him to make provision for its payment. The amount was paid from another account, and the costs and disgrace of a seizure staved off.

It appears that Mr. McCarthy, the Town Clerk, was occupied during the past few days with the Auditor, Mr. More O'Ferrall; and therefore could not lay the promised financial statement before the Council. The statement is to include all sums due by the Council. Whether the debt due to the Munster Bank, and irrecoverable by that institution, will hold a place at the debit or credit side of the statement is a conundrum which can only be solved by the Town Clerk himself.

The prices ruling at Dungarvan fair on Wednesday were as follows:—Donkeys, of which 200 were purchased for South Africa, were eagerly sought for and fetched good prices. Whether the animals will receive better treatment there or at home in Ireland is a matter of doubt. Milch cows sold for £12 to £16; calves, £4 to £5; two year olds, £8 to £12; three year olds, £12 to £15; sheep in good demand from 35s. to 45s.; horses fetched good prices and there was a large attendance of buyers; store pigs, 30s. to 35s. bonhams, £1 to 25s.

Every priest and layman in the diocese who has the pleasure of knowing Father Coghlan, Lismore, are pleased to learn that he has been selected as Administrator of the parish of Ballyduff, first because Father Coghlan will still remain in touch with the many sincere friends which he had during the past sixteen years succeeded in winning for himself in Lismore, and secondly, because we believe that any responsibility with which the good priest may be entrusted will be faithfully discharged towards his people.

Mr. Beary will have completed the waterworks connection on Thursday next. The town is at present being supplied from old barrels used ten or twelve years ago.

Law proceedings are being instituted by the County Council against the Dungarvan Urban District Council for the maintenance of the suburban roads. It is an easy matter to spend the money of the ratepayers, but when the bill comes to be paid later on there will be wigs on the green.

LISMORE.

The co-option of some additional members on the District Council and the election of workhouse master, to fill the place rendered vacant by the death of Mr. Frederick Wm. Flood, brought together an extraordinary number of District Councillors and Guardians on last Wednesday, and the greatest interest was manifested in the election of a suitable man for the position, which is, perhaps, the most responsible under the Local Government Board, as all the management of the union, and the care of the stock and provisions is under the master's control. From the first we were steadfast in our conviction that Mr. McDonald would win the coveted post, as he had a great amount of support from the start, and we turned out to be sound in that view, as he had a good clear majority over the rest. The Very Rev. Canon McGrath, P.P., wrote to the guardians on this election as follows:—

"Lismore, Nov. 18th, 1902.

"Gentlemen,—May I take the liberty as R.C. Chaplain to suggest that you might in justice to the best interests of the institution, waive every political and personal feeling in the appointment of master of the house, which you are soon to deliberate upon and to decide. I make the suggestion irrespective of any bias of my own in the selection of a candidate, only in the best interests of the union, and in that view I earnestly trust to your sense of propriety that a competent married man will be appointed, and a married man only.—I remain, gentlemen, your faithful servant,

"T. CANON McGRATH,
R.C. Chaplain."

Though Mr. Patrick O'Shea got good support, yet we cannot hide from the public the fact that all the sterling members of the National organization—the United Irish League—voted solidly for George McDonald, and this must certainly be recognised as a triumph for the League candidate, as the District Council have made it a rule not to give any position to those outside the popular movement. Some people may consider this a narrow policy, but I think it is only fair that a nationalist public body should support their friends in preference to the luke-warm, or indifferent, or those who elect to remain apparently satisfied with the present policy of the Tory Government of England, for that is what their conduct spells, and such persons have no claim on the support of the national party in the District Council or the Board of Guardians.

CAPPOQUIN.

The last meeting of the local branch of the United Irish League showed no falling off on the part of those who, for the past few years kept the flag flying in this town, despite the conduct of some who, if they had a manly spark of independence, would be inside the fold long ago, instead of trying to make capital out of the little mistakes and the shortcomings of the men engaged in the national struggle for the greater portion of their lives, for it must be borne in mind that the members of the League are not, and don't pretend to be, more or less than human, so that the carpers have no case, and are keeping away simply because they don't wish to be Leaguers.

Mr. Collender made a great appeal to the men assembled on Sunday, not to renege the principles of the League, as we are coming to the end of the fight, and no man should be a coward or a slave now.

The lamps are up at last, and the effect is felt very much for the past few days, as the streets present a bright and cheerful appearance at night, and the boon to all persons is great.

The classes of the Gaelic League in the Male National School are attended by a big crowd on Wednesday nights, and we are confident that as time goes along more will join it, for no man can say he is truly Irish unless he can speak the language of our saints and scholars in the days when Ireland was a free and independent nation. There are a good many young ladies also in the Gaelic League, and the number [illegible] is on the increase.

On next Sunday the Nationalists will celebrate the anniversary of the Manchester Martyrs by a band procession through the town and a torchlight procession, to demonstrate that the men who faced the British [illegible]

[illegible]

ing was being done was not Irish. The work had been done at the "People" office, and Mr. Keane, the editor, who was present, expressed the belief that it was Irish, and promised to give the committee full information on the matter at their meeting the following week. The incident, trivial as it appeared, seems to have more in it than appears on the surface, at least one would suppose so, judging from the letter from the "People" office, read at last Thursday's meeting. The two gentlemen who raised the point got an awful slating, ict being clearly conveyed that they were actuated by other motives besides their zeal for Irish manufacture. As a matter of fact the paper is a well-known brand made at Saggart, Co. Dublin. It is a pity that gentlemen who profess to be so staunch Irish revivalists should allow themselves to be so readily tripped up.

At the weekly meeting of the Urban Council on Tuesday night a letter was read from the Local Government Board informing the Council that a recent minute of theirs, in which they directed the sanitary sub-officers to, not in future, direct the attention of the doctors to any remises without first getting the sanction of the Corporation was ultra vires, as it proposed to relieve those officers of the duties imposed on them by the Public Health Acts.

The discussion of the eternal rates question was resumed. The two city rate collectors were present and were subjected to a running fire of criticism by the members. The collectors expressed their willingness to allow their sureties to place the remainder of the collection in the hands of Mr. Buggy, solicitor to the Council. In the end it was decided to further adjourn the matter till next week, the collectors being directed to distrain wholesale meanwhile.

I have found that Messrs. Lipton and Co. have, after all, decided to open a branch in Kilkenny. In fact the alterations in the premises in High-street are already in the hands of Mr. Stephen Lawlor, builder of this city.

The Kilkenny Theatre has been extremely well patronised during the first month of its existence. It is a question whether Kilkenny could stand a drain on its resources, as the present state of things would entail. However, the visit of Edison's pictures next week is being largely looked forward to.

The committee that are making arrangements for the celebration of the Manchester Martyrs anniversary have been in quest of celebrities to deliver the oration on Sunday. They had not succeeded up to last night.

On Wednesday last a very interesting match was played between the County and City Rugby Club and St. Kieran's College, in the grounds of the latter. A very exciting game resulted in the victory of the home team by 25 points to 3, a result which fairly represented the difference between the teams. The feature of the match was the facility with which the St. Keran's boys dropped goals from every part of the field

TALLOW.

The town of Tallow possesses some interesting historical associations. In 1856 it was granted, together with the surrounding territory, to Sir Walter Raleigh, by whom the estates were afterwards assigned to Sir Richard Boyle, subsequently Earl of Cork. In 1643 the Earl of Inchiquin with his army affected a junction with the forces of Lords Dungarvan and Broghill at Tallow, and proceeded to the relief of Lismore Castle, then besieged by the Irish. A little to the west of Tallow stands Lisfinny Castle, at one time a fortress of the Earls of Desmond, and in later years was for some time the residence of the late Mr. Jasper Douglas Pyne, M.P. for West Waterford.

In the "Here and There" column of the "Herald" we find the following—The Tallow case is likely to become famous for many reasons. However, political comments find no channel in this column. "Here and There" is written far from the madding crowd. Heaven knows there is enough politics and to spare without altering the neutral tints of these paragraphs. But as to Tallow—the little place is libelled byt its name being suggestive of candle-grease, lubricants for cartwheels, and uncanny fats. It is one of the most charmingly situated spots in all Ireland, hidden away from railways and ructions in the fair valley of the Bride, every bend of the river, and every patch on the hillsides redolent of old-time tales and tradition. Here was born Hogan, the last of our sculptors, the young Irishman who gained the admiration of Thorvalsden, the greatest of modern workers in marble and bronze, who when leaving Rome to pass the winter of his life in his own beloved Copenhagen, bade adieu to Hogan, and said, with tears in his voice—"Thank God, I leave one artist behind me."

A grand concert was given in the Town Hall on last Friday evening under the management of the Rev. Mr. Deane, assisted by Mr. S. Bowler and Mr. H. F. Broad, and all the items were performed in a most creditable manner. The overtures and comic songs by pierrots of the 6th Provisional Battalion, Fermoy, were very interesting and highly appreciated. Mrs. Dorman's singing of "Kathleen Mavourneen" and "Home Sweet Home" was beautiful and very impressive, and was enthusiastically encored. Miss Godfrey sang "The Flight of Ages" and "I Can Laugh and I Can Sing" in a clear, rich voice, full of sympathy and emotion, and was also repeatedly encored. Miss Bayley danced an Irish jig and hornpipe in really graceful and artistic fashion. Mr. Long sang "The Minstrel Boy" and "Queen of my Heart" in a very pleasing and sympathetic manner. Mr. Trundell's comic songs "The Polka and the Choir Boy" and "Killaloe" were rendered in his usual inimitable style, and Mr. Broad's comic songs "The Huntsman" and "The Prehistoric Man" convulsed the audience with loughter. It was a most enjoyable night spent for a very laudable purpose—in aid of the coal fund for the poor of Tallow and Conna.

Mr. Fleming's local agent is now prepared to insure farmers' oats in transit by lighter to Youghal, against fire, or in the event of being stranded or sunk. Mr. Lynch having got up another lighter of the finest Newport red-ash coal, which he is selling at the lowest possible price, the lighter returned to Youghal on Wednesday with oats for Mr. Fleming.

The Tallow traversers are not a bit crestfallen at the result of the late trial, as a sympathiser has said, "They seem prepared to undergo a little self sacrifice in the interests of their country."

KILMACOW.

The proceedings at the meeting of No. 2 District Council, held here on Wednesday, were of exceptional interest, but as a lucid report will be elsewhere found in our columns, it is unnecessary to comment on them here, for the present at any rate.

The members of the Sarsfield Band have received an invitation to take part in the Martyrs' procession, to be held in Kilkenny City on Sunday at 3 o'clock, but I fear they cannot accept, as the usual torch light procession will take place here on either Saturday or Sunday night.

The collection in aid of the National Defence Fund, held here on Sunday last, was from every point of view an undoubted success. Many parties who have heretofore held aloof from the League, came forward with their subscriptions, and I am confident that the few who are yet backward will pay up on or before Sunday, 23rd inst., when the list will close.

Mr. James Farrell's many friends will be glad to hear that that gentleman has completely recovered from the effects of a rather severe cold which he contracted recently, and which prevented his genial and ever welcome presence outside for some days. Mr. Farrell attended the quarterly meeting of the No. 2 District Council, of which he is a most useful member, last Wednesday, and appeared as sprightly and as light-hearted as ever.

KILMACTHOMAS.

Nationalists in this district are looking forward with great interest to Sunday's great demonstration, to secure the success of which nothing has been left undone by the committee. A spacious platform has been erected on the Fair Green which will accommodate at least 50 persons. Several members of Parliament have written to say they will attend, as well as the leading Nationalists throughout the country. Bands from Dungarvan, Cappoquin, and Kilmacthomas will be present, and it is anticipated that the meeting will be one of the largest ever held in this side of the country. The chair will be taken at 1.30 o'clock, when we hope to see a large crowd of enthusiastic nationalists from East and West Waterford taking part in the proceedings.

The many friends of Mr. "Jack" Walsh, the fine young sportsman who recently sustained a rather severe injury in the hunting field under circumstances already [illegible] in this column, will delight to [illegible] under the loving care of his parents [illegible]

[illegible]

brought under the notice of the Guardians, many expressions of regret were uttered, and a very nice reference was made by Mr. Michael Byrne, the active and intelligent vice-chairman of the Board, to the matron's very fany good qualities and her kindness to the poor under her charge. On the recommendation of the Rev. Mother of the Convent at Kilmacthomas, who is herself a sister of the nun, now indisposed, Sister M. Stanislaus was appointed to discharge the duties of matron of the Workhouse, during the absence of Sister Agnes for one month.

Some very much-needed improvements are now being carried out at the railway station. The wood work has been painted, and the place is beginning to present a neat and comfortable appearance.

Last Tuesday was a fine day for indulging in the "sport of kings." The Waterford Houn is were out, the rendezvous being Ballylaneen, and I understand that some capital spins were had. Messrs. Herbert Goff and Percy Kenneally, with two fine hunters, came from Waterford to Kilmacthomas by train on Tuesday morning and joined the cavalcade.

Constable Cary, R.I.C., who is so popular in the village, has not yet resumed duty, owing to illness by which he had been prostrated now for some months back.

MR. DOOLEY ON IRISH AFFAIRS IN GENERAL.

Mr. Dooley, the Irish-American humorist, is at his best in some more reflections which he made recently on the Irish question. He says—

"I don't believe in too much foorce, but ye've always got to flavour th' porridge with it. I'd have a little constichoochinal agytation an' a little foorce, a shtreak iv wan an' a shtreak iv th' other, a polite request an' a punch in th' eye, an argymint an' a kick, a janial laad in Parlymint with a mellow voice an' a good ginteel accint, an' a boy in corduroys behind a rock in th' County Sligo to pint the moral."

Continuing, Mr. Dooley observes—"I wud shoot off th' mouth wan day an' th' blunderbuss th' nex'. I'd have me frind Tay Pay stand up in Parlymint and say—

"Gintlemen, ye know I'm sthrongly again th' use iv foorce. Th' name of dinnymite fills me with abhorrence an' th' explosion iv a fire-cracker gives me th' jumps. As a rale ol' English gintleman in a long coat, as between fellow subjicks iv th' King, that dear good man whom all revere, I plead with ye to do justice to th' fair land iv mine, which I often see on th' maps as I come down to th' House,' he says. 'Go to th' divvle,' says th' Right Hon'rable Arthur James Balfour. 'They ain't enough justice to go around amongst us now, an' why wud ye be throwin' it away on a nice, polite people like ye?' he says. I 'forgot to add,' says Tay Pay, 'that a frind iv mine is settin' in th' gall'ry with a bag containing about thirty pounds iv up-with-ye," he says.

And the quaint observer of men and things, concludes:—

"'He has jus' wrote me a note sayin' that his arm is tired an' wud I mind if he tossed th' bag down to ye,' he says. 'I'm greatly grieved with th' action of me fellow-counthryman, but his name is O'Brien, an' I can't conthrol him,' he says. 'So here I go f'r th' fire escape,' he says, 'an',' he says, 'if ye'll bring th' pa-pers with ye,' he says, 'we might discuss th' terms iv th' settlement as we climb down,'" he says.

This is "Mr. Dooley's" opinion on swearing. He says—"Swearin' belongs to some thrades like printin', bricklayin', an' plumbin'. It is no help at all, at all to tailors, shoemakers, hair-dressers, dintists, authors. A surgeon needs it, but a doctor niver. It is a great help in unloadin' a ship, an' sailor men always swear—the cap'n an' mate whin wurruk is goin' on an' th' men before the mast at meals. Sojers mus' swear. They've no way out iv it. It's as much th' equipment iv a sojer as cartridges. In vigorous spoort it is nicissry, but niver at checkers, or chiss, an' sildom at dominoes."—"Winnipeg Tribune."

The philosophic Mr. Dooley hits off the Irish policy neatly:—

"I wondher will England iver free Ireland," asked Mr. Hennessy.

"Niver," said Mr. Dooley. "What talk have ye? No wan wants it that way. England will niver free Ireland, but some day, if we make it intherestin' enough f'r her, she'll have to free England iv Ireland. An' that'll be all right."

NEW

A. S. Furlong has a great variety of New Season's. Jams and Jellies from the best factories only. 77, Quay

CITY POLICE COURT.

SATURDAY.

Before Messrs. J. N. Ryan, J.P., and J. S. White.

James Power was summoned for being drunk at Doyle-street. He was fined 2s. 6d.

Anne Jones and Michael Jones were summoned for fighting at Patrick-street. Michael Jones made use of very bad language, and there were six convictions against him in 12 months. He was ordered to be imprisoned for one month, and Anne Jones was fined 10s. or 14 days in default.

Edward Walsh was charged with being drunk at Patrick-street, there were 9 convictions in 12 months, fined 5s.

Constable Malloney had Patrick Murray charged with drunkenness, fined 2s. 6d. or 48 hours.

Michael Brown was summoned for being drunkat Patrick-street; there were other convictions against him for the past 12 months, and he was ordered to be imprisoned for one month.

TUESDAY.

In the City Police Court to-day, before Messrs. Power, J.P., and Kenny, J.P., Bridget Hackett was summoned for being drunk; she was fined 5s. John Green was charged for a similar offence, but never having been convicted before, he was fined only 6d. James Power was also summoned for drunkenness; there were several convictions against him within twelve months, and he was fined 40s. or one month.

THURSDAY.

In the City Police Court to-day, before Ald. J. Power, J.P., and Mr. P. J. Kenny, J.P., John Mahony was summoned for riotous behaviour on Saturday night. There were no convictions against him in the twelve months, and he was fined 2s. 6d. Michael Connell was summoned for being drunk at Patrick-street; there had been eight convictions against him in twelve months, and he was fined 2s. 6d. and costs. John Darcy was also charged for a similiar offence and fined 1s. Thomas MacMahon was summoned for drunkenness, and was fined 2s. 6d. John Daly was summoned for riotous behaviour, he was fined 2s. 6d. Thomas Dwyer was summoned for being drunk at Patrick-street, he was fined 5s. William Duggan and Thomas Lawless were both summoned for fighting on Saturday night; there were four convictions against Duggan in twelve months and he was fined 10s. 6d.; Thomas Lawless who was only trying to defend himself, and against whom there had been no convictions, was discharged. John Flynn and James Redmond were both summoned for drunkenness and disorderly conduct, each was fined 5s., with the usual alternative.

SEEING IS BELIEVING.

Call and see Coonan and Co's. new season's stock of Fancy Goods, Toys, etc.

Latest Novelty. Xmas Cards with your own photographs, price from 8s. per dozen. Note address, Messrs. Poole & Co., 34 Mall, Waterford. Come at once and avoid disappointment.

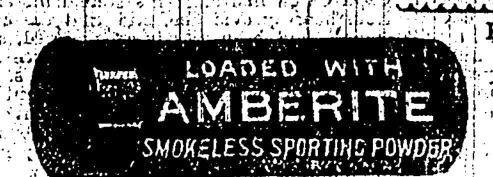
The Great Southern and Western Company [illegible]

TELEPHONE No. 41A

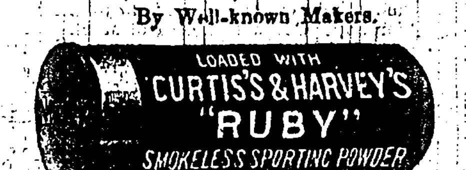
O'LEARY'S

MAKERS of the "CELTIC" Cycles.

BEST & CHEAPEST HOUSE FOR ALL KINDS OF ARMS & AMMUNITION.

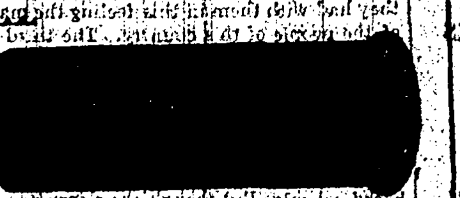


SPECIAL VALUE IN GUNS, RIFLES, REVOLVERS, &c., By Well-known Makers.



☞ REDUCED PRICES TO CLUBS.

INCLUDING
Amberite,
Ballistite,
Cannonite,
Empire,
E.C.
Kynoch,
Schultze,
Ruby,
Diamond Grain, &c.



We hold a Large Stock Winter Goods, including WATER-PROOFS, CAPES, FOOT-BALLS, LEGGINGS.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE TELERAMIC TARGET CO.

O'LEARY & CO., NOTE ADDRESS: ☞ 7 & 8, George's St., Waterford.

THE FUNERAL OF PRINCE EDWARD OF SAXE-WEIMAR.

London, Wednesday.

The remains of Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimar were borne on a gun carriage and escorted by troops to Victoria Station this morning en route for Chichester, where the funeral takes place. The coffin was covered by the Union Jack, and the deceased's Field Marshal's cocked hat and sword were placed on top. Following the coffin came the Prince's charger, with the deceased's boots and accoutrements reversed.

The Kaiser sent a wreath, and the Prince of Wales was among the mourners.

IN THE DIVORCE COURT.

BIG DAMAGES FOR A WRONGED HUSBAND.

The hearing of the petition of John Stapleton Worsley, of Clifton, near Manchester, in divorce, on the ground of his wife's adultry with Joseph Worsley, cotton merchant, of Blackpool, uncle of petitioner, has concluded. The jury found, for the petitioner, who was awarded fifteen hundred pounds damages and granted a decree nisi, with costs.

A MOTHER'S ALLEGED BRUTALITY TO A SEVEN-YEAR-OLD CHILD.

A LADY GIVES HER DAUGHTER RAISINS DOSED WITH MUSTARD.

A BABY RUBBED WITH NETTLES.

At Old Bailey yesterday Minnie Elizabeth Penruddocke, wife of a Wiltshire J.P., was indicted for cruelty to her child, Letitia Constantine, aged seven. Counsel for the prosecution alleged that accused treated the girl differently from her other children. Bruises were found on the child's body, and the child accounted for her swollen face by saying that the accused rubbed it with a nettle and gave it raisins with mustard on them, and once knocked it down. The Governess gave evidence to prove the cruelty.

The child Connie was called and deposed to acts of cruelty, and said her mother once put a wasp down her back. She (the child) had eaten of dog's food.

Medical evidence was given that there were a number of weals and bruises on the child's body. The doctor said these marks were consistent with evidence of cruelty.

THE KAISER'S VISIT TO LORD ROSEBERY.

A STARTLING INCIDENT AT DALMENY STATION.

The Press Association Special Correspondent at Queensferry telegraphs that the German Emperor reached Dalmeny station at 12.30 and left with Lord Rosebery in an open carriage. When the colours of the Black Watch were lowered outside the station the horses shied, and the postilion lost control. The horse backed into the crowd, and an accident must have occurred had not Sir Archibald Hunter alertly sprung forward and seized the reins. The animals were brought to their proper position and the drive to Dalmeny Park began.

The German Emperor, having lunched at Dalmeny, went to Queensferry and embarked on the Hohenzollern, a Royal salute being fired.

KAISER WILHELM GOES HOME.

The German Emperor sailed for home at 3.30 yesterday.

THE MURDER OF A LONDON STOCKBROKER.

THE GIRL'S STATEMENT.

VERDICT OF MANSLAUGHTER.

At the resumed inquest in London yesterday on Arthur Baker, stockbroker, the police stated that the accused girl, Byron, said she was informed that Baker intended discarding her, and she thought she then went absolutely mad. She had some brandy, and after purchasing the knife she drank more brandy. Whilst she was awaiting Baker's reply, she had still more brandy, and when the deceased refused to pay an extra fee on a letter, she plunged the knife into him. The jury returned a verdict of manslaughter.

THE DEATH OF THE LATE MR. KENSIT.

THE ACCUSED DISCHARGED AND RE-ARRESTED.

London, Saturday.

At Birkenhead to-day, John McKeever was again charged in connection with the death of Mr. Kensit. The magistrate discharged the accused, who was immediately re-arrested for trial at Liverpool.

ANOTHER DEATH SENTENCE AT OLD BAILEY.

At Old Bailey, Thomas Fairclough Barrow, 49, labourer, was sentenced to death for murdering Emily Barrow, his step-daughter, with whom he lived.

C. P. REDMOND & CO.,
WATERFORD NEWS,
Possess the Sole Right of Posting Bills on the
WELL-ERECTED RESERVED
Posting Stations
AT:—

The Bridge (2), Quay, Bilberry, Bridge-Street (2), Summerhill, Morgan-Street, Cork Road (2), Johnstown (2), Barker-Street, John's Hill (2), Ballytruckle, High-Street, Thomas's Hill.

Stephen-Street, Patrick-Street (2), Peter-Street (2), Michael-Street, John's Lane (2), Mary-Street, Arundel Square, Alexander-Street, Bolton-Street, [illegible]-Street, Catherine-Street, Ferrybank (2).

And Several other Stations in different Parts of the Town.

We can guarantee to keep Bills exhibited at these Places for any length of time [illegible]

'Ireland's Own.'

THE NEW PENNY WEEKLY OF FICTION, LITERATURE, AND GENERAL INFORMATION, ON SALE TUESDAY NEXT.

ORDER FROM YOUR NEWSAGENT.

TO NEWSAGENTS.

Newsagents please note. The Wholesale Firms who supply you with your Weeklies or Morning Papers can send you a supply of "IRELAND'S OWN."

ORDER NOW. ORDER NOW.

T. G. PATERSON,
Member of Tattersall's,
FLUSHING, HOLLAND,

The last "UNIQUE OFFER" of the Season on the MANCHESTER NOVEMBER HANDICAP.

£1,000 to 2s. 6d.

Season 1903.

WATERLOO CUP, LINCOLNSHIRE HANDICAP, GRAND NATIONAL, and DERBY

See the "TURF REGISTER," sent post free on application.

Telegrams—"Bumptions, London."

THIRD EDITION OF
"BEAUTY SPOTS IN THE South-East of Ireland."
(By C. P. REDMOND)
CAN NOW BE HAD,
PRICE - 1/-
FROM THE FOLLOWING AGENTS AND AT THE "NEWS" OFFICE.

WATERFORD.
Mr. Walsh, s.s. "Dunbrody."
Eason's Bookstall, City.
P. M. Egan, Quay.
E. O'S. Wardell, Quay.
Miss Hay, Quay.
Miss A. Power, Broad-street.
G. D. Croker, Mall.
A. H. Poole & Co., 134, Quay, and The Mall.
BELFAST—McCrea & McFarland, 12, Royal Avenue
CORK—Henry Gaze & Sons, 111, Patrick-Street
M. J. Leacy, Independent Office,
DUBLIN—Eason & Son.
Henry Gaze & Sons, 16, Suffolk-Street
DUNGARVAN—Miss Cunniffe and P. Cahill.
CAPPOQUIN—W. J. Troy.
CLONMEL—Mr. McEnery.
CARRICK-ON-SUIR—Mrs. Reidy.
KILLARNEY—Henry Gaze & Sons, College Street

GUNS! GUNS!!

BEST value in Ireland. Double Breech loaders from 45s.; Hammerless, from £6; Single Breechloaders, from 35s.; Chassepot Single Breechloaders, 18s. 6d.; Double Muzzleloaders, from 27s.; Single, from 12s. 6d.; Large Crow Scaring Pistols, 7s. 6d.; all guaranteed sound and reliable. [illegible] Brown Cartridges, 7s. [illegible] 100; [illegible] per 100. Sporting requisites of all kinds at lowest possible prices. Illustrated price list post free. Repairs executed in first-class style at exceptionally low rates.

L. KEEGAN
(LATE OF WHEKES & CO.),
35 UPPER ORMOND QUAY,
DUBLIN.

SUBSCRIPTION [illegible]
[illegible]

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO NEWS ADVERTISERS.

IRISH MANUFACTURE DIARY.

Advertisers in THE NEWS who are selling Irish Manufactured Goods should send us on their names and the Irish-made articles they are prepared to supply. In order to bring home directly to every shopkeeper and every householder the Irish-made articles that can be produced at their doors, we shall publish weekly this column headed

WHERE IRISH GOODS CAN BE HAD.

B.
Barrington & Son, Dublin:—
Soaps of all classes.
Bewley & Drapers:—
Mineral Waters and Inks.
Briscoe F., High-street:—
Fancy Bread and Biscuits.
Bell H., Quay:—
Bell's Celebrated Baking Powder for quality and quantity. "Krongola," an efficacious Embrecation for Rheumatism and Pains in the joints. Bells Cough Elixir, a well-known "Exine," a perfect Corn cure.

C.
Carroll John & Co., Quay:—
Tweeds, Serges, Coatings, Blankets, Quilts, Flannels, Shirtings. Towels, Napkins, Table Linen, Pillow Covers, Table Cloths, Poplin Scarves, Knitted Vests, Aprons, Tweed Suits, Serge Suits, Dress Serges, Linens.
Cantrell and Cochrane, Dublin:—
Mineral Waters.
Cordner W. J., Quay and Henrietta-street:—
Irish Cycles, Irish Tyres, Irish Pump Clips, Irish Repair Outfits, Irish Footballs, Irish Hockey Sticks, Irish Indoor Games, Irish Waterproof Coats and Capes, Irish Football and Hockey Boots, Irish Sceptres, Bar Bells.

D.
Dooley's Hotel Restaurant, Spirit Bar, Quay:—
Jameson's Whiskey, direct from Bow-street Distillery; Guinness's Stout, bottled on the premises; Thwaite's, Hovenden & Orris, and Waterford Minerals; Strangmans Waterford Strong Beer; Goodbody's, Gallagher's, and Murray's Roll and Fancy Tobaccos, Cigars and Cigarettes; Waterford Pipes.
Doyle P. M., Quay:—
Goodbody's and Gallaher's Roll, Plug, Snuff, Cigarettes, Matches, Hanley's Pipes, Irish Blackthorns.
Deevy & Co., Broad-street:—
Manufacturers, Hosiery, Shirts, Pinafores Irish-made Handkerchiefs, Suits, Dress Materials, etc. Hats kept in Stock.

F.
Furlong, A. S., 77, Quay, Waterford—Barrington's and Shaw's Soaps; Cherry's Mustard; Cleeve's Butter, Milk, and Cream; Jacob's Biscuits and Cakes; Virt's Jams and Marmalades (or preserves). All the Best Brands of Irish Hams and Bacon.

G.
Grainger H., Quay and Barronstrand-st.:—
Ladies' Gents and Children's Hoisery.
Goodman's Rembrandt Studio:—
Best Photographs, Life Size Enlargements Irish Note-paper and Envelopes, Ledgers, School Books, Catholic Prayer Books, Bog Oak Goods. Also Xmas Cards. All manufactured in Ireland.

H.
Hearne James & Co., 63 and 64, Quay:—
Irish Waterproof Coats, Irish Buttermilk Soap and others, Irish Socks and Stockings, Irish Hats and Suits, Irish Poplin Scarfs, Irish Corsets, Irish Handkerchiefs, Irish Sheets and Table Cloths, Irish Dress Materials, etc., etc.
Hearne & Cahill, Broad-street:—
Ladies' and Gents' Boots in Variety.
Higgins John, Patrick-street:—
Soap, Candles, Starch, Whiskey, Stout, Confectionery.

I.
Irish Civil Service Building Society:—

K.
Kirwan John & Co., 124, Quay:—
Rounds Spiced Beef, Limerick Hams, and Bacon, Turkeys (Irish fed), Ox Tongues, Irish-made Cakes in great variety, Cleeve's and Watts' Creamery Butter, Matterson's Sausages, Passage Cured Kippered Herrings

O.
O'Keeffe and Sons, Michael-street:—
Celtic Crosses and Tombs in Irish Marble and select Limestone.
OGrady E., Quay:—
Theatrical Wigs, Beards, etc.

P.
P. F. Lynch and Co., 94, Quay:—
Irish Tweed Suits, Belfast Linen, Shirts, and Collars, Handkerchiefs, Belfast Knit Hosiery.
Patriotic Assurance Company:—

R.
Redmond C. P. & Co.:—
WATERFORD NEWS, EVENING NEWS. All kinds of Printing and Bookbinding Work, Notepaper and Stationery generally, Waterford and South-Eastern Railway and Steamboat Guide. Agents Patriotic Assurance Company.
Robertson and Ledlie:—
Furniture, Linens, Dresses, Waterproofs, Hosiery, Suits, Poplin Ties, Flannels and Blankets, Quilts, Handkerchiefs.

T.
Tobin P. and Sons, Quay:—
Cloths, Serges, Tweeds, Dress Materials, Felt Hats, Silk Hats, Flannel Shirts, White Shirts, Linen Collars, Poplin Ties, Spun and Knitted Stockings, Waterproof Coats, Boots, Blouses, Lace, Linens, Blankets.

V.
Victoria Hotel, Colbeck-street:—
All Irish Whiskies, Guinness' Stout.

W.
Walter Walsh and Sons:—
Celebrated Saddlery, Shoe Brushes, etc., Scythes and Hooks, Mattresses of all kinds, Brushes (all descriptions), Shovels, Spades, etc., Agricultural Implements, Fire Fans, etc. All Irish manufacture guaranteed.
White, George and Sons, King-street and Thomas-street—
Clover Condiments for fattening calves; Harvey's Remedies; Jones's Specific; Richardson's Manures; Waterford Made Cords and Ropes; Murphy's and Silverspring Starches; Bass Brooms and Sweeping Brushes; Hall Mats; Paints and Paint Brushes; Writing and Marking Inks; Freezine for preserving Butter.

N.B.—Those who, although not regular advertisers in the NEWS, may have good Irish lines to offer can have their announcements inserted in this column at a comparatively trifling charge.

WATERFORD AND SOUTH-EASTERN RAILWAY AND STEAMBOAT GUIDE.

PUBLISHED MONTHLY.

Annual Subscription (delivered Monthly by Hand) [illegible]

Delivered [illegible] 1/6

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

NEW WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TOBACCO ESTABLISHMENT, 113, QUAY.

MRS. HOGAN will shortly OPEN the above with a Full and Complete Stock of the Choicest Brands of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, &c., ALSO ROLL AND FANCY TOBACCO.

PIPES, The Best and Handsomest that can be procured.

Call and see them.

NOTE ADDRESS—
113, QUAY.

LAWLESS'S
HAIRDRESSING SALOON,
QUAY, WATERFORD
(NEXT DOOR TO MR J. J. BELL.)

PHOTO. XMAS CARD COMPETITION.

£250 IN PRIZES
Divided among all sizes of Prints.

For full particulars send to
CURTIS & CO.,
95 BARRACK-STREET.

A Large Selection of Photo. Goods always on hands.

DON'T MISS THIS!!

Now Open. Now Open.

CALL AND SEE
HYLAND'S
Hibernian Bar.

EVERYTHING UP TO DATE.

Liquors and Cigars all A 1.

BOLTON-STREET,
WATERFORD.

GEORGE BRISCOE, Junr.,
BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR.
Has Removed to his New Residence, Johns Hill,
Where all Business Communications will be addressed in future.

E. PHELAN
THE CARSTAND,
27 & 28, JOHNSTOWN, WATERFORD,
Is now Bottling his own Stout and is supplying
Large Porter at 2/3 per doz
Small - at 1/8 -
TO THE GAELS!—BEST HOUSE IN WATERFORD FOR CAIMANS.
Note Address—E. PHELAN, Carstand
27 & 28, JOHNSTOWN, WATERFORD.

4 GOOD REASONS 4
Why YOU should buy
CYCLES, CYCLE ACCESSORIES
HOCKEY STICKS, HOCKEY BALLS, ETC.,
FROM
W. F. PEARE.

1st.—Because I only stock the very best Goods.
2nd.—Because my Prices are ROCK BOTTOM.
3rd.—Because you will have best attention to your wants.
4th.—Because it is an impossibility to obtain better value for your money elsewhere.

So come along to
PEARE'S, CATHERINE-ST.

EVERY CYCLIST SHOULD HAVE ONE.

REDMOND'S ROAD MAP OF IRELAND.

Just Published,

SHOULD BE IN THE HANDS OF EVERYBODY.

It gives main roads clearly defined, bye-roads easily followed, hills, and all other information of value to the Tourist.

The Map is published in a strong Cloth Case, at 1s.

Write or send at once for one to the "WATERFORD NEWS" OFFICE.

NOTICE TO PUPILS.

In City and Country.

ALL

EXERCISE BOOKS

Used in Schools, as well as

PENS, PENCILS, INK, PAPER

AND OTHER

SCHOOL

[illegible]

SECRETARY'S OFFICE LIBRARY DUBLIN CASTLE

THE WATERFORD NEWS WEEKLY

Supplement to the "Waterford News."

WATERFORD : FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1902.

A TRIP TO AMERICA.

ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL.

VISIT TO THE NOBLE EDIFICE.

DESCRIPTION OF ITS ARCHITECTURAL BEAUTIES.

(Continuation of our Editor's Experience in America).

Later in the day, accompanied by one of my companions en voyage, I visited the Catholic Cathedral, situated on Fifth Avenue, between 50th and 51st Streets. There was a great calm over the city at this point; people moved silently along and whispered as they passed; everything was hushed, for in the Palace almost adjoining the Cathedral, Archbishop Corrigan was struggling between life and death. A few days before this distinguished ecclesastic was attacked with pneumonia; his lordship hovered between life and death, until on the morning preceding our visit, the doctor's bulletins announced that the danger had passed. A drawn blind at one corner betokened the place where the Archbishop lay; beyond this indication there was nothing to point to the life and death struggle that had gone on within. A dozen callers gently knocked at the door, and having asked after the health of the sick Prelate, passed along, evidently rejoicing at the good tidings from within. But "How wonderful is Death! Death and his Brother Sleep." The Archbishop slept peacefully at the moment, next morning his soul had passed away. But I am anticipating. After admiring the beautiful outlines of the Cathedral from outside, we entered the main aisle, and in a moment realised the vast dimensions of this truly noble building. The light inside was subdued, and the whole appearance reminded me of Thurles Cathedral, the sombre aspect of the interior recalling at once the devotional aspect of the beautiful Irish Church. I was informed that the projector of the magnificent Cathedral in which we stood was the late Archbishop John Hughes.

All the designing and execution of the work, mechanical and artistic, was done in New York, except certain adornments, hereafter mentioned. The corner-stone was laid on August 15th, 1858, in the presence of 100,000 persons, who had room to stand on the adjacent lots, then vacant. On May, 25th, 1879, the structure was dedicated by Cardinal McCloskey, who died in 1885.

From an elaborate account written by the architect, I learned that this cathedral is an example of the decorated and geometric style of Gothic architecture which prevailed in Europe from 1275 to 1400, and of which the Cathedral of Cologne and the nave of Westminster are advanced exponents; and that although Europe can boast larger ones, for purity of style, originality of design, harmony of proportions, beauty of material, and finish of workmanship, New York Cathedral stands unsurpassed.

The plan is a Latin cross, and the dimensions are: Length, 306ft.; breadth of nave and choir, 96ft. without the chapels and 120ft. with the chapels; length of the transept, 140ft.; height, 108ft.; height of side aisles, 54ft. Above the granite basecourse the whole exterior is of white marble from Pleasantville, Westchester County, N.Y., and from Lee, Mass. The principal front, on Fifth Av., consists of a central gable, 156ft. in height, flanked by twin towers and spires, 330ft. high. The grand portal in the lower division of the central gable has its jambs richly decorated with columns with foliage capitals, and has clustered mouldings, with rich ornaments in the arch, which is also decorated and fringed with a double row of foliated tracery. It is intended at some future period to place statues of the Twelve Apostles in the coves of the jambs of this portal, in rich tabernacles of white marble. A transom of foliage with emblematic designs crosses the opening of the door, over which a window, with beautiful tracery, fills in the arch. The gablet over the main portal is richly paneled with tracery, having the arms of the diocese in the central panel. The label over the gabel is crocketed with an original design of the grape-vine and morning-glory, intertwined and alternating in the crockets, and the whole is terminated by a very rich and beautiful finial. The door is flanked on either side by buttresses terminating in paneled pinnacles, and between these buttresses and the tower buttresses are niches for statues. The horizontal balustrade over the first story is of rich pierced tracery. Over this and across the whole gable, except over the central portal, is a row of niches for statues.

Above a richly moulded Gothic jamb incloses a magnificent rose window, 26ft. in diameter, equalling those of the greatest cathedrals abroad. Above this rose window the main gable is carried up to the roof-lines, and is veiled by a pierced screen of rich tracery, terminated by a label cornice which is crocketed. The crockets are designed from leaves and flowers of the passion-bower, and at the gable entwine a foliated cross bearing the emblem of the Sacred Heart. The towers rise square to 136ft., where they change into octagonal lanterns 54ft. high, over which are the spires, 140ft. in height, making the total height of each tower and spire 330ft.; they are flanked by massive buttresses decorated with very light and beautiful tabernacles at each ocset, and terminated by clustered pinnacles, which join the buttresses of the octagonal lanterns. The spires are octagonal, built in two stories, have rich moulding in the angles, and the faces paneled with traceries; they terminate in a magnificent foliage finial carrying crosses made of copper. Circular stone stairways are carried up in the buttresses of the towers, and a full chime of nineteen bells is placed at a height of 110ft. above the ground. These twin spires are newer than the rest of the church and still white and perfect. They are visible for a long distance, should be studied through an opera-glass to realize how fine and beautiful is the carving. They are a subject of pride and delight to all the citiens of the metropolis.

Visitors should walk around the Cathedral and note the fine details of its architecture from various points of view—the buttresses, pinnacles, and side arches; the ornamented gables and great windows of the transept, 58ft. high and 23ft. wide. Four statues of the Greek Doctors, and six of the Latin church adorn the niches. Later on, all the Doctors of the Universal Church will be represented. The side aisles of the transept are flanked by octagonal buttresses, in which are stairways leading to the triforium and roofs. The apse, or curved head of the cruciform ground-plan, is five-sided externally, and, like the other parts, is divided by the buttresses into bays, each of which is pierced by a grand window filled with stained glass, protected by a second window of white glass. The roofs of the side-aisles and clerestories are slated, and the clerestory roof is terminated by a gilded metal cresting with a central gnial at the intersection of the nave and transepts, terminated by a cross at the east end of the roof.

The interior of the Cathedral, like its exterior is cruciform, divided in its ground-plan into a nave, two transepts, and a choir or sanctuary. The nave of the building, or the entire portion between the transepts and Fifth Av., is 164ft. long, and 96ft. wide between the side-aisle walls, or 124ft. broad, including the side-aisle chapels, which are seven in number, on each side, with corresponding illuminated windows above them. The transept, or arms of the cross measures 144ft.; and the sanctuary is 95ft. long, to the extremity of the curve of the apse, under which is a crypt for the entombment of the archbishops, which will hold 42 coffins; Cardinal McCloskey's body rests there. The transept and sanctuary have bays, like the nave. The columns dividing the central aisle from the side aisles are of white marble, clustered to the height of 35ft., where they are ornamented with foliated capitals. The arches between these columns rise to 64ft., and are four in number on each side, corresponding to the divisions of the clerestory windows, which are a continuation of the tracery of the triforium. The ceiling, 77ft. from the floor, is groined with richly moulded ribs. The floor is largely occupied by pews which will seat about 2,500 people, but broad aisles and spaces remain clear in which visitors may walk about freely. The floor of the choir before the High Altar is elevated.

The alcoves (bays) along the walls are used as chapel altars with handsome confessionals in the intervening spaces. It is intended to erect an additional building in the form of a chapel to Our Lady, which will stand in the rear of the apse, and between the residence of the Archbishop (No. 462 Madison Av.) and the Rectory, where dwell the clergymen in attendance upon the Cathdral. Th building is lighted by gas jets, placed for the most part around the capitals of the great central columns, and is heated by steam. It is open all day, and the verger will answer any questions.

The High Altar is at the east end of the nave, in the central aisle of the choir, and conceals from view the sacristy (temporary) where the sacerdotal procession that precedes the Mass is vested and arranged.

This altar was made in Italy and is of Carrara marble, inlaid with alabasters and precious marbles. The front of the bottom part of the altar is divided into niches and panels; the niches containing statues of the four Evangelists, the panels representing in bas reliefs the Last Supper, the Carrying of the Cross, the Agony in the Garden. The tabernacle on the altar is of marble, decorated with Roman mosaics, and has a door of gilt bronze set with emeralds and garnets. It is the gift of His Eminence John, Cardinal McCloskey, whose hat is suspended over the centre of the choir. The reredos or altar-screen, 33ft. wide, and 50ft. high, was carved in France, and was prescnted by the clergy of the Archdiocese The centre tower of the reredos has a niche containing a statue of our Lord, and the two flanking towers bear statues of St. Peter and St. Paul. The spaces between the central and the two corner towers are divided into six niches, containing angelic figures bearing emblems of the Passion.

The Archbishop's Throne, within the Sanctuary on the left, is notable for its elaborately carved gothic canopy.

The Altar of the Blessed Virgin is at the eastern end of the north side-aisle of the Sanctuary, and is French stone, delicately sculptured into panels containing, in low relief, such subjects as the Birth of Our Lord, the Annunciation, or Descent from the Cross.

The Altar of the Sacred Heart, in the south transept, is of bronze, and its four statues represent the sacrifices of the old dispensation, and, in the middle, Jesus holding a chalice. The columns on each side, surmounted by bronze statues of St. Peter and St. Paul, are a gift from Pope Pius IX. This altar was presented to the Cathedral by Cardinal McCloskey

The Altar of the Holy Family is in the north transept. Its elaborate marble carving is very fine, and the altar is the gift of the late Joseph Donahue, of San Francisco.

St. Joseph's Altar, west of the sacristy, is of bronze and mosaic. In the middle one of the three scenes, the Archangel Gabriel announces the Incarnation to the Virgin; on the Gospel side St. Joseph teaches the infant Jesus his trade, and opposite St. Anne instructs the child Mary. It was given by Mrs. Agnes Maitland.

The Side Altars are dedicated to St. Stanislaus, St. John the Evangelist, St. Anthony of Padua, the Blessed de La Salle, the Holy Face of Our Lord, and St. Augustine. Nearest the entrance to the Cathedral, on either side, are a Baptistery and Holy Water Font.

The Pulpit—a gift of the clergy of the diocese to Cardinal McCloskey on his "Jubilee" in 1884—is erected at the first column, outside the rich altar rail.

"It is of the same style of Gothic architecture (Norman) as the building itself, and was designed by the same architect. It was carved and finished at Carrara, Italy, and is from the quarry which furnished the columns of the portico of the Pantheon at Rome. It is octagonal in form, and carried by eight columns of beautiful Sienna marble, with their bases and caps moulded and enriched with carvings, and resting on a finely moulded pedestal of Carrara marble. Over these columns the outward swell of the corbel or body begins; the surface is divided by light mouldings, and tastefully ornamented with oak and chestnut leaves; the cornice of the corbel, enriched with carvings of the bell flower, marks the starting line of the latera or sides of the pulpit; each side representing the perfect triform Gothic arch; sustained by columns of Mexican onyx, and moulded, paneled, and highly ornamented. On the angles between each side are niches, in which are placed statuettes of pure white statuary marble. The statuette in the niche nearest the sanctuary represents St. John the Evangelist; the next St. Peter; St. Patrick occupies the centre niche; on his left is St. Paul; and in the fifth and last is the statue of St. Andrew, the Apostle." The rostrum is reached by a flight of steps winding around the marble column, carrying a balustrade of rich, pierced tracery work. The marble in which this work is egecuted is known to connoisseurs as "canal-bianco," and is from the quarry from which were extracted the marble columns of the portico of the Pantheon, at Rome.

The windows of St. Patrick's Cathedral have been called the finest collection of examples of painted glass in the world. All are the product of French art-workers, and most of them were made under the very shadow of the Cathedral of Chartres, where the most beautiful specimens of the 13th Century stained glass are preserved. Of these windows, 37 represent figures and action, and 20 more are filled with stained glass in geometric designs.

The paintings in the north and south transepts, representing "The Baptism of Our Lord," "The Marriage Feast of Cana," "The Return of the Prodigal Son," "St. Patrick preaching at Tara," "The Sistine Madonna," and "The Transfiguration of Our Lord," were presented by the late Hon John Kelly The picture hanging over St. Josephs Altar on the wall of the sacristy is a copy of the celebrated "Madonna del Sacco," painted by Andrea Del Sarto in the Church of the Servi, Florence.

We spent about an hour inspecting the architectural and picturesque wonders of the Cathedral. Little did we dream that three days later we would be participating within its walls in one of the greatest memorial services ever celebrated in the State: "In the midst of life we are in death.

WATERFORD INSTRUMENTAL SOCIETY

The above old established musical society announce their first concert for Session 1902-3, to take place in the Large Room, Town Hall, on Monday, 24th November. These concerts have retained such a hold on public favour that we have no doubt they will be accorded a good house on the occasion. Amongst the vocalists will be the Misses Garraway, Miss Garvey, and Mr. Joe Walsh. We understand that Miss Garvey will sing at least one song in the old tongue. Hr. Henry Malcolm will, as usual, conduct.

MILFORD AND WATERFORD STEAMERS

We have pleasure in announcing that the Directors of the Great Western Railway Co. have appointed Mr. Ernest Davies, son of Captain Enoch Davies, to succeed Captain Tom Pearn on his retirement from the service.

A MOTHER'S CRIME CONDONED BY THE CROWN

Kate Ellen Hanton, a domestic servant, condemned to death at Ipswich for drowning her baby at Westhorpe, has been reprieved.

C. P. REDMOND & CO.,
WATERFORD NEWS,
Possess the Sole Right of Posting Bills on the
WELL-ERECTED RESERVED
Posting Stations
AT:—

The Bridge (2)	Stephen-Street.
Quay:	Patrick-Street (2)
Bilberry.	Peter-Street (2)
Bridge-Street (2)	Michael-Street.
Summerhill.	John's Lane (2)
Morgan-Street.	Mary-Street.
Cork Road (2).	Arundel Square.
Johnstown (2)	Alexander-Street.
Barker-Street.	Bolton-Street.
John's Hill (2)	Water-Street.
Ballytruckle.	Catherine-Street.
High-Street.	Ferrybank (2)
Thomas's Hill.	

And Several other Stations in different Parts of the Town.
We can guarantee to keep the Bills exhibited at these Places for any length of time our Customers may desire.

DUNGARVAN URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

MONDAY.

At the usual weekly meeting of the above body the members present were:—Messrs. T. Power (in the chair), J. Walsh, Thomas Veale, Edmond McCarthy, J. Curran, Denis Ryan, J. Dunne, P. Veale, J. Griffin, M. Moloney, J. Hayes.

FINANCE.

The cheques on Town's Improvement and Road Account were passed. The cheques on the latter this week were few, and the cheques on the Town's Improvement account nil, as the staff was engaged at the waterworks, laying down the pipes to make the connection where the storm injured the pipes.

Mr. McCarthy called attention to the fact that the wages for horse hire was higher this week than last.

The matter was referred to engineer for an explanation.

THE WATER CARRIERS.

Mr. McCarthy objected to an item of £3 2s. 10d. to be paid to one of the water carriers for horse hire.

Chairman—Is it possible that that is cheaper than the men paid by the day?

Mr. Ryan said he was told by some of the men who were free to sell the water, that they made 10s. or 12s. a day.

Mr. McCarthy said that some of the lanes were not supplied at all, while others were too well supplied.

Mr. Griffin—It is very hard to please everybody.

Mr. McCarthy—I think the poor ought to be first attended to.

Chairman—There is no doubt that this man who got the £3 worked his horse very well

Mr. Veale—That man that you employed by the day drawing pipes is getting the best wages.

Mr. Curran—You are running in opposition to the regular water carriers.

Chairman—We are under a moral obligation to the people to supply them with water, and we must carry that out.

In reply to Mr. McCarthy, Mr. Beary said that the reason he paid extra for horse work was that it was on a "pinch" and the work was hard. He was getting value for the money.

Mr. McCarthy—That's all I wanted to know.

CASHEL RESOLUTION.

The resolution of the Cashel District Council, in favour of purchasing allotments for the poor, was, on the motion of Mr. P. Veale, adopted.

Mr. Thomas Veale suggested that they get power to purchase up old buildings too. He begged to second the resolution passed.

Mr. P. Veale suggested that they take some of Mr. Curran's land at Ballyguiry.

Mr. Curran—You have a great eye on Ballyguiry; you are very comfortable in that store of yours.

DEFENDING A WRIT.

Mr. J. Walsh moved, and Mr. E. McCarthy seconded, that the Council defend the action of the County Council, in reference to the claim for the outer Urban District roads.

Mr. Curran—That is a very serious matter.

Mr. Ryan—What is the claim?

Clerk—£161 and £300.

Mr. Curran—Perhaps if the County Council were approached they might concede some of this and it would be better settle it. The roads are bad, and somebody must repair them. Where is the money to come from? Some of the ratepayers in the district must meet these demands, and the law costs will be very heavy, so that it would be better approach the County Council

Chairman—Before you do that you must enter a defence.

Mr. McCarthy—We will have time then, if there is any chance of getting the County Council to agree.

Chairman—I am afraid there is no chance.

Mr. Ryan—We are liable now for the repairs of these roads?

Chairman—No; that is to be decided.

Mr. McCarthy—You have to defend it.

Chairman—This Council doesn't want to shirk its responsibility. We are told by our legal adviser that we are not responsible.

Mr. McCarthy—To follow up Mr. Curran's suggestion, it would be well we went a step farther and name a committee

Chairman—The issue is plain. The County Council say they are your roads; we say they are not.

Mr. T. Veale—It is a question of law

Mr. Walsh—You gave them over by Act of Parliament.

Mr. Curran—It will be very unfortunate if these people have to pay rates and law costs.

Mr. Ryan—Mr. Drury suggested a compromise and to have the Dungarvan ratepayers take up the maintenance of the roads.

Mr. T. Veale—But you can't strike a rate.

Mr. Hayes—We are advised when the Grand Jury took over these roads that the County Council should now maintain them.

Mr. Dunne—The County Council look over the roads but never strike a rate for them.

Chairman—They worked the roads, but they did not see that they could strike a rate for them.

Mr. Curran—Their solicitor says one thing and our's another; but the bill will come by-and-bye.

Chairman—This is all due to the passing of the Local Government Act—a new piece of legislation.

THE MORESBY LIGHT

Captain Curran said that the light on the Moresby buoy was out since last Friday. The lighting contractor was waiting for the first favourable opportunity to light it.

Mr. Moloney asked who were on the Harbour Committee in room of Capt. Sheehan.

Mr. Curran suggested that Mr. Moloney be put on.

Mr. Moloney—I wouldn't doubt you, Mr. Curran. I know nothing about the harbour.

Mr. Hayes said that some time ago there used to be a cone raised at the barracks to give warning of storms. That was discontinued, as the commissioners refused to pay 30s. a week for it.

The Harbour Master said that was so.

Mr. Hayes proposed that the Harbour Master get these cones. It was very important for a sea-faring town like Dungarvan. He moved that it be had.

Passed unanimously.

The Harbour Master said that the Meteorological Society of London would supply the cones, etc.

It was decided to allow the Harbour Master £3 3s. a year for the work.

THE WATERWORKS.

Mr. Beary reported that the junction of the pipes would be made on Thursday morning.

Mr. P. Veale—What about the roads?

Mr. Beary—All the men are at the pipes. It is most important.

Mr. Hayes—You can get men for money any day. There are many ratepayers who will be deducting the payment for the water from the rates.

Mr. McCarthy—The Urban District Council did the best they could.

Chairman—We are aware that there are some people who will try and give us as much trouble as possible, but we will meet them.

Mr. Stuart—You can charge them more next year if they do.

Mr. McCarthy asked whether all the lanes in the town were visited with water.

Mr. Cullinane—Yes, as far as I know.

Mr. McCarthy—Do you go to Thompson's Lane?

Mr. Cullinane—Yes, at the top, and the people come for the water.

Mr. Hayes said that the public were already grumbling that it would take fourteen days to make a connection of 106 feet.

Mr. Ryan said it was most unfair to criticise so severely the action of a committee by those who were not present.

Mr. Hayes disclaimed any criticism on the part of the Board. Why shouldn't the men work on Sunday? This was a necessary work.

Chairman—Very easy for people outside the Board to criticise. There were hurlers on the fence always. They had some of them there the other night. They were in the hands of their officers.

Mr. Beary—No time was lost. There was not an hour's delay in connection with the matter.

Mr. Hayes—If it occurred in Dublin or Cork would it take 14 days?

Chairman—He wired to Cork and Glasgow and the pipes could not be had sooner.

Mr. Hayes—Was there a wire asking Mr. Beary to go to Cork?

Clerk—Yes, and the reply was sent by wire.

Mr. Hayes—Couldn't it be done in two days?

Clerk—I don't know (laughter).

Mr. Hayes—Why not a four-inch main be put on to the pipes?

Chairman—How could you do that?

Mr. Beary—If we had a thousand men at

Mr. Griffin—If we had a thousand men at these pipes we could not do better work. Any more men would be only in the way. I say now that if we have favourable weather we will have the thing done on Wednesday night or Thursday morning. I have a man there, Will Dee, and he is the best man I ever met.

Chairman—Did you take any suggestions from the eminent men of the town?

Mr. Beary—No (laughter).

Chairman—Could you make the connection as Mr. Hayes suggests?

Mr. Beary—Not at all (laughter).

Mr. Hayes—This is no laughing matter.

Mr. Beary—I heard some of those opinions and I asked these men why, in the name of goodness, don't you go out and kick the Moresby out of the river.

THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Mr. McCarthy (Clerk) reported that owing to his attendance on the auditor during the week he could not lay the financial statement of the position of the Council on the table. He would have it on Wednesday, if they wished to attend. The bank had refused their cheques.

Mr. Ryan said that in view of his notice of motion, he was disappointed.

Chairman—You appointed a committee to wait on Dr. Williams to stay his hand, and we had to take steps to meet his claim out of another fund.

Mr. Ryan—The difference of a week can't be much.

Mr. Moloney—I thought we could finally settle the matter to-night. I would like to make a hat or a cap of it.

Mr. Veale moved that the list of landlords who did not pay the rates for the tenants——

Mr. Curran—Not the landlords.

Mr. Hayes—Mr. Veale is right.

THE PLOT AT ABBEYSIDE.

Mr. Ryan said he did not move his resolution because of the statement that there was a flaw in the deed. Madam Fazz's title was absolutely clear, and no such statement had a right to be made. His reason was that the were not able to pay for it. The best thing he was prepared to do was to sign an agreement with Mr. Veale to purchase the place in trust for the people.

Mr. Hayes said he was told that Mr. Ryan said there was a flaw in the deed. The other part of the property was sold, and if there was a flaw in the deed they would see it.

Mr. McCarthy said that the only objection was that Mr. Hunt stated there was a flaw. Now Mr. Ryan stated there was no flaw, he was in favour of it.

Mr. Walsh said that that was also his position.

Mr. Ryan—This Board couldn't entertain the purchase at present. They weren't able to pay for it, but he would sign a deed in trust outside the Board for the money.

Mr. Thomas Veale moved a direct negative to Mr. Ryan's motion. The people of Abbeyside elected three Dungarvan men because they had more confidence in them.

Mr. Curran—You shouldn't insult us like that.

Mr. Veale—You have a great many things here that we have not. When I asked to have the watering cart sent over, I was told that Abbeyside was a country place. I wish it was, it would have to pay less rates.

Mr. Curran objected to the insulting remarks of Mr. Veale. They were not actuated by any feeling against Abbeyside, but they were told that there was a flaw in the title. The amount was too much It meant £1 a foot for the land.

Mr. Veale said that it was not his own feeling but the feeling of the people of Abbeyside that he gave utterance to.

Chairman—Is there any seconder for your resolution, Mr. Ryan?

Mr. Ryan—No.

Chairman—Then it falls through.

The motion to purchase the place was allowed to stand,

A WATCHMAN.

Mr. McCarthy moved that a watchman be appointed for the quay, Dungarvan, and Abbeyside, half the salary to be paid out of the Harbour and half out of the Town rate. In support of the resolution he said that there was no person to give warning of fire; nothing to protect life and property on the quay. Robberies could be committed in town. One life was lost recently on the quay. It would be only one halfpenny in the pound on the rates. During the late fire at Mr. Scanlan's place life was nearly lost. A valuation of £10 would be only 6½d. a year.

Mr. Moloney—The watchman would be in bed!

Mr. McCarthy—When we get him to call out the hours he can't go to bed. A robbery was committed at Mrs. Dee's lately. He fancied it was the wisest thing they ever did, and the little addition to the rates would be more than compensated for if they voted for the right man—an active, good man, and a man in whom the people would have confidence.

Mr. John Walsh seconded the resolution. Robberies were recently committed on the quay. Mr. Griffin would be for a special man on the quay, because when he would be around town a man would be destroyed.

Mr. Hayes would be against Mr. McCarthy's resolution. He would be in favour of looking after the quay. The watchman could not do more than that. The probability was they would be paying £30 for nothing, as the man would go to bed.

Mr. Ryan said he thought it would be the duty of the police to look after the streets. He thought if the chains were hooked on at the quay, and if the police looked after the streets, then there would be no need for a watchman.

Mr. McCarthy did not see why the man could not do his duty.

Mr. Curran said that their funds were low and he would be against any appointment. The police would protect the town, and any body who took reasonable care need not be afraid of being robbed.

Mr. Stuart said that during the last watchman's time two people were drowned.

Mr. P. Veale said the posts were not up to hook the chains on. He would be in favour of a watchman on the quay.

Mr. Hayes proposed a resolution some time ago for a fire escape, but nothing was done since and the people would be killed.

Mr. Stuart would be in favour of the fire escape.

The resolution was then put, when only the proposer and seconder voted for it.

VOTE OF CONDOLENCE.

A vote of condolence was passed to the family of the late Mrs. Maher, wife of ex-Sergeant Maher, Abbeyside School Attendance Officer.

The resolution was passed unanimously.

THE DEMOCRATIC QUADRILLE CLASS.

The use of the Town Hall was granted to the Democratic Quadrille Class on Wednesday evenings each week during the winter months.

Adjourned.—Cor.

PRESENTATION TO A DUNGARVAN PRIEST.

On Wednesday, 5th inst., the parishioners of the Catholic Church, Southend-on-Sea, met together in the club room to present Father Owen Fitzgerald (a native of Dungarvan) with an address and testimonial on the occasion of his removal to St. Mary's, Moorfields, London. A most elaborate and interesting programme had been prepared for the occasion, and after several items had been discussed, the presentation took place.

Father McKenna, after a few introductory remarks, called upon Mr. Mara to read the address as follows:—

"Church of Our Lady and St. Helen.
"Southend-on-Sea.
"To Rev. Owen Fitzgerald.

"Reverend and Dear Father,—On the occasion of your removal from our midst here in Southend, we, in the name of the congregation of St. Helen's, and of others united with us by a common bond of esteem and admiration for you, desire to place on record our deep appreciation of the self-sacrificing, large-hearted and tender solicitude with which you invariably ministered to us, under the direction of our belived Rector, Father Patrick McKenna, for two years and a half, from March, 1900 to September, 1902, we venture to think that you can look back upon that time, its labour and its fruit, with devout thankfulness, notwithstanding the unceasing toil and constant exertion which the performance of your sacredotal duties in the largest parish in the Archdiocese of Westminster must have entailed. Young in the service of the Master, and cherishing the highest aims for the welfare of the Church in this our own district, your fervid perseverance and sincere earnestness reflected a shining example to us all. We also desire to assure you of our sense of the zeal with which you sought, in co-operation with Father McKenna, to increase the devotion of the men and boys of our parish by your acting on a happy inspiration and taking a leading part in the erection of the Guild of St. Aloysius, and it is fitting to say that the Guild, with which your name will always be linked, will strive to be in the future what we hope it is now and has been in the past, not only a living testimonial voicing the care and thought you bestowed upon it, but also a medium for the observance of those spiritual objects and duties you were ever eager for the members to recognise and follow.

"The members of the Guild of St. Aloysius had frequent occasion for grateful appreciation of the services which you always gladly rendered them, and they now take this opportunity of formally expressing to you their heartfelt thanks, and of assuring you of their intention, in every way that lies in their power, unitedly and faithfully to second your work by keeping it alive in the way that you should wish.

"The parishioners of St. Helen's sincerely pray and hopefully trust that your health and strength may, in your present sphere of priestly work, be renewed, and in asking your acceptance of the accompanying purse and cheque, they pray that you may be spared for many years to labour for the only thing worthy of the devoted priest—God's glory and the good of souls."

Father Fitzgerald suitably responded, and after various other items of interest had been discussed, the proceedings terminated by all singing "Auld Lang Syne."

WATERFORD AND SOUTH-EASTERN RAILWAY AND STEAMBOAT GUIDE.
PUBLISHED MONTHLY.
Annual Subscription (Delivered Monthly by Hand) - 1/-
Delivered by Post 1/6
SEND OR WRITE TO "WATERFORD NEWS" OFFICE
P.O.O. to be made payable to C. P. REDMOND.

op Tyres
PENNY
TO
MAJESTY
KING
LTD.,
FAST.
ATION.
NTY
COUNT
5 Upwards;
BLE PERSONS, ON
IOUT PUBLICITY.
will be found to
IE ABOVE IS THE
erford.
LOANS
MPANY.
plications from £3
L SECURITY
ounty
Waterford.
A 1/6
Competition.
per gallon.
ct Waterford
Merchant
at
FORD,
clothing.
N and WINTER
OWS.
Waterford

JOHN HARTY, Actuary and Secretary.
Waterford—WHITE & SONS, General Merchants O'Connell Street; for Carrick-on-Suir, J O'NEILL, Chemist.
Preliminaries). Can be had on application to the Registrar, Catholic University Medical School, Cecilia Street, Dublin
Don't lose a train or a Coat for a Penny The Waterford and South-Eastern Guide (1 pp., 1d., Redmond and Co., Waterford, and all Booksellers) is just what travellers want.
postage 2d. G. W. HARRISON, Chemist, Reading. Agents for Waterford—WHITE & SONS, General Merchants, O'Connell Street or Carrick-on-Suir J. P. O'NEILL Chemist
GOOD AGENTS WANTED in spare time. J. G. GRAVES, 125 Division St., SHEFFIELD.

"FORCE"
"THE FOOD THAT IS ALL FOOD."
For all who go in for athletic exercises—such as footballing, running, walking, golfing, lawn tennis playing, &c.—"FORCE" is invaluable, as it is also for all engaged in hard manual employment. This is because "FORCE" consists of whole-wheat and barley-malt—a delicious combination exceptionally rich in muscle-forming, nerve-strengthening, and energy-creating qualities. Being, also, well-provided with brain-building elements, "FORCE" makes a grand food for those whose work is mental.—7½d. per large-sized package. Ask the grocer.
"FORCE" Food Co., 6 Holborn Viaduct, London.

"FORCE" bad for Doctors.
There is only one class of the community that "FORCE" is bad for; and that is doctors. We ... doctors—any more than any other ... greatly the better for eating it. We ... is bad for doctors from the point ... It is bad for them because it ... needing a doctor. This it ... that precursor of nearly all ... accompaniments constip...

CARRICK-ON-SUIR BOARD OF GUARDIANS.

SATURDAY.

(From our Reporter.)

The weekly meeting of this board was held on Saturday. Mr. M. Drohan, J.P., Chairman, presided, and the other members present were—Miss Rebecca Grubb, D.V.C.; Miss L. M. Kenny, Messrs. Mathias Walshe, J.P.; John Sheehan, John O'Donnell (Ballycahane), James Dunphy, Thomas Carbery, M Connolly, P. Phelan, E. Walsh, M. Curry.

The following officials were in attendance:—Messrs. James Mullins, Clerk; J Kenny, Assistant Clerk; James Walsh, Master Dr. P Stephenson, M.O., and Relieving Officers M. Hickey, P. Dalton, and Martin Power.

MASTER'S REPORT.

The Master reported that on the requisition of the Medical Officer, on the 12th inst., he employed Margaret Power as temporary wardsmaid in place of Mary Torpey, at a remuneration of 5s. a week with rations. Mrs. Walsh, night nurse, applied for one month's leave of absence.

Clerk—It is well you should know that these people coming in are having different rations and wages from the persons going out.

Miss Grubb—The master said he temporarily employed this wardsmaid.

Master—The doctor can say whether she will be permanently employed or not.

Chairman—Do you intend keeping this woman on, doctor?

Dr Stephenson—Yes until you advertise for one. I have repeatedly asked you here to advertise for wardsmaids, and you always declined to do so.

The Chairman said he understood that the nursing staff in the workhouse was larger than that in other workhouses.

Miss Grubb said that the present nursing staff was absolutely required, but she thought that the staff in the body of the house could be reduced.

The Master said they had no able-bodied people in the house and consequently they had to get able-bodied people from outside.

Clerk—This house is getting like the asylum we have all manner of thing.

Miss Grubb—How man hands are employed in the body of the hour

The Chairman said there were seven scrubber.

Miss Grubb—Seven scrubbers a 1s 3d per day comes to a good de

The Clerk said the annual cost of the staff in the body of the house was £170 a yea:

Miss Grubb said she thought they should reduce the staff in the body of the house

Master—You can't do that

Mr. Sheehan—We must do all we can for the poor, and I know we are disposed to do that

Mr. Mathias Walshe—I think we ought to advertise for a wardsmaid.

The Master said the average cost of the dietary for each nurse was £22 a year

The Clerk said the cost of the nursing staff in the year was £36

Chairman—I think it would be much bette if you adjourned the consideration of this matter for a week, and in the meantime a committee could see what is requir

Miss Grubb—There is no necessity for a committee when you have a visiting committee

Chairman—I think we should appoint a committee to-day

Miss Grubb—For wh

Chairman—To go up through the house and see how many hands are require

Miss Grubb—What we are to do to-day is to either approve or disapprove of the Master's report.

Miss Grubb said she would agree with Mr M. Walshe; they ought to advertise for two wardsmaids to replace the temporary ones

The Chairman said he thought one wardsmaid would be quite sufficier

Dr. Stephenson—You will want to get another one next month one of our nurses is going away—(laughter

Mr. Walshe then proposed and Miss Grubb seconded that two wardsmaids at a salary of £10 a year each and £1 for clothes be advertised for

This resolution was then put and carried unanimous

MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT

Dr. Stephenson, medical officer, recommended that Patrick Cahill be sent to the City Waterford and City Infirmary for operation; Mrs Walshe, head night nurse was not well and unfit for duty, and he recommended she get one month's leave of absen

The report was approved of and the doctor was requested to make arrangements for the discharge of Mrs Walshe's duties during her absence.

THE PROPOSED SANATORIUM FOR SANE EPILEPTI

A letter was read from the Local Government Board calling attention to their communication of the 4th July, 1901, relative to the question of accommodation and medical treatment of sane epileptics what are at present inmates of workhouses in Ireland and their suggested removal for treatment to a central institution to be established for the purpose The question had been brought up again for consideration by the Guardians of Belfast Union, who appointed a special committee to report thereon; an extract from the Committee's report was enclosed, and the Board requested the Guardians would again consider the matter after due notice, and to furnish the Local Government Board with their views on the subject It was not possible at that stage to state what the average cost of treatment per head per annum in a central institution would be

The extract referred to, was as follows—Your Committee have had under consideration the paragraph in the recently issued annual report of the Local Government Board, in which it is stated that the proposal to erect a sanitorium for sane epileptics has fallen through, at least, for the present. At the meeting of the Guardians held on the 9th July, 1901, a circular letter of the Local Government Board was read intimating that the had received an offer for the erection, out of private funds, of a central institution in which this class would be treated, and at a subsequent meeting you endorsed the proposed scheme. It is very regrettable that the generous offer has not yet been availed of. We suggest that the Guardians should re-affirm the opinions expressed by them and recorded on their minutes of the 23rd July, 1901, viz.—The scheme as outlined by the Local Government Board is one that should meet the hearty support and approval of all Boards of Guardians throughout Ireland. We are of opinion that the Local Government Board should again address the Boards of Guardians upon the subject, and inform them of the probable cost per head per annum of treatment in the institution. We sincerely trust the Boards will then favourably consider the opportunity of obtaining for this afflicted class such care and treatment as cannot be given them in a workhouse.

Miss Grubb—I think it would be well if we could ascertain the cost per head in such an institution.

Chairman—Well, what will we do about this letter?

Miss Grubb—Adopt it.

The Chairman said he was sure if there was a sanitorium the Guardians would be glad to send their patients there. I think we should adjourn this matter until we see what other Boards will do.

Miss Grubb—We shouldn't mind what other Boards do; we have a mind of our own.

Chairman (Well, will you propose anything?

Miss Grubb—I propose that we adopt it.

Chairman—What are you going to adopt? You have nothing to adopt.

Miss Grubb—Yes, the resolution.

Mr. Walshe—Mark it "read."

Chairman—Well are you satisfied to do that?

Mr. Dunphy—Yes, we don't want it.

Miss Grubb—If we were sick we wouldn't like to be in a ward with epileptics.

It was agreed to mark the letter "read."

PROPOSED ACCOMMODATION FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

In accordance with the request of the Board, Messrs. Lowe, Steward and Son, engineers, Dublin, forwarded plans of the proposed accommodation in the workhouse for consumptives, and which was recommended by the Visiting Committee.

The consideration of the matter was deferred.

The concluded the business.

CARRICK-ON-SUIR DISTRICT COUNCIL.

(No. 2, County Waterford.)

The weekly meeting of this Council was held on Saturday. Mr. Mathias Walshe, J.P., Chairman, presided, and the other members present were—Messrs. Matthew Drohan, John Sheehan, James Dunphy, E. Walsh, M. Connolly, M. Curry.

THE AUDITOR'S REPORT.

The Local Government Board forwarded a copy of the auditor's report on his audit of the accounts of the Council for the half year ending 31st March. The expenditure during the half year was of the usual nature, and the accounts were presented for audit in a satisfactory manner

ROAD CONTRACT.

The tender of Robert Flahavan, at £18, for keeping in repair 21 perches of the road, from Michael Connell's contract at Ballydurn, to Morris's cottage, was accepted.

LODGING HOUSES IN PORTLAW

The Local Government Board wrote stating that the suitability of lodging houses in Portlaw should be reported on by the medical officer of health, and drew attention to section 87 of the Public Health Act, the terms of which were mandatory

The Local Government Board wrote requesting to be informed if it was proposed to take any action on the report received from Sanitary Sub Officer Hackey, in respect to the condition of the well in the village of Jouestown

They also wrote stating that at a recent meeting of the Privy Council it was agreed that an additional allotment should join on to the existing one, and should not be divided by the intervention of a road.

Mr M. O'Sullivan, Dublin, wrote to say that his key to the Labourers' Acts was now ready, and would be found to contain valuable information for District Councils and others.

The meeting then adjourned.

THE MADAME BELLE-COLE CONCERTS.

On Thursday week, in the Theatre Royal, the first of three concerts was given by one of the finest musical combinations that has appeared in Waterford for a long number of years. We were disappointed to find that the house was not better filled, but this may be accounted for by the fact that a great many patrons of music were not aware of the great treat which the company provide. No doubt if the fame of these celebrated artists had been better known locally, the attendance would have been much larger, and we have no doubt whatever that if Mr. Farley Sinkins will arrange for a return visit, he will find much larger audiences, though none perhaps, more appreciative than those of last evening and yesterday's matinee. The great features of the instrumentation were the remarkable and really high class performances of the Swiss Orchestra, conducted by Herr Seebold, and it was gratifying to find that Irish music largely entered into the programme. As an illustration of how well every item on the programme was encored, and Madame Belle-Cole, the famous contralto was thrice encored for one of her songs, and the other singers were also similarly and deservedly complimented with double encores. Miss Lucy McGrath, Mr A. Winckworth, and Mr John Lyons, Miss Hilda Garter, and the other members of the concert party acquitted themselves in the happiest manner, and created an excellent impression upon a discriminating audience

THE STRAND ROAD, TRAMORE.

"MASTERLY INACTIVITY" OF No 1 DISTRICT COUNCIL

LETTER TO THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD.

The following letter was sent last week to the Local Government Board:—

Gentlemen—The memorialists who addressed you last September, with reference to the offensive odours at the Strand Road, Tramore, and the open sewer there, ask me to call your special attention to the enclosed extract from report of last meeting No. 1 District Council. The members of that body, as you will see, continue to adopt their old policy of "Masterly Inactivity." For them the time is never opportune to remove or abate a nuisance that has been condemned by everyone really concerned in the welfare of Tramore.

Yours truly,
C. P. REDMOND

To the Local Government Board, Dublin.
November 14th, 1902.

The cutting referred to is an extract from the "News" contained in report of last meeting No. 1 District Council.

Mr. Harvey DuCros, who has been ordered to pay £7,000 to the Humber Cycle Company, had the leading share in introducing the Dunlop tyre to the public. He did not believe in the tyre when first brought out, but after his sons, who were first-class cycle racers, were easily beaten on the path by a cyclist whose machine was fitted with the new tyre, he realised its possibilities. The original Dunlop Company, under his guidance, sold the tyre in great quantities from its Dublin factory, and the Irish capital might have retained its manufacture to this day had not some people agitated against the smell of the works.

The Waterford Agricultural Society's Show will be held next year on July 17th and 23th.

AGRICULTURAL COLUMN.

(From the "Irish Farmers' Gazette.")

SPURIOUS BASIC SLAG.

By degrees we are getting to know something of "the fate" of the cargo of spurious basic slag which reached Ireland a short time ago, and in connection with which a Belgian "chemical merchant" is at present undergoing a sentence of nine months' imprisonment in England. We publish elsewhere a communication in which the Secretary of the Enniscorthy Co-operative Society shows that a quantity of this precious fertilizer that found its way into the County Wexford is to be sold by public auction in Enniscorthy, and we have before us as we write, details of the sale of about 550 tons of the same material which was put up to public auction at Drogheda on Wednesday. Rumour has it that in all over 1,200 tons of the stuff came to Ireland; it is to be hoped that in due course reliable information as to the fate of the remainder will also be forthcoming.

THE DISPOSAL OF HOME GROWN GRAIN

There is every likelihood of a very heavy local consumption of home-grown grain this season. Owing to the large quantities of badly-coloured and poor-conditioned barley and oats on hands, and the difficulty of finding a market therefor, except at "ruinous" prices, farmers will be obliged to resort to other methods of disposing of it, and as a result a much larger proportion than usual will be devoted to stock-feeding purposes. We have always held that many of our farmers could make much more effective use of a great deal of their corn by feeding it to stock than by selling it at the prices they obtain for it. If the experiences of the season on which we are just entering only has the effect of impressing on such men the value of home-grown grain for this purpose, the existing slump in the market may not prove an altogether unmixed evil.

A HINT TO IRISH STOCK-BREEDERS.

Owing to the big shortage in the number of cattle and sheep on the other side of the channel, coupled with the very heavy crops of roots which farmers have been successful in obtaining over the greater part of Great Britain, there is every likelihood that the demand for Irish-bred stock in English and Scotch Markets will continue to be very keen for some months to come. At the present time both cattle and sheep are in very short supply on the other side of the water, the returns of the Board of Agriculture showing that, as compared with the previous year, there were in Great Britain, on the 1st June, over 200,000 less cattle and over 600,000 less than at the corresponding date in 1901. On the date named the number of sheep in England, roughly speaking, was 15,000,000, a total which is described as the smallest on record, i.e., the lowest number recorded since the collection of these returns was commenced.

HARVESTING THE TURNIP CROP.

Though large areas of the swedes grown in this country are not taken up until required for use during the winter, the practice of harvesting this crop by lifting and storing it away in pits or clamps seem also to be steadily on the increase. In Ireland but a very small proportion of the crop is fed off on the land on which it grows, and the result is that farmers find it more economical to have the roots taken up and safely clamped by the end of November. The practice of harvesting the crop in this way is a highly commendable one.

HOW SHELTER TELLS.

During the winter months, when so many farmers commit the grave mistake of unduly exposing their stock to the rigours of the weather, it is well to recollect that a considerable portion of the food consumed by all warm blooded animals is expended in the maintenance of the natural heat of the body. This being the case it naturally follows that the greater the exposure to which the animals are subjected the more food they will require in order to maintain their normal body heat. It is by conserving the food material which would thus be required for body heating purposes that the provision of shelter for stock during severe weather effects so much economy in feeding.

CONDITIONS AFFECTING QUALITY OF BUTTER.

As is well known to all experienced dairymaids the butter obtained from cream skimmed after ten or twelve hours setting, and afterwards properly ripened, almost invariably possesses a better aroma and flavour than that obtained from cream not skimmed until after an interval of 30 or 33 hours. The explanation for that is that when the milk is set for creaming the largest of the fat globules which it contains are the first to rise to the surface, and it is well known that the larger the size of the fat globules the better the quantity of the butter. This is why the butter obtained from breeds like the Jersey and the Kerry usually compare favourably in the matter of texture and aroma with the produce of breeds like the Ayrshire and the Shorthorn, whose milk contains its butter fat in the former of much smaller globules than those present in that of the Jersey and Kerry.

SPORT AND NATURAL HISTORY.

Under this heading Dr. D'Arcy Hamilton writes:—Throughout the present shooting season hares have been reported as fairly plentiful in some parts, and as very scarce in others. In Wicklow they have decidedly fallen off in numbers, and in Wexford also. On the other hand, the north of Ireland seems to have seen them on the increase, though why there should have been this difference in districts we cannot understand, unless it represents good preservation and the reverse. Rabbits are with us on all sides; in fact anyone can get as much rabbit shooting in Ireland as he cares for. Lastly, though by no means least, there is the ordinary wildfowling to speak about. Most other shooting is being done, or has already been done; not so in the case of ducks, teal and wigeon. These latter have yet to be dealt with. November sees most of the wigeon already on our shores, and the same month usually sees most of the ducks and teal settled in their winter haunts. December sees wild-fowlers in full swing, a month in which every sort of wild fowl is at its best. Wild-fowling, then, as we know it in Ireland, should begin very shortly, and all we do at present is to wish all wild-fowlers good sport.

ENTRIES FOR THE WINTER SHOW.

The entries for the forthcoming winter show of the Royal Dublin Society closed on Saturday last, and, contrary to general expectation, they disclose an all-round falling off as compared with the corresponding figures for last year. With the single exception of sheep, the entries for the coming show are substantially smaller than in 1901. The total in the cattle section is only 354 as against 399 this time twelve months, and the decrease is pretty evenly divided over the several sections of which this department of the show consists.

COUNTY WATERFORD SHOW, 1903.

Show committees in other parts of the country will be interested to learn that the executive of the County Waterford Agricultural Society have selected the 27th and 28th of July as the dates of their next annual show.

WATERFORD GUN CLUB.

On Saturday at the Club grounds, Poleberry several members put in an appearance to shoot for a prize kindly offered by Mr. E. W. Clampett. The competition was a handicap at twelve birds. Scores:—

Name.	Birds shot at.	H'cap.	Tl.
C. P. Redmond	1010101011	5	12
M. W. Bowers	1100111101111	1	10
W. A. Dobbyn	1111111101000	1	9
E. W. Clampett	1010100000	1	
W. Power	1011111100	cer.	
S. J. Murphy	1100010	2	
F. Power	1000101 0	3	

C. P. Redmond won.

SWEEPSTAKE AT FOUR BIRDS.

W. Power	1 1 1 1
C. P. Redmond	1 1 1 0
F. Power	1 1 0 1
M. Bowers	1 1 1 0
S. J. Murphy	1 0 0 1
W. A. Dobbyn	0 0 1 0
E. W. Clampett	1 0 0 0

W. Power won.

FOOTBALL.

NEWTOWN SCHOOL v. CASUALS.

Played on Saturday in the school grounds, resulting in a win for the School by three goals to one. Bubb, Satterthwaite and Shannon scoring for the pupils.

Teams:—School—Taylor, Tolerton, T. E. Tayton, Houghton, Satterthwaite, Shannon, Malcolmn, Brabazon, W. Brabazon, Browett, and Mr. Bubb.

Casuals—Dowling (captain); A. Fanning, W. Fanning, Fitzgerald, Grant, O'Keeffe, Nolan, Waters, Simpson (2), Ferris.

Newtown School has always been the centre of A1 football in Waterford, especially during the last six years. Mr. Doll, who we are sorry to say, has left Waterford, brought this game to a high standard in the city, Mr. Taylor who now takes his place, is a keen footballer and hockeite, and is doing much to keep up this fine sport. Although the School has not such a strong team as they had, yet the boys play a very plucky game, and are improving every day.

THE GRIM RESULTS OF THE SOUTH AFRICAN WAR.

DEPLORABLE PLIGHT OF LOYALISTS.

A STRONG APPEAL FOR MONETARY AID.

London, Tuesday.

The Press Association is requested by Lady Edward Cecil to publish an appeal on behalf of the Loyalists in South Africa, which bears the following signatures:—Cicely Cavendish Bentinck, Georgina Terere, Violet Cecil Montrose, Alfred Lyttelton, and Hugh Cecil.

The signatories in calling attention to the fact that thousands of Loyalists have returned after a long banishment to their homes, state that for three years they have borne hardship, privation and uncertainty without complaint.

Attention is drawn to the ruined homes to which Loyalists have now returned to begin life again, in a land where, at this moment, famine prices are charged for everything.

Compensation is necessarily a slow process, say the writers, who point out that in many places Loyalists have not only got to face impoverishment, but also hostility and discouragement.

In conclusion, the signatories say—We cannot bind up the broken-hearted, but we can prevent the aggravation of grief, of the dull pain of poverty, and endeavour to share the burdens of the brave men and women who have lost their material prosperity in a war where was ensured British supremacy in South Africa.

Donations will be received by Lady Edward Cecil and others.

One of the oldest and most respected inhabitants of Clonmel, Francis Prettie Tydd, Esq., solicitor, after a lingering illness, quietly passed away at his residence, Brighton Place, on Saturday morning, at the fine old age of 85 years. He was an extensive land agent, and had the reputation at all times of being most conciliatory and courteous to all the tenants whom his duties brought him in contact with. His extensive legal business has for many years been discharged by his son, Mr. Francis Edward Tydd, LL.B., solicitor to the Tipperary County Council, and who continues towards his clients and the public generally the happy relations bequeathed to him.

HUNTING NEWS.

THE WATERFORD HOUNDS.

Alas! you're getting old and stiff, your coat has lost its gloss,
And your step is not as light as long ago;
Nor can you make the bold wild leaps o'er hurdle, fence or fosse,
As of yore, my old high-flyer, Tally Ho!
But myself shall care you, and give you oats and hay,
The best that this old land of mine can grow;
I would not wrong you, true old horse, for all the world to-day,
My faithful friend, my gallant Tally Ho!
When sneer'd at by the heartless crowd, who always will deride,
Seeing fortune's tide and favours ebbing low,
You, my loved horse, through good and ill, stood faithful by my side,
My tried and true, my staunch old Tally Ho!

24th November.

Canoes, not horses, will be required if the rain keeps on rolling down in sheets as it has been doing for the last week. I wonder if all the temperance meetings we have been having within the last few days has anything to do with it. One never feels thirsty in very wet weather, and if one should, I wonder is it a bottle of ginger-pop he would face. It would certainly be nice and cooling, particularly if he came across an inn on his way home drenched through and through. Is there anything more comforting after a hard day's work or a long day's sport than to sit at your fire—turf, logs, or coal as it may be—stretch out your legs, read a paper or two, even if one or more is stamped, "Whereas, by the Grace of God, King Edward,," etc., etc., and fill yourself a few "jorums," hot, strong, and sweet, of the real old Essence of Malt. Just think of it my temperance friends. And don't you really have one? No, no, of course not!

The Waterford Agricultural Society, Ltd., will hold their Show next year on July 27th and 28th, so that the farmers will not be in any way inconvenienced in their harvesting. I hope to give some particulars relative to the Show in a later issue.

The Waterford Hounds met on Friday at Durrow, and had some very good sport, which I hope to give some account of next week. There is not a pack of hounds in Ireland showing so much sport so early in the season. Indeed, there are packs that consider it lucky to have a particular month that shows good sport, but most masters rely on January, others February, as their flying and sporting months. Our Master Malcomson would, I fear, be upset if any month did not turn up "trumps." So far he is head of the pack giving, beyond doubt, the very best sport in Ireland. For the last ten days foxes are impossible to find, lying out in most other country owing to the floods all over the place, but grand old Waterford County, with its hilly-knocks, nice and dry, always ready to send forth a flying "Hen Cleaker."

JOHN PEEL.

A CLIPPING HOUR AND TEN MINUTES.

When hounds met on Friday at Durrow, a large field turned up. The first draw was Ballyvoile, when several foxes were found but no good could be got of them, save several six furlong scurrys. The next draw was a nice dry gorse, about a mile from Grouse Lodge, which held a fine dog fox that gave the followers of the Waterford Hounds a taste of his quality. He left at a clinking pace as if for Glen where he did make the best of his way and on towards Drumlohan where he turned in a sweep or circuit as if back for Glen, but hounds were pressing hard, and he wheeled right handed as if for Ballinabamogue but the pace begins to tell though the word is still on, with hounds racing and fine big fences before their followers who had no time to deliberate, but take them as they come. Our fox turns again and made a gallant effort for Curraghabaha, but no—down he goes within sight of shelter. Hounds ran from scent to view, and he was killed in the open after a record run of one hour and ten minutes.

The next fixture is at Tramore, on Thursday, when I hope to see a large meet. It is a convenient one by the "puff-puff" at 10.45, or by one of the many jaunts from Waterford, that are recognised as the very best in Ireland, both for their "turn out," as fliers of the willing whip and crackers of the ready joke. Then let the merchant from his counting house, the clerk from his desk, the lawyer from his briefs and "fi-fas," and forget the nouce labour, care, and study, and seek the grand wintry breeze from the Atlantic and take part in the sport so beloved by genuine Irishmen.

JOHN PEEL.

MR. O'NEILL POWER'S HOUNDS.

Rain day after day has interfered with the sport of these hounds lately. Saturday last the meet was at Dunkitt, and the day being fine, a large field turned up. The first draw was Dunkitt Wood, a new covert. A fox was found, but was tardy in breaking, owing to the size of the covert. At last the welcome tally told us reynard had gone. Hounds were soon up, and on the line away they went on a very bad scent over the Kilmacow Road and over the fine banks in the lands of Greenville, up to and over the railway, still straight on through Ballykilaboy, as if for Tory Hill; but in the bottoms of Ballybonnick he changed his point, and was eventually marked to ground in McCarthy's quarries, just under Bigwood. It was a good, though slow hunt of 40 minutes—a four-miles point, and about six as hounds ran. Ballinajuma, a gorse near Granny, was now tried, and hounds soon established the whereabouts of a good fox. He broke covert and went twisting about the bogs for a long time before he really went away, and then a fine fast hunt of about three miles resulted in his being marked to ground in Dunkitt quarries, the time from when reynard was first found being 45 minutes. Everybody had now had enough, as in the two hunts a lot of ground was covered, with plenty of big jumping. In a large field I noticed:—The Master (Captain O'Neill Power), Hon. M. Ponsonby, M.F.H.; T. W. Anderson and Miss Anderson, Miss and Captain Fowler, the Misses Power (Faithlegg), Mrs. Allen, Major Cuffe, Messrs. Kennealy, Stafford (2), Murphy, Hartigan, Halley, P. Maguire, Whittle, J. H. Jones, Newport, etc.

ONLOOKER.

OBITUARY.

DEATH OF MR. MICHAEL FLYNN, CONDUIT LANE.

It is with sincere regret that we announce this evening the death of Mr. Flynn, the senior partner in the firm of Messrs. Flynn and Young, the well known firm of Flynn and Young, fish, game and poultry merchants, in this city. His death took place on Saturday, as the result of a chill, which developed into pneumonia. Mr. Flynn who was a devout member of the Catholic Church, was amongst the pilgrims who recently visited Rome from Waterford, and he took an enthusiastic interest in Father Ring's movement, to which he was a generous contributor. In conjunction with his partner, Alderman Matthew Young, he has conducted a thriving business in this city for many years, and his unexpected death creates a void in their particular line of business, which it will be hard to fill. Thousands of pounds passed yearly through the firm, and their Christmas fowl supplies are second to none in Ireland. The late Mr. Flynn was of the most obliging disposition, and his death will be regretted by the many patrons of the business establishment which he so well assisted in conducting.

THE FUNERAL AND OBSEQUIES.

The remains were on Sunday removed to the Cathedral and remained there all night until High Mass and Office for the repose of the soul of the departed had concluded on Monday. The Lord Bishop was present, and close upon seventeen of the local priests. The interment took place at Knockboy, and a large concourse of respectable and representative inhabitants joined in the procession. Quite a number of beautiful wreaths were sent by relatives and sympathising friends. The chief mourners were—Alderman Matthew Young (the late Mr. Flynn's partner); Mr. Martin Flanagan, managing clerk of the firm; Thomas, Edward, Peter, Otteran, John (nephews), and a large number of other near relatives followed the hearse.

It is to be hoped that by the death of Mr. Flynn this busy firm of Flynn and Young will not fall away in its operations. Thousands of pounds have been disbursed by it year after year in the buying and exportation of fish, poultry, game, etc., and we have no doubt but that Alderman Young will see that there will be a large and continuous volume of business transacted under the good old and reliable name of the firm.

THE ALLEGED MURDER OF A STOCK EXCHANGE BROKER.

FURTHER EVIDENCE AT THE INQUEST.

London, Monday.

The inquest was resumed in London to-day on Arthur Reginald Baker, member of the Stock Exchange, concerning whose death Emma Byron is in custody, charged with the murder.

A clerk from Lombard-street Post Office stated that he raised Baker from the ground. The accused who was being held, cried "Let me go to ohim; let me kiss my Reggie." She broke away from the man who was holding her, and threw herself on Baker.

A cutler, of Oxford-street, stated that the woman whom he identified by the photograph, as the accused, purchased a strong single-bladed knife on the day of the outrage. Witness informed her that the blade would not close, and she said, "I have a firm grip." Twice she inquired whether the knife was sharp.

Raphael Liard, of 19 Duke-street, Portland Place, said that Baker came there on July 21st, and the accused two days later. Baker was a shocking drunkard. Miss Byron was never the worse for drink. He had frequently heard Baker say to the accused "I will kill you." She was afraid of him. She had complained that he had tried to strangle her. Witnesses' mother gave Baker notice to leave because he was so noisy.

The inquest was further adjourned.

HOCKEY.

JUNIOR LEAGUE.

CORK H. v. DUNGARVAN.

BRILLIANT WIN FOR THE CO. TEAM.

Cork H. and Dungarvan met on Friday on the grounds of the Cork Hockey Club, Blackrock, for their contest in the Munster Junior League. The weather was fine, and the ground was in fair condition, but the attendance was poor. The game was, in places, fast and fairly interesting, but, on the whole, lacked the essential elements of hockey. Cork played a fairly good game, but their scoring men were somewhat weak, and should have scored on several occasions, while the visitors played a hard game throughout. Details:—

Play was opened with a rush by Dungarvan, but the ball was taken back to centre way, and another rush by the visitors ended in a goal in their favour. From the bully-off, the ball was taken to Cork goal and brought back again when Johnson saved well. The ball was kept between the two goals for some time, when Johnson saved again. From a good rush, led by Daly, the ball was converted and put into touch. When play was in swing for about a quarter of an hour Maunsell got his wrist hurt, but resumed play almost immediately. When the half-time whistle sounded, the score stood:

Dungarvan ..... 1 goal.
Cork ..... Nil.

From the bully-off the ball was taken to Dungarvan goal and returned again, from which Cork rushed the ball, and narrowly missed scoring. From an off-side for Dungarvan, the ball was taken to midfield, where a free by Madden, which he passed to Daly, who rushed the ball, ended in a "corner." From the bully-off it was taken to Cork goal, where it went over. From the bully-off again, the ball went to the corner, and from another the visitors scored another goal. When full time sounded, the score stood:

Dungarvan ..... 2 goals.
Cork ..... Nil.

The following were the teams:—

Dungarvan—Penrose, Dr. Maunsell, Johnson, Walsh, Brien, Hefferman, McAuliffe, Lincoln, Connors, Burns, Cornack.

Cork—Daly, Water, Jones, W. Dale, P. Palmer, P. Lynch, Stanley, Rusell, Rose, W. Murphy, Cleburne.